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Spring & Fall
CURNEY JEED &

NURSERY CO. YANKTOW S.D.

D. B. GURNEY

RECOMMENDED CORN FOR THE NORTHWEST

DeWolf's Prolific

See Page 57 Tage 1216

Minnesota 13

See Page 56

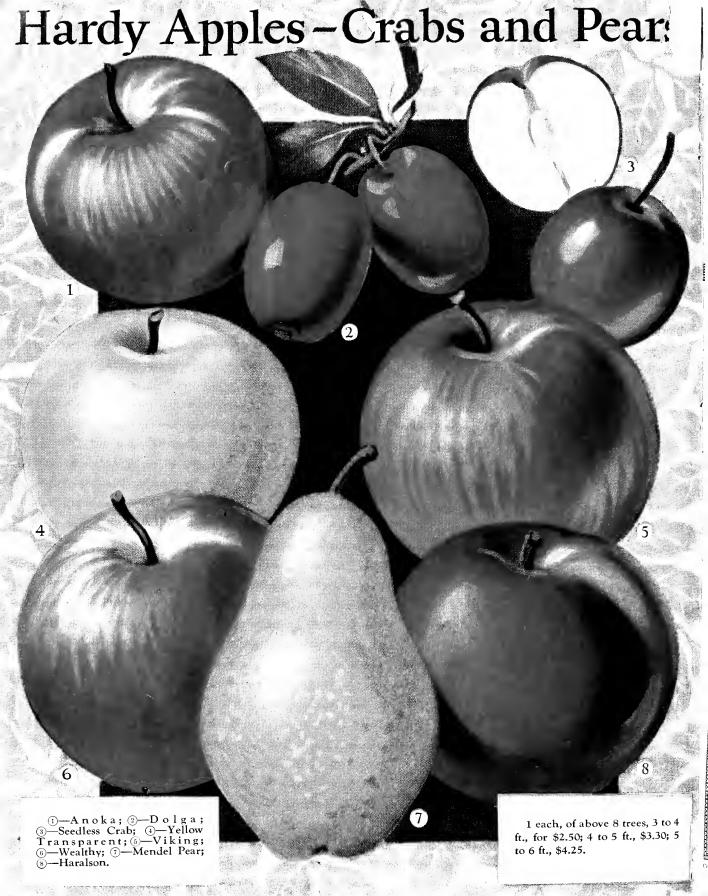
North Dakota White Dent

getable Seed Trial

THE BEST Seed corncosts you less per acre than the seed of any other grain planted. You can only afford to plant the best."

(Signed) COL. C.W. GURNEY

65th ANNIVERSARY CATALOG



HARDY HEAVY BEARING APPLES ON BACCATA ROOTS FROM GURNEY

OR sixty-five years, the House of Gurney has been doing its bit toward changing this great middle northwest country of ours, with its wonderful soil and climate, from a strictly agricultural country to one that now bids fair to become horticultural as well.

Sixty-five years ago there were very few fruit trees that would grow in any section of the Northwest, and many folks in whose opinion, it was the impossible to grow any fruit here. Today there are hundreds of varieties that have possibilities.

and many that are certainties. Those listed on this page will be found perfectly hardy, of good quality, annual bearers, and will produce plenty of fruit with a minimum amount of care. There is no reason why there should be a single farm or home in the Middle West without its own fruit. Note the price is low and there is no question but what the trees will grow as the quality is good,—all budded on Baccata roots making them semi-dwarf, early bearing, and unusually hardy. Look them over carefully and choose your varieties, or get the entire group for a home fruit orchard.

No. 1. Anoka

This is the wonder apple of the century, a one year old Anoka tree planted in the spring will bear fruit the second year. You will find fruit buds forming on one year old wood of the Anoka, and more than that, it bears apples every year. The Anoka is an excellent early eating apple. The trees are beautiful ornamentals, with a small round top and are extremely vigorous. The Anoka may be planted closer than the old time trees and thus more trees may be planted on an acre. Eventually everybody will plant Anokas. Get yours this spring.

No. 2. Dolga Crabs

Professor Hansen says, "At the annual exhibits of this department at the South Dakota State Fair, many have asked about the remark-State Fair, many have asked about the remarkably long, conical, intensely bright red crabs we use for making letters. This is one I brought over from my second trip to Russia in 1897." A vigorous, productive tree and free from blight. Fruit is full of juice, jells easily, making a rich, ruby red jelly of beautiful color and excellent flavor. The Dolga crab bears profusely and is the most beautiful crab known to man. The tree is very hardy, a strong thrifty grower and one of the most attractive ornamental fruit. and one of the most attractive ornamental fruit trees that we list. You will be very well pleased with the Dolga.

No. 3. Gurney's Seedless Crab

This crab was discovered in the Badlands of South Dakota, growing back of a homestead shed, and producing an abundance of crab apples about an inch and a quarter in diameter; long stems, yellow background, striped red, of high quality, almost perfectly seedless. It is of excellent quality.

Prices of Apples and Crabs

5 to 7 ft 4 to 5 ft 3 to 4 ft	Each	5	10	50
5 to 7 ft	60c	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$20.00
4 to 5 ft	50c	2.20	4.00	17.00
3 to 4 ft	40c	1.70	3.00	13.50

No. 4. Yellow Transparent

This is the earliest of the summer apples and is excellent for culinary and dessert use. It ripens earlier than the Early Harvest and the fruit is medium to large. The tree is a moderate grower, very hardy, healthy, comes into ate grower, very hardy, healthy, comes into bearing very young, and was imported from Russia by the U. S. Department of Agriculture in 1870. The skin is thin, tender and smooth, pale yellow, changing to an attractive yellowish-white. Flesh is white, tender and juicy with a pleasant flavor, and the fruit is extra good in evaluation for the religious. quality; first hardiness.

No. 5. Gurney's Viking

An importation from Norway; exceptionally hardy, of rapid growth, having extremely large, leathery, healthy foliage and producing a fine crop of very large apples of good quality. The color is mostly deep red, partly striped over a green background, making it one of the most attractive in appearance. Season—Fall. The coldest winters will not damage this tree in any way and it is an early bearer.

No. 6. Wealthy

Season-September to January. This is one of the most valuable of all the market apples for home use. The tree is exceptionally hardy coming into bearing as early as the summer

apple, producing immense crops annually. The fruit is above medium to large; color underlaid with pale yellow, striped with flashes of red, deepening in highly colored specimens to brilliant red; very attractive. Flesh is whitish, tinted with red when thoroughly ripe. Crisp, tender and juicy; agreeably sub-acid; good to extra good in quality and of first hardiness.

No. 7. Mendel Pear

You can grow this pear anywhere that apples will grow. The originator states that it has not blighted nor frozen back an inch in 17 years, without any protection. The fruit is above medium in size, of A-1 quality, and sweet flavor. The color is a golden yellow, and its flowers are self-pollenizing. The fruit hangs well to the trees. This pear seems to have all the good points necessary for successful pear growing. In order to make these pears go further, we are only going to allow each customer twenty of these or less. We know they are a good thing and we want to have them spread out well over the country.

No. 8. Haralson

Originated on the Minnesota fruit breeding farms and named for Mr. Haralson who was at that time in charge. Minnesota is producing many new fruits of fine quality that are designed to assist materially in the growing of more fruit in the Northwest. This Haralson is a winter apple of the first degree of hardiness. A good apple of the first degree of hardiness. A good keeper and of excellent quality. It resembles, to a considerable degree, the Wealthy apple which is pre-eminent in its place as a fall apple. The Haralson may be the winter—or the late keeping apple—with all of the Wealthy qualities of hardiness, early bearing and high quality of the first hardiness. fruit. First hardiness.

Wyndmere, N. Dak.

January 24, 1928

Gurney Seed & Nursery Company, Yankton, S. Dak.

Gentlemen:

I heard a good talk over the air by Gurney's, telling about agents going through the country selling nursery stock where the agents got half and more of what they sold.

Today, I got your catalog and I got the order I gave to the agent of another nursery and got busy and looked up my order in your catalog, and I found out the \$52.75 order came to \$20.40 at Gurney's.

Now, Mr. Gurney, this made me hot under the collar and I want to know if I am asking too much of you if I ask you to make out an order copied off the inclosed nursery order on your own order blank and state your price delivered at Wyndmere.

Now, this order came last fall after I asked them to ship in the spring on account of being short on money last fall. They made a mistake and shipped so I told the agent I couldn't pay it now so I gave him a note for \$52.75 to be paid in April, 1929. Now, after several months I find I have been beat. Can I do anything or will I have to pay this note, face value? Please answer this letter and oblige.

We are all listeners in on your station and we enjoy it fine. Here is our best wishes to all the men and women of your Station WNAX.

Yours very truly,

Max A. Jensen and Family.

P. S. A year ago I got 300 Russian Olives and 100 Mule trees or Dakota Poplar and it cost me \$46.00. (Gurney's price, \$23.00.)

1866 - One Million Satisfied Customers - 1931

Illinois Likes Gurney Tulips

Tulips

Anton Reezecka, Hinsdale, Ill.

I believe it is my duty to tell you how pleased we are with our very beautiful tulips. Last fall we sent to you for double tulips and now everyone that sees them says they are the finest they have ever seen. When we tell them the price they are surprised at the

good stock we get at such a low price.

We received all our orders in good shape and thank you very much.

Gardening in Nebraska With Gurney Seed



Seeds

Edmond Plummer, Meadow Grove, Neb.

Will write and let you know what wonderful results we have from your seed. the earliest garden we have ever raised. We have had peas since the middle of June.

The Photo I am sending shows how some of Mother's garden looked the first of June. You sure have wonderful good.

You sure have wonderful seeds.

The Gurney Garden Habit Spreads in Illinois

Catalogue

Mrs. Lydia Lambert, Galva, Ill.

I want to thank you for the catalogue. You have sent me two and I will give one to some good friend. The seeds I got from you last fall all did well.

Minnesota Likes a Day in the Gurney Garden and an Evening With WNAX

Early Bell Tomatoes

Mrs. W. L. Cutting, Hartland, Minn.

Mrs. W. L. Cutting, Hartland, Minn. We like the chain programs that are broadcasted from your station, but we would never have missed them because your own programs are just wonderful.

I sent to your seed house last year and the seed grew just fine. I think the Early Bell Tomatoes just can't be beat! Thanking you again

again.

Gurney Seed Wins Prizes in Nebraska



Pumpkins

Mrs. Will Shoemaker, Bayard, Neb.
I am sending you a picture of my prize pumpkin grown from the prize seed. This pumpkin weighed 60 pounds. I also won first prize at the Merrill County Fair at Bridgeport, Nebraska.

Gurney's Anoka Apples Bear Fruit the Second Year in Nebraska

Apples

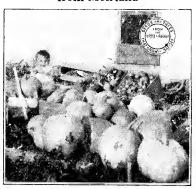
Albert F. Vakoe, Verdigre, Nebraska.

I order stock from the House of Gurney every season and I am well pleased.

every season and I am well pleased.

In 1923 I planted a large amount of Anoka apple trees June 2nd, and every one growing. In 1929, one produced 18 nice apples and this year each tree will bear apples—all in blossom now. I have about an acre of your apples all doing fine and most of them bearing fruit the second year they were set out.

Repeat Orders for Gurney Seed from Montana



Pumpkins

Conrad W. Riehl, Kalispell, Mont.

We were very much pleased with your seeds last year and want more this year.
Just happened to run across this picture
of our baby and some of our pumpkins,
squashes, and tomatoes taken last fall of
Gurney Seeds.

Omaha Savs "Gurney Trees Are Better"

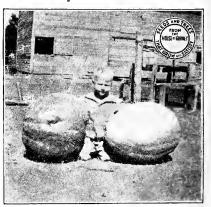
Miscellaneous

Mrs. M. Morearty, S. Omaha, Neb.

I wish to thank you kindly for the trees, roses, and seeds you sent. My order was filled to perfection, and everything you sent is growing fine. Also wish to thank you for the extra seeds and trees you sent as pre-

I ordered from six different nurseries and wish to say my order from you was fresher stock and more promptly filled than any other. I shall know where to buy in the future.

Gardening in Kansas Is Successful With Gurney's Acclimated Seed



Pumpkins

D. W. Murren, Saint Francis, Kansas.

In gathering in our pumpkin and squash crop for the winter we tound 2 extra large pumpkins grown from the free sample of seed you sent us. Inclosed I am sending a snapshot of them taken with our little

snapshot of them taken with our little Grandson—age 4 years.
We had good luck with all of the garden.
Have got seed from you for the past two years. These pumpkins weighed 47½ and 50 lbs.—are sure dandies.

Gurney's Everbearing Strawberries! in Montana

Strawberries

E. S. Davison, Highwood, Montana

In regard to those Strawperry plants that I received from the Gurney Seed House in 1926. I never caw plants do so well. They sure were true to their name "Everbearing."

Wisconsin Finds Helpful Hints in Gurney's Catalogue

Catalogue

Mrs. Mike Scanlan, Green Bay, Wis.

Received your catalogue couple weeks ago. After looking it over, I see it was just the thing we were in need of on our farm, not only this spring, but many more to come.

1931 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

WHY YOU SHOULD ORDER SEED FROM GURNEY

For Sixty-five years, the people of the middle west have looked to Gurney's to earry on practical experiments with new varieties, to find out what was hardy and what was unhardy—to find which variety would grow and produce a crop most consistently—to find out what was of good quality, and what varieties would have marketable value. All of these things we have tried to do for you to the best of our ability and we feel that with sixty-five years of experience back of us in solving these very important problems, we are at a point today where we can advise you as to varieties—make suggestions as to planting, and care, and in many ways help you out in solving the agricultural and liorticultural problems.

That is the reason you should order seed and nursery stock from the HOUSE OF GURNEY and there are many other reasons of equal importance. With our experience, you can depend upon it, that when you order something which in our opinion is not hardy in your particular location and is not productive, we will tell you about it and recommend some variety that would be more suitable. We have men in every department who are acquainted with your conditions and perhaps know a bit more about what is right for you to plant than you do yourself. Of course, if you wish to experiment, that is your own business, and we highly recommend that you do experiment, for without pioneering in the seed and nursery stock that has heretofore been considered unhardy or unsuitable for a given locality, it is certain that there will be no progress along these lines.

The second reason then is that you can depend upon the HOUSE OF GURNEY to give you the benefit of their 65 years of experience, and to

I wish that you, personally, could come into the House of Gurney and visit WNAX and talk things over with one or more of the members of this organization. In most cases, that is im-

White Dutch Clover....

upon the HOUSE OF with Gurney seeds, and so f experience, and to will give you endless so possible, so this foreword to our catalog is sent to you in the way of greetings and in the way of as-

surance that if we can help you to have better gar-

dens, better homes and better orchards, this year,

advise you honestly. A third reason that is perhaps of edulal importunes with the other two, is that all seed and nursery stock that will mature in the middle west is grown either by us on our own farms and nursery fand, or is grown for us under conditions that are similar to those that you would have on your own farm. It is important that seed and nursery stock should be acclimated and therefore have a background that puts into its life stream such power to resist cold, drought, and other enemies of agriculture and horticulture, as it may be possible for seed and nursery stock to inherit. Such are the products of the House of Gurney.

You will always get fresh stock from the House of Gurney. Your seeds will be carefully tested so that we know they will have a high percentage of germination and your nursery stock is dug from our own nursery—hardy, acclimated, and with proper care, will always grow.

Why don't you sit down around the table with your family during the winter months, take out your pencil and figure just what seed and nursery stock you are going to want for next spring. If we can help you select varieties that would do well for you under your particular conditions, write in to the HOUSE OF GURNEY. It will reach the expert in charge of your particular department and your reply will be forthcoming immediately. We are always glad to help you in every way possible, for we want you to have the best garden in your section of the country, and to have it a GURNEY garden. Your garden will be the envy of all your neighbors if planted with Gurney seeds, and the flowers that grow from Gurney seed and bulbs will give you endless satisfaction and pleasure.

1931, we are more than willing to extend a hclping hand. We will appreciate your order, whether for one package of seed or a carload of nursery stock. Both will receive the same courteous attention.

Distance Apart to Plant

The distances recommended here are for this section only. In other localities it may be advisable to change them. Write us,

	rvo, ber
Apart	Acre
Apples and Crabs	90
Cherry and Plum12x24	182
Hansen Plums	228
Currants and Gooseberries 4x 8	1,360
Blackberrics and Raspberries 43x 8	1,810
Strawberries 1x 4	10,888
Asparagus 1x 4	10,888
Pieplant 4x 8	1,360
Trees or Evergreens for shelter belt 4x12	907
Grapes 6x 8	907

Number of Trees or Plants to the Acre at Given Distances

12x12 inches	30x30 inches 6,970
18x12 inches	36x24 inches
24x18 inches 15,520	36x36 inches 4,840
30x12 inches	4x 4 feet 2,723
5x 4 fect 2,178	12x12 feet 302
8x 3 fcet	16x16 feet 179
8x 8 feet 680	20x20 feet
10x10 feet 435	30x30 feet

Instructions for Laying Out the Orchard or Small Fruit Garden

First secure check wire, heavy garden line, tape line or other wire long enough for the longest way of the ground to be used, determine the distance apart you are going to plant, then fasten firmly to the line at the determined distance a marker of cloth or string. If a different distance one way than the other, then a different colored marker for the other distance. Then determine a corner tree or shrub, a place to start from, drive a stake at that point, place your first marker on your line at that point, fastening your line firmly not to that stake but to another in line with this first row far enough back to be out of the way, draw your line tight on the line wanted for first row and fasten firmly. Then place a stake (size half-inch by 12 inches is large enough) at each marker on outside of line. Then take far end of line and carry it quarter of a circle which will make an exact right angle to first row; keep the first marker at first tree, stake at markers again on outside of line, then take up line and place first marker at last determined tree of last line, then pull line to parallel first line as near the width of the orchard as possible, then stake at markers again, then take line placing first marker at last tree in first line and last marker at last tree in first line and last markers and then move both ends of line to next trees in both first and third lines established and so on until you reach the first tree in first and third lines established. If directions are followed you will have perfect alignment in all directions

Name of Secd	Pounds to Sow Per Acre	Lbs. per bu.	Time to Plant
Alfalfa	10 to 18 lbs.	60	Apr. 1st to Sept. 1st.
Alsike Clover	8 to 12 lbs.	60	Apr. 1st to Sept. 10th.
Alsike and Timothy Mixed	12 to 15 lbs.	00	Apr. 1st to Sept. 10th.
Awnless Brome Grass	20 to 25 lbs.	14	March, April and May
Barley	60 to 96 lbs.	48	April 10 to 25th.
Barley—for Nurse Crop	36 to 60 lbs.	48	
Broom Corn	5 to 8 lbs.	48	May and June.
Blue Grass—Canadian	30 to 40 lbs.	14	AprJuly and SeptOct
Blue Grass—Kentucky	40 to 50 lbs.	14	AprJuly and SeptOct
Bromus Incrinis	20 to 25 lbs.	14	April and May.
Buckwheat	40 lbs.	52	June 20th to July 10th.
Cane—Broadcast	50 to 75 lbs.	50	May 15th to 30th.
ane—In Drills	12 to 15 lbs.	50	May 15th to 30th.
Corn	9 lbs.	56	
			May and June.
mmer	60 to 80 lbs.	40	April.
lax	28 lbs.	56	May.
Lawn Grass	70 to 95 lbs.		
Lawn Grass	1 lb. for 250 sq. ft.		
Mammoth Clover	10 to 15 lbs.	60	April 15th to May 20th
Mangle Wurtzel	4 to 6 lbs.		May.
Meadow Fescue	45 lbs.	22	April to June.
Millet—Common	30 lbs.	50	May 20th to July.
Millet—German or Golden	30 lbs.	50	May 20th to July.
			May 20th to July.
Millet—Hungarian	30 lbs,	48	May 20th to July.
Millet—Japanese	15 lbs.	40	May 20th to July.
Millet—Proso	25 lbs.		
Oats	64 to 96 lbs.	32	April 10th to 30th.
Orchard Grass	20 to 25 lbs.	14	May,
Pasture Mixture	18 to 20 lbs.		April and May.
Peas—Canadian Field Broadcast	90 to 100 lbs.	60	April 20th to 30th.
Peas-Canadian Field with Oats	75 to 90 lbs.	60	April 10th to 30th.
Rape Dwarf Essex	3 to 8 lbs.	60	May 1st to Aug. 1st.
Red Clover	10 to 15 lbs.	60	April 15th to May 10th
and Top Calid Cond			
Red Top—Solid Seed	10 to 15 lbs.	40	May and June.
Red Top—Unhulled	20 to 25 lbs.	14	May and June.
Red or Creeping Fescue	35 lbs.	14	May and June.
Rutabaga	2 to 3 lbs.		June 15th to July 15th
₹ye	84 lbs.	56	
Rye—for Nurse Crop	42 to 70 lbs.	56 .	
Rye Grass	20 to 25 lbs.	14	May and June.
Sheep's Fescue	30 lbs.	12	May and June.
Sorgum—Broadcast	50 to 75 lbs.	50	May 15th to 30th.
Soy Beans—Broadcast	65 to 85 lbs.	60 -	May 10th to 30th.
Soy Beans—In Drills with Corn.			
	15 to 20 lbs.	60	May 10th to 30th.
Speltz	60 to 80 lbs.	40	April.
udan Grass—Broadcast	20 to 25 lbs.	40	June and July.
Sudan Grass—In Drills	7 to 10 lbs.	40	June and July.
Sunflower	7 to 10 lbs.	24	May and June.
Sweet Clover	10 to 15 lbs.	60	April and May.
fall Meadow Oat Grass	40 to 50 lbs.	10	May and June.
Tall Meadow Fescue	35 lbs.	14	May and June.
Fimothy	10 to 20 lbs.	45	April and Sept.
	2 to 3 lbs.	45	
Turnip		60	July 20th to Aug. 1s
Vetch		60	April 20th to 30th.
Wheat	120 to 150 lbs.	60	April to August.

8 lbs.

60



WNAX The Radio Voice of the HOUSE OF GURNEY



Gurney's Concert Orchestra received this award from the Radio Digest for being the most popular radio orchestra in America.

WNAX takes this opportunity to oreet you personally as one of the millions of listeners who have found this station a source of instruction and entertainment and news items. We want to tell you that in 1931, we shall continue to put forth our best efforts to send you the type of entertainment that pleases you most. The popularity of this station has grown by leaps and bounds in the past few years, until today we feel entirely safe in saying that a large percentage of the homes in the middle west, both farm and town homes, rely largely on WNAX for their radio programs.



This puts a tremendous responsibility on the staff of the station. We realize this and assure you that insofar as it is humanly possible, we will not disappoint you. Of course there are many different types of folks who listen in and it is, of course, necessary to give a diversified program so that at some period of the day or night, everyone will be pleased with the entertainment and instruction they are receiving through the Voice of the HOUSE OF GURNEY.

Every day you will hear many bargains offered over WNAX,—careful descriptions and recom-

mendations, and we assure you that we do not offer anything in which we do not have utter confidence that it will be of real value to you.

The Radio station is yours, and WNAX is the Voice of Gurney. We are on the air every day from six o'clock in the morning until twelve at night. A large auditorium is available to all who care to come and the entire staff of WNAX invites you to visit this modern radio station.

Radio Advertising

One of the most powerful forms of radio advertising today is that which is sent directly into the homes of millions of people by means of the human voice. This has been proved time and again and we want to tell all of you folks that the

£ 45 ..

advertising service of WNAX is open to everyone of you.

Of course, just as with a daily and Sunday newspaper, a charge is made for advertising, but considering the value and results obtained from this type of broadcast, the charge is very nominal.

If you have land for sale,—if you are looking for a lost relative,—if you have a new invention you wish to put before the public,—if you are a manufacturer, a retailer, or wholesale distributor, you will find no more powerful medium of presenting your proposition before the public, than

thru the medium of this radio station WNAX, whose voice is heard in the entire middle west and which has the key to every door, farmer and merchant, laborer, banker, or professional man, in the entire states of North and South Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, and Nebraska, and parts of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and Canada. We shall be very glad to have you write in for our advertising rates and assure you of courteous and whole hearted cooperation.



Rev. DENTON E. CLEVELAND Your Radio Pastor at WNAX Every day 10:00 to 10:20 A.M. Sundays 11:00 to 12:00 Noon

Announcements Talks—Lectures

	1	13	26	52
	Time	Times	Times	Times
10 Minutes	\$40.00	\$37.50	\$35.00	\$30.00
5 Minutes	22.50	21.50	19.50	17.50
4 Minutes	19.50	18.60	16.65	14.70
3 Minutes	16.00	15.00	13.50	12.00
2 Minutes	12.00	11.25	10.10	9.00
1 Minute	7.50	7.25	6.90	6.50
A man	OR HEAD OR	OWNER A	a mart or	

1 13 26 52 100 words or Time Times Times Times less...... \$4.00 \$3.75 \$3.60 \$3.40 Rates Quoted Are "Per Announcement"

READ CAREFULLY—BUSINESS RULES, INSTRUCTIONS AND GUARANTEE

Any business to be successful must have "Rules" and live up to them

No. 1—Never allow any seed to leave our possession until it has been tested and shows a germinating test that would satisfy us for our own

planting.

No. 2—Use every means in our power to know that all Seed and Nursery Stock sent out by us

is true to name.

No. 3—Never give customers less than they pay for; always give them full amount of the very best goods and then put in some extra.

No. 4-We guarantee safe arrival at your post-No. 4—We guarantee safe arrival at your post-office or railroad station of any goods purchased from us, provided you send us notice of their failure to arrive within three months from date of shipment. We do not guarantee against loss of goods after arrival at prepaid stations where there are no agents. If goods are received at your station or through the postoffice in bad order, accept them, but in every case, if through the postoffice have a statement made by the postthe postoffice have a statement made by the post-

Waneta

Of which Professor Hansen says, "My belief is that, in this variety I have combined the best points of the native and Japanese

the best points of the native and Japanese plums. It is the largest of over ten thousand seedlings. The size two inches in diameter; weight two ounces; a good red color; flavor delicious. The female parent is the Apple plum, a large Japanese variety originated by Luther Burbank. The male parent Terry, the largest native plum. The name Waneta was that of a Yanktonian Indian boy of the Sioux Tribe who became famous in the war of 1912 and become a great chief and was also

Sioux Tribe who became famous in the war of 1812 and became a great chief and was always friendly to the whites." To my mind, this is unquestionably Prof Hansen's masterpiece in production, and it combines hardiness, immense size, delicious quality, long keeping, beautiful color, small pit and early bearing, producing a good crop at two years of age and never missing a crop and the four years old it is not unusual for a

master or the carrier of the condition of the package when you receive it; if through the railway or express company, a notation on the freight or express receipt of its exact condition, noting torn sacks, shortage in weight, or any other damage that may be made to the shipment. Return this to us and we will immediately reimburse you and make our claim against the transportation company. This protects you.

No. 5—Never open a book account with any person; cash before shipment.

No. 6—We guarantee that all seed ordered from this catalog will prove of satisfactory germinating test to you; that is, on arrival of the seed test it, and if it does not prove satisfactory you may return it to us within fifteen days after receipt of the seed by you, returning at our expense and your money, together with the transportation charges which you have paid, will be refunded. It is so manifestly impossible for a

seller of any perishable article to be responsible, for what may happen to it after it leaves his hands, especially one like seeds, which are planted under varying conditions of soil and climate, that we and all other American seed houses disclaim responsibility as to the crop that may be raised from seed which we sell. At the same time, in case of failure to secure proper results caused from some inherent fault in the seeds themselves, Gurney Seed and Nursery Company accept tesponsibility, not for the crop, but to the extent of the amount of money paid for the seed if immediately advised; or, seeds may be returned. We do not warrant in any way, express or implied, the contents or the description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seed and ductiveness, or any other matter of any seed and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned and your money and transportation charges paid by you will be cheerfully refunded.

=Gurnev Recommends=

Nursery Order

No. 7-Trees, shrubs and flowering plants are living things and therefore parits are fiving things and therefore perishable. We guarantee their safe, live arrival, but after they are in your hands and in good condition, we feel that at least 50% of their successful growth depends upon you. It is a fair division of responsibility to say that if any nursery stock from the House of Gurney fails to grow, and you will report that failure between July 15 and August 15th of the year purchased, we will accept your order at one-half the current catalog price for replacement the following year.

Hanska

year. At four years old it is not unusual for a Waneta to produce four bushels of plums. It is a rapid grower. We have shipped this plum across the United States and back, and it was

returned to us in perfect condition.

This is not named after Prof. Hansen as many people believe but is the Sioux Indian word for "tall" which describes the tree, a tall pyramidal tree with the limbs and trunk the same color as one of the parents, the Prunus Simoni of China. The wild plum of the northwest, the other par-ent. The Prunus Simoni can be purchased in the fruit stores in almost any town. Its fragrance once inhaled will always be remembered as most

delicious. This variety produces a plum the same shape as the Prunus Simoni, retaining its fragrance; its shipping ability and increased its production beyond either parent and it is not unusual to have specimens measure one and one-half inches through. The best quality of any plum produced for eat-ing from the hand and which retains its fragrance when canned or made into jellies or jams. The fruit is flattened at the ends, reddish-blue in color, skin tender, pits small. This plum will stand shipping in the hot part of the later summer when it ripens across the United States without icing.

Opata

This is Sioux Indian for "bouquet" and is the first of the plums of the Sand Cherry Cross to ripen. It is not unusual for these trees to produce several plums the next spring after budding when the tree is only one or two inches tall and the next year the little tree will be a solid mass looking more like a bunch of the California Toka Grape

Prices of All Plums

۲					
è	Size 3 to 4 ft 4 to 5 ft 5 to 7 ft	Each	Per 10	Per 25	Per 50
g	3 to 4 ft	. 40c	\$3.25	\$7.00	\$12.00
ġ	4 to 5 ft	. 50c	4.25	9.70	18.00
	5 to 7 ft	60c	5.25	12.70	24.00

than any other description I could give. At blooming time it is a gigantic bouquet of white flowers of the most exquisite fragrance. It blooms just a little later than the American Plum and escapes the frost danger that so often gets the crop of wild plums. It is a beautiful tree, especially when the fruit is ripe combining the large

leathery foliage and the dark, purplish red fruit, and it is indeed another bouquet at that time. The Opata is a Sand Cherry Cross. The wild sand cherries of the Dako-tas with the Gold Plum of California. The trees of the Sand Cherry Crosses should be grown as bushes, not trees, for the reason that you can grow twice as much fruit and one or two years earlier by letting them branch from the ground, than they will five you make them in tree form, and they are much longer lived in bush form. Color of the flesh green, flavor very pleasant, ripens about July 15th and will hang on the tree in good condition for about two weeks.

We show many photographs from our own nursery and from customers in every catalogue of these plums. Photographs equally as good could be made from limbs cut at random from hundreds of thousands of trees sold by us over the Northwest. Another of the Sand Cherry Crosses is the

Sapa

The Sioux Indian word for "black"-"As dark The Sioux Indian word for "black"—"As dark as the shadows of even banked in the Western Heavens." Turning the branches of this tree back when the fruit is ripe exposing the long ropes of glossy black fruit to the rays of the sun, the background, the smooth bark and glossy dark green foliage are a pleasant sight. Good for home consumption and the home market, marketed to best advantage in grape baskets or quart boxes. They sell readily and at good prices this way. When it first commences to mature the skin is dark green. The flesh a royal purple. The color of the skin and flesh gradually change until it is as black as the darkest night. These Sand Cherry Crosses are excellent for canning, islies or ims as the skin entirely disconcers. jellies or jams, as the skin entirely disappears with cooking.

Assininboin Plum

A very popular plum in Manitoba for its early, annual, heavy bearing of fine large plums. Developed from the wild plum of Stonewall, north of Winnipeg. The fruit has an attractive red color. Assininboin is a splendid plum for the far north not only for its extreme hard-iness, but also for its very fine flavor and earliness; a very good plum for all of the prairie Northwest. Assiminboinis highly recommended by the Canadian and Northwest fruit men, generally, as and Northwest truit men, generally, as a sure thing for a good crop of the good fruit under the most trying circumstances; will stand farther north than any other plum. We will furnish the Assininboin Plums in one-year only as these trees grow rather stocky. Each, 55c; per 5, \$2.25; per 10, \$4.00.





Saturday at WNAX

Gurney Seed & Nursery Co. Yankton, South Dakota

					_				These prices are in effect at time of writing the catalog, but
		Da	te		1931				on account of the uncertainty of prices at that time they are
Gentl	emen:	Plea	se send	me the fo	ollowing goods by				subject to change without notice. You will find full des- criptions and prices in larger
					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				and smaller quantities in the Field Seed and Baby Chick sec-
									tion of this catalog. If there are any changes in prices at
					R. F. D. No				time of mailing catalog we will enclose a pink price list with
					R. R. Town)				prices in effect at that time. These prices are for the highest grade of seed only; include
Name	of R.	R			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				bags, boxes or containers. ALFALFA
Coun	t y .				State				100 lbs
Is the	re an A	Agent	at youi	r R. R. Sta	tion?				N. W. Grown. \$23.00 Dakota 12. 27.00
I live.	,			Miles	from R. R. Station. Amount Enclose	d			Grimms. 38.00 Cossack. 42.00
						1			SOY BEANS Northern grown, early\$6.00
Bu.	Lbs.	Oz.	Pkt.	No.	Name of Goods Ordered	Size	\$	Cts.	Southern grown, late 6.96 BARLEY
-14-F									White Hulless, 240 lbs\$ 9.50 Blue Hulless, 240 lbs 8.00
	·		-		†				Velvet, 480 lbs 12.50 Wisconsin Pedigree, 480
	-			ļ					lbs
									BUCKWHEAT
									Silver Hull, 100 lbs\$4.50 Japanese, 100 lbs 4.83
·	-	-	-			-			EMMER OR SPELTZ Speltz, 500 lbs\$12.00
									FLAX
									Wilt Resistant, 560 lbs\$35.00 Argentine Flax, 560 lbs 39.00
	-		-			-			OATS Hulless, 320 lbs\$19.00
						_			Kherson, 320 lbs 7.00
									Swedish Select, 320 lbs. 7.50 Iowa, 103, 320 lbs 7.00
	-	1							Swedish Select, 320 lbs. 7.50 lowar, 103, 320 lbs. 7.50 Silver Mine, 320 lbs. 7.50 Gopher, 320 lbs. 8.00
	-					-			RYE Winter or Fall, 560 lbs\$12.5
:		B							Spring, 560 lbs 13.5
									MILLETS AND PROSO 100 lbs
	-					-			Early Fortune \$4.00 German or Liberty 3.90
									Siberian
									Japanese. 5.0 Hog Millet 3.7
	-					-			White Proso. 4.0 White Wonder. 4.5
	-	-				-			WHEAT Marquis, 60 lbs\$2.0
						1			Burbank, Quality, 60 lbs. 2.1 Ruby, 60 lbs 2.1
				1					Rust Resistant D-1, 60 lbs 2.1
<u></u>		-			·	-			MISCELLANEOUS 100 lbs
!"								1	Cane northern grown \$ 4.00
									Cane, southern grown 3.7 Milo Maize 3.7 Feterita 4.0
	-	-							Darso
									Sudan
									Canadian Field Peas 6.5 PASTURE MIXTURE
gete			-					-	Hog Pasture Annual\$ 5.2 Hog Pasture Perennial 18.5
		-				-			Upland Pasture Mixture 21.5 Lowland Pasture
									Mixture 22.0

100 lbs.	
ane, northern grown\$ 4.00	
ane, southern grown 3.75	
Iilo Maize 3.75	
eterita 4.00	
Darso 4.25	
Caffir Corn 3.75	
udan 9.00	
Vinter Vetch	
anadian Field Peas 6.50	
PASTURE MIXTURE	

THE HOUSE OF GURNEY & YANKTON, S. D.

LAWN MIXTURE Capitol, 25 lbs \$11.65	Bu.	Lbs.	Oz.	Pkt.	No.	Name of Goods Ordered	Size	\$	Cts.
For shady places, 25 lbs 11.95						Carried Forward			-
CLOVERS 100 lbs.				·					
Sweet Clover White Blossom\$10.00				İ					
Grundy County Dwarf 10.50 Yellow Blossom 10.50									
Hubam-Annual		-							
Mammoth Red. 26.00 Alsike. 23.00									
White Dutch 37.00 Alsike and Timothy									
Mixed 12.75									17
SEED CORN Per Bushel									
Standard Varieties Dent \$4.00 Standard Varieties Flint 4.25 POPCORN									
White Rice\$ 9.00									
Red Rice									
GRASS SEEDS									*:
100 lbs. Bromus Inermis\$22.00				ľ	.		1		
Meadow Fescue 18.00 Orchard Grass 24.00 Kentucky Blue Grass 38.00									
Canadian Blue Grass 33.00									
Red Top 26.00 English Rye, Perennial 15.00									ni
Italian Rye, Annual 16.00 Timothy 9.50									
POTATOES 60 lbs.									
Bliss Triumph\$3.40 Green Mountain 2.90									
Irish Cobbler									
Early Ohio 2.90 Rural New Yorkers 2.90									
Gurney's Bugless 3.50 Gurney's White Harvest 4.00									
Sweet Potatoes 7.20 BABY CHICKS								Ī	,
GUARANTEE: 100% live delivery. Transportation charges paid by us.						•			
S. C. White Leghorns, Tom Barron Strain\$12.00									
S. C. White Leghorns, American Strain 12.00			-						
Hollywood Strain 12.00									
S. C. Buff Leghorns 12.00 S. C. & R. C. Brown Leg- horns 12.00		,							
horns						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
White & Buff Minorcas. 16.00 Black Minorcas. 17.00 Barred Rocks, Ringlet, Holterman, Parks Strain. 15.00									
Buff Rocks 16.00		.							
S. C. Rhode Island Reds. 15.00 R. C. Rhode Island Reds. 16.00 Buff Orpingtons									,
White Orpingtons 17.00 Rhode Island Whites 16.00 White Wyandottes 15.00									
Silver Laced Wyandottes, 17.00 Columbian Wyandottes 18.00							1 1		:3
Light Brahmas 18.00 Jersey Black Giants 20.00									d
White Langshans									
White Pekin Ducklings 30.00 Rouen Ducklings 30.00									
White Pekin Ducklings. 30.00 Rouen Ducklings. 30.00 Mammoth Bronze Turkey Poults. 75.00 Mammoth Bronze Turkey Eggs. 35.00									a)
See Pages 124 and 125						,			
CHANGE IN PRICES									
All prices quoted above are subject to change without									
notice but will probably be in effect, as quoted, during the									 .
entire season. These prices we're made when the catalog									
was written early in October. If there are changes a new									4.13
price list will be enclosed with the catalog when it is mailed.									
Look for the Pink Price List.					1				<u>.</u>

THE VEGETABLE GARDEN FOR 1931

We Pay Transportation Charges on All Vegetable and Flower Seeds in Pkts., Ounces, \(\frac{1}{3}\)-Pints and Pounds. Something Special Will Be Packed with Each Order

In the following pages we are offering you only seeds that would be satisfactory for our own planting. We are offering them at very reasonable prices as low as good seeds can be produced and delivered, and leave a small margin of profit that we may continue to serve you. All of the varieties offered in the Garden Seed Department have been tested in the Trial Ground and open culture from two to three, or many years, and

have been selected as the varieties that will give you the best returns from the space used.

The vegetable garden, tho it may only be a few feet square, will add much to the joy of living and materially reduce expenses. Many have not planted and produced vegetables for the reason that thru lack of knowledge of the many delicious ways of preparing them, have failed to get that pleasure and profit experienced by the neighbor garden grower.

Ground Almond

Is a very interesting novelty as one nut will produce as many as 125 to 150 in a hill. They should be sown in good mellow ground, they have a very fine almond flavor. The nuts are about three-quarters of an inch in length, having a thin brown skin and snow white meat that becomes sweeter after the nuts have been harvested and dried for a time. Our seed of these nuts is graded and will make an excellent crop. The nuts are formed near the surface and will mature in the fall after the first frost.

Price: Pkt., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.

Asparagus



in drills two inches deep and one foot apart between rows. After the plants are one or two years old transplant them into permanent beds. Set them 15 inches apart each way and cover four inches deep. Manure plentifully each fall, to be forked in very early in the spring, after which sow on a good dressing of salt, one oz. to 50 ft. of drill.

Sow in early spring

Asparagus

Columbian Mammoth White—A distinct variety of strong, vigorous growth, producin large white shoots that remain white as long as fit for use.[Price: Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; 1/4 ib., 30c; 1 ib., 90c. Postpaid.

Mary Washington—The result of careful breeding. It grows large straight shoots, dark green in color with heavy overtone. The tips are tight and firm and do not open out or begin to branch until well out of the ground, making the finest kind of green Asparagus both for home use and market. It is nearer to being rust-proof than any other variety and the large luscious stalks will be greatly appreciated.

A special selection from Pedigreed Washington, being earlier and larger, and the stalks slightly oval in form. Produces large healthy seedlings, impervious to rust. Price: Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.60.

Summer Asparagus—Known as "Cut and Come Again." This most delicious vegetable is worth a place in all gardens. The plant makes a strong growth, like summer crookneck squash. The fruit should be cut at four to six inches long and should not allow any fruit to mature, as it stops the formation of new fruit. Cook it just the same as asparagus. Yields wonderfully. Price: Pkt., 10c; 1'0z., 25c. Postpaid.

Beans-Garden Varieties

Garden varieties of beans consist of Wax. Green, Podded Dwarf, String Beans, Pole and Lima beans. All of these yield enormous crops and require only a small space for sufficient for a large family. The Green Podded, Wax Podded and the Pole Beans are especially good used as a green or snap bean. After they have matured the dried beans of these and the Limas are excellent cooked as described in the new cook book. Young bean plants are easily damaged or killed by freezing so planting should be delayed until danger of frosts is past. Plant in rows about 2 feet apart 5 or 6 inches apart in the rows. Keep well cultivated but do not cultivate when the plants are wet as it will cause many varieties to rust and injure the crop.

For a succession of this delicious vegetable plant every two weeks until the middle of August; a pound of seed for 100-foot row. 60 lbs. will plant an acre.

Wax Beans

Hodson Wax Rust Proof Bush Bean—(45 days to maturity). Remarkably strong grower, sturdy and productive. Has been entirely free from rust and blight. The plants are well loaded with long, straight, handsome pods averaging about seven inches in length; the color is a very bright yellow, making them very attractive; the pods are free from fibre and stringless, while its fine table quality and its long handsome pods will render it of special value to the private gardener. ½ pt., 15c; 1 jb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 30 lbs., \$7.75; 60 lbs., \$14.50.

Davis White Wax—(40 days to maturity). This bean has taken the place of practically all others. It has out-yielded all other varieties of wax beans under adverse conditions and given crops where other varieties have failed. The plant is exceptionally healthy, compact, upright growth, carrying its pods in the center and well up from the ground. It seems to stand wet and dry weather better than other beans and always gives a large yield of handsome pods, long, flat, clear and waxy white. ½ pt., 15c; 1b., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 30 lbs., \$7.75; 60 lbs., \$14.50.

Gurney's Earliest Brittle Wax—(40 days to maturity). This remarkably early clear white bean, delicious in quality, stringless in all stages of its growth, combined with its extreme earliness, makes it one of the most desirable for the garden, and as its name implies, it is of that degree of brittleness that makes it extra desirable for cooking purposes in its golden waxy stage. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 30 lbs., \$7.75; 60 lbs., \$14.50.



Gurney's Everbearing Rust-Proof Wax

Gurney's Everbearing Wax Rust-Proof Bush Bean

(45 Days to maturity.) The great campaign carried on by the government for the canning of vegetables applied especially to fresh beans, the wax and green podded beans in the pod. This created a very heavy demand for beans suitable for canning purposes. We planted a larger acreage than usual and have a fine crop, and you will find this not only the very best for canning purposes, but the best for using fresh as string or snap beans. As its name implies, it is an everbearing bean, or a continuous bearer, over a period of six weeks; it is also rust-proof and practically immune from all other bean diseases, producing always a large crop. This bean is especially valuable to the home gardener for all of the reasons named above. It produces the most beautiful pod of any of the beans, generally of very even length, of a beautiful shiny wax, very brittle and free from fiber, being absolutely stringless until ripe. ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00; 30 lbs., \$8.25; 60 lbs., \$16.00.

FOUNTAIN PEN FLASH LIGHTS

A flashlight that looks like a fountain pen, yet it gives enough light for ordinary use. Just the right size to be carried in your pocket.

 Complete. postpaid
 \$0.80

 Extra Batteries, each
 10

 Extra Bulbs, each
 10

Goiden Wax-(40 days to maturity). The Golden Wax is probably the earliest, and we believe the most generally planted and satisfactory of any of the old varieties. Pods are a bright, waxy yellow, good length, a little flatter than round, entirely stringless, and of a fine buttery flavor. It is excellent for cooking when the pods are just formed. Again, when the beans are nearly ripe, as a shelled bean. An excellent sort for canning or pickling. A very heavy bearer, and withstands adverse conditions. The seed is white, mottled, red and purple. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.65; 30 lbs., \$7.25; 60 lbs., \$14.00.

Pencil Pod Black Wax-(45 days to maturity). A most delicious rich dark yellow snap bcan, being so tender and brittle that by taking it at either end and bending it, it will fly into several pieces. Abundant bearer. Seed black when ripe. Prices: ½ pt., 15c; 14b., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45: 10 lbs., \$2.65; 30 ibs., \$7.25; 60 lbs., \$14.00.

Pole or Climbing Beans



Kentucky Wonder

inches, nearly round, stringless and very crisp when young, and so fleshy that they are greater in width than breadth. The seed is long, oval, dun-colored. This is one of the very best early Pole Snap Beans for the home garden the home garden or market. The supply of seed is limited and purchases should be made early. 1/2 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$2.65; 30 ibs., \$7.25; 60 lbs. \$14.00 i b s., \$7.25 lbs., \$14.00.

Kentucky Wonder-(70 days to maturity). (Old Homestead.) This climbing variety is very vigorous and productive and bears its pods in large clusters. The pods are green, very long, often being nine or ten

Chinese Yard Long Asparagus Poie Beans—Pods are nearly up to name, reaching a length of 30 to 36 inches, usually 18 to 42 inches. Your friends will wonder at and admire your plants and they are of excellent table quality, with a rich asparagus flavor. Do not be without this valuable curiosity. It is a pole bean of quick growth, with neat foliage, not attacked by insects. 1 oz., 10c; 1/3 pt., 30c; 1 lb., 65c.

Golden Ciuster Wax-The flat pods are 7 to 8 inches long. Cf a rich golden yellow, stringless and excellent in flavor. White-seeded. 1/3 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.70; 30 lbs., \$7.50; 60 lbs., \$14.25.

Large Early Jersey Lima-(85 days to maturity). Pods broad and rough. Seeds large and white. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.70; 30 lbs., \$7.50; 60 lbs., \$14.25.

BEANS—(Continued)

Bush Lima

1mproved Henderson Bush Lima-(70 days to maturity). This is the very early Sieva or Butter Bean of the South. The pods are ready for use a week earlier than those of Burpee's Bush Lima and the plants are immensely productive. When gathered young the beans are of excellent flavor. 1/3 pt., 15c; 1 ib., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.70; 30 lbs., \$7.50; 60 lbs.

Fordhook Bush Lima-(75 days to maturity). The very best large-seeded variety. The plant is vigorous, erect-growing, bearing well above the ground. The pods, which are produced in large clusters, are medium green, about four and three-fourths inches long, each containing three to five large beans of exceptionally fine quality-Don't fail to plant some of these in your garden this spring. 1/2 pt., 20c; 1 lb., 45c; 15bs., \$1.90; 10 ibs., \$3.40; 30 lbs., \$9.00; 60 lbs., \$16.50.



Golden Wax

Green Podded Beans

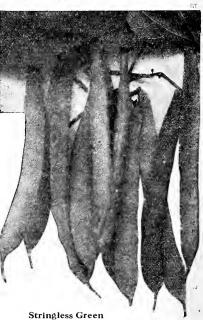
Burpee's Green Pod Stringless-A very desirable dwarf green podded snap sort for the home garden and largely grown for the market. The plants are large, spreading and productive. The pods are medium green, five to six inches long, cylindrical, larger than those of Red Valentine but are quite as fleshy, of equally high quality, and remain crisp and tender longer. They mature a little later. Seed of medium size and length, yellowish brown. 1/3 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.65; 30 lbs., \$7.25; 60 lbs., \$14.00.

Navy Bean-A great many people grow what they suppose is the Navy Bean, but is generally a mixed, uneven bean that cooks uneven and lacks quality. Our Navy Beans are absolutely pure and duan, hand picked. You will not find a bad bean in a bushel. 1 lb., 25c; 5 ibs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 30 ibs., \$4.50; 60 lbs., \$8.50.

Full Measure—attractive, long, straight pods—(45 days). This magnificent round podded bush bean bears long, round, dark green pods in 45 days; always solid, stringless and exceedingly prolific. The pods are of an attractive green color, 5 inches long, firm and tender, remaining fit for use many days after maturing. The plant is of a handsome, stiffly erect growth, very prolific and practically blight proof. Seed medium size, brown mottled with light yellowish drab. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 ibs., \$2.70; 30 lbs., \$7.50; 60 ibs., \$14.25.

Shell Beans

Dwarf Horticultural-One of the best dwarf sorts for green shell beans for the home garden and market and can be used early as a green podded snap bean. The plants are very productive, compact and upright with large leaves. The mature pods are about five to five and one-half inches in length, broad and thick, curved, with splashes of bright red on a yellowish trend. They bear on the large transport of the productive of the curved, with splashes of bright red on a yellowish ground. They become fit for use as green shelled beans early and in this condition the beans are very large, easily shelled and are about equal to the Lima in quality. Seed large, oval, plump, pale buff splashed with deep red. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.70; 30 lbs., \$7.50; 60 lbs., \$14.25.



Correctionville, 1a., Aug. 8, 1930 Gurney Seed & Nursery Co., Yankton, S. D.

Dear Sir:

I must thank you for the wonderful seeds which I received. My tomatoes are just wonderful. Picked the first on the 16th of July,—the Earliana, the only ones in the neighborhood. I have sold over \$5.00 worth and still can't tell that I have picked any, and we have been having a drouth. What would they do if it were a good season?

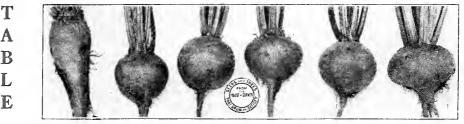
good season?

I am surely boosting for Gurney's and always will. I am enclosing 5c in stamps for which send me a package of White Radish. If it is too late for this variety, send me the lcicle.

Yours as ever, A Satisfied Customer, Mrs. G S. Kirschner, Correctionville, Ia.

BEETS

Frosts or light freezing do not hurt the young beet plants—you can sow as early in the spring as ground can be properly cultivated. These may be grown in rows as close as 18 inches. Plant the seed 2 inches deep in the drill and make several plantings. Plant the first of July for the supply that goes into the cellar for winter. 1 oz. of seed will plant a 50-foot row, 7 ibs. to the acre.



Bastian Half Long Detrolt

Eclipse

Blood Turnip Gurney's Globe Crosby

Gurney's Early Model Globe

The Model Globe Beet is medium early, always even in size, color and shape. A number of newer varieties have been offered since we offered the Model Globe, but they have never equalled this beet in the trial grounds or in the field. One of the most satisfactory uses of the Model Globe Beet is for pickling purposes, using them when they are about 1½ inches through. They retain their color and are for excellent quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.10.

Improved Early Egyptlan—We consider this the best first early beet of all the standard varieties. Best for forcing, best for first outdoor planting, roots very dark red, rounded on top, flat underneath. Small tops, which allow close planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ 60c; 1 lb., 90c.

Crosby's Egyptian

This very desirable table beet does not closely resemble the original Egyptian except in its extreme earliness. The tops are small. The roots are flattened, globe shaped and very smooth. The exterior color of the root is bright red. The flesh of our strain is bright vermilion-red, zoned with a lighter shade, very sweet, tender and of excellent quality. This is one of the best for early planting outdoors and is much used for bunching. Lett., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., 90c.

Detroit Dark Red Turnlp—A grand beet for bunching for imarket; tops are exceedingly small and uniformly upright; roots are perfect turnip shape, with small itap roots. The principal fault with most Turnip Beets is the occasional appearance of white rings, and this will be found has been overcome of careful selection of the deepest red beets. Quality is the very best; sweet and tender. Gardeners can safely plant it largely. Pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., 90c.

Extra Early Eclipse—An excellent sort; about as early as the Egyptian, but we consider it better because it is larger and of much finer quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.05.

Edmand's Early Blood Turnip—The very best sort for general crop. In quality one of the finest; exceedingly dark; shape globular, having one tap root. Pkt., c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 60c; l lb., 90c.

Swiss Chard—For the leaves alone this variety is grown. This gathered young should be cooked as spinach, or later the midribs may be cooked and served the same as asparagus. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., 90c.

Sugar Beets and Mangels For Winter Feed

The food value in root crops is high. The conditioning of your live stock is worth more and everyone should plant a sufficient acreage so that the hogs and chickens could have a supply every day until they can get on to the green pastures next spring. It is not unusual to produce 25 ton of mangels or carrots to the acre. An ordinary yield under fair conditions would be 15 to 17 tons. Plant a sufficient quantity so that the milch cows can get their share and you will increase the flow 25%. Plant 7 lbs. seed per acre.

Mangels Danish Sludstrup

This most wonderful Mangel has been awarded a first class certificate several times by the Danish Government, which is the highest honor attained in Agricultural circles in Denmark.

Sludstrup is a long reddish yellow root, but not so long as the Mammoth long red. It grows more above the ground and is very easily harvested. The size of the roots, like all other varieties, depends entirely upon circumstances. They are frequently grown to a size weighing from 15 to 20 pounds each. The Danish farmers prefer to grow them smaller, viz., 6 to 10 pounds each, which is accomplished by not allowing so much space in and between the rows. The smaller roots contain a higher percentage of dry matter, consequently, the crop is more valuable than if large roots are grown. Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.40.

Glant Half Sugar Rose—As its name implies, this is a half sugar beet. Roots of much greater nutritive value than mangels. Vield nearly as large as the best of the mangels. Roots grow about one-half out of the ground, and are conveniently harvested. Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.40.

Golden Tankard—One of the medium sized perfect shaped ones, can be grown closer than other varieties, giving as good yields as large varieties. Oz., 10c; ½ 1b., 35c; 1 lb. 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.40.

Mammoth Long Red

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R

The roots are very large, uniformly straight and well formed and comparatively thicker than the common sort. The flesh is white tinged with rose. This strain under careful culture is enormously productive. Our stock will produce the largest and finest roots which can be grown for feeding stock and is vastly superior to many strains offered under other names, such as Norbitan Giant, Colossal, Monarch, etc. Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.40.

Sugar Beets

White Klein Wanzelben Sugar Beet—This variety has proved to be a very valuable sort, not only in foreign countries, but as well in Colorado and other sections of this country, where it has been thoroughly tested. It has a rather long, slender root, very rich in sugar, and grows deeply sunk in the ground and it is claimed to yield under average conditions about sixteen tons to the acre, containing 12 to 13 percent of sugar. Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.40.

Vilmorin Sugar Beet—It unites capacity for a large yield with an exceedingly rich flesh, making it the best for cattle feeding. Tops medium sized; roots above medium size, long top-shaped, growing slightly above the surface; white, washed with red at top; flesh fine grained and very sweet. Oz., 10c; ½ Ib., 35c; 1 ib., 60c; 5 Ibs., \$2.40.

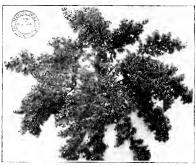
Mixed Table Sugar Beets and Mangels

We have just a few pounds of beet seed that has become mixed in handling. The germination is very high, all fresh seeds, and for stock purposes they will be equal to the best named varieties, but will not be all of one type. ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.90.



Danish Sludstrup for Seed Selection

BORECOLE OR KALE



Kale

Sow the seed from early spring until the middle of August. The early sowings give fully grown plants, whereas the later sowings will furnish excellent small tender leaves. The flavor of the plants improves after they have been touched by frost. One ounce sows 500 feet of drill.

Dwarf Green Curled Kale—Hardier than Cabbage. Leaves curly as Parsley, tender and very fine flavor. Immense quantities produced in South find ready sales in the North. Vaughan's Extra Selected Stock. Fine strain. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 36c; lb., 85c.

Tall Kale — One of the very best plants for greens, well known and much planted by German-Americans, but little used hy others. It is much hardier than cabbage and a good frost improves its quality. The leaves are very curly. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 30c; lb., 90c.

Broccoli Large White Mammoth

Sow early in spring. Transplant and cultivate the same as cabbage. The Broccoli is similar to the Cauliflower. They will produce heads in October and November. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ½ 15., \$1.00; 1b., \$2.50.

Brussels Sprouts



Cultivated for the small heads that grow in considerable number on the main stem. It is a delicacy much esteemed by some. Sow in seed bed middle of spring and transplant and manage as Winter Cabbage. Pkt., 10c, oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25.

Brussels Sprouts

Celeriac

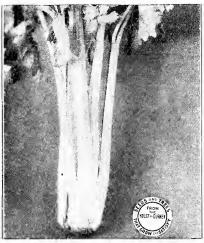
A variety of celery having turnip-shaped roots, which, when cooked and sliced in vinegar, make a most excellent salad.

Large Smooth Prague—This is the largest and best variety grown, and grows to a large size. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ½ 1b., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

CELERY

For a vegetable that is so easily grown, celery seems to be an unknown commodity in most gardens. This is especially true in the northwest where the highest quality celery is produced. Northwestern celery does not look so nice as the Michigan or California grown, but the plants are so crisp and have such a delicious nut-like flavor, that you are missing really the best part of the garden if you leave out this vegetable.

For the first supply, sow very early in April, transplant the plants when 2 or 3 inches high to about 6 or 8 inches apart in the row. Feed them well with plenty of well-rotted manure. Draw the soil up to the plants as they grow and blanch as per instructions in the celery bulletin, which we furnish free. For the winter supply, plants should be taken from the cold frame in June and cared for just as you did for the early plants.



White Plume

White Plume — Out in the State of California they produce and ship thousands of carloads of White Plume celery each year. We have received letters from some of the largest of the California celery growers, telling of the wonderful results from our White Plume Seed, and we know that it will give you better results, as it has them. Celery is one of the most delicious of the vegetables, can be grown easily in any small garden, and if you ask for it in placing your order a celery leaflet, giving full instructions, will be placed in your package. This is also true of practically all of the vegetables. We have bulletins on all of them for your special benefit. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ½ 1b., 80c; b., \$2.60.

Golden Plume — A new early celery of much merit, large robust stalks, early blanching and of that crispness and nutty flavor so much desired. This is absolutely the finest golden celery in cultivation. Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 50c; 1 oz., 90c; ½ 1b., \$2.50; Ib., \$6.50.

Golden Self-Blanching Celery — Like the White Plume, this celery requires very little earthing up, and in many other respects it is similar to that favorite sort, differing, however, in color, which is yellowish, the heart being large and solid and of a beautiful golden hue. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.10; b \$3.50.

Glant Pascal — Grown about two feet high, the stalks are very broad, thick and crisp, and entirely stringless; the width and thickness of the stalks are distinctive features of this variety. It bleaches with but slight "earthing up," and very quickly, usually in five of six days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ 1b., 60c; 1t. \$2.00.

CRESS

Curled or Pepper Grass—The leaves of this small salad are much frilled or curled, and are used for garnishing. It is also desirable with lettuce, to the flavor of which its warm, pungent taste makes a most agreeable addition. The plant is of rapid growth, about one foot high. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 80c.

True Water Cress—This is a distinct variety of cress with small, oval leaves. It thrives best when its roots and stems are submerged in water. A fair growth may be obtained in soil which is kept wet but does best when grown along mois banks or in tubs in water-covered soil. It is one of the most delicious of small salads and should be planted wherever a suitable place can be found. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c, ½ 1b., 80c; 1b., \$2.90.

CAULIFLOWER

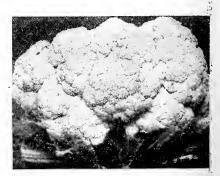
For spring crops only the extra early dwarf varieties should be selected and seed sown in hot beds early in February, transplanting the young plants to the garden early in April, when the trees are starting out in leaf. For main or fall crop seed should be sown about June 1st, and young plants set out during the latter part of July.

Gurney's Earliest Market Cauliflower Cauliflower may be grown anywhere, and Gurney's Early Market Cauliflower is the easiest to grow. This wonderful new short-stemmed, large-headed, heavy-leafed Cauliflower was offered by us in 1910 for the first time, and we wish to say to all lovers of this delicious vegetable that you can grow these as easily as you can grow the cabbage. It is a sure heading variety, nearly every plant making a good, solid head. It is desirable for market gardeners on account of earliness and clear white color, which create an unusual demand for it. Pkt., 20c; ½ oz., \$1.10; 10z., \$2.00; ¼ lb., \$6.50.

Early Snowball — This is a popular extra early strain of dwarf, compact growth. Under favorable circumstances nearly every plant will make a fine solid head of good size. It is valuable for both early and late. Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz., 50c; oz., \$1.50; ¼ lb., \$5.00.

Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt — (Extra Selected) — This is the choicest selected strain of the popular Erfurt type and is remarkable for its extreme reliability in heading. Plants very dwarf. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 80c; oz., \$1.50; ¼ lb., \$5.00.

Gurney's Early Favorite — The best sort for inexperienced growers, as it will head when conditions are unfavorable. It may be used either for an early or a late crop and is ready in about 110 days. It forms large, firm, finegrained heads, very white in color. Pkt., 10c; ½4 oz., 30c; 1 oz., 90c; ½ lb., \$2.75.



Gurney's Early Favorite

CARROTS—A Much Neglected Vegetable

1 oz. for 100 feet of row. 3 pounds to sow an acre

It is only a few years since people supposed that the only thing carrots were good for was to color butter and feed to stock. They are now finding that carrots are one of the most delicious vegetables for the table that we grow in the garden and can be prepared in many ways and used from the time they are the size of your little finger until the new crop comes the next year. All of these various methods of cooking are described in the Gurney's Cook Book.

Plant the Mammoth varieties in acre lots on your farm for stock feed. Carrot is one of the most valuable stock foods and yields immensely. These may be planted with the ordinary garden drill early in the spring, in rows

from 12 inches to 4 feet apart, depending on the method of cultivation. In the wide rows cultivate with the ordinary corn cultivator. In the narrow rows use the garden wheel cultivator. A man will cultivate two acres per day easily. A wagon load of the stock carrots thrown into the feeding houses, is a great preventive of diseases in your stock. It is a mighty good change of food and these stock carrots yield as high as 25 tons per acre.

Garden varieties can be planted in rows 12 inches apart and yield so heavy that they will actually crowd each other nearly out of the ground. You can commence thinning them out as soon as they are a half inch thru. So

for your health's sake, plant and eat more carrots.

Gurney's Coreless Carrot

Just how true the slogan "eat carrots for your complexion" is I don't know; however, I do know that Gurney's New Coreless Carrot shown on color page 17 is a favorite with all those who have grown this wonderful new carrot. Carrots are rapidly gaining favor as a table dish. Every gardener should have a patch of carrots, and you will be ahead in crop returns by selecting Gurney's New Coreless Carrot for your garden patch.

This is bound to become one of the most popular of the table carrots, except that the seed will always be a little higher in price than other varieties as it is a very poor producer of seed. In quality for table use, it is unsurpassed. Color is a pure orange scarlet and the core undefined. Most varieties of carrots have a well defined and tough core. The size is about 6½ to 7 inches long and 1½ inches thick; same size from top to bottom. The top is very small and has a slightly yellow crown. You will find this, I believe, the most desirable of the table carrots. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.70; 5 lbs., \$7.00.

Early Chantenay Carrot—This carrot is considered by the market gardeners as one of the very best for early use; it grows about six inches long, very uniform in size and shape, stumprooted, very smooth, deep red, fine grained sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 4 lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

Gurney's Gold Lump—One of our customers sent us this picture. Said he could not resist the temptation to just go pull a few and have their "mugs" taken. He tells us it is just a little time after you have planted the seed until you have a full grown carrot. You can grow them mighty thick, and the quality is the very best.

This new carrot is of French origin, is the brightest golden color, grown about 3 inches long and ma-tures earlier than any

other carrot grown. Market gardeners can safely discard all other extra earlies and plant largely of this. It is very uniform in size and color, consequently a money-saver, as there are no culls to throw out. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ 1b., 50c; ½ 1b., 85c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Early Chantenay

Danvers—There is no variety grown which will produce as much to the acre with a minimum length of root, as this one. Under proper condition of the soil and cultivation it may reasonably be expected to produce, which it has done, 25 to 30 tons per acre. It is of medium length and heavy at the neck; color is a rich orange. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ 1b., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.



Gurney's Gold Lump

Gurney's Ple Carrots-We do not suppose you have ever made or eaten a carrot pie; very few people know that carrots are good for pie purposes and probably none of you have known that any particular variety or kind of carrot would make a better pie than another. Carrots for pie purposes are at least equal to pumpkins, and the pie resembles in flavor the pumpkin pie, but is much more delicious and on account of your being able to use them long before the pumpkins are ripe you have almost a continuous season of carrot pie, commencing with the carrots when they are about one inch through, and using them until the old carrots are gone in the spring. Make the carrot pie just as you would pumpkin pie, and you will be surprised at the deliciousness of it. This particular carrot is better than any other variety for that purpose. Pkt. 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 55c; ½ lb., \$5.5.

Farliest Franch Forcing—Small almost your being able to use them long before the

Earliest French Forcing—Small, almost globular root, maturing in about 40 days, valuable for market gardeners on account of its earliness. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 40c; 1 1b.,

Louisville, Ky. Sept. 21, 1930

Gurney Seed & Nursery Co. Yankton, S. Dak.

Gentlemen:

My mother bought a Waneta Plum Tree from you several years ago, and we have shown the Plums at the Kentucky State Fair seven times and only failed once to get a prize on them.

This year, I left the Plums on the tree until September 8th, then gathered them and showed them at the Fair and won the blue ribbon on them (first prize).

Respectfully niy, Miss Elizabeth Conway 3932 Pflanz Ave.

Guerende or Ox-Heart-A variety with short, thick roots the diameter often exceeding the length. Color, bright orange. Sweet and fine grained; good for table or stock. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 35c; 1 jb., \$200.

Mastodon—Giant white, best and largest stock carrot grown, nearly one-half its length stock carrot grown, nearly one-nail its length will be above ground when mature, which makes it easy to harvest. Will produce as many tons of green feed per acre as any vegetable grown. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

Erhard, Minnesota Gurnev's.

Dear Sirs: September 25, 1930.

A few lines to let you know that we sure are satisfied with the garden seeds we got from Gurney's. I have an old man 72 years by the name of Henry Lowe helping us with by the name of Henry Lowe neiphing us with the garden and I had him take different gar-den truck to the Ottertail County Fair, Min-nesota, and we took first prize on everything we had there raised from your seeds. Yours truly, William Lubenow.



Ox Heart

CABBAGE

A Food for the Millions 1 Oz. for 3000 Plants. 1/2 Lb. of Seed Per Acre

Cabbage is one of the easiest crops to grow and if you like salads, kraut, and the 101 delicious dishes in which cabbage can be used, and also want to reduce expenses, grow this vegetable. The heads can be kept all winter in the ordinary root cellar or basement.

We will be glad to supply you with full instructions in our free cabbage bulletin as to how to grow cabbage, and Gurney's cook book will tell you how to prepare it.

For early heads, sow seeds in hotbed or cold frame, Transplant in April or early May into rows where you want them. Use only strong plants, two feet apart to the row. For late or winter cabbage, sow in the open ground as late as July 1st,—18 inches to two feet apart in the row, according to varieties. It requires approximately one ounce of seed for 3000

Early Cabbage



Gurney's Early Ball Head

Gurney's Early Ball Head Cabbage-In offering this new early summer Ballhead cabbage offering this new early summer Ballhead cabbage we know that we are presenting the cabbage-growing public with a winner and a money-maker and a great deal of satisfaction. This cabbage closely resembles the Danish Ballhead. The heads are perfectly round, good size and mature as early as Wakefield. They are exceptionally good keepers and the late plantings will keep equal to the winter varieties. We recommend this sort especially to market gardeners and for the home garden for both early and late. We feel sure it will take the place of nearly all of the summer varieties, producing a greater per cent of solid heads than any of them, and on account of the small amount any of them, and on account of the small amount of follage and the compact form in which it grows, can be planted much closer than other varieties. We are offering this, feeling sure that it is one of the best articles in the vegetable line we have offered. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ½ 1b., \$1.10; 1b., \$3.56.



Gurney's Golden Acre

Gurney's Golden Acre--This is a new, early, round-headed cabbage which closely resembles round-headed cabbage which closely resembles Copenhagen Market in type. As its name implies it is a money-maker. It is 8 to 10 days earlier than Copenhagen Market, but is smaller and can be planted closer. Because of its earliness and fine ctality it commands a higher price than any round-headed cabbage. Pkt., 10c; oz., 55c; ¼ 1b., \$1.50: lb., \$4.50. Earliest of Ail Cabbage—This is a strictly new variety of Danish pro-duction, maturing medium sized, extra solid round heads and a larger per-centage per hundred plants than any other variety, which makes it the most valuable for market gardeners and home consumption Pkt., 10c; 0z., 40c; ¼ 1b., \$1.25; lb., \$3.75.

Copenhagen Market—The best Early round-headed sort on the market.

Early round-headed sort on the market. The heads are very solid averaging about 8 pounds. It is short stemmed, the heads growing very close to the ground. Matures with Charleston Wakefield and will give a heavier crop per acre. Our stock of this is very fine. Pkt. 40c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$200. Early Jersey Wakefield.

Early Jersey Wakefield—One of the best of the conical types. Very early and makes medium sized, very solid heads fine flavored and tender. Has few outside leaves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 1/4, 1b., 75c; p., \$2.25.

Cabbage-Second Early and Summer Varieties

Early Flat Dutch—A very good variety for second early use. Makes good sized flat heads and is very tender and of fine grain. It is similar to All Head. Has few outside leaves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.25.

All Head Early—Without doubt this cabbage is unexcelled as an Early Flat Dutch or summer variety. It makes very uniform, large, deep, flat heads and is a very sure header. Withflat heads and is a very sure header. Withstands heat and dry weather very well. The grain of this variety is very fine. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.25.

Late Varieties
Danish Ballhead, Short Stemmed—One of Danish Ballhead, Short Stemmed—One of the best varieties for general crop. It has been selected for more than fifty years by the Danish gardeners, who grow it almost exclusively for Winter Cabbage and annually export large quantities. The heads are not as large as late Dutch Flats, but harder and more solid, fine grained and good sepers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ½ lb., 90c; lb. ½3.00.

Mammoth Rock Red—This is by far the best, largest and surest heading red cabbage ever introduced. The plant is large, with numerous spreading leaves. The head is large, round, very solid and deep red color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ½ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.25.

Premium Late Drumhead—We recommend this sort to market gardeners and growers for shipping purposes. In good, rich soil and with a favorable season, the heads will grow to an enormous size. Very compact and solid, and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.25.

lb., \$2.25.

Mrs. Henry Jerde, Ortley, Ia.
I've raised bushels of tomatoes from a couple packets of seed. All the seed has done fine and I've tried many varieties. The mammoth pumpkin is wonderful. I raised about 60 large pumpkins from a packet of seed one year. Even the last 2 years when the garden didn't grow till the first of July we have gotten a fair crop. From \$3 to \$11 worth of seed we have raised \$25 to \$100 worth of produce for the

season. I'm more than pleased with results.



Premlum Late Flat Dutch—As a variety for winter market it has no superior, and is more extensively grown than any other. Heads large, bluish green, round, solid, broad and flat on top, and often tinted with reddish brown after born to be the state of t top, and often tinted with readish brown after being touched with frost; they open white and crisp, are tender and well flavored. It is a fall and winter variety, and one of the very best to keep. Decidedly the best late variety for cultivation in our state. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 75c; lb., 32.25.

DISEASE RESISTANT CABBAGE SEED

In many sections of the United States entire In many sections of the United States entire fields of Cabbage fail to mature or produce heads on account of the yellows or yellow rot. If, by any chance, your field or fields in your vicinity are affected with this disease, you should plant Disease Resistant Cabbage Seed. The University of Wisconsin, by selection and breeding, has made it possible for us to offer you this Disease Resistant Seed.

Disease Resistant Danish Ballhead—This is the short stem variety. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$4.75.

Disease Resistant All Seasons-We are offering the All Seasons in Disease Resistant Sed only, and, as its name implies, it is a cabbage that can be used early or kept for the winter supply. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.20; lb., \$3.75.

W-N-A-X Fair price gasoline in every town in the Middle West by Fall. Do your bit by buying gas and oil from our affiliated stations.

CUCUMBERS

1 Oz. for 50 Hills; 2 Lbs. Per Acre in Hills, 5 Lbs. in Drills

Chinese Cabbage



Chinese Cabbage

Pe-Tsai or Celery Cabbage-I believe there have been more disappointed customers of seed houses over this vegetable than any other. It has only been offered for the last few years, and there are so many varieties of it that seedsmen generally have had a difficult time in establishing a correct variety to offer to the trade. We have tried out practically every variety offered, and there is only one that we shall offer in the future. All others have failed to head entirely, or made only a small percentage of marketable heads. Those that failed to make heads have produced immense quantities of seeds. The heading varieties produced but few seed. The Chinese Cabbage is one of the very valuable vegetables and will never be discarded. It is suitable for the usual cabbage purposes, especially valuable as a salad. It has the combined flavor of cabbage, turnip, celery and mustard. This should be planted at about the same season as lettuce for early use, followed by other plants during the summer. Cut these for fall and winter use just as you do other cabbage heads, storing in the same way. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., \$1.05; 1 lb., \$3.00.



Earliest of All

I have learned to like cucumbers in about every way they can be prepared; the early ones sliced and then the delicious pickles made in various ways. I have only succeeded in my desire to like them in the last two or three years and I do not know of a more beautiful sight than a large field of cucumber vines covering the ground with their thousands of yellow flowers and then the picking of the little ones 1 to 1½ inches long for pickling; then the larger rapid growing ones, cool and crisp, for slicing; then the large yellow ones for the sweet pickles; then in the seed fields the literally millions of full grown fruit and the same size, yellow-bronze in color and when you look at them you know that anyone can grow a cucumber and—like myself—learn to like them.

Plant cucumber seed 10 or 15 to the hill after danger of frost is past. Thin out later when danger of bugs is past. For the big crop of pickles, plant from June 1st to the middle of July.

Cucumbers for Pickling and Slicing

Early Cluster-An early and very productive variety. The vines are hardy and very vigorous, bearing fruits in clusters of two or three. The bearing fruits in clusters of two or three. The fruits are short, thick, bright green, shading lighter at blossom end, criso and tender. This sort is planted in many sections for the home garden. It is extensively used for a pickling cucumber as well as for slicing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; l lb., \$1.0. Gurney's Crisp and Cool—This new cucumber is very dark green in color with very pale green or light green stripes about two-thirds its length. Produces very fary seeds is expection.

length. Produces very few seeds, is exceptionally crisp, making it desirable for slicing and for sweet pickles. Medium early. Grows to a length of about six inches. You will find this one of the most desirable table cucumbers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ 1b., 50c; 1 1b., \$1.50; 5 1bs., \$6.00

\$6.00.

New Everbearing—Very early, enormously productive, literally covering the ground with its fruit the entire season until killed by frost, making it the most prolific variety in existence. Fruit is medium size and rich, dark green in color, shape long, excellent for pickling or slicing. Pkt., 5c; 0z., 15c; ¼ 1b., 35c; 1 lb.,

Early Russian (Black Spine)-The smallest Early Russian (Black Spine)—The smallest cucumber we grow, extremely early and amazingly productive. It is of little use except for small uniform pickles, but in districts where the late maturing kinds will not ripen this cucumber is popular. The vines are a little less in length than most other varieties. Size 4x2 inches. Edible in 50 days, Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.00.

Chicago or Westerfield Pickling—The fruits of this very desirable sort are of medium length tapering at each end, with very large and

rruits of this very desirable sort are of medium length tapering at each end, with very large and prominent spines. The color is deep green. This is a very prolific variety and one of the best for those who want crisp, coarsely spiped pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb./, \$1.10.

Gherkin or Burr—Oval-shaped and prickly; for pickling only. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

Improved Early White Spine—This special strain of White Spine Cucumber is noted for its strain of White Spine Cucumber is noted for its extra earliness, earlier than Fordhook or Arlington. Vines vigorous, fruiting early and abundantly; fruit uniformly straight and handsome, dark green, with a few white spines; flesh tender and of excellent flavor. Great bearer, for table use of pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 ll., \$1.25.

Earliest of all Cucumbers-This is a white spine sort, very dark green when fit to slice, 6 to 7 inches long; has pale green stripes about ½ length from blossom end, straight square ended, firm, and makes a fine pickler. This is a great favorite among gardeners and others desiring a good, prolific cucumber. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.10.
Improved Long Green—The stock we offer under this name is in a class by itself. The vines are very vigorous and productive. The fruits are very long, often twelve to fifteen inches when mature. They are uniformly slender and of beautiful dark green color. The large warts and spines are well distributed over the surface instead of being clustered at one end as in inferior stocks. The variety furnishes some fruits terior stocks. The variety furnishes some fruits early but matures the bulk of its crop rather late. It is a standard sort for slicing and is very largely used for pickles. This is the most extensively used cucumber for the garden and market. We have given this variety especial attention for many years and we believe the stock we ofter has no equal. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

White Wonder Cucumber—Color of White Wonder is nearly pure snow white. It grows to good size, usually 8 to 10 inches long, and is very uniform. In season almost the same as the White Spine, but keeps in edible condition longer. Flavor is pleasing and flesh firm and crisp—fine sliced or in salads. Its smooth, clear surface makes the White Wonder an ideal pickle. Aside from excellent qualities of fruit White Wonder bears a great quantity of them. A packet of seed will furnish you cucumbers in abundance. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

China Long Cucumber—Makes perfectly straight fruit. They average about 20 inches. They are thickest in the middle of fruit, where they average 2 to 3 inches in diameter. The attractive fruit taper gently toward the ends, holding their thickness well until they run off into a round stem and blossom end.

A most remarkable feature of CHINA LONG is the fact that it retains the heautiful deep

A most remarkable feature of CHINA LONG is the fact that it retains the beautiful deep green color of the skin until it is fully ripe. CHINA-LONG is practically all flesh, containing but very few seeds. The thick flesh is a beautiful white. It is crisp, juicy, and of the most delicious flavor, and essentially a quality cucumber which is absolutely unequaled for market or home use.

The fine large long fruits are extra fine for

The fine large long fruits are extra fine for slicing, but if picked when of small size, they make tasty little pickles. The people in China store surplus products for their winter table after cutting into four or five pieces and drying. The vigorous vines bear continuously, particularly if the fruit is picked as soon as it has reached a good size. Pkt., 15c; oz., 45c; ¼

Ib., \$1.50.

Davis Perfect—It is seldom that any one cucumber or other vegetable will stand permanently at the top of all others in quality, yield, etc., for as much as eight or ten years at a time. But the Davis Perfect has been on the market for about that time and its nearest competitor is so far behind that it seems safe to predict that Davis Perfect will be the best for a number of years. We have grown this in large fields for seed purposes and the cucumbers would lay so thick on the ground that you could hardly walk without stepping on them. It produces a very small quantity of seed, in fact, less per cucumber than any other cucumber grown. This makes it specially desirable for slicing or for sweet pickles. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40.



Davis Perfect

CORN—SWEET OR SUGAR—DELICIOUS ROASTING EARS FOR TWO MONTHS

1 Lb. for 100 Hills, 13 lbs. per Acre

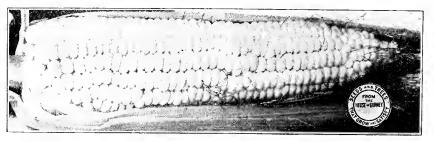
Most of us make a single planting of sweet eorn; eonsequently, we have those delicious ears for just a few days a year. You can spread this season over two months by planting different varieties at the same time maturing at different seasons; or by planting same varieties if you have a choice, a week or ten days between each planting. In the little town garden, a short row or maybe two or three dozen hills planted as early in May as possible, then two weeks later another row between potato rows and eon-

tinue this for several plantings. You will be surprised at the increased value of this little garden.

On the farm, plant a good acreage, enough to supply the house every day and a sufficient quantity for canning and drying. Discontinue use of field corn and plant delicious sweet eorn in its place. Plant a little larger acreage than you are going to use and turn stock into it after it is too ripe for table use. It is worth lots more for feeding purposes. Use many acres of it on the farm to hog down. It makes young hogs go to market a month earlier.

Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn—Due to an oversight, our 1915 catalog failed to list Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn. We never knew until that catalog was issued how many fellows wanted Stowell's Evergreen. We were "swamped"

with letters from the time the eatalog went out until past planting season wondering why we had discontinued Stowell's. Of course, this took a personal letter to all of the people who wanted it and we told them we had the same strain of Stowell's we had been selling them for several years. Absolutely, the best of this let.



Malakhof Sweet Corn

Malakhof—This picture shows the first ear of the Malakhof picked in our field. I regret that the boys did not give me the date of the planting and pieking, but they said that the Malakhof was so much earlier than any other variety that I did not need the information. One of our market gardeners says that he gets the Malakhof so much earlier than others that people are always willing to pay 25e per dozen for these little delieious ears.

Professor Neils Hansen has originated a great many things in vegetables and fruits, but he did not originate this Malakhof Sweet Corn, but found it in Russia, in one of his early trips to that country. He brought it because he considered it the earliest and sweetest sweet corn and that it would fill a place not yet taken by any other variety. The color of this sweet corn varies from an amber to a clear white. It matures the earliest of any variety planting, say, by the 15th of May, you are practically sure of good roasting ears of mighty good quality by the 1st of July. The gardeners in and around Yankton sell this corn ahead of all other varieties, and from twenty to twenty-five cents per dozen ears. It will produce often three to four ears to the stalk. They are not large ears but nearly as large as Golden Bantam. Coming, as they do, ten days ahead of Golden Bantam, it makes it specially pleasing and profitable to grow it. Everyone with either small or large garden can include some of the Malakhof. We would advise for an ordinary family at least one pound of this seed. We are still growing our stock from the original seed. Prices: ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 42c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.80; 25 lbs., \$6.00; 50 lbs., \$1.60; 100 lbs., \$2.80;

Gurney's Golden Evergreen—Best and sweetest sugar corn of the late varieties. Better than Golden Bantam quality and is a cross of Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen, retaining the quality of the Bantam and the remarkable tenderness and large size of the Evergreen. Heavy yielding and makes it profitable to the market gardener to sell large ears of superior quality on any market. Prices: ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.60; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Early Minnesota—A very popular early white eorn, ears fair size, uniform and of excellent quality. Prices: ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.75; 50 lbs., \$6.50; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

Gurney's Sunshine Coffee

Start the day right with a cup of good eoffee. The price is right, the quality excellent. 10 lbs., \$4.25. Postpaid.

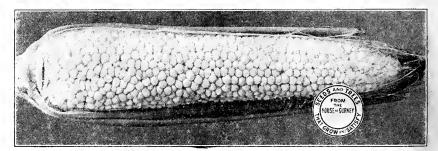


Golden Bantam

Golden Bantam—Fifty per eent of the sweet eorn planted in the United States is of the Golden Bantam variety. It is one of the earliest and sweetest, yielding very heavily, producing good sized ears of the most excellent quality. On account of the seed being very hardy it allows early planting, consequently it reaches the roasting ear stage very early. You can sow this as early as any variety of field corn. The stalks grow only about 4 to 5 feet high and bear generally two good ears to the stalk. When ready for use the kernels are rich golden yellow color—a mighty salisying sweet corn. Prices: ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb./30c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.75; 50 lbs., \$6.50; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

Golden Cream—Sometimes called Golden Country Gentleman. A cross of Country Gentleman and Golden Bantam, taking on the character of the former variety, except in color, and combining the delicious qualities of both. The cars are ready for use within 85 to 90 days after seeds were sown. Grains are long and pointed, rich golden color when ready, but turn to light cream yellow when cooked. ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.60; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

John H. Baese, Richey, Montana. I want to plant four acres of your Cossack Alfalfa because I bought some from you many years ago and it is still going strong. It is the best alfalfa a man can buy.

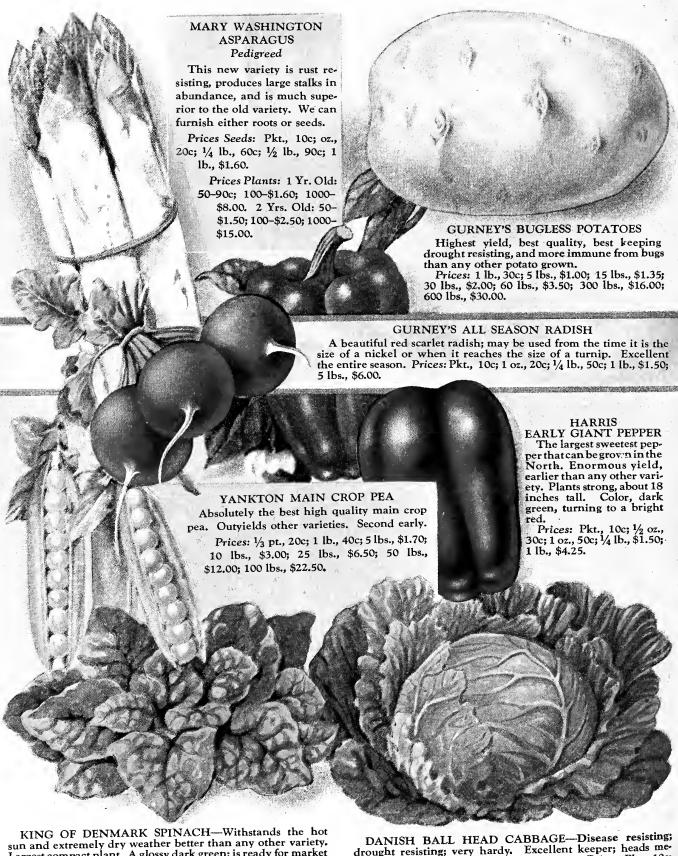


Country Gentleman

Country Gentleman—This variety has a small, white eob, densely covered with irregular rows of very long slender, white grains of excellent quality. The ears are seven to nine inches long. The stalks are from six and one-half to

seven feet high. It is/well adapted for canning as well as the home garden and market, and many consider it as the best of the late varieties. 1/4 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.60; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

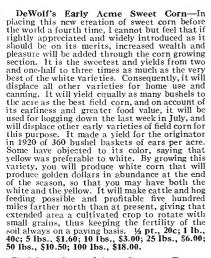




Largest compact plant. A glossy dark green; is ready for market earlier than any other. Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., 95c; 2 lbs., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$2.90.

drought resisting; very hardy. Excellent keeper; heads medium size, short stemmed. A good shipper. Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 30c; 1 oz., 50c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.75

CORN—(Continued)



Golden Sunshine Sweet Corn

An outstanding new variety of yellow eorn, of exceptional merit. It was originated at the North Dakota Agricultural College. The ears are bigger than those of Golden Bantam, are 16 rowed, and of deliciously rich flavor, light yellow in color. Sunshine is ready for use 6 to 10 days earlier than Bantam. The stalks are quite dwarf, with the ears set only 2½ to 3 feet from the ground, usually 2 ears to the stalk. Those who tried it last year are highly enthusiastie, and say it is real sweet corn.

It is the sweetest and the nicest corn I know of; good yielder, and exceptionally good corn for the market gardener. Prices: ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$9.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Sweet Fodder-There is nothing better for summer and fall green feed or for curing for winter than Sweet Corn; being sweet and palatable, cattle eat every part of the stalks and leaves. Always a great favorite with dairy farmers, and excellent for soiling. Can be planted as other corn or sowed thickly in drills or broadcast. Sow ½ bushel per acre in drills, 1 to 1½ bushels broadcast. 25 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$4.00; 100 lbs., \$7.00.

Dandelion

Much esteemed for greens, which are cooked like mustard and spinach. The cultivated Dandelion is much superior to the wild one for greens. Sow the seed in May ôr June on good, rich soil, and thoroughly cultivate, when the leaves will be ready to cut the following spring.

Improved Large Leaved—The largest leaved and best cutting variety. Plant is compact and leaves are thick. Pkt., 10c.

Endive

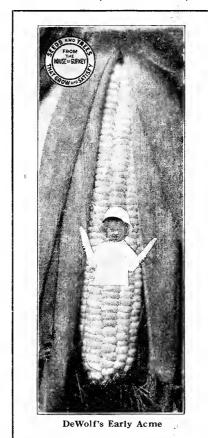
Sow in August in shallow drills twelve to fifteen inches apart, and thin to one foot in drills. When fully grown tie over the outer leaves of a few plants every week or ten days to blanch. Leaves eurled, dark green. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.10.

Egg Plant

1 Oz. for 1000 Plants

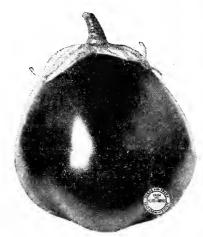
Sow in hotbeds very learly in the spring and transplant to 2 or 3 feet apart, in very rich, warm ground. Hoe often and hill up gradually until they blossom.

New Improved New York Purple—The best variety in cultivation, being early, a sure cropper and of fine quality. The fruit is large, oval, very deep purple. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ½ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$5.00.



Garlic

Garlic—This vegetable is very much in demand for use with meats, sausages, etc. We can furnish in any quantity. 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00.



Egg Plant

Sweet, Pot and Medicinal Herbs

No garden is complete without a few herbs for eulinary or medicinal purposes. Harvest them carefully on a dry day, before they come into full

-Cultivated principally for garnish-

Anise—Cultivated principally for garmsning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Basil Sweet—The leaves and tops of the shoots are used for soups. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Caraway Cultivated for the seed which is used in confectionery and medicine. Pkt., 5c;

Catnip—Pkt., 15c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.

Coriander (Coriandrum sativum) Seeds are used by confectioners. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c. Dill—The leaves are used in soups, and put along with pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb.,

Horehound—Principally used for medicinal purposes. Pkt., 15c; oz., 35c.

Lavender—A popular aromatic herb. Pkt., 15c; oz., 35c.

Marjoram Sweet—For seasoning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Pennyroyal—A well-known aromatic herb, also useful as a foliage plant. Pkt., 15c.
Rosemary—An aromatic herb. Pkt., 15c;

oz., 35c.
Rue—Used for medicinal

Rue—Used for medicinal purposes, also given to fowls for the roup. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c. Saffron (Carthamus tinctorius)-Pkt., 15c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., 60c.

Sage—The leaves and tender tops are used in stuffing and sauces. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c.
Savory, Summer—Used for seasoning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.
Thyme, Broad-Leaved—For seasoning, etc.
Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

Wormwood—It is beneficial to poultry and should be planted in poultry grounds. Pkt., 15c; oz., 40c.



Kohl-Rabi

1 Oz. for 200 Feet of Row
Early White Vienna Dwarf, small, early;
bulb handsome, firm, glossy white; leaves few
and small, the best variety for table but should
be used when young and not larger than an early
Turnip. All varieties are tough and stringy when overgrown. 1 lb., \$1.80. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 60c;

LETTUCE — The Best Salad Plant

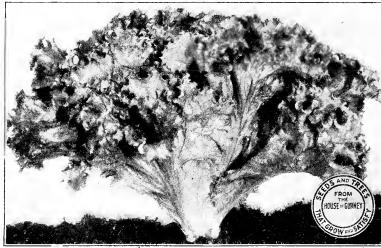
1 Oz. of Head Lettuce Seed Will Produce 2500 Plants-3 Lbs. of Leaf Lettuce Seed for One Acre

BELIEVE I would be a winner in any lettuce eating contest that might be started. I can eat it every day in the year and my one extravagance is the delicious head lettuce which comes to us from the south and west during winter months. You can have just as delicious, crisp heads as they produce, in your own garden during the summer months, if you will transplant the Head Lettuce plants 10 to 12 inches apart in the row. By doing this they will make heads weighing one pound to 1½, pounds and as solid and crisp and well blanched as a caphage.

and well blanched as a cabbage.

In sowing the leaf lettuce, you always get it too thick. Thin it out and you will produce several times the quantity and much better quality leaf

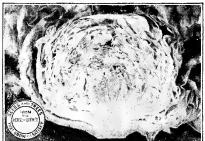
lettuce than if allowed to grow thick. If you wish to extend the head lettuce season, sow the seed very early in hot beds or boxes in the house or cold frame and transplant in the open as early as weather will permit, then sow in the open and transplant later. Continue this several times. The production of head lettuce for the market for every day in the year is one of the big industries over the country, very profitable on account of its immense yield and big market. Head lettuce produced from our seed near Omaha brought the grower nearly \$2,000.00 per acre and it was not unusual to find six heads completely fill a standard bushel basket.



Grand Rapids

Paris White Cos

Grand Rapids—This is beyond question the most popular of all forcing lettuce. On account of its upright habit of growth, it can be grown much closer than the other sorts, and it is less liable to rot; the leaves are light yellowish green, excellent for shipping and keeps a long time xithout wilting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.



Gurney's Crisp as Ice Gurney's Crisp as Ice

Very large, extremely crisp, hard-heading, and extra long standing.

Grows to a larger size, makes larger heads, is of more pleasing appearance and retains its crispness and mild flavor to a greater degree during the hot summer months than any other crisp-head variety. While especially adapted for midsummer, it is most desirable also for spring and fall.

The plants are of quick, strong growth, attaining a diameter of twelve inches with good cultivation. The lcaves are of a soft bright green, growing closely around the head. The heads are tightly folded, six to eight inches in diameter, bleached to a silvery white and nearly as crisp and brittle as celery. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25.

The Cos Lettuces are distinguished from other lettuces in that their leaves are elongated and always somewhat spoon-shaped. They are grown in exactly the same way as other lettuce.

When young, the leaves are pale green. When full grown, they form a loose conical head, outer leaves light green and rather crimped, inner leaves very pale green with the midrib white and very prominent. Very crisp and has a delicious flavor. We strongly urge you to try this variety, as we believe you will be well pleased with it.

Succeeds very well everywhere, nover wilts under the severest sun and can be grown to an immense size; plants weighing six pounds have been grown of this variety. Pkg., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ 1b., 40c; ½ 1b., 70c; 1 1b., \$1.20.

Chicken Lettuce

Your poultry needs "green" food and this variety of lettuce is just the thing you will want to grow for this purpose. It is a genuine lettuce which will yield as much or more chicken or rabbit feed than any plant you may have used for "greens". When once cut it starts to grow again and makes a successive crop. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ½ 15., 40c; 1 1b., \$1.25.

California Cream Butter—Splendid lettuce for the open ground, producing very large, solid heads in cool weather. This should be planted just as early as you can work the ground, as it does better than other varietics when weather is cool. This lettuce is largely planted in the Southern States for shipping to the Northern markets in winter. Heads of large size, very solid heads, and the interior portion blanching to a beautiful white. The genuine stock of this popular lettuce can be distinguished by very small spots on the outer leaves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 40c; l lb., \$1.25.

Gurney's Stonehead Riviera Lettuce

All of us like head lettuce, and our idea of a good head lettuce is the one that has the hardiest head, one that is compact; one that will stand the hot dry weather that we have during the summer. Gurney's Stonehead Riviera Lettuce is without doubt the best variety of head lettuce that can be grown in this northwest territory.

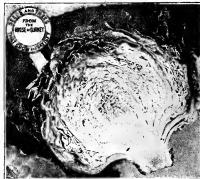
Hardest head, longest fit for use, heads solid, interior leaves blanching to a cream white. No equal for late planting or places that are hot and dry. Packet, 10c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$2.70.

Hanson—A very fine heading variety of large size. The heads are very solid, sweet, tender and crisp throughout and entirely free from any bitter taste. A standard Summer Head Lettucc, very slow to prin to seed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 40c; 116., \$1.25.

Black Seeded Simpson—A favorite forcing variety, it does not head, but forms a compact mass of leaves, and differs in being lighter colored; stands the summer heat well, and is nearly double the size of the Curled Simpson. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

Brown Dutch—Medium sized firm head, leaves broad and crumpled, color medium green tinged with brown. One of the best for late planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

New York Wonderful or Los Angeles—This is the head lettuce grown in thousands of acres around Los Angeles, Calif., in Idaho and other places, and shipped in carload lots all over the world. It is the standard head lettuce and best of any except Gurney's Stonehead Riviera. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$2.00; 5 lbs., \$8.00.



Gurney's Tom Thumb

Gurney's Tom Thumb—This variety is exceptionally good for the home garden. Seed may be planted in the hot bed and transplanted to the open just as early as possible in the spring, and on account of its extremely hard, crisp heads and small size of the plant, it may be planted about ten inches apart in the row. Plant this so it will mature before extremely hot weather. This is a great find for the home gardener who loves a good head of lettucc. Pkt., 10c; 0z., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$2.00; 5 lbs., \$8.00.

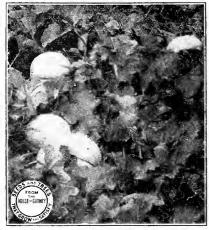
MELONS-MUSK-1 oz. for 50 Hills, 3 lbs. per Acre

What's the use of letting your boys steal the Melons they want from neighbors? Why not plant them yourself and have company? Did you ever steal a watermelon? Crawl through the wet cornfield on your belly, about nine or ten o'clock at night, listening every minute for the watchdog, finally leach the patch, and find one of the largest and ripest ones right on the edge of the cornfield, pick it carefully, roll it ahead of you until you are 'way back in the field, then pick it up and run, reach the edge of the field and then with your two or three companions, eat the most delicious watermelon you

ever had? Possibly those in your father's patch were much better, but you wanted this melon because it was harder to get. I have stolen melons a good many times. As my hair commences to get gray, I don't know that I approve of it, but boys will steal melons for the next twenty generations just as they have for the last, and when they go into the patch and take just what they want to eat, picking and handling them carefully, not destroying the vines, nor spolling melons, I think we can all forgive the crime just for the fun they get out of it. Plant enough for your boys and neighbors.

Hearts of Gold Muskmelon

On this page we show the best of varieties for the market gardener. Hearts of gold muskmelon. It is the hardiest, the highest yielding, and the best quality melon that can be grown in this Northern territory. It is an excellent shipper and a good keeper, and we recommend it especially to the market gardeners as it is exceptionally early. Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ 1b., 50c; ½ 1b., 90c; 1 1b., \$1.50; 5 1bs., \$6.50.



Gurney's Farthest North

Gurney's Farthest North—This melon originated in the Imperial Valley in California and is one of the best long-distance shipping melons we have, but on account of its extreme earliness—maturing in 68 days from the planting of the seed—it can be grown farther north than any other muskmelon. Salmon, flesh of exceptional thickness about 8x4½ inches with heavy netting, fairly prominent ribs. Its chief values are its extreme earliness, its ability to stand long distance shipping and its better than fair quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.50.

Red Gold June Bearing

If you want a sure crop. If you want areal fruit. If you want to make some real money from a very Small acreage Plant Red Gold. Turn to Page 81 for complete information and prices.

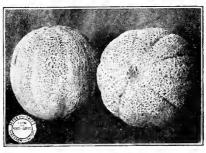


Milwaukee Market Milwaukee Market

Brother Don planted about an acre of Milwaukee Market this year. Not because he wanted to; but on account of the dry weather he lost a big field of Strawberries and had to fill in with something else.

It was a fortunate proposition, as Milwaukee Market proved to be the earliest, good sized, high quality, thick yellow meated Muskmelon that appeared on the market, and he realized a good price from them, selling the immense crop at from 15c to 25c per melon.

The ribs are fairly prominent, and the netting heavy. Shape slightly oval. A light green or cream color. I believe it will produce as many melons to the acre as any melon you can plant, and when it comes to quality—Oh Boy! Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.50.



Osage

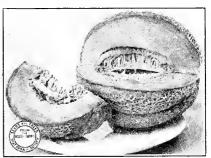
Osage—(Miller's Cream)—This is the most profitable of all melons for the market gardener; uniform quality; it makes no difference what the size of the melons may be, they are all sweet and delicious. The skin is thin, dark green and netted. The flesh is deep salmon, remarkably sweet and of a spicy flavor; extremely thick and delicious to the rind. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00.

Mr. Edw. Pliner, Fort Dodge, Iowa.

We bought some paint last spring and were well pleased with it, so please send us your price list of paints. Glant of Colorado—Large size; oblong; 12 to 15 inches in length, heavily ribbed and netted. Skin green, flesh light green and excellent quality. Best quality of any of the large melons.

This is a very satisfactory melon for the home garden and home market. The melon is very large and attractive and brings a good price always, but not a good shipping melon. We have picked as high as six ripe melons at one time from a single vine, none of them weighing less than 7 lbs. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.00.

Tip Top—This wonderfully fine melon should be planted by all melon growers. It always pleases. The testimony of all who use Tip Top is that every melon produced, whether big or little, early or late, is a good one; sweet, juicy, finest flavor, firm-fleshed and edible to the outside coating. The fruits are of large size, nearly round, evenly ribbed and moderately netted. Flesh rich deep salmon, sweet and spicy. Ripe fruits in 90 days. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00.



Benders Surprise

Benders Surprise

Folks here's a real melon, one that I feel like recommending to everyone. A special strain of selected seed will be used for every order. It's a melon that is excellent for shipping and a dandy for the local market—but best of all it's one that you will like better than any other because of its excellent flavor. Melons are round to oval in shape, ribbed and covered with coarse netting. Their flesh is exceptionally thick, and the melons rarely crack. The ripe melons have a golden tint giving the fruit a very attractive appearance. They are quite large, many weighing over ten pounds. Some report as large as sixteen pounds. This melon will keep for five or six days after picking and will actually improve in flavor. Because the flesh is so thick and firm they remain in good condition much longer than other melons of this class, and remember that this is very important if you are going to ship. Package, 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; I lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00.

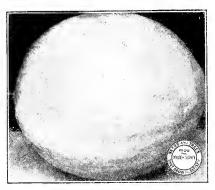
Canaries

Jos. A. Nielfeld, Marysville, Kansas.

Rec'd the bird last Friday. I am very much pleased with the bird, he is a fine singer, and seems to be a healthy bird. I wish to thank you for him, and the female has four nice young birds.

I will remember you again if I need something.

MUSKMELONS—(Continued)



Honey Dew

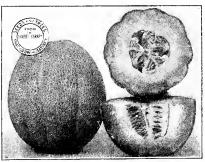
Honey Dew Muskmelon

This melon is especially adapted to west of the Missouri River in South Dakota, Western and Northwestern Nebraska, Colorado and Montana and Southwestern North Dakota. It produces exceptionally large crops of even sized produces exceptionally large crops of even sized quality melons and brings more money per acre than any crop you could grow. Honey Dew melons sell at an extremely high price, retailing often at from 60c to \$2.00 each, and people located in the places named above, will do well to plant sufficient quantity of Honey Dew for their local as well as their shipping market, as they will bring exceptionally high prices in October, November and December.

The Honey Dew is in a class by itself, being different from any other melon. The flesh is very thick and firm, emerald green in color, spicy, and of a flavor that you do not get in any other melon.

Green Fleshed Honey Dew—Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., 90c; 1 15. \$1.60.

Golden Fleshed Honey Dew—In every respect the same as the Green Fleshed Honey Dew, except the flesh is a rich golden color. Pkt. 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., 90c; 1 lb. \$1.60.



Rocky Ford

Rocky Ford-This variety is an improvement Rocky Ford—This variety is an improvement on the Netted Gem, and is largely grown in Colorado and shipped by the carload to the eastern cities. It is much sought after by hotel and restaurant keepers on account of its size and exceptionally fine flavor. Flesh is greenish white in color, very juicy And rich and good clear to the rind. It is medium in size, of round oval form and a most excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

> Drink Gurney's Sunshine Coffee

Davis White Seeded—We recommended it highly on account of the good showing it had made in our trial grounds in comparison with other melons. We said this was the best quality of any of the muskmelons yet introduced, and one year's general trial over the country has convinced us that it is the best all-around home and shipping melon yet introduced. This is the only white seed muskmelon, as all other muskmelons are due a yellow seed only. A report only white seed muskmelon, as all other muskmelons produce a yellow seed only. A report from one of our growers in western Nebraska tells us that the White Seeded was the earliest muskmelon of any that he planted, coming in two weeks ahead of the Osage, and produced more melons to the vine that were marketable than any other melon he has ever grown, and the quality was all good. We can only offer a limited amount of the seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb. \$1.80.

Special List of Profitable Muskmelons for Market Gardens

This list is selected to cover, as nearly as possible, yield, season, quality and ability to stand shipping or rough usage.

Make this the most profitable acre on your farm. This selection of varieties will do it.

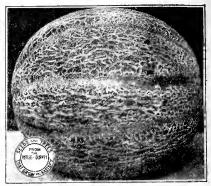
Don Gurney.

Collection No. 60, Enough Seed for 1 acre.
3/4 lb. Hearts of Gold\$1.13
34 lb. Milwaukee Market 1.13
½ lb. Rocky Ford
1/2 lb. Farthest North
14 1b. Render's Surprise
1/4 lb. Golden Champlain
Total \$4.21 Bardain Price \$3.75
Rargain Price \$3.75

Extra Early Hackensack,—This valuable variety is ready for the market fully ten days ahead of the well-known Hackensack, which it much resembles in size, shape and quality; weight from five to ten pounds each; very productive, averaging from five to six melons to the vine; deeply netted, flesh light green. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$5.00.



Hackensack



Golden Champlain

Walrath's Golden Champlain Muskmelon. Walrath's Golden Champlain Muskmelon. This melon is so early that it can be grown much farther north than any other variety yet introduced. It ripens three weeks earlier than the Emerald Gem, Hackensack or Paul Rose. The nature of the New Habit is that it throws laterals and blossoms before the main stems are six inches long, and real fruit sets on these laterals and develops rapidly. You will find from eight to fifteen large melons in a bunch right eight to fifteen large melons in a bunch right around the hill where the seeds were planted, around the hill where the seeds were planted, making easy and inexpensive handling when ripening. This first setting of melons on account of starting at the same time, mature at the same time, giving a large crop and the early money getter. The vines are exceptionally strong and hardy. Quality of fruit excellent, flesh golden yellow. Outside skin green, well netted, and firm. Size from 2½ to 3½ lbs. I have grown thirty-four different kinds of cantaloupes in the last fifteen years, but the Golden Champlain yields much heavier than any Golden Champlain yields much heavier than any Golden Champlain yields much heavier than any of them even if you only count the first setting. Three years out of four we have picked ripe melons fifty-seven days after planting seeds. (With ordinary field culture.) This melon is successfully grown in the Lake Champlain district in high altitude, hence its name, GOLD-EN CHAMPLAIN. Its extreme earliness prevents a lot of melon money from getting into the pockets of the Imperial Valley growers, and gives it to the home producer three weeks sooner. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 60c; ½ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$1.60. \$1.60.

Mushrooms A free bulletin with each order

These delicious fungi can be grown in a warm These delicious tungi can be grown in a warm cellar or close shed in which an even temperature can be maintained of from 50 to 60 degrees, and where a plentiful supply of fresh horse-stable manure for making the beds can be obtained. Our spawn is imported from the best English makers, runs freely and produces the finest mushrooms. Bricks weigh about one pound, and a brick is sufficient to plant about nine source. a brick is sufficient to plant about nine square feet. Best Spawn, 40c per lb.; 5 lbs., \$1.50.

Mustard Ostrich Plume

The plants are of vigorous growth and have beautiful dark green leaves which curve outward like fine ostrich plumes. It is a handsome variety, of strong growth, yielding a large quantity of greens. The plants stand a long time before bolting to seed. The flavor is mild and the leaves are excellent for garnishing and salads. It is a favorite variety in quite a few sections. Does well even during hot weather. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 40c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.00;

Sunshine Paint Pays

WATERMELONS

1 oz. for 20 Hills, 4 lbs. per Acre

Gurney's Mastodon Radio Watermelon

Watermelous are liked by everyone, and the kids especially like to go out and crawl into someone's corn field hoping that they will find a watermelon patch. Gurney's Mastodon Radio Watermelon will produce more melons than any other variety; it also produces the largest melons; the flavor cannot be beat, and you will never, find the hard core as you do in so many of the melons.

It is not unusual to produce melons of this variety weighing ninety pounds. They have been known to exceed one hundred pounds. We are offering TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the largest Gurney's Mastodon Radio Watermelon grown from our seed in 1931. When the melon is ripe, you are to pick it and ship to us by express at our expense but do not ship a melon under sixty five pounds because there will be plenty larger than that. Its bright red flesh is of delicious flavor and the quality that calls for more.

Matured melons are glossy dark green, distinctly striped skin, very tough, making it a long keeping and shipping melon. Why not win this \$25.00 prize and have the largest and sweetest melons of any of your neighbors this year? Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 20c; ¼ 1b., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.50.

Sonny Boy Watermelon

One of the newer varieties, almost round; dark green in color, real firm blood-red flesh with small black seeds. This melon was named after David Lee, the boy who took the part of Sonny Boy in the picture of that name.

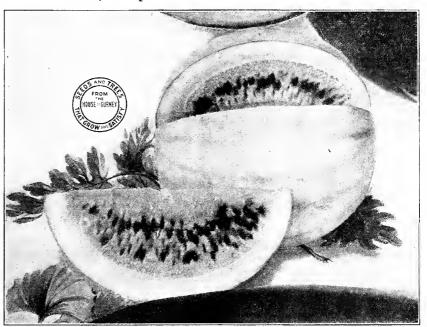
We believe that this melon will be just as popular with the melon growers as Sonny Boy was with the movie fans. Price per package, 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ¼ lb., 60c; and 1 lb., \$2.00.

Kenneth L. Dorathy Clinton, Iowa. We received the garden seeds O. K. and thank you for your prompt service. Everything looks fine, and we are well pleased.



Round Light Icing

Round Light Icing—Fruit medium sized, nearly round, greenish white, slightly veined or dotted with light green. The flesh is light red, sweet and crisp, seed white. A very early melon producing remarkable crops. Late in May in the spring of 1921, we had a teleplone order from one of our customers for more than 100 pounds of this seed. I advised that it was too late to plant any watermelon, but he insisted on planting and I recommended some earlier varieties; but he still insisted on Round Light Icing, and he marketed from that field dozens of carloads about as early as the earliest varieties, and received top prices for them. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; ¼ 1b., 35c; ½ 1b., 55c; 1 1b., 90c; 5 1bs., \$3.75.



Gurney's Winter Watermelon

Winter Watermelon

Vankton, S. D., has the best equipped State Hospital, takes better care of its patients, and cures more than any other in the United States. This is a broad statement, but I believe it is true. It is equipped with theatre, dance hall, ball ground, tennis court, and last, but not least, an immense automobile, carrying thirty passengers, and on every decent day, during the entire year, it is loaded with patients early in the morning, a fifteen mile ride given them, the car then ceturns to the Hospital and is reloaded, and this operation continues until nightfall. You wonder what this has to do with winter watermelons. I am just coming to that, I have been on the grounds of the Hospital for the Insane at Yankton this summer a number of times, and it was not unusual to see hundreds of the patients on these beautiful grounds among the trees and on the lawn, each patient, if they wanted it, eating watermelon. Their garden covers about thirty acres, all grown from Gurncy's seeds, and they had thousands of the winter watermelons, besides thousands of other kinds. On this date, November 1st, they still have a quantity of the winter watermelons stored. It is the sweetest and best of all. You can almost taste the deliciousness of this wonderfully sweet melon hidden in its luxuriant foliage. It is not only good at time of maturity of the ordinary melon, but can be harvested and kept well up to Christmas time. It is medium-sized, almost clear white rind, the brightest red flesh and small black seeds, very firm and very tough rind, which accounts for its keeping qualities. These should be harvested when ripe, not overripe, placed in a cool dry cellar; or if you wish, place them in the open in straw, seeing that the melons do not touch each other and covering all of them with sufficient straw to keep from freezing. Take them out as wanted and you will be well repaid.

touch each other and covering all of them with sufficient straw to keep from freezing. Take them out as wanted and you will be well repaid. Price, pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 25c; ¼ 1b., 60c; 1 1b., \$2.00; 5 1bs., \$8.00.

Golden Honey Sweet—The only desirable yellow meated melon, and for home use the best of all melons. Very thin rind, golden yellow flesh, so remarkably sweet and tender that they will be chosen above all other melons for home, not shipping purposes. Pkt., 10c; 10z., 15c; ¼ 1b., 35c; ½ 1b., 60c; 1 1b., \$1.10.

The Earliest and Sweetest

Almost as far back as I can remember we have urged everyone to plant Cole's Early for the earliest and best watermelons. We have not changed our minds a particle about the Cole's Early, as it is still one of the very best, but the earliest and swectest, a cross of Mountain Sweet and Cole's Early, combining the best qualities of both, is nearly one week earlier than Cole's Early, three to five pounds heavier, does not break as casily when handled, and the facts are that when the two melons ripening together are placed before you, you will always eat the carliest and sweetest. The average weight of this melon would probably be from 12 to 15 lbs., flesh scarlet, very fine grained, and the flavor is delicious. The seeds are white. Vines producing wonderful crops, often producing eight to twelve melons to the vine. We wish to say to our Northern customers that this Earliest and Sweetest melon is the one they should plant. There is but little nse in planting the large late varieties in your locality. They are only a disappointment, nearly ripe when the frost comes. You will always get under the wire with the Earliest and the Sweetest. Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.00.

Gurney Quality Defies Abuse Ruth Struve, Geddes, S. Dak.,

This is about the 4th or 5th time I have ordered things from WNAX and have very good success in doing so.

I don't know for sure that you are selling those dresses at \$2.95 for 3, but if you are I would like to have you pick out 6 dark ones for me.

I got some things at Xmas time and was very much pleased. Also the extras that were sent me were grand. Thanks. The dresses I got before are starting to wear out now, but they've been in the wash every week about since last spring sometime. They just wouldn't fade even though I tried to make them so that I could get some new ones for nothing. They're about worn out, but just as bright as ever.

Gurney's Improved Cole's Watermelon-This is an improvement over the old COLE'S EARLY. By selection it has been made more uniform in size, better in quality and earlier. Sure to ripen. Just the melon for home market. Ripens during August and by far the best watermelon for the northern states, where the seasons are usually too short for any other. Since its introduction melons have ripened farther north than it was supposed possible to ripen them. COLE'S EARLY is no less valuable for the middle states from the fact that it ripens melons ahead of any other and continues to bear abundantly throughout the entire season. Weight about 10 to 15 lbs., nearly round, dark green with lighter stripes, flesh brightest red, crisp and free from stringiness. Very solid. Is deliciously sweet and refreshing all the way through the rind. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c; 5 lbs., 33.40. introduction melons have ripened farther north

Tom Watson—It is not often that a melon will jump from the unknown to the most popular melon grown in the short period of four or five seasons. The Tom Watson is a melon of that type; it is one of the very best shippers of the long melons, and one of the best quality. The melons will grow to a length of about two feet, and about one foot in diameter. The rind is a hard mottled green, thin, but tough enough to hard mottled green, thin, but tough enough to endure shipping to any distant market. Of the long shaped melons it is the best shipper of any. The flesh is deep red and comes very close to the rind. We consider this for quality equal to any of the melons, and it sells regainly on the market when there is no demand for others. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ 1b., 30c; 1 lb. 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.



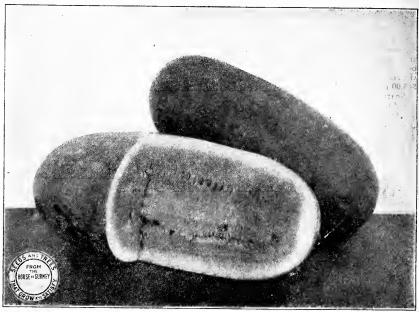
Fordhook Early

Fordhook Early-Without a rival. This is the earliest large-fruited melon in cultivation. We secured a good number of fine large melons before any other varieties ripened, with the exception only of the small Cole's Early. These fruits are of good size, rather short and blocky in form, with large diameter; skin dark green, ocasionally with faint stripes of lighter green, ocasionally with faint stripes of lighter green, flesh bright red, crisp, sweet, and of splendid quality; rind quite thin, but skin tough; makes an excellent shipping variety. [Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

Gurney's Sunshine Paint

Not only saves the surface but saves you money as well. Why pay more when you can get "Sunshine" for less?

WATERMELONS



Corporal Gurney

Special List of Profitable Watermelons for Market Gardens

This list is selected to cover, as nearly as possible, yield, season, quality and ability to stand shipping or rough usage.

Make this the most profitable aere on

your farm. This selection of varieties will do it.

Don Gurney Collection No. 61, Enough Seed for 1 Acre Collection No. 61, Enough Seed for 1
1b. Fordhook Early.
½ Ib. Kleckley's Sweet.
½ Ib. Corporal Gurney.
½ Ib. Mastodon.
1 Ib. Round Light Icing. \$0.80 .75 .75 ½ lb. Winter.... 1.00 Total.... Bargain Price.....

Kleckley's Sweet or Monte Christo—Vines are strong-growing, producing uniformly large-sized melons. The fruits are oblong. The skin is dark green. Flesh is bright scarlet and ripens to within one-half inch of the rind. The quality is very righ and sweet, hence its name. For the bares graylet or family garden it is decidely as home market or family garden it is decidedly one of the best. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

Sweetheart—Our field of watermelons was certainly a pleasant sight. A field of 30 acres of these planted right and growing right was so well covered with melons that a person could have started in any part of the field and walked around all over it and stepped on a large melon each time. Every melon seemed to be perfect in color and shape. This is certainly a fine strain of this very popular shipping melon. Rind is thin, but firm. Flesh bright red, very sweet, and tender, size large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

Lambert Brewer, Larchwood, Iowa.

We received the order of stockings and blankets. We are very much pleased with the merchandise.

"Corporal Gurney" The New Watermelon We offered this six years ago, and, with the ex-ception of a very few reports, it has proven one of the very best melons of the entire list. Its large size, extremely tough rind and excellent quality have made it a desirable market melon. We are offering it again with the assurance that

We are offering it again with the assurance that this is the coming melon for the market, at least for that part of the country where they are grown in large quantities for the market. We have called this "Corporal Gurney" because the first ripe melon was picked on the day he was appointed corporal. Since then he has become sergeant, but the melon remains "Corporal" although it is absolutely "General" in quality. It is an oblong melon, shorter and much thicker through than the Tom Watson and Klerkley. In color it is a very pleasing gray or a thicker through than the Tom Watson and Kleckley. In color it is a very pleasing gray, or a very light green. The rind is extremely hard, making it best of all melons for shipping purposes. It can be shipped across the United States and back again, and be equal to any freshly picked melon. The quality never has been surpassed and probably never will be. The rind it this but it to probably never the thest is the same and the probably never will be. rind is thin, but strong enough so that the leaviest man can stand on it without injuring it. I have rolled these melons off from an ordinary table to the floor without cracking the rind or bruising the flesh. This melon is not as early as the earliest, but will be classed as a medium early melon. Plant one packet of Corporal Gurney for a real melon patch. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.25.

Vine Peach Garden Lemon Mango Melon

They are sometimes known as Vegetable Orange; entirely different from the cucumber known as Cucumber Lemon. The vine on which this fruit is borne is similar to the muskmelon and requires the same cultivation; fruit about the size of a large peach, oval shaped, somewhat russeted and the color of a bright orange when ready for use. For sweet pickles, pies and preserves, they are excellent. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ Ib., 75c.

Citron

They are used for making preserves, and I guess every housewife knows of numerous other ways to use them. They are a very valuable vegetable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1/lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00.

ONION CULTURE AND PROFIT IN ONIONS

1 Ounce for 100 Feet of Row; 5 Lbs. Seed per Acre

You cannot plant a crop on your farm that will produce more dollars per acre than a crop of onions. The yield in the northwest from the onion, Dakota and Southport Red Globe and other standard varieties, is always exceptionally heavy; the gardeners selling but few of them under \$1.25 per bu., and lots of them moving at \$1.50 and \$2.00 per bu., making the greatest yield of dollars per acre of any crop. Onions can be grown and harvested for \$45.00 per acre; this allows about \$8.00 per acre rent for the land. A very ordinary yield would be at least 300 bushels per acre, even this small crop would bring more net dollars per acre than any five acres in an ordinary crop. Yields of one thousand bushels are not uncommon and one of our friends at Bassett, Nebraska, has a photograph of his field of one and one-fourth acres

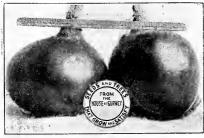
from which he harvested nine hundred bushels. The varieties he planted were Gurney's Red Globe, "Dakota" and Southport Yellow Globe.

Figure the cost of production as high as you please and you could not come

within a mile of the gross profit; plant just as many as you can take care of,

you cannot flood the market.

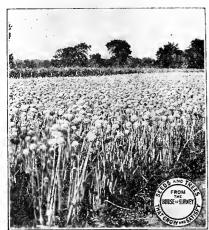
In previous years we have devoted several pages to onion culture and profits in onions. We are compelled to leave out of the regular catalog all of this matter, but instead will pack with each order of one-fourth pound or more an onion bulletin, giving you full instructions for the cultivation, care and marketing of onions. We shall be glad to send copies of these or other bulletins on request at any time.



Gurney's Dakota Red Globe

Gurney's Dakota Red Globe

In offering the "Dakota" (105 days to maturity) Onion we wish to tell you something of it. The parentage of this onion is strictly Southport Red Globe, but has been grown in Dakota for a number of years, and by careful selection of the bulbs and saving of the seed crop we have produced an onion that is very uniform in size, very dark red in color, a perfect globe, and quite a bit earlier than any other globe onion that we know of. We consider this one of the most profitable onions for the people of the Northwest to plant. It has yielded an immense crop of firm bulbs when other seed has failed to do as well. On account of being able to market them earlier than other varieties you can secure a better price, and as the yield is equally as large as any other variety it is certainly more profitable to plant them. The seed will cost you a little more money than the others, but a few cents per acre are more than made up by the results in the fall. Pkt., 10c, oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.20; ½ lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$3.25; 4 lbs., \$12.00.



A Selected Field of Mountain Globe Danvers Seed Onions

Gurney's Mountain Globe Danvers

This originated at Boulder, Colorado, and proved to be a very superior onion. Color, pure deep amber; apple shaped; larger than medium in size; skin thick and firm; flesh clear white lemon yellow; bulb extremely hard, heavy, and one of the very best keepers. Seed from many other sources has been tried but none of it equalled this stock that originally came from Boulder, Colorado, and it is very important that this seed should be grown in Colorado to retain its superior characteristics. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 70c; ½ lb., \$1.30; 1 lb., \$2.25; 4 lbs., \$8.00.

Southport Yellow Globe—(110 days to maturity)—The true Southport Yellow Globe is particularly valuable for winter market. It is a more perfect globe than the Yellow Globe Danvers and a better keeper. The onions are similar in size and form to the Southport Red Globe, but have a pale straw yellow skin, mild flavor and a heavy cropper. Owing to its handsome appearance and delightful flavor it sells readily on all markets. We would advise that you plant a part of your acreage to these. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 4 lb., 70c; 1.6., \$1.90; 4 lbs., \$7.00.

Southport Large White Globe-(115 days to maturity)-This is the best all-purpose white onion in cultivation; it is large, a perfect globe, silvery white and the very best keeper, and excellent quality. It commands in a small way a higher price on the market than the yellow or Red Onion, but the demand is not so great for the White. In growing onions we advise that you put in a part of your acreage of this large White Globe, as there is always a demand for a reasonable amount of them at a better price than you could get for other onions. On account of their mild flavor they are particularly valuable their find have they are particularly variable for green onions for bunches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ 1b., 90c; 1 [b., \$2.70·4 lbs., \$10.00.

Southport Red Globe—(110 days to matu-

rity)-We consider this the most profitable of the onions for planting in the north. Brings the best price on the market of any of the red onions. Its large size, dark, glossy red color and the fact that it is one of the best keepers makes it very desirable. They are just a little later in maturing than the Red Flat, but are safe to plant most any place that onions can be grown. We would advise that you make the bulk of your planting Southport Red Globes. This variety has given as high as 1,100 bushels per ccre, and is the leading market value in the north. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$1.90; 4 lbs., \$7.00.

An Onion Bulletin With Each 1/4-Lb. Order

In order that you may grow equally as successful as the expert or continuous grower, we will enclose with each order of one-fourth pound and up, our Onion Bulletín, giving complete instructions for preparing the seed bed, planting, growing, harvesting and marketing.

Large Red Wethersfield—(100 days to maturity). One of the old standard varieties and favorite onion especially in the West, where immense crops are grown for shipment. Large size, skin deep purplish red, form round, somewhat skin deep purplish red, form round, somewhat flat, flesh purplish white, moderately finc grained, and stronger in flavor than most other kinds. Very productive, best keeper, and very popular for general cultivation in most localities. It is more inclined to form large necks if planted on very rich soil, but it is the best of any variety on poor or dry soil. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$1.80; 4 lbs., \$6.50.



Prizetaker

Prizetaker-(110 days to maturity). This is the largest of all onions and most handsome; mildest in flavor not excepting Bermuda onions. Our seed stock of this onion is pure American grown and produces the largest and handsomest onion we have ever seen; large in size and better in appearance than the most wonderful of Spanish and Italian varieties, many of the bulbs weighing as high as 3 and 3½ lbs. each. Skin rich golden color, and so mild and sweet it can be eaten raw like an apple. This variety has been on sale in grocery stores over the country and usually retails at from 5 to 8 cents per lb. This origin is a reasonably good keeper, but should be onion is a reasonably good keeper, but should be disposed of by January 1st. We strongly urge the planting of a reasonable acreage of this variety, as it will certainly prove profitable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 1 b., 80c; 1 b., \$2.25; 41bs., \$8.00.

TULIPS

Edgerton, Minn. June 12, 1930.

Dear Friends:

We want to thank you for the good Tulip bulbs we got last fall. As we only planted fifty, my bed is not so large but are very pretty.

Mrs. Ed. Lockhorst ordered one hundred from you and we each took 50. You may keep the pictures for your catalog if you wish.

Wishing you success,

Mrs. Gerrit Lockhorst

ONIONS—(Continued)

White Welch Onlons—(90 days to maturity). For early green onions, the seed of this onion may be treated as any onion seed, making one-third the expense and trouble of planting top sets and producing more green onions. The flavor is the sweetest of all onions. plant is perennial and may be left in the ground for years with but slight protection. Maximum re-sults, however, are ob-



sains, however, and tained by treating as an annual; sow in the spring or fall. Pkg., 10c; oz., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.00. PARIS WHITE PICKLING, OR SMALL SILVER-SKIN—(90 days to maturity). This is used for pickling purposes almost entirely; it is of small size, silvery white and makes the best onion for sets, seed should be sown at the rate of about 40 lbs. per acre. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$2.50.



Mammoth Silver King

Mammoth Silver King-This is absolutely the largest white onion grown, specimens often measuring as much as 20 inches in circumference and weighing as high as four pounds. It is of very attractive shape and color; silvery white skin, flesh a most agreeable flavor, but only a reasonable keeper. We advise the growing of this in small quantities, and you should dispose of them by the first of December. For exhibition purposes these should be started in a hotbed and transplanted; in this way you will produce onions of immense size. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$2.70.

Leek

London Flag.—Sow early in the spring in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high transplant in rows 13 inches apart and 5 inches between the plants as deep as possible, that the neck may be blanched. One oz. to 150 feet drilled. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 70c; lb., \$2.50.

Chives (Schnittlauch)

Every vegetable grower should become ac-Every vegetable grower should become acquainted with this plant. It is extremely hardy, being a perennial; will grow for years. The green leaves are highly prized for seasoning soups, salads and stews. The provident housewife always has a few clumps in the garden. The flavor resembles very much that of an onion. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

Onion Sets

These may be planted early in the spring to be used for green onions, or can be allowed to grow, producing large onions very early. They are planted largely by market gardeners and allowed to grow full size on account of coming into the market when other onions are scarce; in this way, they realize the best price.

White Bottom Sets—Prices: 1 lb., 30c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.25; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.25; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu., \$7.50. Red Bottom Sets—Prices: 1 lb., 30c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.15; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.10; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$3.80; 2 bu. \$7.00. Yeilow Bottom Sets—Prices: 1 lb., 30c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.15; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.10; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$3.80; 2 bu. \$7.00. Multipliers—1 lb., 30c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.25; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.25; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu. \$7.50. Potato Onion Sets—1 lb., 30c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.25; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.25; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu. \$7.50. Evergreen Top or Winter Onions—1 lb., 30c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.25; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.25; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$

Evergreen Top or Winter Onion—These are to be planted from the 1st of September until it freezes in the fall. Shipment will be made as soon as the sets are ripe, the latter part of August and September.

> Correctionville, Ia. Aug. 8, 1930

Gurney Seed & Nursery Co., Yankton, S. D.

Dear Sir:

Yankton, S. D.
Dear Sir:

I must thank you for the wonderful seeds which I received. My tomatoes are just wonderful. Picked the first on the 16th of July,—the Earliana, the only ones in the neighborhood. I have sold over \$5.00 worth and still can't tell that I have picked any, and we have been having a drought. What would they do if it were a good season?

The rest of my garden is wonderful. My celery is excellent. Some parties tell me it isn't going to be very large, but I think so. It is about eight inches tall now. Should I put boards to it or just heap dirt up to it?

I am surely boosting for Gurncy's and always will. I am enclosing 5c in stamps for which send me a package of White Radish. If it is too late for this variety, send me the Icicle.

Yours as ever,

A Satisfied Customer

Mrs. G. S. Kirschner,

Correctionville, la.

Correctionville, la.

ONION BULLETIN

Write In for Our Special Onion Bulletin It Will Help You Make More Profits on Your Onions. It Is Free to Our Customers

Listen In to Uncle Phil's Onion Talks in the Spring

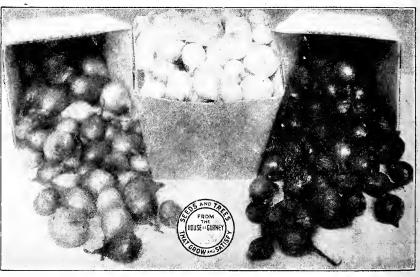
Bermuda Onion Plants

Plants are open field grown. Large size. Strong, Healthy and Sturdy. Shipped fresh the day they are pulled. Onion Plants produce large onions, which are Sweet and Tender. They grow onions, which are Sweet and Tender. They grow faster, mature quicket, sell at the highest market price, because they are of much superior quality and as they can be produced cheaper than ordinary onions all the growers prefer them.

Grown from Imported Seed, produce the genuine yellow Bermuda Onion. Thin skin, white meat, Sweet and Tender. It's hardy, easy to grow, easy to harvest, produces a better crop, where she there and makes larger onions than any

grow, easy to harvest, produces a better crop, keeps better, and makes larger onions than any other variety of Bermuda Onion. It will produce perfectly in any State. Makes early green onions grow fast and mature quickly when the market is at its best. Frost or light freeze will not injure them. They will keep in a dry place for two or three weeks after being pulled. 1000 plants will produce from 7 to 10 bushels of onions. Our plants are full count, 100 to the bunch.

6000	PRICES Postpaid	\$6.00
3000	Postpaid	3.50
1000	Postpaid	1.50
500	Postpaid	.90

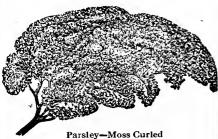


Onion Sets



Okra or Gumbo

Sow about the middle of spring in drills and thin the plants to a foot or more apart. Highly esteemed and cultivated for its green seed pods, which are used in soups or stewed and served like asparagus. White Velvet: Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.



Parslev

Parsley thrives best in a rich soil. The seeds germinate very slowly, three or four weeks generally elapsing before it makes its appearance Sow early in spring half an inch deep, previously soaking the seeds for a few hours in tepid water. One oz. to 150 feet of drill.

Champion Moss Curled—A beautiful crimped and curled variety. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

Turnip-Rooted Parsley—This vegetable has the same flavor as the regular parsley, but it produces small turnip-shaped roots underground that are used for flavoring soups, etc. Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 70c.

Gurney's Hardy Pears

Be sure to include a few pears in your Hardy Fruit Order.

Peanuts South Dakota Grown

A few years ago we offered a quantity of South Dakota grown peanuts. It sounded almost wonderful to think that South Dakota was growing them and we find that peanuts are just as easy to grow as potatoes, sometimes a little more so. Peanuts go right on peanutting and making a good crop. Down south they let the hogs harvest the peanuts because it is easier to do that than it is to harvest them in any other way. The southern hog has a shovel nose and enjoys this work. Up here peanuts are grown profitably, and a panful of them set in the oven baked and eaten during these long winter evenings is certainly worth while. Do you get the idea? The variety which we are offering is early enough to grow in any of the northern states, produces an immense yield of excellent nuts. We have enough of the South Dakota grown nuts to supply our customers this season, and believe it to be a profitable crop to grow. I am showing a photograph that will give you some idea of the yield. A peanut at its best should be planted in a light sandy soil, kept clean, and it will produce paying crops. You can grow peanuts in other soil profitably, but the light sandy soil produces the greatest crop. With each order for peanuts we will inclose the peanut bulletin that will give you full instructions for planting and care. Per 1b., 30c; 5 1bs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2,20.



Dakota Grown Peanuts

Concord Grapes

Every home in the country should have enough of these Hardy Grapes to supply its own needs.

A Good Commercial Grape.

Parsnips 1 Oz. for 150 Feet of Row 4 Lbs. per Acre

We were told that parsnips were poison until after they had been frozen. This is absolutely an untruth. They never have been and never will be poison. It is one of the best vegetables we have, and they get much sweeter after they are frozen; consequently it is much better to freeze them if you can before using. We dig them in the fall, pack them in boxes in sand and let them freeze. Have the boxes small enough so that you can remove one to the cellar at a time and use them up through the winter for fries and parsnip stews. Nothing better. Try it our way and you will enjoy them. Guernsey (Improved Half Long)—The roots do not grow so long as the Hollow Crown,

roots do not grow so long as the Hollow Crown, but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. The roots are very smooth; the flesh is fine grained and of most excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 bb., 75c.

Long Smooth, or Hollow Crown—A great cropper, tender, sugary and considered the best for general cultivation. Parsnips improve by remaining exposed to frost. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 bc., 75c.

Hybridized Potato Seed

From the Seed, Balls—Headquarters Stock

From the Seed-Balls-Headquarters Stock Millions never saw a Potato Seed Ball.
Thousands have tried in vain to get the seed.
Now is your opportunity. This unrivaled seed
will produce an endless variety of new kinds.
Your fortune may be in one of them. They are as easy to grow as tomatoes.

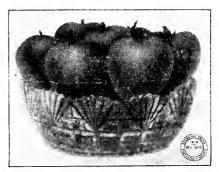


Photo of Potato Seed Balls-One-Half Natural Size

It is from these that ALL valuable new varieties of Potatoes are produced.

Growing new and distinct Seedling Potatoes from the Seed-Ball Seed is intensely interesting. from the Seed-Ball Seed is intensely interesting. They will be the greatest curiosity of your garden. This seed will positively produce innumerable new kinds, colors, shapes, sizes, and qualities. The product will astonish you. Some may be of immense value and bring you a golden harvest. Every farmer, gardener, and bright boy should plant a few packets. You may be one of the lucky ones. Full directions on every pkt. Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c; 5 for 50c; 1 ror \$1.00.

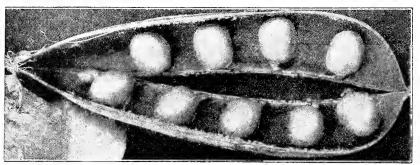
We Specialize in Plums

All Plums listed are Hardy, good quality and good Bearers.

Include a few Oka Cherries in your order.

PEAS

2 Lbs. Will Plant 100 Feet of Row 120 Will Plant One Acre



McLean's Little Gem

· Early Peas

McLean's Little Gem, or Premium Gem—(55 days to maturity)—A dwarf, prolific, green, wrinkled marrow; habit similar to the Tom Thumb. It has all the sugary flavor of the late wrinkled pea. Height 1 foot. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 25 lbs., \$5.00; 50 lbs., \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Alaska, or Earliest of All—(52 days to maturity)—A greater acreage of Alaska is planted by canners and market gardeners than any other. It is of unequalled evenness of growth of wine and maturity of pods, which are filled with medium sized bright green peas of excellent quality. Vines medium height, about two to three feet. Pods good size, 2½ to 3½ in. long. Invariably matures its crop at one time which makes it exceptionally valuable for market gardeners and canners. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1½%, 35c; 51bs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 25 lbs., \$5.00; 50 lbs., \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$17.00.



American Wonder

American Wonder—(55 days to maturity.)—One of the earliest Wrinkled Peas in cultivation of the finest quality and flavor, and very productive. Its great distinctive feature however, is the compact and dwarf growth, seldom exceeding 10 inches in height. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.

The Top Notch Early Pea —Laxtonian

This is a pea that just suits me, and I eat some peas during the season. I like them any way they can be served, and the Laxtonian seems to be willing to be served any way, always yielding a bountiful supply. This splendid new pearis of Stratagem type, dark green pod, borne in pairs, larger, longer and more even in size than Thomas Laxton and contains fine deep green peas of excellent flavor. It is undoubtedly the best early, large-podded pea on the market. It can be picked ten days earlier than Thomas Laxton. It is in the dwarf class in habit of growth. The vines run about one and one-half feet in height. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.00; 25 lbs., \$6.50; 50 lbs., \$12.00; 100 lbs., \$22.50.

Thomas Laxton—(57 days to maturity)—Equal in quality to the best of the late wrinkled sorts. Peas are large as Telephone, unsurpassed in quality coming into use early in June, as soon as the small round early sorts. This is certainly the finest Wrinkled Pea yet introduced, coming in with the first earlies, with pods double the size, and contains on the average 7 to 8 very large peas of the richest flavor. It is a reliable market gardener's as well as private gardener's pea, and will undoubtedly, take the same place among earlies as Telephone among late sorts. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.

Second Early and Late Varieties Gurney's Yankton Main Crop 65 Days to Maturity

The Yankton Main Crop is one of the most luxuriant of the semi-dwarf peas, attaining a height of about two feet, not tall enough to make it necessary to stake or brush them.

This has become one of the standard medium early peas all over the Northwest. It is the one variety that can be planted and almost insures yourselves all of the green peas you can use during their season. They produce very large pods, six to nine peas, excellent quality, and yield heavily.

We sent this pea out the last five seasons as

We sent this pea out the last five seasons as one of our specialties and it has more than redeemed itself. We counted pods on our trial grounds containing twelve large peas, and there were none of better quality. The leaves are very large and leathery; the vines grow about two feet high and are remarkably productive. As one of our lady customers wrote us, "I have never been able to grow peas enough for the family before, but this year with your Yankton Main Crop, we have had a great many more than we could use." Price, ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.00; 25 lbs., \$6.50; 50 lbs., \$12.00; 100 lbs., \$22.50.

Horsford's Market Garden—(68 days to maturity.)—A very fine wrinkled pea. Grows 2 feet high, very uniform and is an immense yielder. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 25 lbs., \$5.00; 50 lbs., \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Bilss Everbearing—(70 days to maturity)—One of the oldest varieties. Introduced by Mr. Bilss nearly 45 years ago. Height of the vine 24 to 30 inches, vigorous and branching in habit. Many stalks grown from a single root, pods will average 3 inches in length, broad, blunt, light green in color. Dried peas are large, clean and wrinkled. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.



Pride of the Market

Pride of the Market—(65 days to maturity).

—A dwarf wrinkled pea, growing about 2 feet in height. Pods are medium green in color, very large, often containing 9 large peas of excellent quality. Not needing brush, a very good sort for the home garden. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.

Improved Telephone—(70 days to maturity)—This is without exception the largest podded pea in existence. It is a heavy cropper and of fine-quality; the pods are well filled with peas of the largest size, tender, and retain their sweetness well. Undoubtedly one of the best of tall-gowing late peas. Price, ½, pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.

Improved Stratagem—(75 days).—This is one of the finest dwarf peas. In quality it is unsurpassed, when cooked being of the most delicious sweetness. Vines grow only 18 inches high, do not have to be brushed; they are extremely robust and bear many very large pods packed with immense dark green peas. A remarkably fine sort for both home and market use. The heavy demand always makes this pea short. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.

Edible Podded Peas

Dwarf Gray Sugar—(57 days to maturity)—Vines grow to be almost 15 inches in height, with purplish blossoms. These peas are not to be shelled, but cook pods and all like string beans. This vegetable should be grown by all and will never be left out of the garden after one trial. Price, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00.



Laxtonian

PEPPERS

1 Oz. for 1000 Plants

Long Red Cayenne—The true Cayenne, hot and pungent. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25.

Neapolitan, Earliest and Best for the North -This is the earliest of the large, mild red Peppers and very productive. The plant grows about two feet high and is completely laden with fine Peppers about four inches long. Flesh is very thick and exceedingly mild. Color of fruit brilliant red. Ripe fruits in 125 days. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb.,

Chinese Glant, or Porcopps Glant-Double the size of Ruby King, the largest and finest mild red pepper. Not only is it immensely productive for so large a pepper, but its enormous size and magnificent appearance make it sell most readily. Plants well branched and thickly set with enormous fruits; frequently half a dozen peppers will touch each other. It makes an excellent salad sliced and served like tomatoes. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Harris Early Giant-The largest sweet pepper that can be grown in the North. We have never been able to supply a large sweet pepper that would yield mature and produce sufficient large peppers to be satisfactory for the grower in the North. Older varieties of peppers are satisfactory only in the South. Harris Early Giant is not only very large, but the plants produce enormous yields, and mature earlier than any other variety. Plants of strong, vigorous growth, often 18 inches tall and covered from top to bottom with enormous peppers, seldom taking more than 45 to 50 to fill a bushel crate. It is not unusual to pick several peppers, measuring from 5½" to 3½", from one plant. Color dark green, turning to a bright red. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.25.



Ruby Glant Ruby Glant or World Beater-A cross of Ruby King and a Giant pepper, produces immense crops of very large peppers, mild flavor, excellent for pickling or stuffing. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c; ½ lb., \$1.50.

Baby Chicks
Mrs. L. L. Edwards, 1101 Wallace Ave.,
Jamestown, N. Dak.
July 2, 1930
We received the chicks Tuesday night and
they sure are a lively bunch. There were 52
of them. We are well pleased with them and
want to thank you.



Pimento

Plmento-The sweetest Pepper grown, as it does not contain the slightest trace of fieriness. The plants are productive and Peppers medium size and of a shape which is desirable for filling, size and of a shape which is desirable for filling, and when prepared in this manner they are delicious. It may also be used in preparing salads and for flavoring. When fully ripe the Peppers are a brilliant red color and very attractive, being heart-shaped. Matures late. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 80c; lb., \$3.00.

Pumpkins are easily grown and profitable for

stock feeding. At time of corn planting scatter seeds in every fourth or fifth hill, or for a large

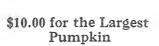
PUMPKINS

1 Oz. for 25 Hills; 4 Lbs. Per Acre

Japanese Pie - A very valuable new pumpkin of Japanese origin. The flesh is very thick, of a rich salmon color, fine grained, dry and sweet. Of medium size, early; very productive and highly desirable for pies or cooking. A Crook-neck variety with curiously marked seeds. Matures in 95 days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.00.

Sugar - This variety is smaller than the Large Field, but of finer grain, sweeter and very prolific. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

Mammoth King - The largest variety ever introduced. An enormous yielder, having produced over 100 tons per acre. The flesh is very thick, bright orange color and of fine quality, and in flavor equals squash. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.25.



Each year we send with every order for vegetable and flower seed a package of the Mammoth French Pumpkin free of charge, and pay a cash premium of \$10.00 for the largest Pumpkin, certified to us, as per rules on the premium page.



Prize Pumpkins from Gurney's Seed



Gurney's Water Lilles in Park at S. D. State Capitol



Connecticut Field

Connecticut Field - A large vellow variety: hard shell; an excellent variety for field culture. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

RADISHES

1 Oz. for 150 Feet of Row; 4 Lbs. Seed Per Acre

For a successive supply sow from the middle of March until September, at intervals of two or three weeks. For an early supply they may be sown in a hotbed in February, care being taken to give plenty of ventilation, otherwise they will run to leaves.

Professor N. E. Hansen's Turkestan Radish—Did you ever notice boys or girls going on a journey, whether short or long, and when they returned note the difference in the report of the trip? One of them all enthusiasm, telling of the wonderfully beautiful sights and useful things noticed along the roadway, the other will listen to this narrative in open-eyed wonder, will ask, "Where did you see all of that?" Just instea to this natrative in open-eyed wonder, will ask, "Where did you see all of that?" Just the difference between people; one with his eyes open, senses alert, grasping that which is good. The other possibly a dreamer that needs awakening. Professor Hansen is of the type that sees and knows all of the good things in making a trip. This new radish, brought by him from Siberia, in his 1913 tour, is one of the things picked up from the wayside. He was sent for alfalfa seed, brought alfalfa all right, but found a great many other valuable things and brought them also. We have grown the Hansen Turkestan Radish two years in succession, and while it is not exactly of a fixed type, it is a wonderful all-season radish. You can use it from the time it is the size of a five-cent piece until it is five or six inches through. You can pull and eat it in the field just as you would a turnip. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c; oz., 35c; 4 oz., 90c.



White Icicle

French Breakfast

French Breakfast—A great favorite; beautiful bright scarlet with pure white tip, oval in shape, fine for open ground or force. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ 1b., 35c; 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

Long, Brightest Scarlet, White Tipped—This is a new variety, resembling the Early Long Scarlet in shape and size, is very carly, being ready for usc twenty-five days after sowing. Very handsome, being of the brightest scarlet, tipped with white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

GURNEY SEED & NURSERY COMPANY, Yankton, S. D. Gentlemen:

Gentlemen:

900 when I won three prizes that year at the
lowa State Fair for regetables grown from Gurney's seeds. I raise your Malakhof, Golden
Bantam and Gurney's Early Golden Sweet
corn exclusively, and I had the first sweet corn
on the market both this year and last in this
city of over 21,000 people. I sold a large part
of it at 40 c adozen. Seeds from the HOUSE
OF GURNEY are always sure to grow.

Vours.yery truly, H. H. Waller,
602 So. 19th Street, Fort Dodge, Iowa.

White Icicle-This new Radish is undoubtedly the finest white Radish grown. It is very slender, pure white in color and the tenderest of the long Radishes. It is very early, as carly as the Long Red. Compared with the Lady Finger, it is earlier and more tender, but not so large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1 lt., 90c; 5 lbs.,

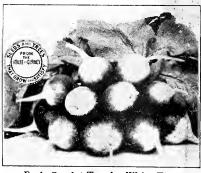
Radish, Sparkler White Tip—We consider this one of the most desirable radishes to grow. Color: deep scarlet with a distinct white tip covering at least one-third of the lower diameter of the root. It matures under favorable conditions to the conditions of the cond of the foot. It matures under lavorable condi-tions in about twenty-five days and will hold longer than the other turnip or globe shaped radishes before becoming pithy. The maximum size before becoming over-ripe is about one and one-fourth inches in diameter. Its shape is nearly round, being only slightly flattened on the under side. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.00.

Hailstone—The quickest growing white Radish; ready for the table in from fifteen to eighteen days. The Radishes are regularly "turnip-shaped." The flesh is solid, crisp and mild in flavor. The foliage is extremely small. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1 lb., 90c.

Gurney's Extra Early Scarlet Globe Radish Gurney's Extra Early Scarlet Globe Radish
—In offcring this Scarlet Globe Radish to the
public we know we are offering the very best
radish on the market. It is earlier than any
other market variety, and the quality is so crisp
and sweet that it always creates a demand for
more. It is especially valuable for early planting
in hotbed outdoor planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c;
¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.15; 5 lbs., \$5.00.

Crimson Giant—A remarkable feature of this Radish is that it will grow double the size of other red forcing Radishes and will remain solid, not showing the least sign of becoming hollow. It will grow six and seven inches in circumference, weighing about ten ounces, and will remain solid and juicy. Shape is round to oval and very attractive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

Gurney's All-Seasons Radish—This new Radish is a great acquisition to the list of Radishes. It can be planted very early and can be used as soon as it is large enough, but will continue to grow if left in the ground until it is as large as an ordinary turnip and does not become pithy or strong. It is one of the best moncy makers for the market gardeners on account of its long season and its immense size. Can be sliced and eaten with vinegar. Color is bright scarlet, globe in shape, and exceptionally fine Radish in bunches. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.00. Gurney's All-Seasons Radish-This new



Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tips

Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped—Very early; color bright scarlet, tipped with white; an excellent market variety, fine for forcing. Their shape is perfectly globular with rich deep scarlet top, blending into pure white at the bottom. Tender, crisp and delicious. Pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

Winter Radish

This is a much neglected vegetable and for the same reason that you neglect the Turnip and Rutabagas. When you are making your order for vegetables you pass the Winter Radish as you will not be ready for it before June or July. It costs only a few cents and yields abundant returns. The them with the leady to the same part of the same part o turns. Take them up in the fall and store in your house, or cellar, same as older vegetables, and you will have fresh crisp radishes nearly all winter.

Chinese Rose, or Scarlet China—Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c.

California Mammoth White Winter-Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c.

Long Black Spanish Winter—Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c.

Mammoth Japanese Winter Radishes

These monstrous Japanese winter radishes were considered a novelty some time ago, but they are becoming just as staple a winter vegetable as potatoes, carrots or beets. These radishes produce wonderful specimens, some of them will measure as much as four or five feet long, and ration the size as well from ten the better. and retain the size as well from top to bottom. Some of the other varieties are globe shaped and grow as large as the largest turnip. We have grown these in the trial ground for regular win-ter use for a number of years, and we have never found any of them but what were crisp and juicy. They will keep perfectly until spring. We find one of the best ways to use them is to take one radish at a time, cut off from this radish as much as you expect to use in one day, return the balance to the packing box, peel and slice, leave in vinegar for about two hours, and in serving use a little pepper and salt, and you will find them delicious and refreshing.

Sakurajima-Giant Globe. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c. Tokinashi-Giant Long. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

Rhubarb or Pieplant

How many farmers and city people are supplied with this delicious fruit? It is easily grown and produces abundantly. It comes the first of anything in the spring, just when you want it. The canned fruit from the cellar is exhausted and the price of fresh fruit at that time is almost prohibitive. It will grow any old place and will thrive there for years, but the better place, care and cultivation given it the better returns. It is as easily grown from seed as from the roots, and you get a nice cutting the second season. Try at least a package of these seeds. Early, large and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

Roselle

The Currant Jelly Plant Which Uses Only One-Half the Amount of Sugar.
Roselle makes a bright red jelly, that both looks and tastes like currant and would take an expert to tell the difference.
Roselle Seed should be sown in April in the feld where the plants are to reprint the feld when the plants are the property of the second of the s

field where the plants are to remain in rows six



Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

feet apart and thinned to two feet in the row. The plants grow rapidly and thrive anywhere in the United States. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.80.

Salsify or Oyster Plant

Sow early in the spring indrills 14 inches apart. Cultivate same as Carrots or Parsnips. Gather
what may be
wanted for the
winter and let the balance stand in the ground for the next spring's

Mammoth Sandwich Island—A new and large variety. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$2.25.

Spinach

This is one of the most important of our market garden crops, and one that requires very little care. For summer use sow at intervals of two or three weeks from April to August, and for early spring crop sow in September, covering it is covered where with the second with the covering it is the covered where with the second with the covering it is the covered where we have a second where the covered where it in exposed places with straw to protect it from severe frost.



Long Standing Spinach

Long Standing—The leaves are thick, fleshy and crumple, equal to the Bloomsdale Curled, Savoy-Leaved, and standing at least two weeks longer than any other variety, without running

Savoy-Leaved, and standing at least two weeks longer than any other variety without running to seed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 10c, 50c. King of Denmark—This new spinach will surely replace all other varieties for spring planting. Produces but little seed, slow to companies seeding continues to arrow each held its mence seeding, continues to grow and hold its fine quality long after other varieties have seeded and become useless. It withstands the hot sun and extreme dry weather better than any other variety. A fine strain for canning. Forms low, large, compact tufts, leaves broad and round slightly crumpled. A glossy, dark green color, ready to use earlier than any other spinach. Matures in 45 days. Pkr., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., 95c.

New Zealand—The stems and leaves are soft,

New Zealand—I he stems and leaves are soft, thick, fleshy and crystalline in appearance. When started early in the spring, the plants will resist heat and make strong growth during the summer. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ ib., 55c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

Sunflower

Mammoth Russlan—The plant produces very large heads which measure 12 to 20 inches in diameter, and contain an immense quantity of large striped seeds, which are highly valued as an excellent and cheap food for fowls. They eat it greedily, thrive well, and lay the greater number of eggs. Small rations of the seed fed to horses and other stock during the winter months are of great service to keep them in fine healthy condition, imparting a sleek glossiness to the coat of hair. It will produce a good crop

of seed on thin, poor land.

Increased importance of the growing of sunflower seed is foreshadowed in the increased growth of the plant for forage purposes. Sun-flowers as a silage crop are said to have been found to be of higher food value than corn. The California Department of Agriculture has issued a statement predicting that sunflowers would eventually become one of the main forage crops of the West. Experiments with sunflowers have been carried on by farmers all over the West and have established the commercial value of the

Sunflowers can be grown in many localities where it is impossible to grow corn successfully. It is frost resistant and where it has suf-ficient water it will stand the intense heat of the desert regions which affects corn seriously. The plant will be of especial value in these districts and in the higher mountain valleys of California. It is also being grown extensively in other districts for seed and poultry feed. The demand for sunflower seed at present is larger than the growers can supply. I Pkt., 5c, oz., 10c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.00. 25 lbs., \$4.00; 50 lbs., \$7.00; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

Gurney's Sunshine Coffee

It has flavor, quality and price

1 Pound	\$0.45
5 Pounds	2.25
10 Pounds	4.2 5
20 Pounds	8.00

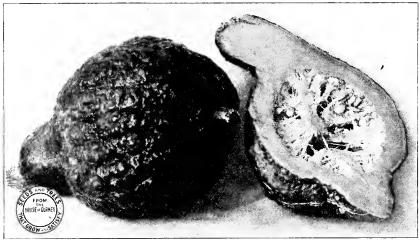
COME TO YANKTON

The Gurney Seed & Nursery Company own in the city of Yankton several houses and many choice building lots. These are all for sale at bargain prices. If you are retiring from the farm why not move to Yankton? If you must move to town on account of schools for the children, Yankton has the best public school system in the state as well as Yankton College, the oldest and strongest college in the two Dakotas. Yankton is in the best farming district in the state, and the Gurneys have several farms for sale at prices you can afford to pay. Write and let us know what you are interested in; or better yet, come down to Yankton and let us show you what we have.

SQUASH

Plant 1 oz. for 20 Hills; 31/4 lbs. per Acre

Unfortunately this vegetable is greatly neglected by the a most satisfactory vegetable. Many stock growers plant majority of farmers, as it adds greatly to the winter an acre or more of the summer Squash. It yields immensely vegetables. It is easily grown, yields abundantly and is and makes an excellent summer and fall feed for milch cows.



"Hubbard Squash"

True Hubbard—This is the well known winter squash of which a larger acreage is produced than any other variety, and the best known of all squash. Fruit large, olive shaped, with skin varying from light to very dark green. Skin more or less warted hard. Flesh, rich yellow. A good shipper and keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.00. Golden Hubbard—Shape similar to the Green Hubbard, ripens earlier and is more productive. Fruit medium size, weighing from six

Green Hubbard, ripens earlier and is more productive. Fruit medium size, weighing from six to ten pounds. Orange red color, heavily warted, flesh fine grained, thick and of rich flavor, separating from the shell readily when cooked. Shell is equally as hard as the Green Hubbard. Matures in 105 days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.00.

Chicago Warted Hubbard—By a careful selection of the darkest green warted specimens of the well known Hubbards we have produced a

of the well known Hubbards we have produced a squash that retains all of the good qualities of its parent and in addition is a very even colored, hard shelled, even sized, good keeping and shipping squash, outyielding the regular Hubbard. This is the best of the large hard shelled green squash and exceptionally desirable for the market gardener catering to the exclusive trade where he can secure fancy prices. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

Hubbard Kitchenette—A small strain of of the well known Hubbards we have produced a

Hubbard Kitchenette-A small strain of Improved Hubbard, perhaps two-thirds as large. It has merit in that most Hubbards are too large for an average family, and often a portion goes to waste, whereas with the Kitchen-ette the size should increase its use. Beyond question the consumption of winter squash should be increased. They certainly are an ecosnouid be increased. They certainly are an economical food from every standpoint and furnish a fresh vegetable during the winter months, besides being a very, healthful food. Perhaps seed catalogues could do much toward popularizing them by printing remedies for insects, such as root borers, and also by giving modern recipes for preparing them for table use. Edible in 110 days. Size, 9x6 inches. Weight, 5 pounds. Pkt., 10c; 0z., 20c; ½ 1b., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50

Gentlemen:

Sometime this spring we purchased some seeds from you, among them were radishes. We planted them and everyone in our neighborhood say they are the best they eyer tasted, and that next year they know where to buy their seeds.

Sincerely, (Miss) Helen Tierney
1205 So. 2nd St., Norfolk, Nebr.



"Summer Crookneck"

Giant Bush Summer Crookneck-Largest of the Golden Crooknecks. 55 days

One of the best of the summer squashes. It is of dwarf, bushy habit and very productive, maturing in 55 days. The skin is yellow. Flesh deep golden yellow, tender, dry and of agreeable flavor.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1, 16., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00.

Delicious Squash—I cannot think of any better comparison than to figure the Old Hubbard Squash as the standard and the New Delicious as the one bidding for public New Delicious as the one bidding for public favor. It has been out now years enough so that we can honestly say that it is better than any other winter squash as far as quality is concerned. It is not so large as the Hubbard, will not yield as many pounds per acre, will keep equally as good, but that one point, exquisite quality, entitles it to a place in the garden or on the farm of every person. I cannot express the quality better than one of our customers a few years ago expressed it to me. He said, "I put in a bunch of Delicious Squash in the cellar for winter. The good wife cooked one. I immediately went out and put in another bunch just on account of quality. They are better than the best sweet quality. They are better than the best sweet This squash weighs about eight to

ten pounds; the color almost uniformly of a green shade. When baked it will separate from the shell of its own weight. Pkt., 10c; oz, 20c; 4 lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50.

Gurney's Table Queen Squash

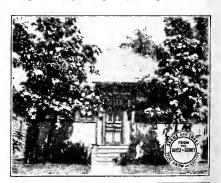
For many years it was quite an event to have squash on the table, and I wonder if you really know the reason why. Not because it was hard to prepare but because it. cause it was hard to prepare but because it was hard to get enough people at one table, to eat one squash. Gurney's Table Queen Squash is an individual squash, equally as good quality as any other, and just enough for one person. I have seen as high as 200 squash on one vine; they are dark green in color, and are more or less pear shaped approximately 5 inches in diameter and 7 or 8 inches long. The flesh is of golden yellow, and the squash is an excellent keeper. A few vines of this Table Queen Squash will furmish enough squash for the entire family for the whole winter. Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.70; 5 lbs., \$7.50.

New Tobacco, Tom Sutton
Grow Them—Smokes for yourself on your

Grow Them—Smokes for yourself on your own farm. And think of the greater quantity at less expense.

less expense.

Not being an expert on tobacco myself, I will have to give you the originator's description, and the experience of the boys around here who use tobacco and claim to know a good tobacco from a "stogie." This tobacco originated in hitmasset is extremely early yields wonderful. use tobacco and claim to know a good tobacco from a "stogie." This tobacco originated in Minnesota, is extremely early, yields wonderfully, and if I am to believe the fellows who use it, it is of remarkably fine quality. The originator says of it: "I feel that I have perfected as nearly a perfect tobacco for the northwest as it is possible to grow. I have crossed the General Grant variety, and have a tobacco that combines earliness, large size, productiveness, mild flavor and fine quality. It is unequaled as a pipe and cigar tobacco. My crop was all right to cut before frost this year. Stock four to six feet high, with as many as 24 large leaves on a stalk. Many people would gladly grow their own tobacco if they could do so without the rank flavor commonly found in northern grown tobacco. I wish you would note specially the light color, also the white ashes after burning. Compare carefully with any common cigar and note the extreme difference. Note also and specially, that it has no green, rank flavor and does not bite the tongue." Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c; 5 pkts. for 50c.



Gurney Catalpas in Montana Miles City, Montana.

Inclosed a picture taken of our two Catalpa trees, taken last summer covered with flowers. We bought the trees about nine years ago from

Mrs. S. Stordahl

Tomatoes

One pkt. to 100 feet of row—½ pound to the acre. It is not how cheap we can furnish you Tomato Seed, but how good. In buying Tomato Seed from us you are getting the Gurney Quality, which means the very best product.

There are no better strains of any of the varieties that we are offering, and the constantly increasing demand for Gurney Tomato Seed proves that we are furnishing seed that produces the best quality, smoothest and best shipping of any.



Marglobe Grown by S. S. Gurney

Marglobe Tomato

Following description by F. J. Pritchard, U. S. Bureau of Plant Industry, and checked and proven correct in our own fields this past season. Our very best 2nd early:

"We have developed three new, early varieties of tomatoes, viz: Marvana, Marvelosa, and Marglobe, which are highly resistant to Fusarium wilt and are somewhat resistant to Septoria leaf-spot, early blight, and leaf mold. Their fruits are also resistant to nailhead rust and puffiness, two causes of considerable loss in Florida and other Gulf States."

Marglobe is a second-early, red-fruited variety equally suitable for trucking or canning. It is as early as Bonny Best and produces large, smooth, meaty, globular, red fruits, which ripen uniformly and are relatively free from cracks. It attracted much favorable comment in commercial trials in the Miami-Homestead section of Florida last winter because of its freedom from nailhead rust and puffiness and the production of from 20 to 50 per cent more fruit than Globe, the variety commonly used there. The Marglobe fruits are very meaty and though early, ripen slowly, and therefore ship and keep well. Owing to their shape, solidity, color, and uniform ripening qualities, they make a splendid canned product and first-class pulp. The vines set fruit freely even to the ends of the branches, and where growth conditions are favorable produce a heavy crop of fruit. From a 3½ acre field of Marglobe grown under ordinary conditions at the Arlington Experiment Farm this year we picked over 21 tons per acre and still have another light picking to make, Large yields of excellent fruit have been reported from nearly every region where this variety has been tried. Pkt., 10c; ½ 0z., 25c; 1 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.40; 1lb., \$4.50.

Earlibell Tomato Selection

We are still waiting for someone to prove to us that they have or can produce an earlier tomato than the Earlibell. I just received a letter from one of our Texas customers today, ordering six pounds of this Earlibell secd. He tells me that he can get 25 per cent more fruit to the acre and ten days earlier than any other tomato grown in the market garden section of Texas. This ten days means sometimes several cents per pound additional for their big crop. In the North it means ten days more of tomato season, freedom from frosts, etc. It means that we can produce tomatoes further north and at higher altitudes than ever before. This past season we grew in the Trial Ground, practically every variety of claimed early tomatoes. The method adopted was as follows:

On the first day of June we planted in the open ground the seed of all of the varieties and as they grew made records of the growth, the time of blooming and the first ripe tomatoes. The Earlibell this year was just five days ahead of the next earliest, and running about as much as twenty days carlier than a number of varieties that were claimed to be extra early. The Earlibell is not only earlier but it produces greater quantities of fruit with enough foliage to keep them free from sunburn, seldom rots, generally good-sized, smooth and of a bright red color that makes it very desirable for market as well as for the home table. We have found that the Earlibell is also one of the best tomatoes for greenhouse forcing. It requires a little more trimming than some other varieties but produces quantities of good marketable fruit. Try it. Pkt., 15c; 10z., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$3.50; 5 lbs., \$1.400.

Gurney's Giant Canner—The true stock of this variety outyields any other tomato, and on account of its solid meat and small seed cavity we call it the best for home or factory canning.

Fruit very smooth, firm, solid meat and one of the best for shipping, colors up well while firm and before thoroughly ripe. This makes it extra desirable as shipping tomato. On account of its immense size and its smooth shape it always commands the highest price. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; 1 oz., 50c; ½ lb., \$1.50; 1 lb., \$4.50.

Albino or White Beauty Tomato—Wonder of wonders, at last a white tomato! For years it has seemed impossible to propagate a pure white Tomato of good quality, but the impossible has been accomplished.

White Beauty is ivory white in color, showing no traces of red and the flesh is almost paper white. It grows about as large as Stone and is firm and solid, carrying very few seeds. Ripens medium early. Fine to grow for exhibition with red and yellow varieties. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; 1 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.70; 1 lb., \$5.75.

1 oz., 50c; ¼ 1b., \$1.70; 1 lb., \$5.75.

New Stone—The Tomato for a main crop.
Choicest seed. We call this the king of the
Livingstone kinds, which are the best types of
large, smooth, solid, "beefy" Tomatoes. If
asked to select one main crop, market sort, we
advise this. Color, fine scarlet; stem set high,
core small and shallow, so that but little is lost
when it is taken out of the fruit before slicing.
If in doubt, buy the Now Stone. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz.,
35c; ¼ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$2.60.

New "Globe" Tomato

Every tomato of this variety just alike. Size, color, solid meat and quality. Every vine full and ripens early. Get next to it, Market and Home Gardener.

An extra good all around sort, of distinct globe shape, with quite a large percentage of elongated fruits. It is a beautiful variety, and on account of its shape, one that permits of a greater average number of slices to be taken from each fruit than from other sorts. In time of ripening it belongs among the earlies. The fruits are of large size; and a good marketable size is retained throughout the season; always smooth, of firm flesh and has few seeds; ripens evenly; color a fine glossy rose. An exceedingly productive variety and a remarkably good keeper. Pkt., 10c; 1 oz., 40c; 2 oz., 70c; ½ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.



New Globe



Red River Tomato Red River Special

Claimed by some to be as early as the Early Bell. Our tests show them to mature at ap-proximately the same time. Anyway, it is one of the earliest tomatoes and has proven one of the the earliest tomatoes and has proven one of the hardiest, very solid and meaty. The Canadian experiment station at Morden, Manitoba, proved it to be the heaviest yielder out of 49 varieties. The Minnesota experiment station, and the New York station, reported it as the best early variety. It is a cross between one of the older varieties and one of Professor Yeager's newer varieties. Fruit is small medium size, bright scarlet color meat, and slightly flat. Package 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50. \$3.50.

John Baer Tomato—In 1914 this variety was extensively advertised as a marvelous introduction. Perfect fruit in 30 days. The introducer claims: "John Baer Tomato produces large, solid, shipping fruit in 30 days, 50 to 100 fruits to each plant; ripens evenly up to the stem, does not scald, blight or crack; bright red color, a delightful flavor, almost seedless, often ten fruits in a cluster, solid and meaty. Tomatoes weigh about 6½ ounces." These are truly wonderful claims, and we think it would be well for our customers to give the "John Baer" a trial. Our seed was grown from stock supplied by the introducer. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$3.00. John Baer Tomato-In 1914 this variety

TOMATOES—(Continued)

Gurney's New Dwarf Giant—The Largest Purple Dwarf Tree Tomato. (Purple Crimson.) Dwarf Giant is the largest fruited of all dwarf tomatoes; the fruits are truly gigantic in size, and are uniformly large throughout the season. The color is a rich purple crimson, and the depth of color is maintained throughout the entire fruit. Dwarf Giant is of uniformly compact and bush-like growth. Growing 2 feet high and well branched, are very strong and vigorous. The thick stalks carry well the tremendous weight of fruits, which are produced in clusters of 4 to 6, and weigh 10 to 20 ounces each. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ½ 1b., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.

Ponderosa Tomato—This is the largest of

and weight to 20 ounces each. Fat., Auc., Oz., 35c; ¼ Ib., \$1.00; 1 Ib., \$3.50.

Ponderosa Tomato—This is the largest of the tomatoes. Often producing fruit weighing two pounds or more. Very bright red, generally smooth, fine vigorous growers, producing large crops of this immense fruit, quality, very good. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ Nr., \$1.50.

Golden Queen—This is the only first class large yellow. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c; ¼ Ib., \$1.50.

Spark's Earliana—The earliest, large, smooth red Tomato. This Tomato is not only remarkable for its earliness, but for its very large size, handsome shape and bright red color. Its solidity and fine quality are quite equal to the best medium, and late sorts. Enormously prolific. The very finest for the Northern market and home garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ Ib., 80c; Ib., \$2.50; 5 Ibs., \$10.00.

Chalk's Early Jewel—The largest of the extra early bright red Tomatoes. About one week later than Spark's Earliana; a heavier cropper of large size and better flavored fruit, which is produced continuously throughout the season. On account of the handsome appearance, bright color and extremely good quality it has commanded nearly double the price on the

which is produced continuously throughout the season. On account of the handsome appearance, bright color and extremely good quality it has commanded nearly double the price on the local market over Spark's Earliana. On account of its extremely heavy follage, fruit never scalds in the hottest weather. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ½ lb., 80c; lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$10.00.

Yellow Ground Cherry, Prospect—This is of the dwarf growing type, earlier and more suitable to the northern states than the tall spreading variety. Fruit about the size of the common cherry, bright yellow, enclosed in a loose husk, Bears abundantly and is most excellent for sauce and preserves. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 45c.

Purple Husk Tomato—Plants strong and of spreading habit. Immensely productive. Fruit about ¾ inch through. Borne in a tight fitting husk, Fruitwhen mature nearly purple. Very excellent for preserves. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c.

Garden Huckleberry—A wonderfully productive plant, producing literally ropes of jet black fruit along its branches from the ground to its tips, plants grow about four feet tall, fruit



Yellow Pear

matures about with ordinary tomatoes, size about that of the cranberry and are delicious for preserves or pies. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.
Yellow Pear—Fruit bright yellow, distinctly pear-shaped; of rich flavor and used largely for preserving. The stock we offer is the true pear-shaped, not the large yellow plum often sold for it. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb.,\$1.50.
Red Pear—A bright red fruit identical in shape with the Yellow Pear shaped tomato; however, it has a distinct flavor and a rich red color and is a special favorite for preserves and to make what is known as Tomato Figs. Pkt., 10c; oz., 55c; ¼ lb., \$1.60.
Topepo is a supposed cross between the sweet pepper and tomato, a new vegetable of good flavor and combines the delicious qualities of the pepper and tomato. Keeps well after picking, longer than either of its parents. Price per package, 30c. per package, 30c.

Oct. 6, 1930.

I, Joe Schmidt of Millboro, Tripp Co., S. D., first, being duly sworn, before John P. Flynn, a Notary Public, say that I raised a Prize Pumpkin on my farm, section 9, Willew Creek Township, Tripp Co., S. D.; that said pumpkin weighed forty-two (42) pounds; that seed, which produced said pumpkin was bought from Gurney Seed and Nursery Co. of Yankton, S. D.; that said seed was bought in the spring of 1930 and said pumpkin was raised this year, 1930.

Subscribed and sworn to and before John P. Flynn this 6th day of October, 1930.

Witnesses: Joe Schmidt.
David Schmidt. (SEAL)
Irvie Strom. John P. Flynn, Netary Public in and for Tripp Co., S. D.

Takedown Model

GENUINE WINCHESTER MODEL 97 SIX-SHOT REPEATING SHOTGUN



12 Gauge, 30-Inch Barrel

This gun has been a favorite of field and trap shooters for 30 years. A fast-shooting, hard hitting, dependable shotgun that will give a lifetime of efficient service and solid satisfaction. You're sure to be pleased when you buy this splendid repeater at Gurney's reduced price.

Six shells are handled by the reliable pump action—five in the magazine and one in the chamber.

Barrel. Rolled blued steel. Chambered for 2% or 2% inch smokeles powder shells. Stock. American walnut; plain pistol grip about 2%-inch drop. Action. Has new style cartridge-stop release which permits unloading shells from magazine without working them through the gun. Side ejector. Double extractor.

Shipping weight, 12 lbs. Mailable. Postpaid \$38.85.

Winchester Model 12

Six shot, hammerless, takedown model. Barrel—nickel steel blued finish. Stock—black walnut pistol grip. Rubber butt plate. Frame and Action—solid breech, side ejector, safety trigger lock, slide handle.

12 gauge, 30-in, barrel, full choke 16 gauge, 28-in, barrel, full choke 20 gauge, 28-in, barrel, full choke Mississippi Valley Double Barrel

Hammerless Shotguns 12 gauge, 30-in. barrel 16 gauge, 28-in. barrel 20 gauge, 28-in. barrel 410 gauge, 26-in. barrel

Mississippi Valley Single Barrel Hammer Shotguns

12 gauge, 30-in. barrel......\$7.65 410 gauge, 26-in. barrel

Stevens Single Shot 22 Rifles

Stevens Marksman No. 12, 22-in. barrel.....\$7.65 Stevens Little Scout No. 141/2, 20-in. barrel. 5.25 Stevens Junior No. 11, 20-in, barrel..... 4.25 Stevens Hammerless Repeating Rifle, 22 cali-

Remington Shur-Shot Shells

Smokeless Powder-Chilled Shot

Case 500 Shells-F. O. B. Yankton.

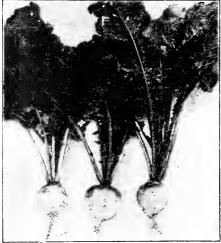
Gauge	Drams Powder	Oz. Shot	Size Shot	Case 500 Shells
	3 1/4 3 1/4 3 1/4 3 1/4 2 1/2 2 1/2	1 ½ 1 ½ 1 ½ 1 ½ 1 ½ 1 ½	4 5 6 7½ 5	\$17.75 17.75 17.75 17.75 17.75 17.00
16 20 20 20 20	2 ½ 2 ¼ 2 ¼ 2 ¼ 2 ¼	î % % % %	7½ 6 7 7½	17.00 16.50 16.50 16.50

Turnips

1 oz. for 150 feet of row; 1 lb. per acre.

Along in June cach year we receive numerous orders for these Seeds that should have been sent with early orders. Nearly everybody fails to include Turnip and Rutabaga Seed with the regular order on account of their not being wanted until late in the summer. The result is when ready to plant you do not have the seed, so without Include all you are going to need go without. Include all you are going to need with your first order; you are then sure of having plenty of good seed when planting time

Light, well-manured soil is best suited for Turnips. Sow the earliest varieties in April, in drills about 15 inches apart, and thin out to from 6 to 9 inches in the rows. For a succession sow at, intervals until the end of August.



Gurney's Purple Top White Globe

Gurney's Purple Top White Globe Turnip—This is an all-season Turnip; is sweet from the time it is large enough to use until the following spring; size above medium; heavy foliage, and the best turnip of all of them.

This new English Turnip was brought from In the register further was brought from England by us three years ago and was recommended to us by one of the largest turnip specialists as the best ever originated. It has proven fully up to the originator's recommendation and we urge all to give it trial. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 35c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

Purple, or Red Top Strap Leaf-Flat; fine flavor and one of the most popular varieties grown, and when sown late it is one of our best varieties, an excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 14 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 5c; 5 lbs., \$2.70.

Extra Early White Milan-Extra early Turnip, in which the extreme earliness, small top and tap root of the Purple Top Milan are united with the clear, white skin and flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

Golden Ball

A superior table turnip, of bright yellow color Rich and sweet in flavor. A rapid grower, producing handsome globular shaped roots in 65 days. An excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz.. 10c; ½ 1b., 25c; 1 1b., 75c; 5 1bs., \$3.25.

F. J. Ochochl, Hendricks, Minnesota.

Am writing to tell you that I had very good results with your seeds last year and am ready to recommend your seeds to anyone. They sure do grow and are just like you advertised, and aren't a bit higher in price than anywhere else.

Rutabagas or Swedes

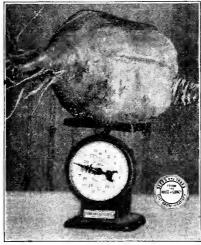
1 oz. for 150 feet of row; 1 lb. per acre.

I am going to make this little personal appeal to the fellows in the extreme North. Montana North Dakota, Northern Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin, in fact, all of that strip of territory wisconsin, in fact, an of that strip of territory across the northern part of the United States where root crops, such as rutabagas, turnips, carrots, etc., grow to perfection, where you can produce a greater yield than in any other section of the United States, where they will outyield the potato crop, and where they will bring equally as much recognifications.

qually as much money if you grow them in quantities as your best acre of potatoes.

For feeding stock in Fall or Winter there is nothing superior to Turnips or Rutabagas, as they are much liked by all kinds of stock and serve to keep them in good condition. We cannot too earnestly recommend farmers to in-crease their sowings largely, for we are sure the crop will prove remunerative.

Purple top Yellow—Best variety of Swedish Turnip in cultivation. Hardy and productive; flesh yellow, of solid texture, sweet and well flavored; shape slightly oblong; terminates abruptly with no side or bottom roots; color deep purple above, and bright yellow under the ground; leaves small, light green, with little or no neck; the most perfect in form, the richest in flavor, and the best in every respect. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 11b., 25c; 11b., 5c; 5 lbs., \$2.50.



Russlan Rutabaga

Krasnoselski Russian Rutabaga

On our trial grounds for past three seasons On our trial grounds for past three seasons this gave the best satisfaction and produced the largest yield of any of the rutabagas. On account of the dry, hot weather, most varieties became hollow and strong. This was solid entirely through the season, making an extra large percentage of good-sized rutabagas, bright in color and of excellent quality for table use. This will take the place of older varieties on account of the increased yield and quality of the fruit. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

Mrs. Grace Smith, Seymour, Iowa, R. R. \$3

Mrs. Grace; Smith, Seymour, Iowa, R. R. § 3 I sent to you early in the spring, an order for \$4.00 worth of garden seeds.

It paid me big, for everything grew and made stronger and better plants than I have had before. My garden is said to be the best in the country. Before I bought my garden seed out of my egg money at the local stores, and always had such trouble getting a stand, but no such worry this year with the Gurney Seeds.

Wish you could see my seed onion bed. Out of 30 cents worth of seed I'll have plenty of onions to do our family of nine. Everything I received is according. I am we'll pleased.

Evergreen and Tree Seeds

Ash-This is the hardwood tree of the North and is readily grown from seed. About three weeks before planting the Ash seed place them in a cloth sack and soak them for all of three weeks. Do not allow them to dry after they have been soaked; they will germinate and come up within five or six days after planting if they have been soaked long enough. Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., 70c.

Red Cedar-This grows as readily from seed

Red Cedar—This grows as readily from seed as does the Bull Pine. Very desirable for shelter or fence posts. Grows rapidly. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c. Catalpa—Speciosa, or Hardy Northern Catalpa—This is the only Catalpa that is of any value in the North. These do well in any part of Iowa, South Dakota, or any place south of this latitude. Seed are very light and consequently there are a great number to the ounce. Pkt., 15c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.00.

Honey Locust-This is one of the most rapid growing and most beautiful of all of the northern shade and timber trees. In the spring it is covered with long racemes of pure white, very fragrant flowers, and in the fall and early winter is covered with the long and tropical-looking seed pods, seed about the size of a navy bean. Oz., 20c; ½ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

Bull Pine (Ponderosa) -- This is the most easibut rine (ronderosa)—This is the most easily grown from seed of any Evergreen and is successfully grown by any person. One of the most rapid growing, hardy and best trees for windbreak. Will do well where any tree grows. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.20; 1 lb., \$3.60.

Hackberry—One of the finest trees for all purposes. See description nursery section. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.50.

Black Hills Spruce—One of the best ornamental Evergreens grown; resembles the Norway Spruce. Grows much broader and heavier. This variety only seeds once in several years, consequently seed is very scarce and high priced. **Pkt.**, 15c; oz., 75c.

Jack Pine—A standard rough, rapid cold weather tree. Absolutely hardy; a wonderful windbreak and easily grown. Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; ¼ lb., \$2.50.

Colorado Blue Spruce-A rare, elegant tree, with foliage of a rich blue. One of the most distinct and striking of all the Spruce family. A free grower and perfectly hardy. Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c.

Douglas Fir (Evergreen)—Rapid growing fir tree hardy in the vicinity of Vankton when planted with other trees. Ornamental and valued on account of its rapid growth. Pkt., 15c; 1 oz., 75c.

Black Locust-A native American tree of large size and rapid growth. Flowers in long white racemes, very fragrant, valuable for white racemes, very fragrant, valuable for timber and is being largely planted for timber, posts. etc. Along the railroad lines east of Chicago there are hundreds of miles planted to Black Locust. This tree is easily grown and perfectly hardy. Seed very small. Oz., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.20; 1 lb., \$2.25.

Russian Mulberry—This well-known hedge, shade and fruit tree grows readily from seed. Often grows to a height of 4 feet the first year. Our seed of this is grown here at Yankton. Pkt., 20c; oz., 70c; 1 lb., \$10.90.

Box Elder—(See description nursery section.)

Oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c.

Caragana, or Siberian Pea Tree—A very hardy hedge or low growing tree from Siberia, bearing clusters of golden yellow fragrant flowers in immense quantity early in the spring. These followed by reddish colored seed pods that hang on through a portion of the summer. Foliage dark green, while the bark is light green or silvery in color, making a very ornamental hedge plant. Oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$2.90.

Russian Olive—Easily grown from seed, the hardiest and best hedge and windbreak for north and west. Oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.

Dorothea Larson, Sherldan, Wis.

The seeds which I had ordered came last week in fine condition, also the free seeds and free pamphlets for which I thank you.

Flowers from seed are usually known as Annuals, Biennials and Perennials.

Annuais bloom and ripen seed the first year and then perish.

Bienniais do not flower the first season, and are in perfection one year.

Perenniais continue to flower several years in succession. Many of them bloom the first year if sown early.

Hardy Annuais, Biennlals and Perennlais can be sown in the open early in the spring. Biennials and Perennials will not require protection in winter. Blooming period may be extended by picking the flowers as they begin to fade.

I drove 8,000 miles, inspecting our own crops of flower, vegetable and field seeds. I carefully inspected thousands of acres of the most beautiful flowers in America, grown for seed purposes, and I have added this year a number of very desirable varieties that we have not catalogued. previously.

Hardy Perennial Aster

Mixed (Michaelmas Daisies). Single fall-flowering hardy herbaceous plants, thriving in any good garden soil. If sown early they will flower the first season; 3 feet. Pkt., 10c.

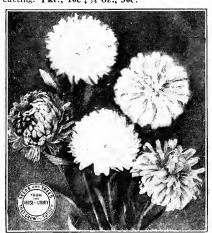
Asters

(1) The Rochester, or Vick's Mikado-Pink (1) The Rochester, or Vick's Mikado—Pink petals, narrow, long and reffexed, bending and curling across each other in such magnificent disorder as to make it the fluffiest aster grown, eolor most exquisite shade of lavender pink, plants are very vigorous and produce immense quantities of very large flowers, ranging from four to six inches in diameter. Pkt., 10c.

(2) Asters, the Latest, American Beauty— We are offering this in the novelty or special class and we want to say that it stands head and class and we want to say that it stands head and shoulders above all other asters for length of blooming period and quantity of flowers produced. It was in bloom with us this past season for over three months. It produces very large flowers, the inner petals, curved, of a deep rose color, borne on extra stout stems 15 to 20 inches long making it a good companion to an American Beauty Rose. Seed of this aster planted in the early spring should be in bloom the latter part of July and stay in bloom until frost. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

(3) Queen of the Market—The explicate feel.

(3) Queen of the Market-The earliest of all except Hohenzollern. Grows about nine inches high; very branching; fine double flowers are produced on long stems, making it valuable for cutting. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 30c.



Queen of the Market

Flower Seeds



Ciant of California, Double Mixed

(4) Giant of California, Double Mixed-We have had this strain under observation and it now fully meets with our ideas as to quality. It now fully meets with our ideas as to quality. It is a splendid mid-season flowering strain, the result of years of painstaking selection by one of California's leading hybridizers. They grow 3½ feet high with long strong stems 18 to 24 inches in length, bearing beautifully formed, curled and interlaced flowers 5 inches and over across. Finest Double Mixed. Containing all colors. Pkt., 15c; 3 pkts. 35c.

(5) Sensation, the New Red Aster-This is a good companion for the American Beauty. You should have, at least, a package of this new red aster. It is brighter red than any other; pro-duces very large double flowers measuring as much as four inches across; the blooming period is about the same as American Beauty; height about eighteen inches. It being a little shorter than the American Beauty, consequently it can be planted in front of the American Beauty with-out hiding the flowers. This is the fiery red aster we have all wanted. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

(6) Glant of California Single-We are offering this wonderful Aster for the first time this year. It was developed out of the California Giant. Double type. The flowers are large, measuring three to four inches across, with stems measuring three to four inches across, with stems 18 to 24 inches in length. The petal has a slight twist, which adds a piquant touch to its beauty. The white blossoms resemble Shasta Daisies in appearance, but their greater length of stem makes them more graceful and better adapted to florists' use. In the garden, Aster California Giant Single add a charming note of simplicity, among the fuller types of Asters. We believe among the fuller types of Asters. We believe this new, single type of Aster is destined to become very popular. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

(7) Royal Asters-A recently developed type that might briefly be described as an early flow-ering form of our Superb Late Branching vaering form of our Superb Late Branching variety, having all the good qualities of the latter, but coming into bloom in July or early August, and lasting in perfect condition for a long time. The habit of the plants and their free-flowering make them very desirable for beds or borders, while their long-stemmed flowers are ideal for cutting. The form of the flower is well shown in the illustration. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 59c.

(8) Gurney's Peerless Yeilow—At last a Yellow Aster. It has been difficult to get a good yellow Aster. We have been working constantly for several years and have at last developed one that is good. It can be described as of American Branching habit, height about two feet, flowers of good size and form, petals slightly incurved. The color is a deep yellow. Pkt., 26c.

(9) Extra Early Hohenzoilern—The earliest grown, earlier than Queen of the Market. Height about twelve inches, branching and free flowering. Flowers measure about two and one half inches. Colors: Dark blue, white and pink. This variety will add several weeks to the season. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c.

(10) Improved American Victoria Asters—This is by far the finest for beds or borders where an even growth and a mass of flowers are wanted for effect: the sturdy upright palats. 12

wanted for effect; the sturdy upright plants, 12 to 14 inches high, carry not less than 50 flowers each, producing a mass of color unequalled by

each, producing a mass of color unequalled by any other; blooms from early August till late October. Pkt., 10c.

(11) Early American Beauty Aster—The last several years we have been offering the regular American Beauty which is an immense Aster, beautiful color, resembling the famous American Beauty rose as to size and color. The regular American Beauty is mid-season or later, while this new Early American Beauty blooms with the Queen of the Market. For continuous bloom of this immense Aster, you should plant both the regular and the Early American Beauties. Mixed colors. Pkt., 20c; 2 pkts., 35c.

(12) Early Beauty Type—Black Prince (new) black blue. This type has all of the eharacteristics of the Late Beauty Type, and is valuable for locations where the season is too late to flower the late type before frost, and for early foreing. Pkt., 15c: 2 pkts., 25c.

(13) Heart of France—The best pure red aster ever produced. Opens red as the purest ruby, deepens with age and retains its remarks able beauty to the very end. The flowers are large and full, with never a trace of hollow center, large and full, with never a trace of hollow center. The plants are of branching type and very robust habit. Stems are long and strong. The plants begin to bloom quite early in the season and open fully with the mid-season varieties. The flowers retain their brilliancy for a long time and they are exceedingly beautiful. Pkt.,

(14) Crego's Giant Aster-With their long twisted curved petals they resemble the ehoicest of Japanese Chrysanthemums; flowers measuring five inches in diameter; borne on long, strong stems, making them suitable for cut flower purposes; flowers lasting ten days when cut and placed in water; blooming period August and September; height of plants two feet. We offer

September; height of plants two feet. We offer them in the following separate colors:

Crego's Giant Lavender. Pkt., 10c.
Crego's Giant White. Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz. 35c.
(15) Aster Collection—One package each of No. 2, No. 3, No. 5, No. 6, and No. 13. 70c value

Aquilegia (Columbine), Perennial Aquilegia—Mixed. Popular hardy perennials that bloom very freely during spring and early summer. These plants grow wild in the timbered country and are known to all the children as Honeysuckle. They come in a great variety of colors and are easily grown. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz.,

25c; oz., 75c.

Aquilegia Coerulea—The most beautiful of the Columbines; sky blue, long-spurred, free bloomer; hardy perennial. Seed planted early

will bloom the same season and last for a number of years. Pkt., 15c.

Aquilegia—Pink, long spurred, very desirable, easily grown, forming large, permanent clumps. Blooms profusely early in the season and remains in bloom for a considerable period. Sow remains in bloom for a considerable period. Sow the seed which is of rather slow germination, in open ground early in spring in any rich, well drained garden soil. In permanent bed plants should have at least one foot each way. Keep clear of weeds and give each year a dressing of well rotted manure. Seed may also be sown out doors in fall. Hardy herbaceous perennials two to three feet high. Pkt., 20c.

Alyssum
Little Gem—Plants 3 to 4 inches high; they
soon become a large mass of white scented flowers; fine for bordering; hardy annual. Pkt., 10c;

oz., 40c. Sweet—Fragrant, white, hardy annual. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

Antirrhinum, Snap-Dragon
An old favorite border plant, which has been greatly improved, with dark and glossy leaves and large, curiously-shaped flowers, with finely marked throats. They bloom the first season from seed sown in the spring, but the blossoms will be much stronger the second year. Succeeds best in dry, loamy soil. Half-hardy perennial.

The Giant-Flowered grows about 2 feet high, with larger flowers than the old sorts.

Glant-Flowered Firefly—Scarlet, crimson and yellow. Pkt., 10c; % oz., 40c.

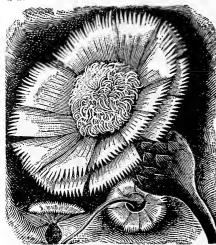
Purple King—This is the forerunner of a race of new and distinct Snap-Dragons. Flowers more than twice the size of the ordinary Antirrhinum. Do not fail to include it in your order. Pkt., 10c.

Antirrhium. Do not fail to include it in your order. Pkt., 10c.

Snap-Dragon Empress—The most brilliant crimson in the field. Dwarf compact, free bloomer and easily grown. Pkt., 15c.

Golden Queen—This splendid type of half-dwarf, fine flowered Antirrhinum is rapidly takingthen beauty the street of the property tall considerable.

dwar, nne nowered Antiffinium is rapidly taking the place of the extremely tall growing varieties. This is the best of the yellows. Pkt., 10c. Gloria—Rich, glittering deep rose, most effective for bedding or cutting. Belong to the Grandifiora Half dwarf section, and are unusually attractive in color. Pkt., 15c.



Centaurea



Aquilegia Coerulea

Abutilon (Flowering Maple), Tender Perennial

Desirable plants for the house in winter and effective specimens for the lawn in summer. They will bloom the first year if sown early. Half-hardy perennial, 1½ to 3 feet. Mixed colors. Pkt., 20c.

Achillea—P
The Pearl—A hardy perennial; covered from spring until frost with many very double, pure white flowers. Grows two feet high. Pkt., 15c.

Ageratum

As an addition to the flower garden's blue, the Ageratum is a valuable flower. The dwarf sort being particularly desirable for borders, edgings, etc., being very compact and erect. Half-

ings, etc., being very compact and erect. Hail-hardy perennial.

Tom Thumb—Dwarf blue, distinct variety, desirable for edging. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

Little Blue Star—A variety of exceedingly dwarf and even growth; the tiny bushes, not over 4 to 5 inches high, are densely covered with bright blue flowers, a fine variety for edging. Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 35c.

Amaranthus
Tricolor—(Joseph's Coat)—Beautiful foliaged plants, growing three to five feet high. They are useful as borders for taller growing plants or for the centers of large beds. Should be grown in warm sunny situations and given plenty of room to develop. The ornamental leaves are red, yellow and green. Pkt., 10c.

Globe Amaranth

Gomphrena—Popularly known as "Bachelor's Button," a first-rate bedding plant; the flowers resemble clover heads and can be dried and used in winter bouquets. Cornflowers and a number of other flowers are also known as Bachelor's Buttons. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Anemone (S. Dakota State

Flower. Perennial
The anemone or Wind-flower is one of our choicest autumn flowers and is at perfection when most other flowers have ceased blooming. Hardy perennials, easily grown from seed, blooming the first year if sown early. Produces large double flowers in mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.

Balsam Apple
A very beautiful, cut leafed, rapid growing, annual climbing vine, producing beautiful flowers, followed by seed pods bursting open and showing the interior, bright crimson. A very satisfactory climbing vine for hot, dry places where others will not do well. The seed grows readily and rapidly. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

Balloon Vine
Hardy Annual Climber—A rapid-growing climber, very desirable in its place. It will grow to a height of from 10 to 15 feet, bearing beautiful white flowers which are followed by its seed pole of a bellow there. seed-pods of a balloon shape. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

Balsam or Lady Slipper
Magnificent plants for garden culture. Tender annuals.

Camelia Flowered-The largest flowered of any of the Balsams and perfectly doubled. The individual flowers frequently measure 2½ inches across, the plants forming symmetrical, well branched erect bushes, the branches being al-most covered with the magnificent double flowers. In color they vary from the brightest scarlet to pure white, including spotted violet, royal purple and many others. Pkt., 10c; oz.,

40c.
Gurney's Scarlet—This brilliant scarlet
Camelia-flowered balsam produces plants about
12 to 16 inches high, well-branched, producing at
times thousands of open flowers. Single plants
will often measure more than 18 inches in diameter. Pkt., 10c.

Bean Scarlet Runner

Bean Scarlet Runner—The well known rap-id-growing annual climber, producing bright red flowers, Ifrom July to September. The foliage being dense, makes it splendid for porches or any location where shade is desired. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1b., 60c.

Browallia (Amethyst)
Speciosa Major—A beautiful large-flowering
variety of the most brilliant ultramarine blue,
a rare color; does finely outside in the border,
or in hanging-baskets or vases, but is especially
valuable as a pot plant for winter and early
spring flowering. Pkt., 15c.

Clarkia

This pretty and easily grown annual has been much improved in recent years, and the varieties offered below are now seen as cut flowers in most offered below are now seen as cut flowers in most of the large cities of Europe; they do well either in sun or shade, growing 2 to 2½ feet high, with leafy racemes of double flowers, which all open in water when cut.

Elegans Double Mixed—A fine mixture containing all the colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Calliopsis

Finest Mixed—A very showy border plant, producing flowers in nearly every shade of yellow,

producing howers in nearly every shade of yellow, orange, crimson red and brown. Finest mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c.

Calliopsis Nana Compacta—Gold-Star—Star-shaped, eight petals. Outer points bright yellow, main part maroon. Exceptionally free bloomer. Petals quilled, grows about six inches high. Especially good for borders or designs. Pkt., 15c.

Crimson Kina—A fine dwarf sort; color rich

Crimson King—A fine dwarf sort; color rich velvety crimson garnet. Pkt., 10c.

Sidney, Nebr.

Oct. 17, 1930.

I am sending you a sack of Gurney's Bugless Potatoes. I can only get one in a sack. They are just wonderful. Of the one bushel you sent me I got about 50 bushels back. It was sure a good investment. Invite your family to dinner—I furnish a sack of potatoes free of charge.

(Signed) T. J. Aden. P.S.-I am sending them to my friends.

Gurney's Selected

Calendula
Pot Marigold—One of the surest annuals, casy to grow and literally covers itself with large double yellow flowers about two to three inches across. One of the best for cut flowers as they across. One of the best for cut nowers as they last after cutting often as many as ten days, then the more you cut, the better they bloom. For cut flowers, cut as soon as open, to keep plants blooming over a very long period, cut flower stems as soon as flowers fade. These plants are also called "Pot Marigolds" as they resemble the marigold, and respond beautifully to pot culture in the home in winter or summer, very hardy annual, height about eighteen inches.

very hardy annual, height about eighteen inches. Pkt., 10c.
Orange King—Double, dark orange red, dark center; a very select strain. The plants in the open ground under ordinary field cultivation attain a growth of eighteen inches high and produce blossoms three and a half inches in diameter. Pkt., 10c.

Centaurea
Centaurea Imperialis—The bushes are about four feet high and covered with large sweet-scented flowers. Will keep for over a week in water if cut when about to open. Pkt., 10c.
Corn Flower—The Blue Bottle, or Bachelor's Button, is one of the most attractive of all hardy annuals, with the graceful beauty of its old-fashioned flowers. Colors include dark, light blue, pink, rose and white. Pkt., 10; oz., 35c.

Dusty Miller (Centaurea Gymnocarpa)—This beautiful, fine cut, silve foliaged border plant, is used extensively for borders along walks and around various flower beds like Salvia, Cannas and other taller growing plants. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c.

Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c.

Candytuft

All the varieties look best in beds or masses. Seed sown in autumn produces flowers in early spring. When sown in April, flowers from July to September, and some of the sorts till frost comes. Hardy annual, 1 foot.

Dark Crimson—We all know the Candytuft, the white variety, and love it for the beautiful borders it makes. This new dark crimson variety produces largest racemes of flowers of a beautiful dark crim son and makes a wonderful border. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

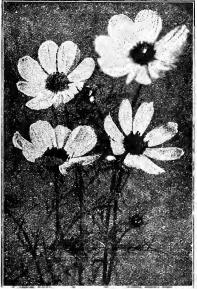
Candytuft, Rose Cardinal—All of the Candytufts we have known have been of the white variety. In inspecting the fields of flower seed, we found this cardinal-flowered candytuft, and it is a wonderfully bea utiful flower, growing about the right height for bedding purposes. Very desirable. Pkt., 15c.



Candytuft Giant Hyacinth

Candytuft, Giant Hyacinth—The little Candytuft we have known for so many years and used for border purposes is being superseded by this pure white giant. Flowers are grown compactly on stems about eight to ten inches high. Borne in abundance. **Pkt.**, **15c.**

Early Flowering Cosmos Single Mixed—This new class of extra early, mammoth, flowering Cosmos, producing beauti-ful flowers, measuring four to five inches across, 60 days from sowing of the seed, allows us not only the beauty and pleasure of the late Cosmos, but gives us a better flower; produces its flowers on wonderfully long stems, which are used exten-



Cosmos

sively for cut flowers. Cut the flowers as fast as they open on the plants and their place will be taken by others for a long blooming period. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

Early Flowering Double Cosmos—This very popular flower—of the early flowering type is now produced in the double—and as I saw them growing in the big fields this summer they were the peer of the big singles. Borne on long stems, early in the season lasting until frost, makes them very desirable.

Double Mixed Cosmos. Pkt., 10c. Double Red Cosmos. Pkt., 15c. Double Pink Cosmos. Pkt., 15c.

Coleus

A beautiful class of well known and popular decorative foliage plants. For bedding or pot culture. Choicest New Hybrids. (Mixed).

Clematis, Perennial
A very fine hardy climber; leaves bright and glossy green; flowers small and hawthorne scented, and just covering the plant when in bloom. Excellent for covering trellises or fences.

Hybrids Mixed—Attractive shades of purple, lavender, white, etc. Pkt., 10c.

Wild Cucumber

The most rapid growing vine in existence. It will make a growth of 50 feet in a single season and will cover unsightly places quicker than anything else you can plant. It is an excellent shade for summer houses or to train over trellis or porches. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ 1b., 60c.

Cannas

Extra Choice Mixed—Seed saved from 20 varieties of only the very best of the large or Gladiolus flowered type. Blooms in about ten weeks after planting. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

Cineraria

A beautiful class of plants for spring decoration; may also be planted out in summer. They grow from 12 to 18 inches high, and are completely covered with a mass of flowers, two and three inches across, of the richest colors, in white, blue, violet and crimson shades.

Grandiflora (Large flowered)—Mixed Pkt., 25c.

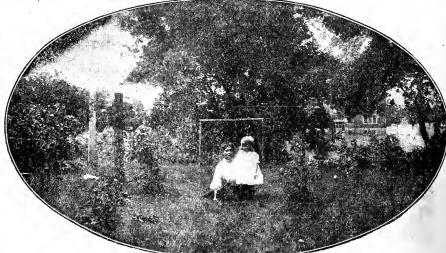
Cobaea Scandens

(Cup and Saucer Vine)
A climber of rapid growth, attaining a height of as much as 30 feet in the scason. Valuable for covering a trellis, arbors, trunks of trees and will cling to any rough place. It is covered with immense quantities of bell-shaped flowers set in a saucer which gives the name of "cup and saucer" plant. Its foliage is very beautiful and it is one of the annual climbing vines with which you will be well pleased. you will be well pleased.

Gurney's Purple flowered. Pkt., 10c. Gurney's Best Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Cardinal Climber

(Ipomea Quamoclit Hybrida)
One of the finest annual climbers. Very graceful and beautiful, growing rapidly, it reaches a height of twenty feet; densely clothed with laciniated, rich green leaves. The numerous clusters of fiery scarlet, tubular spear-shaped flowers resemble the cypress vine, but are much larger, often measuring one and one-quarter inches across. Pkt., 15c.



Mrs. D. B. Gurney and Daughter Bonnie

The little girl in the picture is now past 26 years and is now Bonnle Clark. Last year the second baby arrived. Mrs. "D. B." now has 8 grandchildren. This picture has appeared in the last twenty-five catalogs.

Coreopsis Grandiflora (Perennial)

One of the finest hardy perennial plants. Bright yellow flowers, which bloom from June until frost. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

New Double-Flowering Coreopsis

Coreopsis Lanceolata Grandiflora Fl. Pl.

Coreopsis Laneeolata has for a long time been a gem in the perennial border. This new double and semi-double form is just as easy to grow and the extra petalage adds a further charm to the flower. Will bloom first season if seed is sown early. Pkt., 20c.

Celosia or Cockscomb

Giant Crimson Empress Maxima-Dwarf plants bearing mammoth bright coekscomb and bronze foliage, making it one of the most attractive of all the Coekseombs. Pkt., 10c.

Dwarf Cockscomb (Cristata Nana)—Low growing plants with showy eombs. Choice mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Ostrich Feather (Celosia Plumosa)-A beautiful feathered Celosia, producing large bright erimson and orange plumes. Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Chinese Woolflower

Represents a wonderful addition to the elass of Celosias. The name Woolflower has been given to the plant because the flower-heads resemble a large loose ball of wool. Borne on long stems and practically cover the plant during the blooming season, which lasts from mid-summer until frost. Even a short row of them will yield a continuous supply of blooms for cutting.

Crimson-A magnificent variety with large flower-heads borne from mid-summer until frost. The color is a rich and intense shade of bright crimson. Pkt., 10c.

Yellow—This is a lovely and pleasing shade of bright soft yellow. Blooms freely and continuously. Pkt., 10c.

Chinese Woolflower, Mixed-This mixture has been prepared very earefully to include the proper proportion of the two separate colors listed above. Pkt., 10c.



Chrysanthemums in Bloom



Canterbury Bell

Canterbury Bell

(Perennial Blue)—Blue bell, handsome, easily grown herbaeeous plants of stately branehing habit and profuse blooms for beds and backgrounds. Produce long racemes of strikingly effective bell-shaped or saucer-shaped flowers of rieh color. A hardy biennial. Height 2 ft. to 4 ft. Pkt., 10c.

Single Pink Canterbury Bells-The old-fashioned sort with beautiful, large bell-shaped blossoms. Their colors are so pure that gorgeous effects may be had with them. Elegant as garden or pot plants. Pkt., 10c.

Chrysanthemum or Painted Daisy

The annual Chrysanthemums are distinct from the autumn flowering, blooming all sum-

mer and making a gorgeous display.

Evening Star—Rich sunflower yellow, the dise slightly deeper yellow. Pkt., 10c.

Chrysanthemum—The Sultan—Commonly known as Painted Daisy. An annual plant growing about twenty inches high, exceptionally free bloomer and easily grown. Pkt., 10c.

Castor Bean

The Rieinus has very ornamental foliage and beautiful showy-fruit. Fine for the eenter of a bed, as it gives a magnificent semi-tropical appearance; or planted thick, it makes a fine sereen or hedge. Plant seed in open, very rich, deep-spaded ground, in a dry situation as soon as safe in spring.

Cambodgensis-The finest dark-foliaged Rieinus. Leaves maroon; stem nearly black, fruit bronzy purple. Five feet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c.

Cypress Vine

A most beautiful vine, with delicate fernlike foliage and beautiful star-shaped rose, scarlet and white flowers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

Chinese Lantern (Perennial)

A showy variety of Winter Ground Cherry, 18 to 24 inches high and producing large, balloon-like fruits, changing from green to bright crimson as the season advances. Husk covering the fruit measures nearly 2 inches through, the fruit about three-fourths of an inch through and excellent for cating or for preserving. It bears fruit at every leaf bud, late in the season is a solid mass of erimson. Hardy perennial, roots living over winter in the ground. Pkt., 15c.



Carnations

Carnation

The Carnation has always been one of the most esteemed of the florists' collection, and there is no flower more desirable for the garden. Sow under glass and when of sufficient size transplant one foot apart each way. Half-hardy

perennial, 1½ feet.

Extra Choice Double Mixed—Seed saved from the choicest German and English stocks. A large portion of this seed will produce double flowers. Pkt., 15c.

Marguerite—Very free flowering. Will be in full bloom in few roots by the contraction of the contraction.

Marguerite—Very free flowering. Will be in full bloom in four months after sowing, flowering in profusion until cheeked by frost. They flourish well in open ground. It is many shades of red, white, variegated. Mixed pkt., 10c.

Gurney's Blood Red Giant Double Carna-

tions—Raised by the famous French specialist, Chabaud. Blooms in five months after being sown and continues to produce its nicely fringed, intensely fragrant double flowers in the greatest profusion indefinitely. Pkt., 15c.

> St. Helena, Nebr. Oct. 5, 1930.

The House of Gurney, Inc.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, So. Dak.

Dear Mr. Gurney,

I was a lucky prize winner during your "Fall Festival," and wish to take this opportunity to thank you for the prize. I think the blanket is a "dandy." The coffee and pancakes were fine. We've used both in our home and like them.

Thanks again for the prize.

Thanks again for the prize. Respectfully Yours, Mrs. H. Hoebelheinrich.

Dianthus, Pink Heddewegia, Biennials

Mixed-For brilliancy of coloring and markings, as well as beautiful forms of flowers, this family cannot be surpassed. The colors range through white, pink and crimson to the very deepest maroon; many varieties are finely fringed. Hardy biennials, but are better treated as annuals as they bloom early from seed sown in the spring. Fancy mixed. Pkt., 19c; 1/2

Dianthus Nobilis-This is of the Royal pinks, covering a range of rose, pink and dark crimson shades, with dark eyes, petals double and laciniated. Very compact bushes, living for two seasons. Flowers exceptionally large. Pkt., 15c,

Dianthus Laciniated Splendens—This is the hardy garden pink, with the petals laciniated so that it is a waving mass of beautiful colored flowers blooming from early summer until late in the fall and living through to the next year for another season of unrivalled flowering. Pkt., 15c.

New Perpetual-Flowering Hardy Pinks Perennial

The seed will produce an average of 75 per cent, double, deliciously clove-scented flowers in many colors. They are perfectly hardy, and flower continuously from spring until late in the autumn. Plumarius Fl. Pl. (Double Hardy Garden Pinks). Double and semi-double varieties in beautiful colors. Pkt., 15c.

Digitalis or Foxglove, Perennial

Foxgloves stately and highly ornamental plants when well grown, with flower stems at least three feet in-height. They are fine for the mixed border or planted singly in half-shady places near a walk or drive. The re-cemes of flowers are often two feet in length, containing scores of the prettily spotted thimble-shaped flowers. Perfectly hardy. Sow seed in spring in the garden and transplant as desired. Perennial. Mixed varieties, Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz.,

Giant Salmon-Stately, border plants, affording dense spikes of large brilliantly colored flowers which are terminal and half as long as the height of the plant. The flow-

Digitalis or Foxglove crs are very distinct and showy being thimble-like or long bell-shaped. It is often used as a background, and does especially well in cool, shady locations in front of shrubbery. The leaves are wrinkled and somewhat downy.

Seed may be sown outdoors after danger from frost is over, but for best results start in boxes and transplant. The seed is very small and should be covered lightly and kept moist until plants are well established, when they should be transplanted to two feet apart. May be sown outdoors in fall. Hardy biennial or perennial, usually blooming the second season; three to five feet high. Pkt., 15c.



English Dalsy Double—This hardy, early spring blooming plant can be successfully grown and wintered with a little winter protection. Sow the seeds early and it will bloom the first year giving you equally as good flowers in the border as you could get from an annual. Maximum succession of the second services with the second secon imum height 6 inches, producing flowers in various shades of pink and white, double mixed, Chinese varieties. Pkt., 10c.

Brachycome—(Swan River Daisy)—This

free flowering dwarf-growing annual is covered during the summer with a profusion of pretty blue and white flowers. Is especially suitable as edging for small beds and massing before the taller growing daisies. Height 9 inches. Pkt.,

Shasta Daisy—(Alaska)—Hardy perennial. A bed of these giant white Daisies in full bloom is a sight worth seeing. Flowers measure 3½ inches borne on stems 18 inches long. The numerous long, slender-stemmed white flowers rise most gracefully amid the bed of grace bloomic. Shasta Daisy—(Alaska)—Hardy most gracefully amid the bed of green, blooming all through the spring and summer months. Keep in water for two weeks.

I have at my home plants more than five years old producing hundreds of flowers more than 3 inches in diameter, a veritable snow drift at

blooming time. Blooming period about six weeks. Of the many varieties the Alaska is the best bloomer and hardiest. Blooms first season.

bloomer and hardiest. Blooms first season. Pkt., 18c.
African Daisy, Gurney's Salmon Beauty—
A large-flowering African Daisy of a pleasing, true salmon shade. This is a valuable addition to the list of African Daisies. Pkt., 15c.
Golden Orange Daisy, African—This flower is from South Africa and is the easiest grown of any of the showy border plants. It grows to a height of about fifteen inches and blooms profusely all summer. Seeds planted in blooms profusely all summer. Seeds planted in the open ground in early May were flowering in July and continued until frost came. In our

trial ground it was the most attractive flower of any shown there; the flowers are about two and one-half inches across and the most beautiful golden orange color. We recommend this specially for borders. Pkt., 10c.

Dahlia

Single Mixed—Large single flowers of great artistic appeal. Pkt., 10c.
The New Cactus—One of the finest flowers of late introduction and where known is rapidly taking the place of the old standard Dahlias Flowers are quilled and curved, resembling Chrysanthemuns; grown on long stems, which makes them especially valuable for cut flowers. Our seed is all saved from the newest and most perfect varieties. Pkt., 15c.

Escholtzia California Poppy

Burbank's Crimson Flowering-This was raised by selection for nine years from one of our common California "Poppies," which showed a thread of crimson on the inside of one of the petals. The plants grow about one foot high and a foot or more across. Pkt., 10c.

Golden West—A grand strain of the well known favorite California Poppies. The flowers have large, overlapping petals, which are often delicately waved at the edges, showing beautiful and varied forms. The color is an intense shiring yellow, with an orange blotch. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c. Lovely Pink—Exquisite shade of pink. Pkt.,

Four O'Clock, Marvel of Peru A handsome, free-flowering half-hardy peren-

nial, blooming the first season from seed. The flowers, which are produced in clusters, open in the afternoon and wither the next morning. They can be kept like Dahlias. Our mixture contains a fine variety of colors. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb.,

Gurney's Giant Scarlet—A mass of red flowers blooming over a long period. A row of these in the flower garden produces almost a startling effect during the late afternoon and evening. Pkt.

Forget-me-not

Blue-This charming little bluc flower succeeds best in damp, shady situations, but will thrive in almost any soil. Victoria Blue which we offer is largest flowering, blooms longest of any. Pkt., 10c. Grandiflora Rosea—Pink. Pkt., 10c.

(Chinese Forget-me-not)

An annual recently introduced from China; of An annual recently introduced from Clinia; of the easiest culture, forming strong plants 18 to 24 inches high and producing through the summer months sprays of intense blue Forget-menot like flowers, delicately sweet scented. A splendid addition to the comparatively short list of real blue flowers. Pkt., 10c.



Shasta Daisy, Alaska

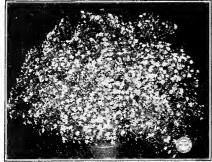
Gypsophila, or Babies' Breath

Annual-The flowers are small, star-like and Annual—The nowers are small, stat-like and borne on feathery sprays, which are highly esteemed for cut flowers, as they lend a most graceful effect when combined with Sweet Peas or Nasturtiums in bouquets. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

Perennial (Single)—White flowers fine for bouquets; favorite hardy perennials, blooms first

year 2 feet. Pkt., 10c.

Perennial Double Gypsophila—One of the most important hardy perennials of recent introduction. The plant grows from 3 to 3½ feet high, bearing its pretty little double white flowers in much-branched panicles which, when cut, can be used to great advantage with other flowers or by themselves as they retain their beauty for months. Pkt., 20c.

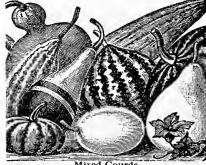


Gypsophila Geranium

(Pelargonium)—When properly grown, the constant succession of bloom until frost comes, the brilliant colors of the flowers and the exquisite zone or horseshoe markings of the leaves of some of the varieties, render the Geranium very desirable for pot culture as well as for bedding out of doors and for growing in window boxes. Sow in a pot or box in the house in rather light soil, preferably containing a little leaf mold and sand. Keep as near 65° F, as possible. Water moderately, and as soon as the third leaf appears, pot in two-inch pots. Plunge the pots or set in open border, and on approach of frost remove to cover.

remove to cover

Mixed (Zonale)—The seed we offer will produce a large percentage of double flowers in many beautiful shades. Pkt., 15c.



Mixed Gourds Gourds

Gourds—A tribe of climbers, with curiously shaped fruit in various colors. Being of rapid growth, they are fine to cover old fences, trellises, stumps, etc. Do not plant the seed till the danger of frost is over, and select rich mellow ground. Tender annual climbers, 10 to 20 feet. Fine mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Nest Egg Gourd—Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.
Dish-Cloth or Luffia—The inside lining makes a sponge, very useful. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.



Gaillardia Gaillardia

Blanket Flower (Perennial)—Finest single mixed. The flowers are greatly admired for their rich blending of colors. They thrive well anywhere. Large single flowers in red, scarlet, yellow and orange. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

New Double Gaillardia (Annual)—Large bright-colored double flowers, useful for cutting. The colors embrace Sulfur, Golden, Yellow, Orange, Amaranth, and Claret. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

Ornamental Grasses

The ornamental Grasses serve the double purpose of rendering the mixed flower-bod or border attractive during the summer and for the use of attractive during the summer and for the use of the spikes or panicles in a dried state in winter bouquets. For large beds or groups on lawns nothing gives a finer effect, and they are now largely used in prominent position in many of the finest public parks, etc. The following are the most popular varieties.

Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass)—In great demand for grass bouquets. Pkt., 5c.

Coix Lachrymae (Job's Tears)—Broad, corn-like leaves and hard, shining pearly seeds annual. Pkt., 10c. oz., 25c.

Eulalia Zebrina (Zebra Grass)—Light green, barred with creamy white. Variegation runs across foliage. Pkt., 10c.

Eulalia Zebrina (Zebra Grass)—Light green, barred with creamy white. Variegation runs across foliage. Pkt., 10c.

Gynerlum Argenteum (Pampas Grass)—White silvery plumes; perennial; blooms the second season. Pkt., 10c.

Zea, Maize Japonica—A dwarf growing, fine leaved, white and green striped corn, resembling the old ribbon grass, but more beautiful and should be used liberally in the flower garden or with the ornamental grasses. This is a very attractive plant; grows anywhere. Pkt., 10c. 1 pkg. of each above Grasses, 30c.

Godetia

These wonderfully beautiful annuals have been developed and improved so rapidly within the last few years that you would hardly recognize them comparing them with those of previous introduction. These new plants and flowers resemble the high priced imported Azalea, but, unlike ble the high priced imported Azalea, but, unlike the Azalea, continue to bloom for a number of months in succession. They are compact, pyramidal, and globe shaped plants covered with beautiful flowers of varied colors, the flowers measuring about two to three inches across. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.

Geum (Avens)

Beautiful hardy perennial, bearing profusely large, showy double dark-crimson flowers all through the summer; an elegant flower for bouquets: 18 inches.

Mrs. Bradshaw. Large double brilliant orange scarlet; in flower the entire summer. Pkt., 15c.

Everlasting or Eternal Flower Helichrysum

Mixed—These are of the most beautiful colors: pink, white, red, yellow, lavender. They bloom on good, strong stocks, standing 3 to 4 feet high and are as beautiful as any of the annuals you can have. Cutting these just as the buds commence to open, they retain their delicate colors perfectly and remain beautiful for several years. These are the genuine everlasting flowers. Plant liberally of these. Cut large quantities of the just opening buds and retain them for the holidays and for special occasions. Add a few green fern leaves or Plumosus fronds and you will have most beautiful bouquets for all occasions. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c.

Fireball—A beautiful flower glistening in the sunshine like a burning coal. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz.,

Silver Globe—This is a variation from the white eternal flower as it has a grayish shiny cast of silver; a wonderful bloomer holding its color indefinitely. Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 35c.



Helichrysum or Everlasting Flower

Hibiscus or Mallow (Perennial)

Shrub-like plants growing from four to six feet high and bearing bright colored flowers varying from three to five inches in diameter. Perfectly hardy and therefore excellent for mass planting with shrubbery. A fine background for any garden. Pkt., 10c.

Heliotrope

Highly valued for the fragrance of their flowers and duration of bloom. Tender perennial, one foot. Easily grown from seed; blooming the first summer if sown early.

Lemoine's Giant Hybrid—Choice mixed.

Pkt., 15c.

Hunnemannia

(Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy, or Bush Eschscholtzia)

Fumariaefolia- This is by far the best of the Fumariaefolia— This is by far the best of the poppy family for cutting, remaining in good condition for several days. Seed sown early in May will, by the middle of July, produce plants covered with their large buttercup-yellow poppylike blossoms and never out of flower until hard frost. The plants grow about 2 feet high, are quite bushy, with beautiful feathery glaucous foliage. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Kochia, or Summer Cypress

An easily grown annual about 3 feet high. Throughout the summer it is a beautiful green, but turns to a bright red in autumn. It is of perfectly rounded form, with very fine foliage and stems. Is used for ornamental exhibits or borders. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c.

Hollyhock Double "Imperator"

NOT since we introduced the now popular variety Exquisite has such a striking departure from the type been made, as in this splendid new Hollyhock, which arrests the attention of the beholder as something entirely original. Rising to a stately height it bears flowers 5½ to 6½ inches across, consisting of wide outer petals elegantly frilled and deeply fringed, in the centre of which appears a very double rosette about 2 inches across, the whole suggesting a crested Begonia on a giant scale. The colouring includes various tints of great beauty, such as cerise salmon with centre of cream reflecting rose; delicate pink with centre of rose flushed yellow; light yellow flushed rose with canary yellow centre. But there are many other charming combinations of different tints. The plant branches from the base, forming a majestic clump and the lateral stems can be utilized in vases for decorative purposes. This splendid new Hollyhock can be relied on to come quite 80 per cent true from seed. Mixed pkt., 20c.

Hollyhock Perennial

Mammoth Fringed Hollyhock, Allegheny The flowers of this grand variety are from 4 to

Mammoth Fringed Hollyhock, Allegheny—The flowers of this grand variety are from 4 to 6 inches across, single, finely fringed and curled. Colors, shell pink, rose, and ruby red, crimson and maroon. The blooming season is from June until frost. Choice mixed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

Double Mixed—The stateliest of all flowers growing to a height of six feet and taller and covered with large, brilliant colored flowers in various forms. We have improved this old garden favorite until they are the highest and best type yet developed. Colors ranging from white and apricot, rose, cerise and crimson, to the darker shades of wine, maroon, and black. Our strains will surely please you. Every garden should have some of these majestic flowers. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

Gurney's Bright Red Double—Many people wish to grow hollyhocks of straight varieties for particular purposes. The seeds of these straight varieties are saved from the finest double flowers and will give you satisfactory results. Pkt., 10c.

Gurney's Yellow Double—Produces plants from 6 to 8 feet tall, covered nearly from the ground to tip with monstrous yellow flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Hyacinth Rean

Hyacinth Bean

(Dolichos Lablar)—This photograph is taken at the South Dakota Hospital for the Insane. It shows one of the men's buildings with the beautiful Hyacinth Bean nearly covering the front of it. Makes one of the most desirable climbing vines grows rapidly produces clusters. front of it. Makes one of the most desirable climbing vines, grows rapidly, produces clusters of beautiful flowers and then covers itself with the bright pods. I want to say that all of the buildings at the Hospital are as well cared for and made just as beautiful as this one. The grounds are kept equally well and the whole institution is a credit to the United States.

Splendid climbers with abundant clustered spikes of purple and white flowers. It is of rapid growth and often runs 30 feet in a season. Height, 10 to 20 feet. Tender annual. Pkt., 10c; 0z., 25c.

oz., 25c.

Ice Plant

Handsome plant for baskets, rock work, vases and edgings. Leaves and stems appear as though covered with ice crystals; easily grown. Pkt., 10c.

Iris (Flowering Flag) Perennial

Kaempferi (Japanese Iris)-The seeds we Machipleti (Japanese Ins)—The seems we offer have been saved from our own unrivalled collection, and should produce only varieties of the highest merit. Blooms the second year from seed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

Japanese Kudzu Vine Perennial

The most remarkable climbing vine of the age and should be planted by everyone for dense shade of porches, arbors, or places where you wish to screen outbuildings. It comes from Japan, the land of the flowers and of the most curious vegetable productions. The blossoms are large and borne in pinnacles like Wistaria, much larger in size and better clusters. Color, purple; blossoms very freely and early. It requires but little care and its hardy nature commends it to all. Large pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

Japanese Variegated Hop

Where an attractive climber is desired that Where an attractive climber is desired that will stand rough usage there is nothing better. The leaves are strikingly variegated; the first color is bright deep green, distinctly marked and blotched with silvery white tinged with yellow; now and then a leaf will be almost snowy white, and another one, almost pure green. A strong grower—20 to 30 feet in a few weeks' time; not injured by heat or insects. Sow early in May. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c.

Japanese Flower Garden

For several years we have been trying to secure from Japan a satisfactory collection of their wonderful flower seeds for planting in lawns and borders. We have secured it this year and believe that everyone ordering flower seed should include at least a package of this. It can be planted with lawn grass or in beds by itself. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c.

Linaria

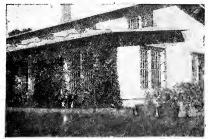
Gurney's Perennial Yellow—This is a very fine perennial, easily grown from seed, and is undoubtedly the best yellow perennial that can be grown for general use. It is hardy and can be used where medium height is needed in rock garden work. The flowers resemble large golden yellow snapdragons, borne on stems averaging three feet. The foliage is rather attractive and has a silvery medium-sized leaf. Pkt., 15c.

Lobelia Crystal Palace

A most excellent and useful plant for bedding. Compact, erect growth, flowers deep blue. Seed should be covered lightly. Pkt., 10c.

Lupinus

Hartwegii Rose—Charming free-flowering, easily grown annuals with 12 inch long, graceful spikes of rich and varied pea-shaped flowers valuable alike for massing, borders, beds, and for cutting. 18 to 36 inches high and prefers a somewhat shaded position. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c.



Hyacinth Bean

Deep Blue Texas Lupin—Loveliest spikes of deepest sea blue flowers, delicate fragrance, easily grown and very satisfactory. Pkt., 10c.

Lychnis Perennial

Chalcedonia, or Burning Star—One of the greatest hardy perennials, which grow and bloom year after year, requiring no protection and easily started. Color, brilliant scarlet. Pkt., 10c.

Larkspur, or Delphinium Annual Varieties

The branching variety grows two feet high, and should stand eighteen inches apart. The annual varieties are very free bloomers and produce varieties are very free bloomers and produce large spikes of flowers, white, pink, rose, light blue, dark blue and violet. In some varieties the flowers are double, in others single. The beautiful plume-like foliage is very ornamental.

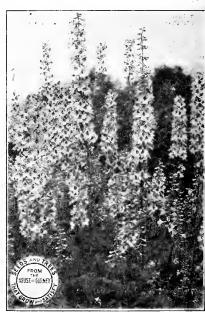
Double Rocket—One foot in height, mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

Exquisite Pink—A much wanted color in the splendid Double Stock-flowered type of a soft yet bright rose-pink color that makes a charming and effective bunch when cut and equally as effective in the garden. Pkt., 15c; ¼ oz., 50c.

Delphinium True Perennial Larkspur

Delphinium — Hardy Larkspur — Bloom freely the first year from seed. In our trial grounds, these are the most showy of any of the flowers for the longest period during the first season. The flowers vary in shade from light lavender to the deepest blue. They are borne on spikes eighteen inches to three feet high and are excellent cut flowers. The advantage of this hardy Delphinium is that when you plant them you have them for several years. They come up and bloom early in the spring. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c. 3 pkts., 25c.

Cardinale—This is the grand Southern Scarlet Larkspur, one of the brightest and finest of California's wild flowers. Height; 3 to 5 feet. Pkt., 15c.



Perennial Larkspur

Perennial Flax

Linum Perenne Sibiricum—A rich blue-flowered, Flax. The attractive flowers last only a day, but they are borne continuously from July on, 15 inches tall. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c.

Linum or Scarlet Flax

One of the most showy annuals for flower beds and masses. Brilliant crimson-scarlet flowers, 1 inch across, borne in wonderful profusion. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

Lily of the Valley

Very small and sweet and dainty; the creany white escalloped bells pendant along slender stems. They make up (with their broad shiny leaves) into dainty bouquets of fragrance. They spread actively from the roots and soon reclaim shaded, cold ground which otherwise would be cheerless and barren. Pkt., 15c.

Moon Flowers—Ipomea

Tender annuals of rapid growth, with beautiful and varied flowers; for covering old walls, trellises, arbors or stumps of trees they are invaluable; 15 to 20 feet.

Heavenly Blue-Flowers, 4 to 5 inches across in large clusters produced in such abundance as to nearly hide the foliage; color a beautiful sky blue. Pkt., 15c.
Mixed, including blue, red and white. Pkt.,

10c; oz., 30c.

Tall Morning Glories

Fine Mixed—A great variety of colors of the popular old-fashioned Morning Glory. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Imperial Morning Glory, Fancy Fringe— Exceptionally large flowers, beautifully fringed and ruffled, contains all, and many more, colors than the ordinary Morning Glory. Pkt., 10c.

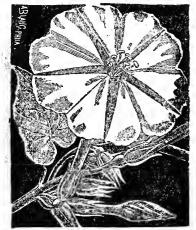
Mignonette

Seeds of Mignonette may be sown at any season, so that a succession of flowers can be secured. Seeds sown early in the garden will give flowers through the summer. Very few cultivate the sweet Mignonette compared with the many that might show their love for this sweet little flower. Annual. Sweet—Well-known, fragrant. Pkt., 10c;

oz., 30c.

Mourning Bride Scabiosa

Scabiosa or Sweet Scabious-An old-fashioned but most attractive flower. Its great abundance and long succession of richly colored, fragrant blossoms on long stems make it one of the most useful decorative plants of the garden. Desirable for cutting as well as for beds and borders. Flower heads about two inches across;



Morning Glory

florets double, surrounding the thimble-shaped cone, and giving a fancied resemblance to a pincushion.

Seed may be sown in place as soon as ground can be worked; or for earlier blooming sow in hotbed early in spring and transplant one and one-half feet apart. Hardy annual; about two to

one-half feet high. Pkt., 10c.

Peach Blossom—A new, very large, double flowering variety of a soft peach-blossom pink. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

Marigold

The African Marigolds are valuable for their flowers in autumn, and can be grown to advantage in the little clumps with other plants in the front of shrubbery or in the garden border. The African varieties are the taller in growth, and produce large, self-colored blossoms. They succeed best in a light soil, with full exposure to the sun. Annual.

African Marigolds-Mixed varieties. Pkt.,

10c; oz., 40c. Marigold Golden Ball—Brightest golden yeilow flowers outcurved forming a perfect ball. One of the most satisfactory and easily grown annuals. Pkt., 10c.

Dwarf Double French Gold Striped—Few

Dwarf Double French Gold Striped—Few annuals are so effective as the French Marigolds or flower for so long a period. Seed may be sown in the open ground when the weather becomes warm, preferably in light soil and a sunny location. They form dense bushes not over one foot high, which are covered with richly colored flowers from July till frost. They are unequaled so a bender to taller plants or in solid beds.

as a border to taller plants or in solid beds. Very double golden-yellow, each petal striped with rich mahogany-red. Pkt., 10c.



Dwarf Nasturtium Dwarf or Tom Thumb Nasturtiums

These are dwarf, compact, rounded growth, and like all Tom Thumbs, succeed on light, well-drained soil, or in slightly raised beds. The Tom Thumb Nasturtiums are much freer bloomers than any of the other varieties and are excellent for border plants.

King Theodore-Dark foliage and flowers of a rich, vel 1/4 lb., 40c. velvety crimson. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;

Chameleon-It is unique in bearing flowers of quite distinct colorings on one and the same plant. It is one of the most brilliant and showy of all the dwarf nasturtiums. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

Vesuvius—Flowers very large, finely formed and the broad petals are salmon rose, heavily veined with salmon orange. Foliage dark green. Very beautiful. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 60c. Tom Thumb Mlxed—This mixture is composed of all of the best Tom Thumbs and is re-

markable both for brilliancy of color and perfection of individual flowers. The low price at which we are offering this seed brings it within the reach of everyone, and it should be planted liberally. Pkt., 5c; oz, 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb.,

Nasturtiums

I inspected the fields of Nasturtiums this summer when they were in full bloom; fields of more than ten acres in one body, a glowing, quivering mass of color. My wife compared it to an immense velvet carpet. It was a wonderful sight and one that will not be forgotten. Small beds of Nasturtiums are equally as beautiful on a smaller scale The Nasturtium is one of the flowers you should plant largely of; the dwarf fellows in the beds and borders and the tall fellows for covering fences, objectionable objects or low buildings.

Tall or Trailing Nasturtiums

These are all of strong, vigorous growth and can be trained upon strings or wires, or for covering fences or trellises.

Golden Leaved Scarlet—This exceptional and odd variety is outstanding among the varieties of Nasturtiums on account of the contrast of the velvety, maroon flowers against the golden yellow foliage. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c;

hundreds of other varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.10.

Nigella

(Love In a Mist.) A compact, free-flowering plant, with finely cut foliage, curious looking flowers and seedpods; of easy culture; growing

in any garden soil; hardy annuals. (Miss Jekyll.)—A lovely variety, with cornflower-blue blossoms; splendid for cutting. 18 inches. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 40c.

Portulaca or Moss Rose

There is scarcely any flower in cultivation that makes such a dazzling display of beauty as a bed of many-hued, brilliant-colored Portulacas. They thrive best in a rather rich light loam or sandy soil, and an exposed sunny situation.

Single Mixed-All colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 30c.

Double Finest Mixed—Flowers perfectly double of the most brilliant scarlet, crimson, rose, white, yellow, etc. Pkt., 10c.



Nasturtiums

PHLOX



Phlox (Annual)

For a splendid mass of colors and a constant display that is not excelled by any other annual, commencing to bloom quite early and continuing until severe freezing. The Phlox colors range from purest white to blood-red or crimson. For masses of separate colors and for cutting for bouquets for vases are unsurpassed. The seed may be planted in the open ground May 1st or in lot-bed or house earlier, and afterwards transplanted to where wanted. Give good, rich ground and set plants 8 to 10 inches each way. Hardy and set plants 8 to 10 inches each way. Hardy annuals; 1 foot.

Phiox Drummondi, Grandiflora—Large flowered section. These are decided improvements over the old class, with much larger flowers, a better range of colors and of more compact growth. Choice mixed, all colors. Pkt., 10c. 14 co. 455. 10c; ½ oz., 45c.

Gurney's Bright Scarlet—You will have a dozen different shades and colors of this dwarf-growing annual but many times you need the pure colors for special purposes and this bright scarlet will meet your greatest expectations. Pkt., 10c.

Gurney's Shell Pink—This dainty colored flower is the best of the Drummondi flowers in its color. Pkt., 10c.

Star-Shaped Phlox-The most interesting of the Pilox family, bearing pretty star-shaped and fringed flowers, rich in colors, varying from violet blue to deep rose and blood-red, margined with white. Starred and fringed; choice mixed. Pkt., 15c.

Hardy Phiox (Perennial)—No class of hardy plants is more desirable than the Perennial Phloxes. They will thrive in any position and be used to advantage in the hardy border in large groups on the lawn, or planted in front of shrub-bery, where, by judicious pinching back and removing faded flowers, a constant succession of bloom may be had until frost. Pkt., 15c.

Pansies

These beautiful, smiling faces may be had from early summer to frost. Easily grown, thrifty, continuously blooming. During the hot weather of August cut them back and insure blooms all fall.

PANSIES

Special Strains of Pansy
Orchid-Flowered—This distinct and beautiful strain will appeal to those who prefer delicate shades and soft tints of coloring. Includes orchid shades of chamois, pink, lilac, rosc, orange and lavender. Pkt., 15c.

Cardinal—This magnificent variety belongs to the Cassier race, having flowers that have a well-defined dark blotch on the three lower petals. Bright cardinal-red, with a rich tone of bright mahogany-red toward the center. Pkt., 15c.

Yellow Gem—Not equalled by any other yellow pansy. Tried in trial grounds against any variety and it is by far the best. Pkt., 15c.

Daybreak—An orchid flowering, gold shammy shaded red. The latest introduction, the peer of all pansfes. Pkt., 20c.

Best Mixed—One of the most interesting classes of flowers grown. A bed of Pansics in bloom always has something new for you in variety of color and marking, every time you visit it. Are in bloom continuously from spring until late fall. The seed may be sown in the hot bed, in boxes in the house or in the open ground. Very best mixed. Pkt., 10c; 14, oz., 40c; oz., \$1.20.

Gurney's Special Blend of Fancy Giant Pansles—The increasing popular demand for the highest class of Pansies leads us to offer you this blend of varieties that cannot be excelled, containing as it does the largest and most beautiful of all of the blotched, fiilled and the smooth, well formed and monstrous Pansies with a range of color, covering all of Pansydom.

well formed and monstrous Pansies with a range of color, covering all of Pansydom.

The texture of these flowers is heavy and velvety. The flowers are borne on large, stiff stems which make them of exceptional value for cut flowers, lasting as they do for many days. They are especially fine for center pieces for tables when used in low dishes with plenty of Pansy foliage.

To secure the best results and the greatest number of flowers, they should be cut continuously from the time they commence blooming. They will then continue until freezing weather and often with a slight covering of straw will continue to bloom nearly through the winter. These varieties are hardy enough to withstand most Winters and commence blooming as soon as the ground is thawed in the Spring, producing an immense quantity of flowers the second year.

The secd of this Special Gurney Blend is nec-

Ine sect of this Special Gurney Blend is necessarily higher priced than the common, but is worth many times the difference. Pkt., 25c; ¼ 0z., 80c; ½ 0z., \$1.50.

Odier or Blotched, mixed—Pkt., 15c.

Trimardeau Glant—These include the best of the German Giant Pansies, ruffled edges and various colors. Pkt., 15c.



Pansy Gurney's Special Blend

Grant Masterpiece—These Pansies are very large and the petals are frilled and ruffled to a greater extent than other kinds. The colors are excellent and the plants of great vigor, holding the immense flowers well up on long strong stems. The petals are often so large and fluted that the flowers appear to be double. Pkt., 20c.

Pyrethrum (Golden Ball) 🚜

This is especially desirable for markings, borders or designs. Grows about six inches high; produces a wonderful quantity of small golden flowers, which makes it extra desirable for borders. ders, etc. Pkt., 10c.



A Field of More Than Ten Acres of Peonies. Those shown prominently in the center are Festiva Maxima

Peony Seed

We gathered a quantity of these seeds, more than we shall need for our own use in the pro-duction of new varieties. Peony seeds, you understand, do not reproduce true to their parunderstand, do not reproduce true to their parents, but produce different varieties of flowers single, semi-double and double. It is really worth while watching them from year to year, and as new varieties are produced in this way, you might secure something better than any of the varieties of today. They are very easily grown and bloom the second year after planting. Pkt., 15c; ½ 0z., 40c; 1 0z., 65c.

Primrose Primula

Primroses are charming plants which blossom freely during the spring and winter. They are of easy culture and should be sown from March to May and again in July to August for a succession of bloom. All make splendid pot plants, and some blossom freely out of doors even during the winter.

Glant Flowered—The beautiful Fringed Chinese and Obconica Grandiflora are large flowered, bloom freely for several months and are of the very best house plants. We offer only the best seed. Pkt., 25c.

Pentstemon (Beard Tongue)

Grandiflora Mixed—Highly useful and attractive perennials in the hardy border. As a bedding plant this takes rank with the Petunia, bright spirit bright spirit branch being a spike of large, Gloxinia-like flowers in a very wide range of bright colors, including rose, red, carmine, cherry, pink, lilac, purple, etc. Pkt., 15c.

Platycodon (Chinese Bell Flower)

Perennial plants with showy flowers. Blooms from spring until early fall. Height, 1 to 2 feet. Finest Mixed—Bluc and white flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Poppies, Annual

This exceedingly showy and easily cultivated class of plants grows and blooms in any ordinary soil, and is among the showiest of all annuals. Sow the seed where the plants are intended to be

Sow the seed where the plants are and color grown.

Mikado—Very distinct in character and color from any other class of Poppies. The flowers are brilliant scarlet and white, with beautifully curved petals like a Japanese Chrysanthemum.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

Double Mixed—Annual varieties. Pkt., 10c;

oz., 20c. Single Mixed—Annual Varieties. Pkt., 10c;

oz., 20c.

Peony Flowered Poppy—These are immense balls as large as the ordinary peony. Colors: Very clear white to flaming searlet. Stand about two and one-half feet high and bloom over a period of about four weeks. A bed of these is one of the most desirable in the annual garden. Pkt., 10c.

American Legion Poppy-Flanders Poppy —All of us have a greater affection for the poppy after reading Lieut.-Col. J. D. McCrae's "In Flanders Fields." For garden cultivation in this country, poppies seem never to have been remarkably popular—possibly because despite their pro-lificacy they are fragile flowers and wilt quickly when cut. Nevertheless, it is the Schoolmaster's when cut. Nevertheless, it is the Schoolmaster's humble guess that the poppy is destined to take a more prominent place in our affection in our gardens—than in past years. The association with the Fields of Flanders would accelerate this popularity. This is the regular Flanders poppy that the boys who were over there saw in the fields. Plant a package of these for the boys who went across. Pkt., 10c.

Poppies—Hardy Perennial Oriental

New Hardy Oriental Red Popples— This new race of Oriental Popples when once planted, continues blooming for several years without further trouble. The flowers often without further trouble. The flowers often measure 6 inches across and are of the most intense brilliant red. Pkt., 15c.

Gurney's Oriflamme—A gorgeous orangescarlet hardy poppy, blossoms for many years without replacing. Flowers will measure 6 to 8 inches across. Pkt., 15c.



Peony Flowered

Iceland Poppies

(Papaver Nudicaule)

Hardy perennials, flower the first year from seed, blooming almost as quickly as the annual sorts. They are of graceful, neat habit, with bright green fernlike foliage, formed in tufts, from which issue slender stalks about 12 inches high, bearing their brilliant flowers in endless profusion. They remain evergreen throughout the winter, coming into bloom early the following spring.

FLOWER SEEDS

New Hybrid Iceland-The latest development in this lovely species, varying in color from sulphur yellow through different shades of orange to chamois and salmony-rose, some of which are very striking. Pkt., 15c.

Petunias

For outdoor decoration few plants are equal to this. They commence flowering early and continuc a mass of bloom throughout the whole season, until late in the fall; easily cultivated.

Single Grandiflora—Choicest mixed seed, saved from show flowers. Very large. Pkt., 10c;

1/4 oz., 45c

Howard's New Star-Each flower shows a large, distinct five-pointed white star on a bright crimson or purplish crimson ground. Late in the fall, when the weather becomes colder, the edges of the white star become feathery with fine lines of rose and crimson, while on other flowers the entire white portion is suffused with soft rose pink. The plants begin to bloom early and flower profusely. Pkt., 15c.

Balcony Petunias

Balcony Queen—This type of single Petunia, although one of the best for general outdoor culture, is used most extensively for balconies, window boxes, hanging baskets, rockeries, etc. This strain begins blooming early in the spring and continues long after the first frost. There seems to be no limit to its ability to flower, as it is one continuous mass of bloom, and the more it is cut the more it blooms. Mixed. Pkt., 15c.



Balcony Petunia

Balcony Blue-Dwarf growing, almost continuously covered with velvety indigo blossoms.

Price, Pkt., 15c.

Gurney's Balcony Crimson—Produces rich,

velvety crimson flowers, that can only be appreciated when you see them. Pkt., 15c.

Dwarf Petunias

For a showy continuous display plant, the Dwarf Pctunia is the most valuable, as it will bloom from mid-summer until frost. It is one of the most salable annuals. The Dwarf variety is particularly fine for beds and borders, growing about fifteen inches tall with a diameter of about eighteen inches.

eighteen inches.

Gurney's Special Mixed—Pkt., 15c.
Gurney's Violet Blue—Dwarf growing, almost continuously covered with velvety indigo blossoms. Pkt., 15c.

Rosy Morn—This is of the new dwarf growing type, producing flowers of a most beautiful shade for the centinuous blooming from each in the

of pink, continuous blooming from early in summer until freezing weather. Pkt., 15c.

King Aiphonse—A crimson bedding petunia. A free bloomer; very striking. Pkt., 15c.

Oueen Anne Lace Flower

"In ye olden days" the Queen Anne lace was the most delicate and beautiful and Nature has done its best to reproduce the delicate figures and beautiful patterns in this flower. The color is a charming, dainty baby blue. Pkt., 10c.

Salvia (Scarlet Sage)

America (Large Flowered)—Under our hot summer sun this "flame-colored" beauty is the most gorgeous of all plants. For months the blaze of flaming scarlet is intensely brilliant with great spikes of bloom, completely concealing the foliage. A single plant will carry as many as 200 spikes of flowers, each teninches long. Pkt., 15c.



Salvia Volcano

Salvia Volcano-Of all varieties of Salvia Salvia Volcano—Or all varieties of Salvia cultivated this is undoubtedly the most satisfactory and finest of them all. It grows about 20 inches high, pyramidal form, and is a mass of extra long racemes of fiery red, trumpet-shaped flowers. It is the earliest Salvia of any. Seed planted in the open ground will bloom by July 1st and continue until frost. The plants may be taken up from the open ground before frost and will bloom continuously in the house through the winter. It is easily arrown from seed and comes winter. It is easily grown from seed and comes true to name. For earlier flowers should be planted in a hot-bed and given same care as cabbage or tomatoes. Do not plant outdoors until danger of frost is over. Pkt. 15c.

Salvia, Perennial Blue—Blooms from September 1

tember to frost. If you know the salvias only by the crimson horror which defaces many a greens-ward, try angentea perennial blue, and learn what a self respecting plant this may be. Pkt., 20c.

Saponaria (Bouncing Bet)

Caucasica flore pleno—(Double-flowering Bouncing Bet)—A hardy perennial sort with white tinted rose, double flowers, produced all summer and fall; 15 inches. Pkt., 10c.

Stocks (Gillyflowers)

The Ten Weeks Stocks are generally cultivated, and bloom from 10 to 12 weeks after being variet, and shoom from 6 to 18 weeks after being sown; they grow from 6 to 18 inches high, each plant forming a perfect bouquet of delightful fragrance. Half-hardy annual.

Double Giant Perfection, Ten Weeks—

Tall, late flowering class. Choice mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c.

Bismarck Rose Stocks—Most of the

Bismarck Rose Stocks—Most of the stocks grow too tall and slender to be valuable in the Northwest gardens. This strain grows about eighteen inches high, branches clear from the ground and produces quantities of blood red flowers with white eyes. If you have been unable to grow stocks previously satisfactorily, this will surely be successful with you. **Pkt.**, **15c**.

Salpiglossis



Salpiglossis

Grandiflora-This has long been one of our Favorite Flowers but has never attained the popularity to which it is entitled. Nature can only plant its colors. It is a splendid half-hardy annu-al, with flowers of a peculiar richness, very deli-cately and beau-tifully penciled. Very effective in the sunlight, which brings out the beautiful tints and vein-ings. Unsurpass-ed for cutting.

After visiting the large flower seed growing farms and comparing one flower with the other, there were a few that were more satisfactory than all the rest, and Salpiglossis is one of the best. Grows about three and one-half feet high, producing flowers nearly as large and about the shape of the Morning Glory, and comes in almost every color that one can imagine, deep blues, purples, crimson, yellow, white, etc. Mixed pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

Scarlet and Gold—This is one of the most beautiful of the bright colored varieties of Salpiglossis, selected from more than fifty varieties. A beautiful scarlet flower with gold markings. Pkt., 15c.

Violet—This flower is like the most beautiful piece of velvet cloth you can imagine. The best of the darker colors. Pkt., 15c.

Sunflower

Helianthus, or Double Sunflower (Annual)-Double Chrysanthemum flowered. This variety grows about 6 feet high, and bears profusely all summer long. The perfectly double flowers are bright yellow and of many different sizes, from 3 to 6 inches in diameter. A row of these across our trial grounds this summer attracted great attention. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

Hardy Perennial Sweet William

The best varieties of Sweet William are of exceedingly beautiful colors, very large and perfect in form with trusses of great size. Treatment as for carnation. The plants are perfectly hardy, and may be increased by division of the roots.

The colors pass from white to pink crimson, carmine and purple, with distinct eye encircled out flowers.

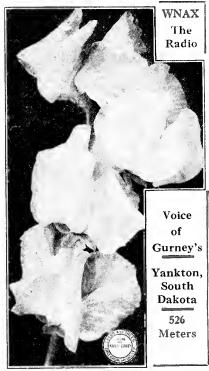
Red Sweet William—An attractive red, scar-let flower. Fine double flowers borne with the greatest freedom during spring and summer.

Dwarf Mixed—These seldom grow over 6 to 8 inches high. Profuse bloomers; excellent for borders or edging. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c.

Schizanthus (Butterfly or Fringe Flower)

This is one of the airiest and daintiest flowers imaginable, especially adapted to bordering beds of taller flowers and those of a heavier growth. The seeds germinate quickly and come into bloom in a few weeks from sowing. The florescence is such as to completely obscure the foliose which the clother a peritable supported. foliage, making the plant a veritable pyramid of the most delicate and charming bloom. The Schizanthus make admirable pot plants for the house in late winter and early spring. For this purpose sow in the autumn. Pkt., 10c.

Sweet Peas for 1931



Snowball Improved

Of all the annual flowers, there are none that Or all the aintial nowers, there are none that have come into popular favor over the entire world and have been improved so much in the last few years as the Sweet Peas, and it is marvelous the wonderful improvement that has heen made in them. From a few ordinary colors of inferior small flowers they have, by careful extension and breeding covered almost these. of interior small flowers they have, by carcul selection and breeding, covered almost the entire range of colors and have produced flowers measuring over 2½ inches across, and from the old-fashioned straight-edge type they have produced the ruffled and the butterfly Sweet Pea. The most easily grown of any of the annuals, blooming from early summer until killed by the them for cutting and few last as well. To bloom to their best, the flowers should be cut every

day, in the evening.

Our Spencer collections have been made up of the best of the new sweet peas ranging in color from a pure white to a dark velvety maroon, soft pinks, bright crimsons, blues and lavenders. Plant these and be sure your sweet peas are the best in your community.

1931—\$1.00 Spencer Collection

12 Packages 1 Crimson King—An exceptionally fine American Sweet Pea and easily the best crimson

in existence. It is a flower of mammoth size and artistic proportions. The standard and wings are much waved and fluted. Color rich crimson.

2 Miss California—Morse. He tells in his description that he waited a long time to find

a Sweet Pea that would justify the name, Miss California, but feels justified in waiting for this wonderful new flower, which is a beautiful and wonderful new nower, which is a beautiful and jourstanding orange salmon cream pink. Samples, were sent to the British National Sweet Pears Society, and this was judged the world's best pink and granted award of merit.

3 Fiery Cross-Has all the appearances of live fire, the color being a scorching fire-red, or scarlet, without any shading and which scintillates and glitters in bright sunshine, thus adding a glowing fire-like sheen, which radiates over the flower. The beautiful waved and fluted flowers are borne freely in threes and fours,

well placed on long, stout stems.

4 The Sultan—A rich black velvety maroon.

5 Jack Cornwell—A very fine dark blue with blooms of enormous size and excellent form.

6 Mermaid—A rich true lavender with a fine blue sheen. The flowers are beautifully waved and quite often the standard is double.

7 Campfire-Morse 1925. It is the brightest scarlet, sun proof Sweet Pea ever offered. It is the last word in bright color and stands out beside all other varieties in this class. The flowers stand the hottest sunshine. In fact, the hotter the sun, the more beautiful the colors. Exceptionally good for cut flower use.

8 Golden Glory—A glorious orange. Won all

of the premiums.

9 Sunset—A beautiful shade of soft rich rose, solitioned a glowing sheen of bright yellow towards the base of the standard and the wings. It is a beautifully frilled large flower of very grace ful habit. The blooms are carried on long stems.

10 Youth—A beautiful, free-flowering picotee variety, the pure white standards and wings are

variety, the pure white standards and wings are distinctly edged with deep pink, very pretty.

11 Snowball Improved—This is by far the finest of all white winter-flowering varieties. The flowers are extra-large, of fine form, with a magnificent and boldly waved standard. A vices of a grower with proving flowers which

a magnificent and boldly waved standard. A vigorous grower with enormous flowers which are invariably borne in fours on very long stems.

12 Hero—is what might be called a brilliant clear cerise. It is more than that because in sunshine or artificial light it appears to be suffused richly with salmon. The flowers are large, nicely waved, and well placed on strong stems.

1931—50c Special Collection

6 Packages
13 King Edward Spencer—Rich crimson, 13 King Edward Spencer—Rich crimson, waved; flowers are large and of fine Spencer form. It is a vigorous grower and a good variety for exhibition and for garden.

14 Commander Godsall—The color is an attractive shade of deep violet-blue. The flowers are large, of heavy substance, and attractively very dear of fluted.

waved and fluted.

15 Apple Blossom Spencer—Immense waved, and crinkled flowers of crimson rose color with creamy blush wings.

16 Guinea Gold—A glowing orange sweet pea shaded with gold. It never fails to attract attention either in the garden or as a cut flower.

17 What Joy—Primrose yellow shading to

18 Pinkle—is a large deep rose pink. It is the result of a cross made for vigor and color,

SWEET PEAS—(Continued)

1931—30c Spencer Collection 3 Packages

19 Mary Pickford—Originated by Morse 1925 who has introduced more good Sweet Pcas than anyone. This is an exceptionally fine one. It is a beautiful light dainty cream pink with just the faintest suffusion of salmon. Very sturdy grower producing well formed flowers, three or four, on long stout stems.

20 Doreen—For a huge bright crimson Sweet

Pea, it is much larger and brighter than any other common varieties, and we anticipate that Doreen will be popular with exhibitors, homegrowers and florists on account of its immense size, bright colors and profusion of four blossom

sprays.

21 Heavenly Biue—A most beautiful soft tone of delphinium-blue, without a trace of violet. Flowers of immense size, four to each stem.

Slngie Pkt		 		15c
Two for		 	. 	25c
One ounce of any	variety	 		. 25c

Mixed Spencers

For those who want to receive larger quantities of sweet peas for the money, will say that our trial ground mixture of Spencers gives the desired results, as they run in practically every color and shade. This is an excellent mixture, much better than usually offered in mixed sweet peas. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 90c; 1 ib., \$1.75.

1931-70c Early Flowering Collection 5 Packages

22 Miss Dakota-In introducing to you this early-flowering Sweet Pea, we have no hesitancy in stating it is the best fiery-scarlet, early-blooming Sweet Pca we have ever offered. This brilliant variety should be in every flower gar-

den. Pkt., 15c.
23 Morse's Early Glant Rose—This rosepink shade has been the commercial grower's money maker for many years, but we realized that the size and stem could be improved upon. We have accomplished this and are offer-

upon. We have accomplished this and are offering you this wonderful new sweet pea for the first time. Pkt., 25c.

24 Early Harmony—The finest clear lavender yet introduced; flowers of largest size and nicely waved. Pkt., 20c.

25 Orange King, Early Flowering—We take pleasure in introducing our new creation EARLY ORANGE KING, a wonderful advance in Early Sweet Peas.

It is a beautiful glowing orange and practically.

It is a beautiful glowing orange and practically sunproof.

It throws fours regularly on long stiff stems. A spray of this grand variety under artificial

light is glorious.

This is indeed the richest and deepest orange colored Early Sweet Peayet introduced. Pkt., 20c. 26 Gurney's Pink Glory—Is a great advance over all other early pinks especially in that it never shows the objectionable bluish cast so frequently noticeable in many other pink varieties.

The blooms are of a most attractive form, bold and with well waved standards and wings in which waviness, together with the exquisite coloring, give the flower great daintiness. The color is a beautiful rose pink very slightly shaded with salmon. This extremely light salmon shading gives more life to the color in the daytime and under artificial light greatly adds to the color effect

Gurney's Pink Glory is of strong growth and entirely free from any coarseness in vine. Under good growing conditions the strong stems will measure 16 to 18 inches long and carry four flowers to a spray. Flowers exhibited at the NewYork Show measured 2 ½ inches across. Pkt. 20c

1931—60c Novelty Collection 4 Packages

27 Early Marine Blue-Is the clearest of all blues either in the late or early class. Both



Early Pal

standard and wings carry this truest blue evenly throughout the entire flower. The size is enormous, being the largest blue in existence, the standard measuring fully 2½ inches across. The flower is bold, nicely spaced on a very strong stem. The plants are most vigorous and most prolific, giving a great abundance of blooms over a long period. This blue will so outclass all of the other blue sweet peas on the market that we feel sure the grower will grow nothing else in the blue sweet pea line. Pkt., 29c.

28 Early Pal-Here is one of the entirely new 28 Early Fall-Hele is one of the entirely few shades—it has the lively scintillant pleasing rich rose crimson Early Sweet Pea which Florists, Commercial Growers and Amateurs have been looking for. Most crimson Sweet Peas, grown under glass, lose brightness of color; and the same has been true of most rose self-colored Sweet Peas

In Early Pal we have developed a combination of rose and crimson which holds the brightness and depth of color. Pkt., 25c.

29 Fluffy Ruffles—A great big flower, vigorous and free blooming—the first of the "Ruffled" Sweet Peas. A new type, duplexed and frilled, with long-stemmed well-proportioned sprays of four almost globular flowers. It exhibits a most consistent doubling and ruffling of petals. Twelve sprays make a more massive bunch than eighteen sprays of an ordinary Spencer Sweet Pea.

A lovely rich rose-pink, a gleam of soft salmon, and a bright creamy undertone blend into a harmonious cream-pink shade of exquisite beauty. It is a flower of exquisite texture and sweet fragrance. The vines make a sturdy growth and bear a profusion of blooms. Pkt., 20c.

30 Early Duplex Pioneer—Early Duplex, Pioneer." The color is rose pink on cream 30 Early Duplex Pioneer—Early Duplex, "Pioneer." The color is rose pink on cream ground. The color is quite uniformly spread over the standard and wings, giving a lovely effect which is greatly added to by the unusual friliness of the flower. The flowers look double and really are double, since often there will be three or four standards; and sometimes the wings are also double.

The vines are quite vigorous and bear a pro-

The vines are quite vigorous and bear a pro-fusion of flowers on long stems. It is quite

common to get four beautifully duplexed flowers

common to get four beautifully duplexed flowers on one stem. Pkt., 25c.

1 Pkt. cach of the Novelty Sweet Peas 90c, value for only 60c.

Cupid, Dwarf or Bedding Mixed

These form a bush of emerald-green foliage a little over a foot wide and six inches high, and from June until late summer are literally a sheet of bloom. Pkt., 19c; oz., 25c.

Lathyrus Latifolius

Perennial Sweet Peas—Hardy vines of robust growth resembling Sweet Peas, but the flowers are not fragrant. Bloom through a long season and are excellent as cut flowers. The plants die down in the fall and start growth from the roots early in the spring. Height, six feet. White, pink and rose. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

Tritoma

Red-Hot Poker, Flame Flower, or Torch Lily Hybrida—The introduction of new, continuous flowering Tritomas has given them a prominent place among hardy bedding plants. It is not generally known that they are readily grown from seed, many flowering the first year if sown early. Of course, for immediate results it will be early. Of course, for immediate results it will be better to get plants, but raising them from seed is highly interesting. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.
Thunbergia

(Black-eyed Susan)

Beautiful, rapid growing, annual climbers preferring a warm, sunny situation; used extensively in hanging baskets, vases, low fences, etc.; very pretty flowers in buff, white, orange, etc., with dark eyes; mixed colors; 4 fcet. Pkt., 19c; 1/2 oz., 50c.

Gurney's Mammoth Verbenas

Not so many years ago we considered as almost perfect any strain of Verbenas the flowers of which could cover a 25 cent piece. By careful selection the individual flowers of our strain now almost covers a 50 cent piece. The trusses are of the largest size; of brilliant colors, free-blooming and of vigorous habit. For best and quickest results seed should be sown early in the house or hotbed, and transplanted to flowering quarters in May. If sown outdoors in May, it blooms from the end of July on. We offer the following

Gurney's Mammoth Golden Oueen

As in Asters, a clear Golden Yellow is very difficult to produce in Verbena, but we have, after several years of close application, succeeded in developing GOLDEN QUEEN. The flowers are of medium size and borne on a vigorous vine that is of an ever-bearing nature. It is one of the earliest of flowers and continues to develop throughout the growing season, making it a very valuable plant for bedding purposes where a good yellow is required. It is the deepest yellow on the market. Pkt., 15c.

Gurney's Mammoth Flowering Red. Pkt., 15c. Gurney's Mammoth Flowering Plnk. Pkt.,

Gurney's Mammoth Flowering Mixed. Pkt., 10c. Verbena-Common Mixed. Large Pkt., 10c;

1/2 oz., 35c.

Vinca (Madagascar Periwinkle)

Ornamental free-blooming plants with bright green shiny foliage and one of the most satisfactory and long-flowering bedding plants we have. It is best to start the seed early indoors or in the hotbed, but can be sown out of doors in May, or as soon as the ground is warm; they may be potted and kept in bloom through the winter; a fine cut flower, every bud opening when placed in water. 12 to 18 inches.

Mixed—Pkt., 10c.

Violet

Sweet Violet—Well known, old fashioned hardy garden violet; prized for their fragrance and pretty blue and white flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Wallflower

Well-known deliciously fragrant half hardy prennials, blooming early in the spring, with spikes of beautiful flowers. In the north they should be protected in a cold frame in the winter and planted out in April. Single Mixed—Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c.

Mixed Flower Garden

This is a combination of all the very best annuals. We recommend this for sowing in beds where you want a quick showing of bright colors that will last until frost comes. Also recommend it highly for mixture with Lawn Grass where making a new lawn. Do not sow in pod, as it will not be satisfactory to you. Sowed on new lawns it gives a fine showing of all the best annuals mixed with green grass. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

ZINNIAS

Few flowers are so easily grown or bloom so abundantly and continuously as this hardy annual. Marvelous improvements have been wrought in the newer strains. During the months of August and September Zinnias are incomparably bright. We recommend them for groups, beds, borders and summer hedges. Sow seed in the open ground early in spring. Height, 1½ to

Giant Flowered Double Zinnias

Giant Flowered Scarlet-A gleaming red.

Pkt., 10c.
Golden Yellow Double Giant—I saw a field Golden Yellow Double Giant—I saw a neid of this variety of nearly ten acres, every plant producing a large number of brightest golden yellow flowers you can imagine, immense in size, and truly a wonderful sight. Most excellent for cut flowers. Pkt., 15c.
Giant Flowered Mixed—A splendid mixture of all of the above and others. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.



Glant Golden Yellow

New Glant Zinnla Picotee-This novelty is the most attractive thing in all the race of Zinnias. The flowers are of the Giant type, each petal distinctly tipped with a darker shade as in Picotee Carnations. They come in a variety of colors: Orange, Flesh, Lemon, Pink and Cerise, each with the peculiar marking. This is an odd yet wonderfully beautiful Zinnia. We offer in mixture only.

Picotee Mixed—Pkt., 15c.
Golden Pheasant Zinnia—Picotee Type. Flowers not quite as large as Double Glant, but very beautiful in appearance, as the edges of the petals are all marked with a distinct color. Golden Pheasant has a gold background tipped with maroon. Flowers about three inches across. Pkt., 15c.

Double Pompon—Flowers small and of good shape; double and of beautiful form; fine for bouquets. Fine mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.

Gracillima (Red Riding Hood)-A beautiful fiery red, free blooming Zinnia. Pkt., 15c.

Dwarf Mixed—Double Dalılia-like flowers, best colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

Gurney's Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

In July, 1924, the Royal Horticultural Society of England granted an "Award of Merit" for the for the strain, and a Gold Medal for the group of Dahlia strain, and a Gold Media for the gloup of Dama Flowered Zinnias exhibited, in the London Show. This official recognition of the strain meant much to its originator, our late president, John Bodger, who had put forth the best efforts of his last years in perfecting this type. In 1925 this, novelty was granted two more awards of merit.

The large size, fullness of petals, extraordinary color range, and good keeping qualities of this flower have all contributed to its popularity. It is easily grown, and keeps well when cut. It is as cashy grown, and keeps well when cut. It is at present immune from disease. Equally good as a garden flower and as a florist's specialty, its popularity should increase with years. It has been truthfully called "A New Flower for the People."

Dahlla Flowered Mixed Zinnia--This is a new type of Zinnia, was introduced in 1919, and is a most wonderful Zinnia, coming in practically all colors and measuring as much as nine inches across. All colors mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c.

Oriole—We consider this the most beautiful of its class. It is an immense orange and gold bicolor, changing as it ages, but at all times worthy of the beautiful bird for which it is named. Pkt., 15c.

Crimson Monarch—By far the largest and best of the red shades. Flowers often eight inches in diameter. Plants very vigorous. A marvelous production of extraordinary merit. Pkt., 15c.

GURNEY CUSTOMERS SAY WHAT

Wyndmere, N. Dak. Jan. 24-28, 1930. I heard a good talk over the air by Gurney's,

telling about agents going through the country selling nursery stock, where the agent got half and more of what they sold. Today I got your catalogue and I got the order

I gave to the agent of another nursery, and got busy and looked up my order in your catalogue and I found out the \$52.75 order came to \$20.40

at Gurney's.

Now, Mr. Gurney, this made me hot under the collar. And I want to know if I am asking too much of you if I ask you to make out an order copied off the inclosed nursery order on your own order blank, and state your price delivered at

Wyndmere.

Now this order came last fall, after I asked them to ship in the spring, on account of being short on money last fall. They made a mistake and shipped, so I told the agent I couldn't pay it now; so I gave him a note for \$52.75, to be paid in April, 1929.

Now after several months I find I have been beat. Can I do anything or will I have to pay this note face value?

Please answer this letter and oblige

We are all listeners in on your station and we enjoy it fine. Here are our best wishes to all the men and women of your station, WNAX

(Signed) Max A. Jensen and Family. P.S. A year ago I got 300 Russian Olives and 100 Mule Trees or Dakota Poplar and it cost me \$46.00. (Gurney's price \$23.00.)

6443 W. 28th St., Berwyn, Ill. Sept. 23, 1930. Enclosed find refund check for \$1.30 for which please send me the ten bushes of Red Leafed Barberries you could not supply in the spring.

I am also enclosing two pictures of Bashful Giant Dahlia I bought from you in the early spring. Despite the dry weather we have had the blossoms measured 10½ inches across. They were the most beautiful flowers I have ever seen. And all who saw them admired them

seen. And all who saw them admired them.
Kindly return the pictures, please.
Hoping you will send the barberries at once.
(Signed) Mrs. Vera Martinek.

ardwick, Minn. Sept. 27, 1930.
I am sending you some pictures I thought Hardwick, Minn.

perhaps you would want for the new catalog. They are the pictures of my flower garden. The one of the house is a little dark as the sun was not bright enough but what I wanted to say, it was painted with sunshine paint a year ago last June and looks now like it had just been painted, so that is saying a good word for your sunshine so that is saying a good word for your suisaine paint. If the picture is all right you might put it with the paint letters in your catalog.

Tell Dutch I want a dedication Monday at 5:30 for my birthday, Sept. 29.

(Signed) Mrs. Charles Meints.

Friend, Nebr. May 17, 1930. Last fall when you announced your Tulip Bulb Special over the radio, we ordered a hundred bulbs from you and these bulbs have done wonderfully well and are the admiration of everyone who sees them.

If you issue a bulb book, will you please send me a copy. Also, give me the names of the three kinds that were in your collection last fall, and oblige.

Trusting you will let me hear from you promptly about the bulbs, I am. (Signed) Mr. A. H. Frantz, Cashier The First National Bank.

Sept. 21, 1930. 3932 Pflanz Ave., Louisville, Ky.

I am inclosing an order for some trees and roots. My selection was made from a 1929 catalogue. If your prices for 1930 are higher than the amounts I send, notify me and I will send the difference.

My mother bought a Waneta Plum Tree from you several years ago, and we have shown the

plums at the Kentucky State Fair seven times and only failed once to get a prize on them.

This year I left the plums on the tree until September 8, then gathered them and showed them at Fair and won the blue ribbon on them (First Prize).

The Waneta certainly is a fine plum. (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Conway.

Aug. 11, 1930.

R. F. D. 7, Bx. 16., Sparta, Wis.

You may be interested to know the results of the nursery stock obtained this spring from The House of Gurney.

Of the (100) Mastodon Strawberry Plants, only one died. They were far better than our own. As I kept the blossoms off until after July, they are only starting to bear now.

of all everbearing strawberries, you may call the Mastodon the "King of Kings," for size, quality and quantity of fruit, and vigor of plants. As dry as the weather the Mastodon is also a good plant getter.

We have the Mastodon besides two other kinds of courbeauge attrapheries. The Progressive

of everbearing strawberries. The Progressive and a kind known as "Lindy." The "Lindy" has a large and well flavored berry also. The "Lindy"

a large and well flavored berry also. The "Lindy" has the same season as the Mastodon.

The Red Gold are looking and running well.

Not over three or four plants died.

There couldn't be better raspberry plants purchased at \$1.00 each than the "Ohta" purchased from the House of Gurney. They were Star A Star quality. Don't believe I lost over five of the 105 plants. Have picked at least five pints to date: and the herries are just 43. five pints to date; and the berries are just as represented. The way they are shooting new cane, and if they are everbearing as stated, I

should get from 2 to 3 quarts per picking. Should the new cane be topped, and at what height?

A satisfied customer is your best advertisement.

Will write again later. A Satisfied Customer.

(Signed) Fred W. Barker. P. S. You have permission to use all or part for advertising purposes. Per (F. W. B.)

Send Your Furs to Trapper Bill—See Page 127

MODERN METHODS OF SEED CLEANING

An up-to-the-minute modern seedsman takes more pride in turning out to his customers seeds that are absolutely best than any other person in any other business. You see, there is so much depending on good seed, free from weeds, and the seedsman sees so many seeds sold to people, generally coming direct from the thresher full of foul seed, dirt, etc., for which the people are paying good money and getting very little of anything but grief in return. He gets to be such a crank on the subject that when a man comes along with a model of some other machine that might be better than anything he has now, or will do some work that some of the machines will not do, it is a very easy matter to secure an order at a price that would make the price of a Ford car look like the Fourth of July or Christmas spending money. I suppose nearly every reader of this catalog has bought some seed of his neighbors. Ninety-nine times out of a hundred he did not even have an old-fashioned fanning mill with which to clean it, but sold it to you at practically the same price that you could secure strictly firstclass seed from the seedsman. If your seed had been recleaned, you would have found the price at least 50 per cent higher or that you were buying 50 per cent poor seed, weeds, dirt, etc. I am just going to take you through a modern seed house, our own, in this little talk. We are going to let you come upon our own track in, we will say, a carload of western South Dakota grown alfalfa seed. It is "spotted" at one of the unloading doors and cleaning commences.

The first operation is to start an electric motor. The motor which we will start first is the one operating one of the No. 29D Clipper Cleaners. The hourly capacity of this Mill is from 65 to 100 bushels alfalfa seed. The seed passes over four different screens, and the air blast, and is divided into five different The Clipper machines are located in the basement of our cleaning houses. All of these different grades of seed are elevated to various floors in the warehouse, weighed carefully and sampled. This first operation over, the Clipper Mill has disposed of all the dust and the dirt, the straw and chaff, all small and light weed and broken alfalfa seed, and the five divisions that we have made are now taken to various machines, determined by the expert who is operating them, and cleaned again.

We will suppose that one of these divisions contained quite a large quantity of Russian thistle. It would then be taken to what we call the Rice Machine. The purpose of the machine was to take buckhorn out of clover seed. We call it a fanning mill without fans, wind or screens. It is nothing more nor less than

STATE SEED LAWS

All Alfalfa seed sold by us is guaranteed to comply with your State Seed Law. We advise that you have it tested and if for any reason it does not comply, return it to us, and your money will be returned to you.

twenty combined machines, all operating on endless canvas around metal rollers. The method of separation is for the thistle seed to stick to the canvas and be carried over and brushed off. The good alfalfa seed is smooth, shiny and works its way down beside the roller until it discharges at the lower end, generally perfectly cleaned, absolutely free from any weed seed with a rough surface.

This machine will take out of any smooth surfaced all rough surfaced seed. It will separate only a very few bags per After this separation is made samples are again taken and examined and if found to be perfectly free from weed or injurious seed of any kind, trash or otherwise, it is then run over the Specific-Gravity or human machine. The foreman of this department says it will hand pick and sort by color, refuses to work if improperly fed, refuses to do a bad job under any consideration, will work for man or boy and works overtime without a kick; in fact, it is a model hired man. It works on all kinds of seeds, will clean Bromus or Parsnip, the lightest seed, and handles Beans, Peas and Corn equally well. Is it not better to plant seed of quality? Seed properly graded by size, weight and shape. The growth is more even, produces better vields and this means more dollars per acre to you, and dollars per acre are the goal for which we are striving when we sow and reap.

Specific Gravity Machine—This is rather a complicated fellow—lots of spouts, each one of them turning out a different grade of seed, and it is more than human in the separation of the different grades of seeds. After the seed has passed over this machine samples are taken and tested for both purity and germination, and an additional sample is taken at this time to be planted in the trial grounds at the next planting time to determine whether or not this seed was true to type. This last applies more to garden than to grass or alfalfa seeds. We have in our trial grounds each season more than four thousand twelve-foot

rows, each row representing a lot of seed that has gone through our warehouse. Some seed may come into the warehouse with a greater amount of moisture than it should have and this is determined by a

Hess Moisture Tester—This machine will show in just a few minutes the exact percentage of moisture contained in any seed or grain.

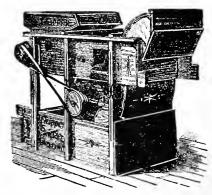
If it shows a larger percentage of moisture than is desirable it is then run over the big

Hess Dryer—This machine has a capacity of a good many hundred bushels every ten hours. Operates a three-foot fan six hundred and fifty revolutions per minute. This fan draws the air over a steam coil, temperature one hundred and ten to one hundred twenty degrees. This forces this warm air through the grain or seed at a violent speed, driving the moisture from the grain quite rapidly. After passing over the dryer the samples are then taken and tested in the

Sho-Gro seed tester, where the exact germination is made and recorded. If the seed placed in the Sho-Gro germinator should be of alfalfa, clover, sweet clover, or any of the hard-shelled seeds, failed to germinate up to standard, that lot of seed is then taken and put over the

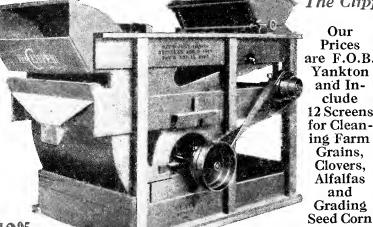
Scarifying Machine—Its purpose is to scratch or scarify the outside hard hull or the waterproof hull so that the moisture can get into the meat of the seed and cause germination. You understand that sweet clover especially requires this scarifying if you want it to germinate the same year you plant it. Sweet Clover seed of the very best grade will often germinate as low as fifteen or twenty per cent if taken right from the thresher and planted.

THE PRICES IN THIS CATA-LOGUE INCLUDE BAGS, BOXES OR ANY OTHER CONTAINERS.



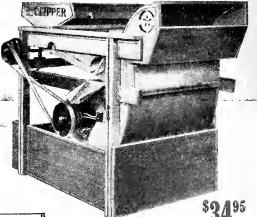
Clipper Mill

CLIPPER FARM GRAIN AND SEED CLEANERS



The Clipper Will Solve Your Cleaning Problems for You

Our **Prices** are F.O.B. Yankton and Include 12 Screens for Cleaning Farm Grains, Clovers, Alfalfas and Grading



CAPA	CITY

Wheat and other Grains. 25	Bu Per Hour
Clover and other Seeds 15	Bu Per Hour
Size of Screens.	25x221/a inches
Shipping weight	210 lbs.
Length of Mill.	4 ft 8 in
Width of Mill	2 ft. 8 in.
Height of Mill	3 ft. 8 in.

Clipper Mills Are the Best

Clipper Mills Are the Best

Clipper Cleaners are guaranteed to be first class in every respect. They are built on correct mechanical modes are built on correct mechanical modes. They are built on correct mechanical modes are built on correct mechanical modes. They are built on correct mechanical modes are built on correct mechanical modes. They are built on correct mechanical modes are built on the best materials. They are built on correct mechanical modes are built on the best outfit of screens ever sent out with a farm mill. Our perforated zinc screens are graduated in 64ths of an inch in both round and oblong holes. Our woven wire screens are made of plated wire with the meshes uniform and true to count. The zinc screens will not rust and our plated wire screens will not rust and our plated wire screens will not rust and our plated wire screens will not make separations based on difference in weight that ean be made on no other Mill, and in no other manner. This operation is made possible through the Vertical Air Blast. This is a feature that no other cleaner has, and it makes possible some very difficult separations that can be made in no other way. For instance, when cleaning seed wheat, if the blast is properly regulated and the mill turned just fast enough, all the light shrunken kernels can be blown out or separated, leaving only the largest, heaviest, plumpest grain which is the choicest kind of seed. The Clipper weighs every seed and kernel, rejecting the light and worthless seed. The relips and "pin Oats" leaving heavy weight, grade seed. The Clipper weighs every seed and kernel, rejecting the light and worthless seed. I has no equal at any price. It is well made, nicely finished, light running and very efficient in its work Every Mill is guaranteed to excel all other seed and grain cleaners on the market. We guarantee it to grade, clean, or separate any grain or seed that is not impossible to separate. It is one of the best mills for grading seed corn that you can secure and each mill is equipped wi

THE CLIPPER.

Sectional View of Clipper Hand Power Cleaner Showing Vertical Air Shaft, Dust Hood and Grain Box, which are Special Features of CLIPPER
They have stood the test of time and have proven their nerits throughout the universe. Follow the example set by others and start this next year right by planting clean and graded seed and by getting higher prices at the markets for clean grain.

FIG. 1—Shoe, with two receiving grooves for screens. The screens are securely held in place by a compressing rod.

If G. 2—Straw Spout, for carrying off particles, straw, etc., etc.

straw, etc., etc.
FIG. 3—Screening Spout, for removing sand finc weeds, ctc. It is opened by pulling out side, above spout.

OUR GUARANTEE

We absolutely guarantee these Clipper Mills to do satisfactory work or you may return them at our expense for a refund of your money. In other words, when you have given the Clipper Cleaner a trial, if you are not satisfied with it in every way, you may return it to us and we pay the freight both ways and refund your money besides. Although we have sold many carloads of these Clippers under this guarantee of satisfaction, we have had less than ten returned to us in eleven years, and those because we were not given a chance to give a few simple instructions for its operation. You cannot help but be satisfied with these eleaners as they are so easy and convenient to operate. Every step in their design has been governe. Every step in their design has been governed arrongement of sections of the convenient of the c

Wheat and other Grains.
Clover and other Seeds
Size of Screens.
Slipping weight
Length of Mill
Width of Mill
Height of Mill .20 Bu. Per Hour .10 Bu. Per Hour .19x22½ inches185 lbs. .4 ft. 8 in. .2 ft. 2 in. .3 ft. 0 in.

CAPACITY

FIG. 4—Vertical Air Shaft, through which the draft passes upward, carrying off chaft, dust, ctc., through Dust Hood (see Fig. 6). The perfect grain and seed fall and pass out at Fig. 5, into the Grain Box, which will hold 5 bushels. It has a Lifting Board at the end, which allows the contents to be easily scooped into sacks. Our Grain box prevents waste, makes sweeping floors unnecessary, and also furnishes convenient storage for screens and all detachable parts of the machine, when not in use. FIG. 6—Dust Hood, through which chaff, dust and worthless matter are discharged. All light, imperfect and foreign grain and seeds are discharged at opening (see Fig. 7). FIG. 8—Fan.with iron arms, fitted on turned steel shafting, equipped with Cone Pulley This allows changing the speed of the Fan which is necessary to properly elean grain and seeds of varying weights.

A Money Making Bargain

Vou cannot afford to plant weeds, eonsequently, you cannot afford to miss this extraordinary offer. To promote modern methods of seed cleaning and to enable you to elean and grade your own seeds and farm grains, we are pricing the Clipper Cleaners to you at less than the usual list price. We will include the usual ten screens for cleaning farm grains, clovers and alfalfas, and two screens for grading seed corn, as well as a power pulley with each mill. The price for the No. 1-B Mill will be only \$34.95, F. O. B. Vankton. The price for the No. 2-B is only \$43.95 F. O. B. Vankton. You will find that from an economic standpoint of time that the 2-B with its greater capacity will be more profitable.

Extra Screens of Any Size

No. 1, Old style, each			 . ,					,	,	\$1.50
No. 1-B New Model, each	,		 ,					,	,	1.50
No. 2 Old style, each No. 2-B, New Model, each	•	•	,					٠	•	1.75
The state of the s							1	,	•	1.75

Be sure to state number of Model.

The Clipper screens are so arranged as to he in plain view and of easy access to the operator while machine is in operation.

Immediate Shipment On All Orders

We are able to make prompt shipment on all items purchased from Gurney because we realize the value of good service. We have purchased many carloads of the Clipper Cleaners in order to give you immediate service on all of your orders. By purchasing in carload lots we are also able to give you these extremely low prices. All Clipper Cleaners will be shipped on the day your order is received.

ANNUAL FLOWER COLLECTION





GURNEY'S COSSACK ALFALFA

Cossack alfalfa is no longer an experiment. It is many years now since Prof. N. E. Hansen of Brookings brought the first seed over from the wilds of Siberia where it had been growing under much more rigid climatic conditions than we find in any part of the United States. Today it has proved itself of infinite value to the farms of the great Northwest, since it grows and thrives in spite of low temperatures and does unusually well even on dry, high land. It has proved to be the best alfalfa from the Gulf of Mexico well up into Canada, producing plants in the far north seven feet high, and producing more hay per acre than any other alfalfa.

A few thousand dollars invested in Prof. Hansen's search for alfalfa in Siberia have returned themselves to the people of the United States many thousand fold. Every farmer owning land that would not produce common alfalfa profitably and successfully is now assured of a hardy alfalfa that will produce paying

crops on that ground. We find the Cossack Alfalfa is very frost resistant, in fact almost frost-proof as heavy freezes in the middle of May killed back and destroyed the first cutting of common alfalfa while the Cossack continued to grow and produce the regular crop of hay. We find in the fall it will be green and suitable for pasture, long after all other varieties are frozen and brown.

Price of Cossack seed in sealed bags, 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.60; 10 lbs., \$5.00; 25 lbs., \$11.50; 50 lbs., \$22.00; 100 lbs., \$42.00. 5 and 10 lb. bags Postpaid.

If you want to add productivity to your alfalfa soil, use Gurney's Sunshine Bacteria No. 1 for inoculating alfalfa. ½-bu. size, 50c; 1-bu. size, \$1.00; 6-bu. size, \$4.50.

Note the picture below of hogs enjoying themselves in Alfalfa.

Grimm's Alfalfa



Duroc Hogs in Alfalfa

This alfalfa was introduced into Minnesota from Germany in 1857 by a German immigrant named Grimm. The seed was planted on his farm, and it is claimed that plants from the original seed are still growing from the original planting.

Grimm's alfalfa over a period of more than fifteen years has been advertised more than any other variety and has received favorable comment from good authorities and has demonstrated its ability to withstand the severe Winters of the extreme North better than the common varieties. By doing this, it has obtained an enviable reputation for hardiness and yield.

Grimm's alfalfa may usually be distinguished from common alfalfa on account of a slight variation in the color of its blossoms. You will find in the true fields some flowers yellow, green, blue, brown, etc., instead of all purple as in the common varieties.

This picture shows a bunch of our September pigs in the alfalfa field in the latter part of May. I do not know that Durocs like alfalfa any better than other pigs, but if others like it as well as the Durocs and thrive as well, the man who neglects raising alfalfa for his pigs is missing a bet. We had 160 head in this 10-acre field and it made a heap of pork.

You can usually determine it by its branching root system, as a greater number of the plants have this branch root system than the common and it enables the Grimm's to withstand the hard Winters and helps it to produce a greater crop of hay than the common, as it secures its food from the surface, as well as the depth of the soil.

The following is an extract from the Farmers' Bulletin No. 757, entitled Commercial Varieties of Alfalfa: "On account of its superior hardiness, Grimm's Alfalfa is particularly recommended for the northern part of the Great Plains region and all parts of the Northwest. It has, also, proved better able to survive the Winters in the colder portion of the humid section of the country where winter killing is a serious factor. The supply of seed on the market is still rather limited and commands a high price."

We have a reasonable supply of this variety of seed and furnish certificate of genuineness with each shipment.

Grimm's Alfalfa seed prices are where they belong. We quote certified Grimm's alfalfa at a legitimate price, one that gives us a fair profit on each transaction. Why pay more? 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.60; 25 lbs., \$11.00; 50 lbs., \$20.00; 100 lbs., \$38.00.

PRICES OF FIELD AND GRASS SEEDS. We have figured our margin of profit very low for strictly high grade seed.

ALFALFA SEED

Dakota and Montana Grown, 99 Per Cent Pure, Guaranteed

Dakota No. 12

OR more than forty years the state of South Dakota has been producing crops of alfalfa that are profitable. When I say profitable I mean that when the first acre of alfalfa seed was planted in South Dakota and that seed commenced to grow and they cut the first crop, that acre of alfalfa was producing a profitable crop, more profitable than other crops, no matter what they were, in that neighborhood. When that single acre of alfalfa was increased to hundreds of thousands of acres the state was made richer by millions of dollars, and today South Dakota and the world feel the effect of the single acre of alfalfa planted in South Dakota more than forty years ago. We do not know the source of the seed first planted, but we do know that by process of elimination and the "survival of the fittest" that South Sakota is producing alfalfa seed that in turn produces the hardiest alfalfa plants, and those that will yield greater returns in hay than seed grown in any other part of the world. The alfalfa seed which we are offering you as Dakota and Montana grown is known as Dakota No. 12. This seed is produced from old fields or from fields whose parentage is the old Dakota fields. Our seed is all from the high and dry section of western South Dakota and Montana (where the rainfall is much less than in Minnesota, the home of much advertised high priced Grimm's Alfalfa), where the snow covering is very light or none at all, where the temperature drops from five to fifteen degrees lower than any other point in the state. These strenuous conditions have eliminated any plant that may have been tender, leaving nothing but the hardiest to produce seed, and in each successive generation any plant showing any inherent weakness has been destroyed by these conditions and the fittest has survived.

All alfalfa seed offered by us is recleaned and first class in every respect. Any acre of land, no matter where located, if it will produce a crop of alfalfa seed or hay, is worth \$200.00 per acre or more and will pay a good income on that amount. It will produce more forage, either green or dry, than any other known clover or grass. Its roots, often measuring thirty feet in length, force their way deep into the subsoil in search of moisture and plant foods that cannot be reached by other plants. It draws nitrogen from the air and stores it in the soil more than 100 per cent faster than any other clover, excepting sweet clover. Alfalfa is better than a bank account, for it never fails or goes into the hands of a receiver. It is weather proof, for cold does not injure and heat makes it grow all the better. The rust does not affect it. A severe hallstorm might beat it into the ground, but in six weeks you could cut a crop of from one to two tons of hay per acre. Fire will not kill it; fields can be burned over safely early in the spring. When growing there is no stopping it. Begin cutting a 40-acre field, and when your last load is handled at one end of the field it is ready to cut again at the other. For

Dakota No. 12—(Cont'd)

fattening your cattle and hogs it will save one-half of the grain. This has been absolutely demonstrated by the best feeders. If your ground will grow alfalfa, you have "the world by the tail with a down hill pull." It is absolutely impossible for you to get better alfalfa seed in commercial quantities than Gurney Dakota No. 12 Alfalfa. We guarantee it to be 99 per cent pure. Sold for just what it is and at a price that brings it within the reach of all. 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.35; 25 lbs., \$7.50; 50 lbs., \$14.00; 100 lbs., \$27.00.

Northwestern Grown Alfalfa

There is another brand of alfalfa known as Northwestern alfalfa. This term is applied to alfalfa seed produced in Utah and Idaho, and is the most desirable for all of the sections of the country when you are unable to secure more of the strictly Northern grown. The temperature often drops to twenty below zero where this Northwestern seed is grown, but not for so long periods as it does in the Dakotas and Montana and where the Northern grown is produced. Prices: 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.90; 25 lbs., \$6.75; 50 lbs., \$12.00; 100 lbs., \$23.00.

Testing Seed

Every lot of seed offered in this catalogue is thoroughly recleaned and germination test made before sending it out to any customer. We advise that you test it on arrival. You are allowed 15 days in which to test the seed after its arrival and we guarantee the test. If it is not satisfactory, you are authorized to return it to us within that period and your money with transportation charges will be refunded.



ALSIKE CLOVER

Foreign Grown Seed Colored

All clover and alfalfa seed grown in foreign countries and shipped to the United States will be STAINED VARIOUS COLORS on its arrival by representatives of the Department of Agriculture, designating the country from which

It has been demonstrated that northern American grown clover and alfalfa are much superior to that grown in foreign countries. We sell nothing but the American northern grown. If you receive clover or alfalfa from anyone containing these stained or colored seeds, you will know that it is grown in some foreign country and is not as valuable or as suitable to your needs as the northern American grown.

Examine Your Clover and Alfalfa for Colored Seed Clover

Medium Red-Our red clover seed is all northern grown. This seed will be much better for the northern planter and also for those south of us than seed grown in Kansas and Nebraska. It complies with every State law.

Valuable not only as a forage plant, but also for its fertilizing properties on the soil. As a forage plant, it makes an excellent quality of hay and can be cut at least twice a year. lts fertilizing qualities in the soil are not to be disregarded. Weight 60 lbs. per bushel. Sow about 12 to 15 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.90; 10 lbs., \$3.10; 25 lbs., \$7.00; 50 lbs., \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$25.00.

Mammoth Red Clover-This grows much taller than Red Medium, with larger, leafier stalks, and large slightly pointed leaflets. It will produce more hay on poor ground than any of the other clovers. (60 lbs. per bu.), 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.25; 25 lbs., \$7.50; 50 lbs.,

\$14.00; 100 lbs., \$26.00. Alsike, or Swedish Clover—This clover comes from the little province of Alsike, in Sweden. It is one of the hardiest varieties known, being perennial and absolutely refuses to winter kill; it is alike capable of resisting the extremes of drought or wet. It is a great favorite with all who have tried it. Produces annually a great quantity of herbage of excellent quality. Sow in spring or fall, about 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Weight, 60 lbs., per bu. 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.00; 25 lbs., \$7.00; 50 lbs., \$12.50; 100 lbs., \$23.00.

White Dutch Clover-Excellent pasture Clover, forming with Kentucky Blue Grass the finest and most nutritious food for sheep and cows. Sow 5 or 6 pounds to acre. Weight, 60 lbs., per bu. 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.50; 25 lbs., \$10.00; 50 lbs., \$19.00; 100 lbs., \$37.00.

Alsike and Timothy—In the Northwest there is a great demand for a mixture of Alsike and Timothy Seed mixed in the right proportion ready for sowing. This mixture is especially valuable for low, wet places, for permanent meadow or for pasture, and on account of the meadow of to pasture, and on account of the very low price at which we offer it, you can seed down more ground for the Grass Seed Line. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 25 lbs., \$3.60; 50 lbs., \$6.75; 100 lbs., \$12.75.

Bacteria No. 2 for inoculating clover, 1-bu.

size, \$1.00.; ½ bu., 50c.

FISHING TACKLE

- 41/2-ft. Four-piece steel casting rod, with agate guides. Postpaid......\$1.95
 Meisselbach level winding reel.
- 50 yds. Black Prince silk line, 18-lb. test. Postpaid.....

TOTAL\$5.38 Special Price—\$4.95 Postpaid

SWEET CLOVER—The White Blossom Kind

A great many years ago a Nebraska farmer called at our office and wanted to purchase onc bushel of the white flowered Sweet Clover seed. We were both pained and surprised to think any man wished to plant the so-called weed. We told him so in a few harsh words, and refused to sell it to him. He told us if we did not get it for him he would buy it himself and plant it anyway. We finally consented to get it and told way. We finally consented to get it and told him we would watch results. This was planted opposite Yankton on the Missouri Bottoms, and opposite vankton on the Missouri bottoms, and produced an immense quantity of bee feed, for the purpose for which this man purchased it. After it had grown one or two years he commenced to take a crop of hay from it and found it produced more bee feed and a good crop of hay that his stock was equally as fond of as alfalfa.

Then we commenced to write about it and urged its planting almost everywhere. Today there is as great a demand for the white-flowered Sweet Clover as for Alfalfa, but the demand cannot be supplied, as the seed is very difficult to save. It will outyield Alfalfa as far as seed production is concerned but the seed irrops so easily that no one has been able to discover a method of harvesting that will save more than 10 to 20

of harvesting that will save more than 10 to 20 per cent of the crop.

Sweet Clover Price and Sow per Acre

If for seed purposes, 5 lbs. For hay purposes, 15 lbs. We would advise that you place your order very early, as there will be an immense demand for it this season. Per lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.70; 25 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$5.50; 100 ibs., \$10.00.

Scarified Sweet Clover Seed

White Blossom Sweet Clover has become such a necessary crop on the farm, and under old con-ditions there was so much trouble having satisfactory germination, that we shall scarify all of this sweet clover seed that goes to our cus-tomers and we will not charge you one cent more tomers and we will not charge you one cent more for this than you would have to pay for that which is not scarified. On numerous tests of sweet clover seed, unscarified, we find the germinätion from 25 to 50 per cent; on the same seed, scarified, we often have 95 per cent germination in a seven days' test. We also find in the unscarified seed that the largest, plumpest, hardest seed, and consequently the best seed are those that did not germinate, but probably stayed in the ground one year before germination. By this scarifying process we scratch the tion. By this scarifying process we scratch the hull of this hard seed, which allows the moisture

to get in and hastens germination.

The following analyses were made by the Wyoming Experiment Station of Sweet Clover and Alfalfa grown on the experimental farm, and published in Wyoming Bulletin. These analyses show Sweet Clover to be richer than Alfalfa in protein (muscle, bone and tissue material), and in either extract, or fatforming substance.

Sweet Clover Alfalfa

	Cut Oct.	Cut Aug.	Av. of 11
	4, 1904	10, 1905	Samp.
Water	6.02	6.88	6.57
Ash	9.57	11.03	8.79
Ether extract	4.42	1.96	1.66
Crude protein	21.77	22.27	31.25
Crude fibre		22.19	15.14
Nitrogen free extra	act.42.22	35.67	36.59
	_		

It is shown by experiments at the Cornell University, Ithaca, N. V., that grasses grown with legumes contain more protein and consequently are of more economical value than when grown alone. The following table is taken from Cornell Bulletin No. 294:

Protein per Ton of Protein in Hay (10% Dry Matter Moisture)

Crop

Crop

Crop

Timethy grown alone

17 19 300

Crop
Timothy grown alone....

we find the following comparative values for the different feeds:

Per Ton Sweet Clover hay\$18.49 Alfalfa hay..... 20.16 Timothy hay.... 9.80 Red Clover hay.\$14.12 Cow Pea hay... 19.76 Shelled corn... 20.16



Wonderful growth of nodules, containing the nitrogen gathering bacteria, on upper portion of sweet clover root. Found growing in the beach sand of Lake Michigan in North Chicago.

-Kindness International Harvester Co.



Mrs. Louis Johnson & Sons,
Fergus Falls, Minn.

(We have a lot of the apple and plum trees that
are listed in your catalog and it is seventeen
years since we came here from Linn County,
lova, and we have always had a lot of fruit to
sell and give to the fellows that say "Fruit does
not do well on my farm.")

Grundy County Dwarf Sweet Clover

Wc offer this special strain of Dwarf Sweet Clover, originated in Grundy County, Illinois, with a firm belief that it will be of considerable value in excess of the common Sweet Clover as soon as sufficient acreage is planted to produce

seed to supply the demand.

This strain is earlier, more dwarf, and leafy than the common Clover and has several out-

standing features:

First, the fact is that it is three weeks carlier than the common Sweet Clover. Thus the carlier than the common Sweet Clover. Thus the see's ripens ahead of most seeds and of frost. Second, it grows to a good height and makes a good hay crop and it is not as tall, woody and hard to handle as the common. Third, it is finer and more leafy than the common, and branches thick about one foot above the ground, making a greater quantity of better quality hay.

Fourth, it yields more seed than the common and on account of the finer stalks is more easily sowed. Some of the farms in Grundy County, Ily sowed. Some of the farms in Grundy County, this past season, produced as high as fifteen bushels of this seed per acre. Grundy County Sweet Clover is considered in its home County more like affalfa than Sweet Clover. It grows a good deal like alfalfa only faster so that it might be called a White Blossom Alfalfa. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.20; 50 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$10.50.

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

This is preferred by some to the white blossomed for pasture and inoculation of soils. We have tested it out and found it equal to or better for crop rotation, but does not produce an equal tonnage per acre with the white. A very valuable clover, however, and will be used in greater quantities each year. I lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.20; 50 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$10.50.

Hubam Clover

The New Annual White Sweet Clover— This extremely valuable new annual white blossom sweet clover was discovered by Prof. Hughes of the Iowa Experiment Station in some biennial white blossom sweet clover plants from Alabama, and a combination of the names of the Professor and the state from which it came gave it the name of "Hubam." The annual white blossom sweet clover has been the most white blossom sweet clover has been the most valuable to use in crop rotation, but Hubam will take its place just as soon as the seed is produced in quantities to warrant the proper low prices. It is equal in every way to the biennial white blossom, and superior in the fact that you get the same result in one year, or rather in about 100 days, that you get with the biennial in two years.

Gentlemen:

June 30, 1930

I have been ordering seeds from you since 1909 when I won three prizes that year at the lowa State Fair for vegetables grown from Gurney's seeds. I raise your Malakhof, Golden Bantam and Gurney's Early Golden Sweet corn exclusively, and I had the first sweet corn on the market both this year and last in this city of over 21,000 people. I sold a large part of it at 40c a dozen. The various kinds of seeds from the HOUSE OF GURNEY are always sure to grow the most hardy, early maturing and best producing crops every year.

Thanking you for your kind favors in the past, I am, Yours very truly,
H. H. Waller, 602 So. 19th St., Fort Dodge, Ia.

Feed Hubam for Profits in Honey

It is not unusual in South Dakota for a sin-It is not unusual in South Dakota for a single stand of bees to produce as high as one hundred sixty-eight pounds or seven supers of honey. This will retail at least at twenty-five cents per pound or a total of forty-two dollars per year from a first investment of about \$7.00, the price of a stand of bees. If you do not have a few stands, write us and we will give you full instructions for care and a special price on bees. Grow your own Honey; it is pleasant and profitable. Price of Hubam, 1 oz., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.60; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

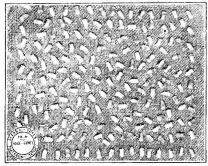
BUY GURNEY'S SELECTED SEED CORN

Prices of Seed Corn Subject to Change Without Notice

Gurney's High Grade Shelled Seed Corn for Spring of 1931 ·

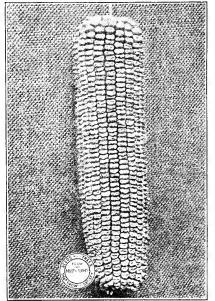
We Have Originated and Introduced Many of the Best Varieties of Early Corn

We Commence Gathering our Seed Corn Crop on the Fifteenth of September and continue as rapidly as possible until the entire crop is brought in, placed in frost-proof warehouses, which insures the planter the highest possible grade seed. We have been gathering for some time now and the germination tests of the

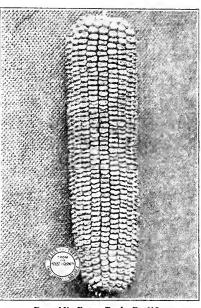


Testing Seed Corn

seed brought in are from 95% up and, if it is possible to secure a sufficient quantity of this corn for spring planting, you cannot afford at any price to plant corn of a lower grade. This corn costs us more than twice as much per bushel as corn selected in the ordinary way from the crib during the winter or spring months for the following reasons: First, we buy 30% water, as the corn in the cob contains more moisture this season than ever before. It is immediately sorted on delivery and only the best ears saved. The balance goes to our hog ranch for hog feed. Then we pay the best growers in the community a good premium over the market price for the growing of the particular varieties wanted by us. We furnish them the stock seed from our own selected seed to grow their crops from-this



Wimple's Yellow Dent



Dewolf's Extra Early Prolific

stock seed while worth many dollars per bushel is placed with our growers free of charge. As soon as the corn is sorted, it is racked up in our wellventilated, heated, frost-proof buildings and dried down to a low moisture content and then tested for germination. If it shows a satisfactory test then it is either shelled, graded and sacked or placed in our storage buildings that do not freeze. This makes the planter the ideal seed corn and he had better pay \$1.00 or more per acre for his seed than to get less desirable free of charge. A single bushel and a half extra yield per acre would warrant the highest expense for seed. In buying seed corn, figure one bushel for each six to eight acres. Flint varieties will plant about six acres, while such varietíes as Minnesota No. 13 about seven acres and the later varieties like Reid's Yellow Dent eight acres per bushel.

Millions of Bushels of Seed Corn Required

An immense quantity of seed corn is required to produce the three-billion-bushel annual crop of the United States. South Dakota alone requires 500,000 bushels and Iowa requires 2,000,000 bushels while other states in the Corn Belt require proportional amounts.

In view of the short corn crop of 1930, it is going to be somewhat of a problem to supply the necessary amount of high-grade seed corn for this great middle west country. The House of Gurney has always made it a practise to anticipate such years by keeping on hand enough seed corn for an extra year. It is a matter of statistics that the corn crop is a comparative failure once every seven years and we have found this practise very helpful to our farmer customers. We are well supplied with high test seed corn gathered in the year of 1929, all of which has been tested during the latter part of 1930 and we guarantee a satisfactory germination test.

The value of the corn crop of the United States is four times that of all the gold produced annually in the world. It is three times as many bushels as the entire wheat crop. Its value equals one-fourth of all agricultural crops produced in the United States including fruits and treetables. and vegetables.

Corn is rightly called, "King" of all farm or agricultural products. We, of the commercial corn-producing states, should use every effort to divert as much of our crop as possible to the making of by-products and in this way, create a greater demand for this, our most profitable crop. Long live the King!



Canadian White Dent Try This Test in Your Kitchen

Prove the value of Bayer Dust to your own Prove the value of Bayer Dust to your own satisfaction and before planting season. Get a 1-lb. tin of Bayer Dust. This is sufficient for six bushels of seed corn. Select 50 or 100 kernels of corn at random from your seed corn. Treat half the seed; leave the other untreated. Plant them in a separate cigar box or in flower pots; them watch them grow. The results will amaze you. Full directions for use with severy nackage.

watch them grow. The results will amaze you. Full directions for use with every package.

BAYER DUST: An instantaneous Seed Corn Dip that saves time, labor and worry. 4 oz., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$6.00; 25 lbs., \$27.50; 50 lbs., \$50.00;

Neither Bayer Dust nor Dipdust can be sent through the mail and must be sent by either express or freight.

either express or freight.



Gurney's August 15th

1931 SPRING AND FALL . THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. . YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

SELECTED SEED CORN

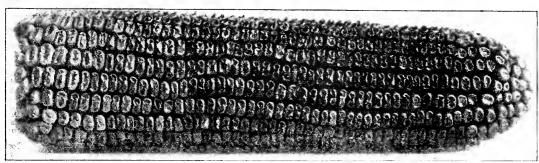
The Corn That Added Millons of Dollars to Farm Values and Crowded the Corn Belt 300 Miles Further North

Mlnnesota 13 When the Minnesota Department of Agri-culture originated and disseminated Minneso-ta No. 13 they could not realize the count-less millions of dollars they were adding to the agricultural wealth of the Northwest. This was the forerunner of the early varieties that made corn growing profmade corn growing protitable much further north than it had been previously. They gave us a high yielding, a high protein content corn that would grow several hundred miles north of the profitable corn producing half her

Minnesota 13

corn producing belt heretofore.

Minnesota No. 13 is a yellow variety and has been grown successfully as far north in North Dakota and Montana as the Canadian line. With us May 25 planting matures about September 1, depending of course, on the season. This variety is outyielding many later varieties by actual weight per acre. We do not advise planting Minnesota No. 13 for the main crop further north chan central North Dakota because unusual weather conditions might destroy the crop further north than that. To the people of Kansas, Oklahoma, Iowa and Nebraska, who are short feed from the previous crop, plant Minnesota 13 for early feed or hogging down. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.65; 28 lbs., \$2.65; 56 lbs., \$4.00; 560 lbs., \$37.00.



Wimple's Yellow Dent—A Famous Da-kota variety of corn. It originated with Mr. Wimple, a corn specialist of South Dakota, and is now largely planted over the corn belt throughout the northern states. This variety, which has had a lot of careful work put on it, is a bright yellow corn with an average ear, producing kernels of unusual depth. It gives good results any where south central South Da-

ties in Minnesota and all points south. The ears grow well upon the stalk and the stalks are from 7 to 9 feet high, depending on the location and the soil, and climatic conditions. Our feed corn is grown in South Dakota. 11b., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.60; 28 lbs., \$2.60; 56 lbs., \$4.00; 560 lbs., \$36.00.

North Dakota White Dent

North Dakota White Dent—This extremely early White Dent Corn has been thoroughly tried out in the extreme north and has made good, maturing in North Dakota in any ordinary sea-

In size like Minnesota No. 13, Yellow Dent, and, like the No. 13, stands up well even in the extreme North. Stalks from to a height of seven feet, ears are up three feet from the ground, making it easily harvested with the Corn Binder.

This Corn will outyield any

other variety of Dent Corn

that can be grown in the ex-treme North. It has been bred for yield and earliness, and will withstand more treme North. It has been bred for yield and earliness, and will with stand more extremes of weather than any other Corn grown. Might not be an ideal Corn for some of Iowa and Illinois farmers, who are used to the foot-long varieties, but North Dakota White Dent is a silver mine to the North Dakota, Minnesota and northern South Dakota farmer who has wanted to grow Dent Corn but could not on account of length of season. Do not get the idea that this is a 10 to 20 bushel to the acre Corn and so low down that you cannot find it at husking time. It stands up well, seven feet, and yields, with reasonably good farming, 50 bushels to the acre. Our supply of this Corn grown in Yankton, Bon Homme and Douglas counties, South Dakota. Price: 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.60; 28 lbs., \$2.60; 56 lbs., \$4.00; 560 lbs., \$3.65.50.

Rustler White Dent (90-95 days)—This variety originated many years ago in South Dakota and is largely grown in our northwestern states. It matures early. Compared with Minnesota White Dent it is about 5 days

ago in South Dakota and is largely grown in our northwestern states. It matures early. Compared with Minnesota White Dent it is about 5 days later, but the kernels and the ears are larger and it is more productive. The average height of stalks is 7 feet; the average distance from base of ear to ground is 3½ feet. The ears are large, 14 to 18 rowed, and are closely filled with large deep, white kernels. This corn is admirably adapted to the northwestern climate, best suited for the central part of South Dakota,

southern Minnesota, and Wisconsin. Though not as productive as Silver sources mannesota, and wisconsin. I nough not as productive as Silver King, it is much earlier, and in our state, it is a state corn to plant anywhere as well as in North Dakota. It usually yields fully as large a crop as any Yellow Dent equally as early. Our feed is grown as far north as southeastern North Dakota. I lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.60; 28 lbs., \$2.60; 56 lbs., \$4 00; 560 lbs., \$36.50.

Wisconsin No. 7 or Iowa Silver King.—Silver King is one of the best and heaviest yielders of all varieties of corn for the North. It came from northern Iowa and is a big yielder and especially fine for the silo. This variety is a uniform creamy white in color and has a slight roughness of kernel. The cob is glistening white. The length of ear varies from 7 to 10 inches. The standard is 81/2 to 91/2 length.

The foundation stalk of Silver King was secured from John Banks, Algona, Iowa, in 1904. Since that time it has been improved by year to year breeding and adapted to our climatic conditions. This variety breeds true to type and is one of the best yielders for crib and silage corn. A sixyear average showed a yield of sixty-one and one-tenth bushels per acre. Per lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.60; 28 lbs., \$2.60; 56 lbs., \$4.00; 560 lbs., \$36.00.

THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 1931 SPRING AND FALL 💠

SELECTED SEED CORN—(Continued)

Northwestern Dent -Northwestern Dent corn is a cross between Red Flint and a Yellow Dent and has red kernels with light yellowish and cream shading. No other variety is grown as exother tensively in North Dakota, northern Minnesota, and Wisconsin as Northwestern Dent. Under ordinary conditions it matures at 85 to 90 days and under very favorable conditions in 75 days. Northwestern Dent

Northwestern Len.
yields from 50 to 70
bushels per acre. The ears are of good size, 7 to 9 inches long, bearing 10
to 14 rows of kernels. The stalks average 7 to 8 feet in height, bearing the
core about 3½ feet from the ground. Because of its earliness and large yield, it is the corn for hogging down. This variety and August 15th are

DeWolf's Extra Prolific Field Corn—This is another production of M. J. DeWolf, now well past eighty years old. This corn matures well to the northern part of South Dakota and can be grown in the same district as Minnesota No. 13, but will outyield it. In 1920 it produced 115 bushels of ear corn to the acre in the seed trial grounds. We claim that it will mature in the same time on the same ground. This places it far ahead of other well-known varieties. If this variety were planted

alone, to the exclusion of all other varieties in the State of South Dakota, it would add to the wealth in the corn crop alone more than forty million dollars per annum. That would mean if you had planted DeWolf's Prolific instead of your regular corn, your crop would have brought you from one to three thousand dollars

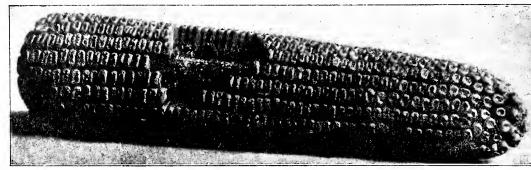
Reid's Yellow Dent -For the last ten years we have grown and selected a Reid's Yellow Dent that would be satisfactory to the planter in the southern tier of coun-ties in South Dakota, northern Nebraska and northern Iowa, as well as those farther south. Reld's Yellow Dent is the ideal Corn where it can be safely grown. It is too late for any place north of the north line of Iowa and

our strain of Reid's is the earliest grown, so do not buy this variety and expect a crop to mature north of the north line of lowa. Dakota Grown Reid's 1 lb., 25c; 14 lbs., \$1.65; 28 lbs., \$2.85; 56 lbs., \$4.00; 560 lbs., \$37.50.

Canadian White Dent—This is the earliest Dent corn known. Canadian White Dent originated in Canada, and matures in this section August 1st

if planted at the usual corn planting time. An exceptionally heavy yielding corn for such an early variety. For a sure crop corn, order this if you live

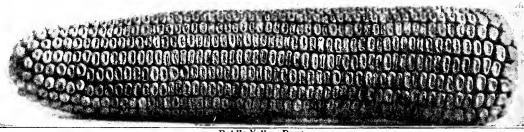
Early Murdock—We have been watching the Early Murdock for the last several years, and we have several years, and we have come to the conclusion that it is a direct descendant of Minnesota No. 13. A little larger ear, just a little later, probably one week; yields well and is an excellent corn for any partof South Dakota or any point south of the north line of South Dakota. We would not plant Early Murdock beyond the South Dakota line. It will be one of the main varieties in the south two-thirds of this state and all states south of that point.



Northwestern Dent absolutely the earliest varieties of Dent corn that will produce a paying crop, and you should take this into consideration in placing your orders for corn. Price, 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.60; 28 lbs., \$2.60; 56 lbs., \$4.00, 560 lbs., \$37.50.

DeWolf's Extra Prolific Yellow Corn

more than it has. Can you afford to let it pass another season? Can you afford to turn this proposition down, even if it costs you two or three dollars per bushel more for seed than for other varieties? Price, 1 lb., 30c; 14 lbs., \$1.85; 28 lbs., \$2.85; 56 lbs., \$4.40; 560 lbs., \$39.00.

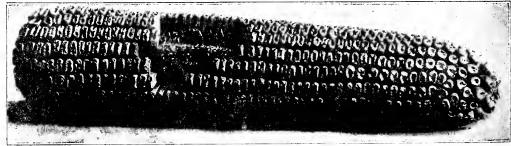


Reid's Yellow Dent

any place north of Yankton, 115., 35c; 141bs., \$2.00; 28 lbs., \$3.10; 56 lbs.,

\$4.60; 560 lbs., \$43.00.

Alta corn was originated by the Brookings College at the Highmore Experiment Station, and is one of the best early yellow corns for northern South Dakota and North Dakota, or sections in the same latitude. It is considered more drought resistant than any yellow corn known at present 1 lb., 30c; 14 lbs., \$2.00; 28 lbs., \$3.00; 56 lbs., \$4.50; 560 lbs., \$42.00.



Early Murdock
South Dakota grown. Price, 1 lb., 25c; 14 lbs., \$1.65; 28 lbs., \$2.85; 56 lbs., \$4.00; 560 lbs., \$37.00.

Gurney's August 15th Corn

Gurney's August 15th Corn
This corn is of our own origination and is nearly identical with Minnesota No. 23. Ours was introduced and catalogued by us one year previous to the Minnesota stations sending out their No. 23. Produces a medium sized ear of light yellow corn with a white cap. It is extra early or earlier than Northwestern Dent. It is more desirable corn on account of its higher feeding value and many people object to a real red corn like Northwestern Dent. The ears of August 15th are almost perfect in shape and it is a very desirable corn for early feeding for August, and especially valuable for the main crop variety for the extreme north, even into central Canada. It has saved the pocketbook of the southern farmer by furnishing him feed long before any dither varieties. Plant it for rhogging off. Your hogs will enjoy a scrap with a good field of August 15th. Plant it by mid-May and you can husk it on the 15th of August. 11b.. 25c; 141bs., \$1.70; 28 lbs., \$2.60; 56 lbs., \$4.25; 560 lbs., \$49.00.

Red Cob Ensilage Corn

Red Cob Ensilage Corn

Red Cob Ensilage Corn.—Among all the varieties of Ensilage Corn, this one gives the greatest product of green forage per acre, amounting on rich land and proper cultivation to as much as 10 tons. The fodder is sweet, tender and juicy, growing to a height of 10 to 14 feet. It is easier for the average farmer, and the first cost is less, to sow the ordinary field corn for ensilage purposes, but the thoughtful farmer will consider quantity and equality of the products as of first importance. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.00; 28 lbs., \$1.80; 56 lbs., \$2.85; 560 lbs., \$26.00.

Gurney's Rainbow Flint

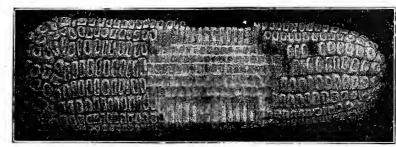
The largest eared, highest yielding, early Flint corn, originated by us and catalogued for the first time in 1915.

Matures in British Columbia —Seed Dakota Grown

This is a variety of corn that we are proud of. It is the corn child that we think more of than any other. Several years ago, Professor Hansen was visiting us while attending the State Horticulture meeting. As usual, he was talking of the production and the method of production of new varieties. We finally talked corn, and the Mendel theories of production. Professor Hansen made the statement that if we would secure somewhere varieties. We hnally talked corn, and the Mendel theories of production. Professor Hansen made the statement that if we would secure somewhere a variety of inbred corn, the longer it had been bred the better; go in another direction and secure another variety, inbred just as long so that there would be no danger of these two lots being related in any way; place each variety in separate planters, planting two rows of one variety, then two rows of the other; then detassel one of the varieties and save it for seed, then we would receive from this seed a remarkable yield of corn, but that we must not continue it beyond one year, as the chances were almost 1 to 1,000 that the second year it would degencrate and show the bad traits of both parents. We planted the seed as directed by him, and produced a wonderful yield of remarkable, large ears of early maturing flint corn, of about every color you can think of. The yield was so great, and so much better than either parent, that we thought we would take that one chance and try it again. Time has proven that we struck the one chance in the thousand, and produced a wonderful flint corn. thousand, and produced a wonderful flint corn. It is getting to be standard everywhere, as the largest producer of corn and fodder, the finest to look at, and one of the earliest to mature. It



SELECTED SEED CORN



Gurney's August 15th

has matured perfectly in British Columbia. It produces a remarkable yield in the South. And is the main crop for early hogging off in all secis the main crop for early nogging off in all sections of the country. It is not unusual to produce a very large percentage of 14-inch ears of 14, 16 and 18 rows. Try it in the field and in the hog pen. 1 lb., 25c; 14 lbs., \$1.75; 28 lbs., \$2.75; 56 lbs., \$4.25; 556 lbs., \$40.00.

Squaw Corn, Blue and White Flint—This

is the old-fashioned Flint corn that is known by every one the country over as Squaw Corn. It yields an immense ear and an exceptionally large number of them. Plant an acreage of this corn. and you will be feeding new corn before you know it. In planting Flint corn figure about one bushel of seed to each six acres. It stands plantbushel of seed to each six acres. It stands planting a little thicker than other varieties, and is really one of the most valuable corns to grow, especially in a season when you want early feed. Price, 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.85; 28 lbs., \$2.85; 56 lbs., \$4.25; 560 lbs., \$4.000.

Dakota White Flint—This is the White Flint used for Hominy and Hull Corn. For table cupity, flavor and sweetness is the best variety.

rint used for hominy and fruit Corn. For table quality, flavor and sweetness is the best variety of Indian Corn. Its ample foliage makes it desirable for ensilage fodder. Dakota grown. Per 14 lbs., \$1.85; 56 lbs., \$4.25.

Longfellow Flint—A beautiful eight-rowed

Vellow Fint, ears from ten to fifteen inches long. Very prolific and early, South Dakota and Nebraska grown, 1 lb., 25c; 14 lbs., \$1.85; 28 lbs., \$2.85; 56 lbs., \$4.50; 560 lbs., \$42.00.

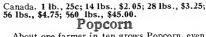
Gehu Flint—Absolutely a seventy day corn. This means that you can plant the corn and on

This means that you can plant the corn and on the seventieth day thereafter you can harvest matured corn. This means a lot to you if the crop was short and high in price, and you have saved any over, by planting this Gehu you can sell the old corn and depend on this new crop taking care of your wants early in the season.

taking care of your wants early in the season.

We have planted this corn as late as the 25th
of June and matured a perfect crop. This is an
excellent corn for hogging down, producing as it
does from two to five ears to the stalk, ears six
to eight inches long. Should plant at the rate of
four acres of corn to one bushel of seed to get best results.

We grow very large quantities of this corn each year for the extreme North even well into



About one farmer in ten grows Popcorn, even the little amount that is required for the chilthe little amount that is required for the children's popping during the winter months, when it is enjoyed so much. Give the children this year a little spot in the garden where they can plant at least one pound of the White Rice Popcorn' for their own use this coming winter. I would bet you dollars to doughnuts that the little shavers will never let, this popcorn bother you, but they will hoe and cultivate it and produce a greater money yield, per square rod, than you will in the best acre of your own cornfield. Give the kids a try at it. It will yield from eight to ten tons of fodder per acre of as high feeding value as sweet corn. It matures very early, which is an advantage where you are going to be short of early feed for the stock. It can be planted at least twice as thick as other varieties be short of early feed for the stock. It can be planted at least twice as thick as other varieties of corn and yield of ear or shelled corn is usually equal to that of field corn. The market price is much better than other varieties of corn, and is always marketable. Plant at the rate of 6 to 8 quarts to the acre.

White Rice—½, pt., 15c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$3.90; 50 lbs., \$5.50; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

Red Rice—Fancy seed, bright red, ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.80; 10 lbs., \$3.00.

Japanese Hull-Less Popcorn

Japanese Hull-Less Popcorn

Now this popcorn was imported from Japan. It is the smallest and best of all popcorn. It is often used for suckers, one kernel producing often six to twelve stalks. The stalks grow four to five feet high and each stalk produces three to six well developed ears. The ears average three to four inches long and are well filled with beautiful kernels, 300 to 400 per ear. The corn when popped is snowy white and the kernels are free from hard centers, as found in all other varieties. Popcorn dealers usually pay from four to six cents per pound more for this corn than any other variety. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$3.90; 50 lbs., \$5.50; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

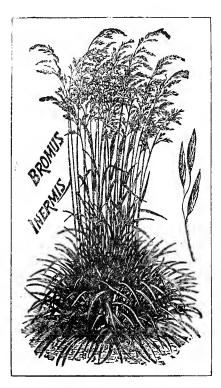
Novelty Corn

South America's Mammoth—What would you think of corn stalks 17 feet high, that caliper 2½ inches at the base, producing ears 12 to 14 inches long, and of immense caliper? Ears often containing 28 rows, the stalks big and strong enough to make side posts for a child's swing. We have grown them to this size in our trial grounds and we have attached the rores and made swings of them. We exhibited at the South Dakota Fair one year ten stalks and ears that weighed Fair one year ten stalks and ears that weighed 82 lbs., the shortest stalk in this exhibit was 15 feet. We do not recommend this corn for general

feet. We do not recommend this corn for general crops, but just for a novelty for exhibition purposes. We have had reports from North Dakota showing a 15 foot stalk in that state. If you want the real novelty corn, try this, ½pt., 15c; 17b., 35c.

Sweet Fodder—There is nothing better for summer and fall green feed or for curing for winter than Sweet Corn. Being sweet and palatable, cattle eat every part of the stalks and leaves. Always a great favorite with dairy farmers and excellent for soiling. Can be planted as other corn or sown thickly in drills or broadcast. Sow 1 to 1½ bushels broadcast. 15 lbs., \$1.65; 56 lbs., \$4.25; 100 lbs., \$7.50.

GRASSES



Bromus Inermis (Hungarian Brome Grass)

Bromus Inermis is a vigorous, hardy perennial with strong, creeping roots. It is especially valuable for poor, dry soil for hay and pasture as it withstands heat, drought, and cold out-yielding most other grasses. It is useful for sowing on steep hillsides, terraces, and the levies as it forms a very firm sod and keeps the soil from being washed away. The roots push through the soil and form new plants on every side. They make an early growth, two to three through the soil and form new plants on every side. They make an early growth, two to three weeks before any other grass, and remain green approximately until November. It stands the closest cropping without injury. It is good to use on moist, low ground that is flooded at times. This grass grows three to four feet high yielding enormous crops of excellent hay, two to four tons per acre. The best hay is cut when the grass is in full bloom. It is also a profitable seed crop. Sow Bromus Inermis at the rate of twenty-five to thirty pounds per acre with two-thirds the usual quantity of small grain. It may also be sown with winter grain. Per lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.95; 25 lbs., \$6.25; 50 lbs., \$11.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00. Meadow Fescue or English Blue Grass—Now, this grass succeeds well in almost all soils from high, dry land to moist, wet land standing the summer heat excellently. It is valuable as a pasture grass being one of the earliest in the spring and latest in the fall. It is highly recommended as a large yielding, nutritious pasture and hay grass for all sections of the country as far south as Tennessee and west into central Kansas. In western Kansas, par-ticularly where Timothy does not suc-ceed, it is perhaps the best pasture grass that could be grown. Sow either in the spring or fall at the rate of twenty to thirty pounds per acre. Per lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.70; 25 lbs., \$6.00; 50 lbs., \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

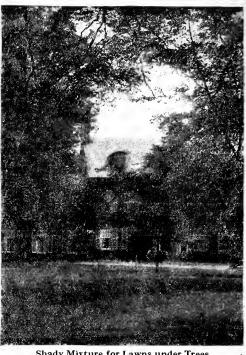
Red Fescue (Festuca Rubra)creeping, rooted grass resisting extreme drought and especially adapted for forming a close and lasting turf in shady places. Valuable also for exposed hillsides and golf courses. Sow thirty pounds per acre. Per lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; 10 lbs., \$4.75; 25 lbs., \$10.00; 50 lbs., \$18.50; 100 lbs., \$35.00.

Orchard Grass-(Dactylis Glomerata)—It is of exceptional value for permanent pastures and for hay crops. this very early, coming in ahead of all other grasses, recovers quickly after being cut, and endures close cropping by cattle. All kinds of stock relish it greatly and if cut when it comes into flavor. The process of the control of flower makes excellent hay. Thrives well on all soils and attains its greatest perfection on strong, moist clay lands. (14 lbs. per bu.) Per lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.80; 10 lbs., \$3.30; 25 lbs., \$7.50; 50 lbs., \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$24.00.

Kentucky Blue Grass (June Grass, Smooth-Stalked Meadow Grass; Fancy Cleaned)
—(Poa Pratensis)—This famous grass does well almost everywhere if the soil is fairly rich, moist, and moderately well-drained or if there is lime present in the soil. It requires about two years to become well established.

Kentucky Blue Grass will last for many years as the plants are fed from underground roots and rarely need reseeding. It withstands hard wear remarkably well, forming a firm, tough sod. Kentucky Blue Grass should be sown as early as possible to give it a good start before the weeds spring up and I would recommend sowing the seed with the last snow. Prepare your soil in the fall. It is the best of all grasses for lawns, golf courses and parks. When sown alone, use thirtyfive to forty pounds per acre. Fancy cleaned seed. Per 1b., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.60; 25 lbs., \$10.50; 50 lbs., \$20.00; 100 lbs., \$38.00.

English Rye Grass-(Lolium Peranne)-One of the best and most nutritious grasses for permanent meadows and pastures; it endures close cropping and recovers quickly after cutting. Does best on strong, rich soils. (24 lbs. per bu.). Per lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.10; 25 lbs., \$5.25; 50 lbs., \$8.50; 100 lbs., \$15.00.



Shady Mixture for Lawns under Trees

Italian Rye Grass-An excellent variety producing a nutritious feed in early spring; if sown early will produce a large crop the same season. (18 lbs. per bu.) Per lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$5.00; 50 lbs., \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$16.00.

Timothy - (Phleum Pratense) - Dakota Grown, thoroughly recleaned, the best Timothy Seed on earth. You know what Timothy is, and you can grow it. A few years ago it was almost unknown to the farmers and stock growers of South Dakota; today it is growing successfully in the eastern half of South Dakota, from the south to the north line. Most farmers have their Timothy and clover meadows and pastures. Our seed is all northern grown, and of the very best grade. (45 lbs. per bu.) 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 95c; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$5.00; 100 lbs., \$9.50.

Pasture Mixture-There are certain desirable mixtures of various kinds of grasses that give you the best results on highlands or low-lands. As we have made a study of the proper mixtures for this purpose for many years, we can give you better results than if you selected your own. You can readily understand that it is our interest and desire to secure for you the best results from anything you purchase from us. Consequently, we spend lots of time and



Gurney Lawn Seed Makes Velvety Lawns

GRASSES (Continued)

WNAX . Yankton, South Dakota

"Hello, Folks-DB Speaking.

"I just want to express my appreciation of your co-operation in the Fair Price Gasoline Campaign.

"I hope every one of you will stick to the station with this sign—WNAX Affiliated Fair Price Gasoline."

money in studying the various grasses and knowing where they will succeed best. In ordering pasture mixture, state whether it is for high or low land or hog pasture. Each of these requires an entirely different mixture. By securing this best mixture, you can ordinarily pasture fifty per cent more stock per acre than you can with most of the ordinary or a single variety of grass, besides having a continuous pasture from early in the spring until it is covered with snow in the fall. Sow 25 lbs. per acre.

Upland Pasture Mixture—Per lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.10; 25 lbs., \$6.90; 50 lbs., \$11.75; 100 lbs., \$21,50.

Lowland Pasture Mixture—Per lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.10; 25 lbs., \$7.00; 50 lbs., \$12.00; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Canadian Blue Grass—Very similar to Kentucky Blue but grows a little coarser and the stem is more flat. It can be grown on poor soil where Kentucky will not thrive. Even on hard, clay soil, it will produce a luxurious growth. It grows about two feet high, makes exceptionally fine hay greatly relished by stock of all kinds. As a pasture for dairy cows, it is especially valuable. It is also a very popular lawn grass where Kentucky Blue will not thrive. Per lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.10; 10 lbs., \$3.80; 25 lbs., \$9.00; 50 lbs., \$17.00; 100 lbs., \$33.00.

Gurney's Golf Course Mixture for Fairways—1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.50; 25 lbs., \$13.00; 50 lbs., \$25.00; 100 lbs., \$48.00.



Capitol Lawn Mixture

On this page a photograph of the Capitol building at Pierre, South Dakota, together with the lawn, surrounding same. These grounds were planted with our special lawn mixture in May; this photograph was taken in early September and shows something of the luxuriant growth of the grass and the beautiful lawn surrounding this elegant new Capitol building. The marvelous beauty of this perfect lawn produced in so short a time has created a great deal of favorable comment among the newspapers of the Northwest, some of them devoting columns to it. Gurney's Lawn Grass will produce this kind of a lawn anywhere.

Capitol Lawn Mixture—It is made up of the seed of several fine leaved grasses, selected and recommended by the experts of the Agricultural Department at Washington. We can conceive of no better authority on the subject than these painstaking investigators. It may be said here concerning all these special purpose grass mixtures that they are based mainly on the results of these f i e l d trials at the de-

partment and at various

State Ex-

tal Sta-

tions.
The mix-

ture offered here for lawn purposes has been tested thoroughly under the severe conditions of our climate. 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.75; 10 lbs., \$5.00; 25 lbs., \$11.65; 50 lbs., \$22.00; 100 lbs., \$42.00.

For shady places, certain fine grasses are used that show a particular aptitude for maintaining their growth in the shade of trees. These grasses are generally shy seeders and consequently the seed is high priced, as will be noted in our price list, but the results obtained will fully warrant the cost. Pound, 65c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.20; 25 lbs., \$11.95; 50 lbs., \$22.00; 100 lbs., \$43.00.

Red Top, Choice (Agrostis Vulgaris)—A permanent and very hard, native perennial grass succeeding best on moist land, making a good pasture when fed close. It is also valuable for low, wet meadows producing large crops of good hay. It accommodates itself to a variety of soils, however, even to quite dry situations and

standsa hot climate admirably. It is perhaps the most permanent grass we have. It remains green for the greater part of the year and if sown with Timothy and Red Clover, the stems form a very close, matted turf not affected by trampling and of fair quality when not allowed to go to seed. Mix a third Red Top when you sow your lawn with Blue Grass and White Clover and be assured of a good stand. Per Ib., 45c; 51bs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 25 lbs., \$8.00; 50 lbs., \$14.00; 100 lbs., \$26.00.



Field Seed from Gurney's Insures Crops

PEDIGREED STOCK OF SEED GRAIN

Every year we get a large number of letters from our customers asking for lower prices on seed grains than those quoted in the catalog. We could quote you lower prices if we were to offer you the seeds as they are harvested, which would include all the small seeds, the dried up seeds, the weed seeds and everything else that goes into a grain crop under ordinary conditions.

Now, the situation, if it were fruit as large as apples, would be very clear. If you were to buy a bushel of apples and it was perfectly obvious

Buckwheat

Buckwheat can be easily grown wherever a wheat will grow, producing a good yield on light or poor soils and under favorable conditions, it is very profitable, being in big demand for milling, also the best "Bee pasture." Sow 36 pounds per acre in drills; 48 pounds broadcast.

broadcast.

Silver Hulled—This is a later, heavier yielding variety, which is common in the East



and which is used so extensively there as a late crop, and as a smothering crop for land badly infested with weeds. Buckwheat is an excellent poultry feed, in fact, it is too little appreciated by most poultry raisers. We know of one case where one-quarter acre field furnished seed for over three hundred chickens for three months. They were allowed to harvest the crop themselves. I b., 25c; 5 lbs., 89c; 10 lbs., \$1.40; 25 lbs., \$2.10; 50 lbs., \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$4.50.

Japanese Buckwheat—Larger seeded than Silver Hull. Seed black, good yielder. About equal to Silver Hull in all ways for all purposes. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.40; 25 lbs., \$2.20; 50 lbs., \$3.10; 100 lbs., \$4.85.

Barley

University, No. 105 (New Barley)—For several years the Minnesota State Experiment Station has been breeding and testing many varieties of barley with a view to producing an improved sort that would lead all other kinds in the matter of yield. This ambition, the station considers, has been realized in the new six-rowed variety here offered under the name of University No. 105. In comparative tests covering a period of several years and made side by side with the best known and most popular varieties, it has proven to be the heaviest yielder, and from any standpoint a most valuable acquisition. It is early, uniform in maturing and pure. 48 lbs.. \$1.25; 96 lbs., \$2.30; 480 lbs., \$10.50.

acquistion. It is early, uniform in maturing and pure. 48 lbs., \$1.25; 96 lbs., \$2.30; 480 lbs., \$10.50.

Wisconsin Pedigree No. 6.—(2 to 2½ bu. sow one acre) 48 lbs. in one bushel. The world's greatest barley, outyielding all other varieties. To Prof. Moore, the agronomist of the Wisconsin Experiment station belongs the credit for having originated this splendid barley.

The average yield of it in Wisconsin for five years has been 36½ bushels per acre, and the average yield of common varieties was 20 bushels during the same time. Pedigreed Barley grows taller than any other six rowed sort and has very thin straw which stands up better than that of Oderbrucker. The heads are unusually large and long and are completely filled out with plumb grain, which is very uniform in size, brighter and whiter than that of most other sorts, and very attractive. It is a barley the farmers can depend upon to produce a good crop. 48 lbs., \$1.50; 96 lbs., \$2.75; 480 lbs., \$12.50.

Velvet Barley—Minn. No. 447, a smooth-awned barley of the Manchuria type; compares favorably with Manchuria No. 184 in yielding ability and general habit of growth. It resulted from a cross of Luth, a high-yielding variety which is resistant to the "spot blotch" disease, and a smooth-awned selection. 48 lbs., \$1.50; 96 lbs., \$2.75; 480 lbs., \$1.50.

Beardless Barley—This barley will mature in 60 days from date of sowing under ordinary conditions. A barley without beards. This must be admitted by all as a very desirable thing. Most of you have threshed barley and some of you have been in the stack and you know what bearded barley is. The greatest advantage lies in the extreme earliness, which makes it absolutely desirable, if not indispensable, for early feeding when old grain is scarce. Being a sport from the old bearded barley, there may appear a few heads in the field showing beards. 48 lbs., \$1.65, 96 lbs., \$3.00, 480 lbs., \$13.50.

Blue Hulless Barley—Has no hulls. Earliest and best hog feed grown. Yields immense crops. Better for feeding purposes than other barley. Plant for earliest feed. 48 lbs., \$1.75; 96 lbs., \$3.25; 240 lbs. \$8.00; 480 lbs., \$15.00.

White Hulless Barley—Has neither beards nor hulls, extremely early, making it very valuable for hog feed, yields immense crops that thresh out from the hull just as wheat does, better and richer for feeding purposes than any other barley. This barley is also used in large quantities for bread making purposes and makes an excellent bread, normally producing from two to three times the yield of the best wheat. 48 lbs., \$2.00; 96 lbs., \$3.75; 240 lbs., \$9.50; 480 lbs., \$17.50.

A Permanent Hog Pasture

After many years of experimenting we have made up an ideal permanent hog pasture of various grasses and clovers that stand the rough usage best and live longest. Sow this as early in the spring as the ground can be well worked, sowing 30 lbs. to the acre. Prices: 10 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$18.50.

Flax, Minnesota's Winona Wilt-Resistant

Wilt-resistant varieties are essential tor successful flax production. If planted in late May or in June the crop may be damaged more or less by wilt disease, therefore sowing in April or the first part of May is necessary for the best yields. Seed of wilt-resistant varieties cannot be distinguished readily from that of wilt-susceptible varieties. In order to be certain that seed is of a wilt-resistant variety, it is necessary to procure seed from a reliable source.

that seed is of a white-lesistant variety, it is necessary to procure seed from a reliable source.

Winona, Minn. No. 182, is widely distributed, especially in the southern part of the state, and certified seed is available in quantity. It was derived from an individual plant selected in 1916, 56 lbs., \$3.75; 112 lbs., \$7.25; 560 lbs., \$35.00.

Argentine Flax—This is an importation from Argentina, grown for the last several years in the northwest where it is apparently making a

that about 10% of them were all dried up, or poorly shaped apples, and another bushel of carefully selected apples with all of the poor ones taken out even at a 10% increase in the price, without any doubt, you would select the good bushel. The same thing applies to grain. All grain seeds are all recleaned. The small grains and the light ones are all thrown out and you have extra fancy stock. Even at the prices in the catalog, there is only a little profit to us in handling this grain, and we believe that our customers will appreciate the fact that the price is fair considering the quality.

very high yield of a very large flax berry; nearly a half larger than other varieties according to reports from Commission Houses in Minneapolis. This flax commands about five cents per bushel by crushers over other varieties. 56 lbs., \$4.25; 112 lbs., \$8.00; 560 lbs., \$39.00.

A Proper Annual Hog Pasture

For the least money. Something you may turn the hogs on soon after planting, something that you may use and get value received from this season. If that is what you are looking for, sow 56 lbs. of Fall Rye, 5 lbs. Dwarf Essex Rape and 10 lbs. White or Yellow Blossomed Sweet Clover per acre. Mix thoroughly if sowing by hand; if by machinery, mix rape and clover for one sowing and plant the rye separately. This insures an even stand. Price, packed separately, right portions, 50 lbs., \$3.20; 100 lbs., \$5.20; 500 lbs., \$25.00.

Bearded Speltz or Emmer

It makes a good crop with almost any condition of soil and climate. It is neither wheat, rye nor barley, and yet it appears to be a combination of these. It is more like wheat than any of the others men-tioned. For fattening cattle, poultry, horses, sheep, pigs, etc., it is claimed to be ahead of other grains in fact, all kinds of animals seem to thrive on it. Speltz is claimto be ahead of corn, superior to oats and more profitable than wheat. Yields 80 to 100 bushels of richer food than corn, besides giving as much as four tons of good hay per acre. Excellent for pasture and can be fed in the green state. As green state. As grecingrass hay food it often gives 100 leafy stalks from one seed, which its heavy stooling properties. The heads are somewhat similar to two-rowed barley, the spikeless being separated from each other in such a manner that the crop is not easily injured by the weather. by the weather. It is a heavy yield-er. Will grow well and produce enormous crops on land where wheat will not grow.

50 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$2.50; 500 lbs., \$12.00; 1000 lbs., \$22.50.



Beardless Barley

DWARF ESSEX RAPE

This forage plant has rather forced its attention on the grower of stock as the seedsmen, generally, have neglected to tell of its value. A great many farmers have realized its value, and made use of it for a number of years, but the percentage of people planting it is so small that I want to impress it on you, especially this season, that the Dwarf Essex Rape will grow and thrive, and be profitable in so many places on your farm where you are not getting the full benefit of that land, that you should watch for every place, no matter how small, and plant this rape seed. In the spring when you are sowing small grains, sow it at the rate of 4 pounds per acre with your grain. This will furnish valuable pasture after harvest, and on account of the start it has before harvest, requires but little moisture in the latter part of the summer

to make a good crop. Plant it with fall rye at the rate of about three pounds to the acre in the months of April or May, and it will make you a good pasture with the rye in summer. Plant it by itself at the rate of 5 lbs. per acre and see the immense yield of forage it will produce. Sow it at the rate of 3 lbs. per acre with your cultivation of corn. This is undoubtedly the most profitable place to sow rape seed. If you are hogging the corn down, the hogs will clean the rape as well as the corn. If you husk your corn and pasture the cornstalks, all kinds of stock eat it readily, and this gives them green food with the dry. Dwarf Essex Rape is the only variety that is valuable. We would advise placing your order early. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 95c; 10 lbs., \$1.60; 25 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$5.55; 100 lbs., \$9.50.

Spring Rye

The growers of spring rye find that it yields equal in bushels per acre to the fall rye and is a desirable and reasonably profitable crop. We advise that where you have failed to plant a sufficient acreage of fall rye or fall grain, that you will still balance your farm work by increasing the acreage with spring rye. Because of the increasing demand for spring rye we have proportionally increased our acreage and are harvesting a good crop of spring rye each year to take care of the demand

for good feed.

Spring rye is equal to fall rye for all purposes excepting summer pasture. It allows you to increase the acreage of small grains where you have failed to plant all the rye and fall wheat that you wanted at the proper time.

Sow from five to eight pecks per acre, depending on the average rainfall in your locality. Where the rainfall is apt to be deficient

Spring Rye ficient, sow a less amount of all kinds of small grain than where the rainfall is ample. You will secure a better yield. 1 lb., 20c; 28 lbs., \$1.0; 56 lbs., \$1.50; 112 lbs., \$2.80; 560 lbs., \$13.50.

Winter or Fall Rye

This valuable forage plant produces pasture from early in the spring until late in the fall if sown in the spring. It seldom produces any head and gives you good pasture all summer. It is also an excellent fertilizer, plowing it under in mid-summer. In sowing the same variety in September it produces a crop of seed for the next year. 1 lb., 20c; 28 lbs., \$1.00; 56 lbs., \$1.40; 112 lbs., \$2.70; 560 lbs., \$12.50.

Rosen Rye is the large seeded winter rye. It has given exceptionally heavy yields 1 lb., 20c; 28 lbs., \$1.10; 56 lbs., \$1.65; 112 lbs., \$3.10; 560 lbs., \$15.00.

Millet

Early Fortune—This has come to be one of the most valuable crops that the farmer can raise, the seed being the richest and most valuable stock food that can be produced, while the hay is very valuable for stock. A very much prized peculiarity of this millet is that the seed ripens while the hay is yet green, when, if cut properly, can be thrashed for seed, while the hay makes excellent fodder after being threshed. 1 lb., 20c; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

German Millet—Sometimes called Golden Millet. Few other grasses or forage plants have been able to produce the enormous yields of this plant. It has produced four to five tons of hay to the acre and from seventy to eighty bushels of seed. It may be sown on newly broken ground in the spring and as late as July. Leaves the ground in excellent condition for the following crop. Plant thirty pounds to the acre. 1 lb., 20c; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$3.90.

Japanese Millet—All things considered, we call this the most valuable thing in our whole list of forage plants. It has been sold under different names, as "Billion Dollar Grass," "Steel Trust Millet," etc. We recommend it for the following reasons: First, it makes more hay than German Millet or any other. Second, although it grows so large, sometimes seven or eight feet high, the hay is of the most excellent quality, superior to corn fodder. Third, it is adapted to all sections and a great success wherever tried. It does well on low ground. Fourth, two crops a season may be cut from it, or, if left to ripen, it will yield almost as many bushels of seed per acre as oats. Fifth, it requires less seed per acre than any other millet, 20 to 30 pounds being sufficient. Sixth, it makes fine silage, especially if mixed with soya beans or sand vetch. Seventh, it is highly endorsed and recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, by all Experiment Stations and by seedsmen generally. (40 lbs., per bu.). I lb., 30c; 10 lbs., \$1.10; 50 lbs., \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.00.

The New Siberian Millet—The most wonderfully productive and satisfactory forage plants, possessing in a superior degree all the essential merits of any of the older sorts, besides many other points of excellence that distinguish it and render it a most valuable addition to the list of forages and which destines it to take front rank if not lead all the rest. It is said to have come from Russia which would, of course, give it vigor and hardiness not possessed by those originating in a warm climate. 1 lb., 25c; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

Kursk Millet—This very valuable millet is one sent out by the Department of Agriculture several years ago. We find that it will produce more hay in the dryer regions than any other variety of millet you can plant. The color of the seed is red like the Siberian, only a little darker in color. It yields heavy crops of seed and forage. We especially advise the planting of this in any section where the rainfall is not ample and regular. Sow 20 pounds to the acre. 1 lb., 25c; 50 lbs., \$2.75; 100 lbs., \$4.50.

Hog Millet—We have tried in the last two catalogs to discontinue the use of the words "hog millet." The millet known as hog millet is also known as Broom Corn, Manitoba and Early Fortune Millet. It comes in several colors, the yellow, the red and the black. All of these millets yield immense quantities of secd which is exceptionally valuable for feeding purposes. These are all Prosos. These Prosos are not as desirable for hay as for grain and millions of pounds of this grain is used in the Siberian and Russian countries for human food; in fact, we have used it and found it extremely palatable. 1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., 95c; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$3.75.

White Wonder Millet

The most striking feature of White Wonder Millet is the size of the heads. The heads of this variety will run from eight up to eighteen inches and a single head will have as many as 15,000 seeds.

The yield of White Wonder Millet is very heavy and this variety will yield fully half again as much as Golden Millet and some growers state that it will outyield other millets three to one.

Another very desirable feature is its earliness. White Wonder Millet is much earlier than Golden Millet and almost as early as Siberian Millet.

The foliage is very heavy and the leaves broad, resembling those of corn. It produces an immense amount of excellent fodder which cures very readily. Per lb., 20c; 25 lbs., \$1.75; 50 lbs., \$2.75; 100 lbs., \$4.50.

Professor Hansen's Siberian Proso

It will probably yield well on the driest upland in the driest years in all our western states. When it is hulled and cooked for the table the Russians call it Kasha, and it is very extensively used in European Russia, Siberia, Turkestan, Mongolia, and other parts of Asia, especially the driest regions.

This is specially valuable grain. For feeding stock, poultry, and everything of that kind Proso is equal to or better than the wheat.

Proso is also specially valuable as a summer catch crop, something that can be planted very late. It can be planted as late as July 15th and still mature a crop of grain and hay.

There are so few later catch crops that Proso will be used extensively on land that has had an early crop removed from it or where it has been drowned out and not in shape to work until midsummer. Sow 20 pounds per acre. 1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.00.



Professor Hansen

FARM SEEDS

Soja Beans (or Soy Beans)

Soja beans are easy to grow and are especially valuable for soil too poor or acid for other legumes. They withstand both drought and rain well and are not easily damaged by moisture. They make a good emergency crop as they can be sown late after other crops fail or are washed out. They deposit large quantities of nitrogen in the large quantities of nitrogen in the soil, building up poor land on which clover or alfalfa cannot be grown. It is most important as a feed and ensilage crop. Soia beans, as a hay crop, are higher in protein content than silver hay or field peas mixed. For dairy cattle, the hay is equal to alfalfa hay. They make wonderful ensilage when grown with corn and are also used for hog pasture. They take the for hog pasture. They take the place of oil meal and are even more

palatable and digestible.

Ito San and Manchu were the two best varieties out of more than twenty in our trial grounds in 1922. They are all Northern Grown.

The Early Maturing Soy Beans listed by us are all absolutely Northern Grown and of the

earliest varieties suitable for planting in this and sections farther north. On account of the lesser acreage grown for seed purposes, these are higher priced than the southern beans, but

are higher priced than the southern beans, but only about one-half the price of two years ago. These beans yield enormously. I lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$3.60; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Late or Southern Grown Soy Beans—These are suitable for all points south of Omaha, Nebraska, when planted with cornfor slage purposes, as they will mature properly with the corn and add considerable to your corn slage. Ilb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$3.60; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

White for Pullarin on Soy Beans.

Write for Bulletin on Soy Beans





Iowar Oats

This is the best oat ever developed by the Iowa Experiment Station. It is of the Kherson type but newer than Iowa 103 or Iowa 105. Iowar is a fine white color and wonderfully thin; straws quite short and ripens extremely early. It has given heavy yields in the large number of tests made throughout Iowa and Wisconsin and is better suited to our conditions than Iowa 103 which has always given perfect results. The yield is invariably very satisfactory, running eighty bushels and over per acre. I recommend this variety very highly. Having once grown Iowar, you will be delighted with it and will praise it as highly as the next one. 32 lbs., 90c; 64 lbs., \$1.60; 320 lbs., \$7.50.

Seed Oats for Spring 1931

We have stored in our warehouses very high quality oats of different varieties, and at the reasonable prices you should not hesitate to buy liber-

Kherson Oats

Made larger yields and weighed better than any others. We believe it to be the very best for the Northwest. This oat is undoubtedly identical with the yellow oat known as Sixty-Day Oat. There were two importations from Russia; one has come out under the name of Sixty-Day and the other as Kherson. They both outyield call others.

Our seed from this variety is secured from seed of the original Taylor importation, and is absolutely pure Kherson Oats. It is a smaller oat solutely pure Kherson Oats. It is a smaller oat than most and takes at least one peck less per acre for sowing. This oat should be largely planted as the difference of 10 to 15 days in earliness of maturity will escape the rust period; save that much risk of winds, hall and bugs. It also lengthens the harvest season, allowing you to get along with less high-priced help. 32 lbs., 90c; 64 lbs., \$1.60; 320 lbs., \$7.50.

Hull-Less Oats—Ottawa 480 Liberty

Now, this wonderful new oat was introduced from Canada a few years ago and it has made excellent yields here in South Dakota, and North Dakota, Minnesota, and Iowa. It can be expected to yield about 37 bushels per acre. White Hull-Less Oat grows reasonably tall but it has a heavy stiff straw that does not lop but it has a heavy sin straw that does not top easily. It is quite rust-resistant and ripens a few days later than early Kherson. It does not shell out in the field and is as easily threshed as any other variety. As a feed for stock, it is much superior to other varieties as it does not have any bothersome hulls. As a cereal for breakfast foods, it is unsurpassed by any other bread of cottneel now on the market. It may be brand of oatmeal now on the market. It may be cooked whole like rice or can be ground with any be cooked whole like rice or can be ground with any kind of a mill and used like oatmeal. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$3.75; 100 lbs., \$6.50; 320 lbs., \$19.00.

Regenerated Swedish Selected Oats

The past season the new Regenerated Swedish Select Oats have made some wonderful yields in the Northwest. They are certainly the leading late oats at the present time and it is probable they will continue to be so. It is not unusual to see fields growing 100 bushels per acre and weighters with the angle they are received by the second or the second bushels. ing as high as 35 lbs. per measured bushel. Our stock of this oat is strictly pure and at the price you should sow a good field. 32 lbs., 90c: 64 lbs., \$1.60; 320 lbs., \$7.50.

Silver Mine is one of the standard leading or the standard leading varieties of mid-season oats, and a greater acreage of it is planted than any other variety. Does well over a greater range of territory. Our seed of this variety is exceptionally nice, and priced right. Sow from 2½ to 3½ bushels per acre. 32 lbs., 90c; 64 lbs., \$1.60; 320 lbs., \$7.50.

Gopher Oats, Minn. No. 674—One of the earliest maturing, open-panicled with white grain, stiff strawed, and especially recommended for southern Minnesota. In the past few years its yielding ability has been outstanding in practically every territory that has used it. It is especially high yielding on peat lands. Gopher Oats were originated for the purpose of obtaining a high yielding variety with a stiff straw. This past year Gopher Oats outsold every variety that we offered, in fact we sold more than all other varieties combined, and for the past few months we have been receiving more than an other varieties combined, and for the past few months we have been receiving letters from growers all over the country that say it is the best by far of any they bave ever had, and that it makes them more money per had, and that it makes them more money per acre, that it is easier to thresh and the straw is a better quality. The demand is so great for this variety that we have been forced to pay considerably more money for them than the other varieties, Plant 2½ bushels to the acre. We are able to quote you practically cost price. 32 lbs., \$1.00; 64 lbs., \$1.80; 320 lbs.,



Myself and our four Children: Clifford, Ray-mond, Orion and Alice in the Melon Patch.

Gurney's Sunshine Bacteria No. 6-For inoculating Soy Beans. 60 lbs. size, 50c; 120 lbs. size, \$1.00.

GURNEY'S NORTHERN GROWN SEED POTATOES

The potato crop of 1930 was unusually short. However, we have stored our usual supply of strictly first-class Northern grown seed potatoes of the various varieties listed but the price at which we are offering them may be changed without notice either higher or lower as the market warrants.

The person who plants an acreage of potatoes each year has learned from experience that a change of potato seed from the north to the south pays better than any other seed. Consequently we grow our seed stock in the extreme north, and the big potato grower farther south sells off all his own crop, securing new northern stock each season, in this way often increas-

ing his yield 50 per cent. We are trimming down our list of varieties to that of a few years ago, as it is not profitable to have too many. I attended an auction sale the other day and saw a lot of potatoes sold. The quality of these potatoes was of the poorest, such as we would leave on the field or gather up and screen out for stock food, probably did not yield more than 25 to 50 bushels per acre. The soil on which they were produced should have given 200 bushels of strictly first-class potatoes to the acre. The party growing these had planted and replanted each season and I suppose had kept the small, or seed potatoes, as he would call it, until they were entirely run out. Prices on all potatoes are subject to change without notice.

Potatoes

Gurney's White Harvest-In a class by itself. A nearly round white potato, fully as early as Red Bliss. An immense yielder, often producing fifteen perfect potatoes in a hill. The big advantage over Red Bliss is the white skin. This past season Gurney's White Harvest in a great many instances made for the grower over six hundred dollars per acre. They come into the market when all other varieties of old potatoes are gone and the new potatoes are selling at unheard of prices, consequently you get in at the highest point of the season. A great many people depend on a little half-acre garden to increase their income. There is nothing like a half acre of potatoes to be dug at the right time. When potatoes are being shipped in from the South and sold at six to eight cents per pound this is the time to get in with the home grown ones. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 90c; 15 lbs., \$1.50; 30 lbs., \$2.50; 60 lbs., \$4.00; 300 lbs., \$19.00; 600 lbs., \$37.50.

Gurney's Bugless Potato has for one more year absolutely proven that it is more immune from bugs than any other potato grown, that it is seldom damaged by bugs, and that happens only in bad seasons or on extremely poor ground, or in very small patches. We had grown for us this past season fields of Bugless potatoes that produced considerable over three hundred bushels per acre. A single measured field of five acres brought to our cellars more than hiteen

hundred bushels of marketable tubers that we sold on the market for just as much or more money than any other potato grown, kept better and are of equally as good quality. Why should we grow other varieties of late potatoes subject to damage by bugs, lower yields and of inferior quality?

We grew on a piece of our land adjoining the city of Yankton a ten-acre field of Bugless. Adjoining this field on the west end was a fraction of an acre of Early Ohios, planted by the aljoining landowner. There was six feet between the last row of Bugless and the first row of Early Ohios. During the growing season the owner of the Early Ohios and his entire family picked bugs. I personally examined our own field day after day, and I did not find one single leaf damaged in the Bugless field by bugs, and the yield at the end of the season was satisfactory.

Get in the Bugless game. Plant potatoes that will fill your cellars and your pocket-

PRICE—1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 15 lbs., \$1.35; 30 lbs., \$2.00; 60 lbs., \$3.50; 300 lbs., \$16.00; 600 lbs., \$30.00.

Bliss Triumph Potatoes

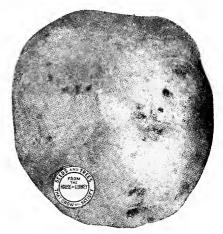
This is positively the earliest potato grown, except Gurney's White Harvest. It is the variety you find on the market first in the spring from the south. A nearly round red potato. On account of its earliness it brings the highest price of any potato offered, and as the seed for this variety for the entire south is grown each season in the north, the demand is always heavy for it for seed purposes and consequently higher priced than most other varieties. It yields enormously. We have had reports of 650 bushels per acre, and it is not uncommon to take out fifteen good marketable potatoes from one hill. It is freer from scab than most potatoes. The stock we are offering is of specially fine quality, strictly Red River grown, everyone should plant a quantity of these for first early. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 95c; 15 lbs., \$1.30; 30 lbs., \$2.00.60 lbs., \$3.40; 300 lbs., \$1.5.75; 600 lbs., \$29.50.

Irish Cobbler

I am quoting from Bulletin No. 176 of the South Dakota State College of Agriculture, on Page 700 in a table of a three-year test, indicating that the Irish Cobbler is the highest yielding early potato at Brookings. On Page 718 they again refer to it as the best yielding early variety grown in South Dakota. It is grown in every part of the State and is desirable for early and fall markets.

This is a variety of eastern origin that took

This is a variety of eastern origin that took Horace Greeley's advice to "Go West, young man, go West." It went west and is prosperous. It has found the climate that it desired and is even more profitable in this western country than



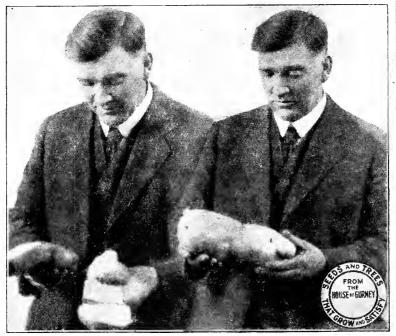
in the East, the home of its birth. The Irish Cobbler is fast becoming one of the great northwestern market potatoes, It is second early, nearly round, pure white, a good keeper, and of very excellent quality, always cooking dry and mealy. On account of the short, stocky growth of the vine, this potato can be planted closer together than most varieties, ordinarily about one foot apart in the row. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 80c; 15 lbs., \$1.25; 30 lbs., \$1.90; 60 lbs., \$3.00; 300 lbs., \$14.00; 600 lbs., \$27.50.

DIPDUST: An instantaneous Seed Potato Dip that saves time, labor and worry. 4 oz., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$27.50; 50 lbs., \$50.00.

Neither Bayer Dust nor Dipdust can be sent through the mall and must be sent by either express or freight.

Sweet Potatoes

These Sweet Potatoes are the Early Jersey variety and the most satisfactory for northern planting. We can furnish you for shipment about April 1st the seed Sweet Potatoes. If you care to grow your own plants, it is necessary to plant the potatoes, grow the sprouts and transplant just as you would tomatoes. The potatoes should be planted by the 10th of April, the sprouts transplanted from the 15th of May to as late as July 1st. The potatoes must be planted immediately on their arrival as they decay rapidly at that time of the year. If you do not care to grow your own plants we can furnish the plants; and refer you to the greenhouse section for prices. Potatoes, per 1b., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 50 lbs., \$6.00; 100 lbs., \$11.00.



Not Twins, but P. S. Gurney Looking at a 41/2-Lb. Bugless Potato

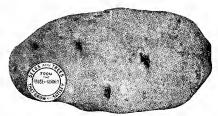
GURNEY'S POTATOES AND SUDAN

Early Six Weeks Potatoes

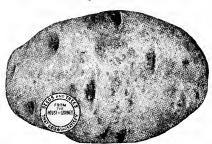
Fine potato for the early market. It is extra early, and now improved, we consider it one of the best extra early market varieties grown. The potatoes begin to form when the vines are only 5 to 6 inches high, and in 7 to 8 weeks from planting are of fine marketable size. The tubers are of a handsome, oval form, red color with shallow eyes. Extremely early. Splendid keepers and of the finest cooking quality. The early Six Weeks is a fine variety for both the home garden and for early marketing. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 80c; 15 lbs., \$1.25; |30 lbs., \$1.90; 66 lbs., \$3.00; 300 lbs., \$14.00; 600 liss., \$27.50.

Early Ohio

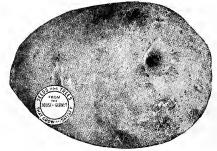
Early Ohio is the most popular early Potato in this country. We have more ealls for it than any other variety. Every potato grower knows what it is, and knows just about what it will do in his locality. It is the Standard Extra Early the country over and other varieties are measured by it. We will venture to say that not one farmer in ten the country over who thinks he has Early Ohio has pure stock. Most of them do not know that they are mixed. But Early Ohio is an old variety and has become frightfully mixed throughout the United States. Farmers and market gardeners better sell off their own Ohio and get some pure. They are grown under conditions that make them cost more than common stock. They are selected, with the ut-



Six Weeks



Early Ohlo



Rural New Yorker

Early Ohio-Continued

most eare and the result is grand, such as to delight every one who knows and appreciates a good potato. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 80c; 15 lbs., \$1.25; 30 lbs., \$1.90; 60 lbs., \$2.90; 300 lbs., \$13.50; 600 lbs., \$26.00.

Rural New Yorker No. 2

This is the best known of the standard late market potato. The tubers are of large size, nearly round to oval, considerably flat with stem and seed end rounded. The skin is smooth with broad, shallow eyes. This means less waste in paring than with most other varieties. The foliage is deep green, vigorous and heavy, therefore unusually insect resistant.

This is an exceptionally hardy potato, and on heavy black and clay soil, it yields 200 to 400 bushels per acre. Our stock of Rural New Yorker this year is a splendid one and our prices are certainly very reasonable. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 80c; 15 lbs., \$1.25; 30 lbs., \$1.90; 60 lbs, \$2.90; 300 lbs., \$13.50; 600 lbs., \$2.00.

Green Mountain

This remarkably heavy yielding white potato has forced its way to the front in the northern sections, as one of the main crop varieties of late potatoes. It has produced some very remarkable yields, especially in North Dakota, and Minnesota, and is adaptable to almost any part of the country. I believe the Green Mountain averages larger in size than any of its class. There are very few small unmarketable potatoes in a field of them. This potato is of excellent quality after the first of January and is especially good for baking purposes. It is a good keeper, and commands readily the highest market price. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$0c; 15 lbs., \$1.25; 30 lbs., \$1.90; 60 lbs., \$2.90; 300 lbs., \$1.3.50; 600 lbs., \$2.00.

Sudan Grass

Sudan Grass was introduced into the United States in 1909 from Sudan under the name of Garawi. One-half pound of seed was received, and the results were so very promising that plans were immediately made for testing it out thoroughly in all parts of the United States. As a result of these tests, the Department of Agriculture reports that Sudan Grass will be of the greatest value in the Central States, and especially in the parts of Texas, Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska and Colorado that are deficient in rainfall. These dry regions have no other satisfactory hay crop and Sudan Grass will be of immense value there.

Sudan Grass is strictly an annual and dies each year like millet and must be seeded again each spring. This makes it fit admirably into any system of rotation, and while it does not benefit the soil like legumes, it does afford a change in erop and this is a good thing for the soil. Sudan Grass is tall, reaching a height of from 7 to 9 feet. The stems are very small and are rarely thicker than a lead pencil. The plant stools wonderfully and produces, under favorable conditions, as many as 100 stalks from a single root.

Makes good when it is dry; makes better when it rains.

Produces from 3 to 5 tons of hay per aere when planted in 3-foot rows.

Takes about 4 pounds of seed per aere to plant in 3-foot rows.

Sudan-Continued

Can be cut from two to four times per season. A Stock cat it in preference to all other hays including alfalfa.

Analyzes 9.13 per eent protein.

Has been grown successfully in all kinds of elimate under all sorts of eonditions.

Sudan—Wonderful value to the dairyman. Sudan has demonstrated its value above most other forage plants for just ordinary hay purposes. Most planters estimate its value for the first crop which on ordinary land in an average season will yield up to four and one-half tons of dry hay per aere. There is almost an equal value in the second erop. In some places this matures for a second eutting of hay, but in my estimation its greatest value is green pasture for the cows. At about this time of the year pastures are dry or only producing about one-half feed for the stock pasturing on it. This pasture supplemented by a fair aereage of Sudan will keep up the quality and quantity of the milk flow. Try it.

Prices: 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.60; 25 lbs., \$2.90; 50 lbs., \$5.00; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

Sand or Winter Vetch

(Viei Villosa)—Sometimes called Hairy Vetch. Thrives surprisingly on poor, light land, and well withstands extremes of drought, heat and cold. It may be sown either in the spring or fall, usually with Ryc. In the North, it remains all winter under the snow and it is invaluable for early pasturing or soiling. It is valuable as a fertilizer, being a great nitrogen gatherer. For hay, cut when commencing to pod. Fifty pounds seed per aere. 1 lb., 30c; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 50 lbs., \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$16.00.



Sudan Over 7 Feet High

SORGHUMS, SACCHARINES AND NON-SACCHARINES

Kaffir Corn

Sunrise Kaffir (Darso)

A New Kaffir With a Sweet Stalk

This is a new Kaffir, which has been developed at Woodward, Oklahoma. It has rather small heads and small kernels, but the yield of grain is very high. It threshes out more grain than will be expected from the appearances of the field.

A very important characteristic of Sunrise Kaffir is that stalks and leaves are very sweet, being similar to sweet sorghums. The stalks are slender and produce more leaves than other kaffirs. Therefore, the fodder is not only of excellent quality, but also produced in large quantities, and with very little waste in feeding.

It matures early and makes fine silage. It grows rather tall and is well adapted to handle with row binder, and head with knife or axe in bundle. The butts may then be stacked and fed. The fodder being sweet, it may sour in the stack, the same as cane does unless properly handled.

Plant Sunrise Kaffir and get the double benefit of a heavy yield of White Kaffir grain and an abundance of fodder almost as sweet as

Prices: 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.30; 25 lbs., \$1.70; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.25. Kaffir Corn—Grows from 5 to 7 feet high,

making a straight upright growth with enormous wide leaves. The stalks keep green and are brittle and juicy, not hardening like other varieties of Sorghum, making excellent fodder, either green or dried, which is highly relished by stock. The seed heads form at the top of each stock. The seed heads form at the top of each stalk. For the grain sow in rows three feet apart, three to five pounds of seed to the acre. For fodder sow 50 lbs., either broadcast or in drills. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.20; 25 lbs., \$1.60; 50 lbs., \$2.40; 100 lbs., \$3.75.

Branching Yellow Milo

Grows from 5 to 7 feet high, stooling from the ground, sending out heads of great size, often weighing three-quarters of a pound, sometimes a full pound after ripe. Cattle, horses, and hogs will eat it readily. Tests show that during the will early leadily. Tests show that during the severe drouth corn dried up within a few feet of it. Five to ten pounds will plant an acre. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.35; 100 lbs., \$3.75.

Dwarf Broom Corn

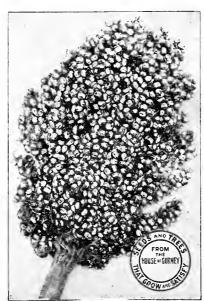
We have discontinued offering any of the tall growing varieties of Broom Corn. We have sold that continuously for years and without cataloging the Dwarf variety we have sold each season, through correspondence, several times the quantity of Dwarf than we have of the tall. the quantity of Dwarf than we have of the tall. This demonstrates to us that the grower wants the Dwarf variety, which is better from every standpoint. The Dwarf Broom Corn stands up better than the taller varieties, is practically free from crooked brush. The fiber is long and fine and commands always the highest market price. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs.. \$1.00; 10 lbs.., \$1.80; 25 lbs.. \$3.30; 50 lbs.., \$5.45; 100 lbs.., \$9.00.

Cane or Sorghum

Sorghum (or Sugar Cane) in the West is not at all appreciated, and we wish to call the attention of farmers everywhere to the great value of Sorghum as a pasture and fodder crop, and to the particular advantage to be gained by growing Sorghum may be made to furnish the principal provender for cattle and horses from August until the following spring. As a summer pasture for sheep, a wide field is likely to be opened up by it. As a soiling food for swine it is most excellent, and the seed furnishes a splendid food for fowls. It grows right along through the severest and most prolonged drought.

Early Amber Cane—This popular and well known variety is the earliest. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.20; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$3.75.

Dakota Grown Amber Cane—We have quantities of cane grown for us each season in Dakota, and while we do not claim better yields for it than other canes, we do claim earliness and drought-resistant features over other canes. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.20; 25 lbs., \$1.60; 50 lbs., \$2.40; 100 lbs., \$4.00. cipal provender for cattle and horses from Au-

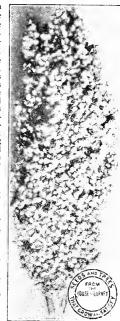


Milo Maize

Feterita

The most drouth resistant forage plant that we have ever offered, especially valuable for the prairie states. It is much like Kaffir corn but matures 20 days earlier. The seed is one-half larger; the heads plumper and better filled. It is profitable for pasture, hay crop, ensilage or grain, and is used for feeding cattle, sheep and poultry. Culture is the same as for Kaffir corn.

It will produce a crop on probably less moisture than any farm crop, yielding better, of course, with more moisture. But to guard against crop failure, you should have a field of Feterita each year. The heads resemble The heads resemble Kaffir corn. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 25 lbs., \$1.75; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.00.



Canada Field Peas

I am of the opinion from experience and observation that Canada Field Peas planted at the rate of 50 lbs. per acre, with 1½ bushels of oats, will produce the most valuable hog and other stock fodder for fall and winter feeding and for stock fodder for fair and winter reeding and for early summer pasture that you can possibly plant. Valuable, I will say, first on account of its earliness, maturing four to six weeks earlier than corn. Second, the immense yield of rich, dry fodder. We advise sowing with the peas, the Kherson or Iowa 103 Oats, as they mature at about the same time. If you are going to plant the peas on high poor land, the Swedish Select or taller growing late oats would be better. Plant a field of these oats and peas near your Plant a field of these oats and peas near your home yards and at the right time turn the hogs in and let them do the harvest. They will pay you for it. If planted alone sow 90 lbs., per acre. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.40; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 50 lbs., \$3.75; 100 lbs., \$6.50.

Painted with Sunshine Paint



Geo. Reng-Sioux Rapids, Iowa

WHEAT

Marquis Wheat

The high bread-making strength of the Marquis and color of flour were demonstrated in the tests made at Ottawa in the early months of 1907, and all of the surplus seed was at once sent to the Indianhead Experimental Farm for propagation. The Marquis variety was tested in competition with Red Fife at four of the Canadian Experimental Farms during various periods during the years of 1907 to 1914, inclusive. At three of the stations the overyields of the Marquis were from 13½ per cent to 38 % per cent higher than Red Fife, the highest yielding wheat in the Canadian Province. The Marquis is an early variety. It is three or four days earlier than most of the other Fife varieties. Because of its earliness it escapes the drought of dry years, the rust and fall rains of wet seasons, and also the early fall frosts. These are the characteristics which have made it specially valuable in Provinces of Canada. Tested at 22 different Experiment Stations. Vields showing from 1½ bushels to 7 bushels per acre higher than other variety of spring wheat.

From these facts is seen, first, that winter varieties are best where they can be grown in the northern section of the Great Plains; second that

From these facts is seen, first, that winter varieties are best where they can be grown in the northern section of the Great Plains; second that Durums are better than any spring common wheat in some sections; third, that the Marquis variety is better than any of the spring common wheats at most stations, and as good as any of the rest. The Marquis is a safe variety to grow anywhere in this section when spring wheat is to be grown. The Marquis wheat is specially well adapted to central South Dakota; here drought and rust often reduce the yields of

the present and rust often feduce the yields of later maturing varieties.

The Preston or Velvet Chaff, a bearded wheat, is now leading the variety in that district. The Marquis is Beardless, a better yielder, as well as a better milling wheat.

PRICE LIST
Marquis Wheat—1 bushel, \$2.00; 2 bushels, \$3.80; 5 bushels, \$9.00; 10 bushels, \$17.00.

Agricultural College North Dakota

Rust-Resistant Wheat D-1

I am printing extracts from letters of H. L. Bolley of the North Dakota Agricultural College. There is a heap of truth in Mr. Bolley's statement and it may be that you will have to accept a little lower price for D-1 than the regular market for Marquis or other standard varieties;

but when you harvest, in some cases, two or three times better crops from this Rust-Resistant Wheat than from other varieties, you can well

afford to take a lower price.

Our Mr. Wensberg spent considerable time in North Dakota determining the values of D-5 and D-1 and found that both of them almost invariably yielded from 18 to 35 bushels per acre, while on account of rust, such varieties as Marquis, Kubanka and other varieties were nearly a total failure.

1 bushel, \$2.00; 2 bushels,\$3.80; 5 bushels, \$9.00; 10 bushels, \$17.00.

Burbank Quality Wheat

Burbank Quality Wheat—A new spring wheat originated and introduced by Luther Burbank, the plant wizard. It has withstood the ravages of the Black Rust better than most varieties, makes remarkable yields of high quality wheat. Sample of this was submitted by us to the Terminal Markets and they pronounced it a good bread-making wheat that would sell at practically the same price as the Marquis and other spring wheats. Our supply of this naturally is limited and we must confine orders to five bushels or less to one person.

less to one person.

A customer at New England, North Dakota, writes us that he produced 1,000 bushels of Burbank Quality Wheat and the best wheat he has ever grown. The Pillsbury Flour Mills of Minneapolis made a protein test of the sample sent them and the test showed 13.65 %

protein. A man at Selfridge, North Dakota, writes that the Black Rust struck his Burbank Quality Wheat previous to its maturity but the kernel matured and gave him 60 pounds wheat and 30 bushels per acre. This was about 10 bushels better than the average of Marquis wheat around here. Price per bushel, \$2.10; 2 bushels, \$4.00; 5 bushels, \$9.50; 10 bushels, \$18.00.

Ruby Spring Wheat

Ten Days Earlier Than Marquis.

Does this mean anything to the wheat grower? When Marquis was introduced it was claimed to be one week earlier than other varieties

Sunshine Coffee 1 pound 5 pounds	
1 pound	.\$.45
5 pounds	. 2.25
10 pounds	4.25
20 pounds	. 8.00



Bumper Crop of Wheat From Gurney Seed

of spring wheat and it is. Marquis almost revolutionized the growing of spring wheat. It was claimed to be rust-resistant, more so than any other spring wheat and it was. People who had not grown spring wheat for years went in and made good crops and good money. Now we offer to you a new wheat bred and introduced by Dr. Chas. E. Saunders, the Dominion Cerealist, Ottawa, Canada, the man who gave us Marquis and the Early Red Fife. This alone warrants you in planting this new Ruby which is even more rust-resistant than Marquis; is ten days earlier and from best information we can secure yields equal to Marquis, with the added advantage of escaping the black rust, the great Spring Wheat Peril. Ten days earlier than Marquis means ten days less risk of hail, wind, storms and drought. All of these must be taken into consideration by the spring wheat grower. Ruby is produced on good stiff straw that tends to prevent lodging—the kernel is large, plump and of the most excellent quality for bread making and is so recognized by the millers. Brother Philip made a close investigation of the small field grown in North and South Dakota last summer and reported that nearly all growers had contracted their surplus seed to their neighbors for as much as \$8.00 per bushel. A neighbor who has seen the field grow and mature and comparing it with his own and then ready to pay \$8.00 per bushel for seed would seem to me to be the only recommendation this new Ruby would need. Our seed for this year is Canadian grown, produced from seed direct from the Department of Agriculture. This insures its purity. Prices: 1 bushel, \$2.10; 2 bushels,

Kill the Weeds—Use Atlacide Calcium Chlorate

\$4.00; 5 bushels, \$9.50; 10 bushels, \$18.00.

The best time to kill Bind Weeds or Creeping Jenny and other foul seeds is in the fall when the plants are in full bloom, and we offer the Atlacide Calcium Chlorate for this purpose. We will be glad to furnish you a bulletin giving you full directions for using. One pound is recommended for diluting in a gallon of water, and 100 pounds should be sufficient to treat one acre.

The price in 200 pound drums or more is 12½c per pound; in 100 pound drums, 13c per pound; less than 100 pounds, 14c per pound.

Be sure to ask for the bulletins.

"SOUVENIRS" FROM WNAX

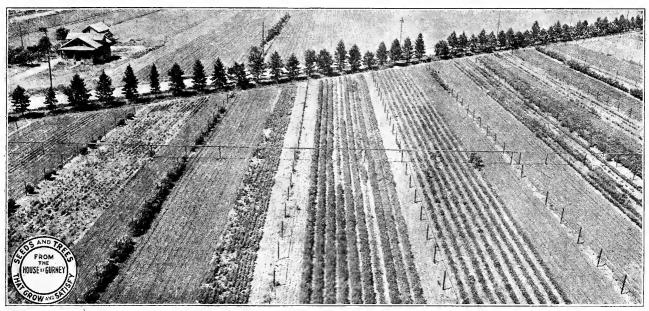
Souvenir two-color Cushion from WNAX, 16 inches square, velveteen front and leatherette back. We have a large variety of colors. Make your selection and we know the cushion will please you.

\$1.00 \$\\$1.00\$

WNAX BOOKS

CAMP JUGS

NURSERY DEPARTMENT



Scene in Nursery. Large Trees Are Black Hill Bull Pines



Roy Eastman Nursery Sales

Five Per Cent Off for Early

Five Per Cent Off for Early
Nursery Orders Only
Early orders for nursery stock
are more valuable to us than late
ones, and we will, on all orders received before March 10th, allow
you to add in stock 5 per cent of
the amount of your order. Thus,
for \$20.00 you can buy \$21.00
worth of goods, when full remittance is received with the order.
We can ship nursery stock into
any State. In shipping into Canada
the purchaser must secure a permit
from the Canadian Government.
This permit should accompany the
order or jbe mailed to us before
shipping time.



George Gurney, Manager

Free From Dangerous Insects and Diseases

A certificate of nursery inspection, showing that our nursery stock is doubly inspected by a state inspector and free from disease, will be furnished with every shipment of nursery stock.

Shipping Season-We ship, as a rule, from the middle of March throughout April and May and from September 15th to November 15th.



John Peter De Pagter Landscape

GUARANTEE:— In guaranteeing nursery stock, we put the proposition somewhat up to the purchaser in what, we believe you will agree, is a sportsmanlike manner. Here we find living plants. To guarantee that they will continue to live after you have received them and planted them, would be to shoulder a responsibility that would necessitate an increase in prices. It would encourage carelessness in handling on the part of the purchaser. It would be an assurance against excessive rain and excessive drought such as we had last year. We feel that after delivery of living stock, true to name, in healthy condition, to our customers, at least fifty per cent of the responsibility of their growth should rest fairly on the shoulders of the purchaser. By doing this way on larger writes on pursery of the purchaser. By doing this we can keep our prices on nursery stock down within the reach of everyone and you, as a careful planter, will not be bearing the burden of those who are careless in their planting and care.

Therefore, we guarantee everything sent out by the Gurney Seed & Nursery Company to be true to name and to arrive in good condition. If the stock is not in good condition on arrival, we ask that you notify us at once and we will immediately send out other stock or make a reasonable adjustment. If stock is not true to name you should notify us as soon as this is determined and we will refurnish with new stock free of charge. All stock that falls to grow the first season will certainly become evident by the 15th of August, and we ask that you notify us between July 15

and August 15, and we, therefore, offer to refurnish this stock at one half the catalog price the following spring or fall.

Under this provision we expect, of course, that your trees will have been pruned properly and at the time of receipt, they will have been given reasonable care and cultivation according to instructions.

Ten Tree Commandments

Trim all broken roots with a sharp knife, cutting slantwise from the under side.
 Dig a hole larger than the space the roots

will take up.

3. Place the top soil on one side of the hole and the sub-surface soil on the other.

4. Slightly loosen the soil at the bottom of the

hole. Bed the tree on the good soil, pressing it

well around the roots.

6. Fill up with subsoil, packing and watering

7. Set the tree about two inches deeper than it was

Never let the exposed roots dry for one minute.

9. Prune the top until the branch system is slightly smaller than the roots.

10. Cultivate the soil around the tree every week, commencing middle of May; last cultivation about August 20th. Where cultivation and watering is out of the question, practice mulching with well rotted manure.

Packing is done in the best manner with the best packing material and every order rolled or made into a neat bale, burlapped, papered and

encased in straw, or boxed. Water-proof paper is used in wrapping all parpost shipments.

Terms: ½ Cash with order. We cannot book orders excepting where remittance or partial remittance is received with order.

Quantities Ordered: One to 5 at single rates; 5 to 25 at 10 rate; 25 to 75 at 50 rate; 75 to 250 at 100 rate; 250 to 750 at 500 rate; 750 and up at 1000 rates, unless priced otherwise.

Instructions—With each order will be sent a

pamphlet giving full directions for the proper care and handling of everything sent out.

"Experience" is said to "teach a dear school." We have had a long experience in this school and what we learned at the greatest cost may be yours for the asking. Write what your conditions are—soil, exposure, surroundings; write and tell us what you want, and you will receive a proport of the same of the prompt answer with all attainable information.
YOU DO NOT HAVE TO BUY ANYTHING
TO GET THE BENEFIT OF OUR 61 YEARS
EXPERIENCE IN THE NORTHWEST.

Shipping.—Yankton is served by three great railroads: The Great Northern, the Northwestern and the Milwaukee. This service assures you of prompt delivery of your order and reduces to a minimum the danger of delayed delivery on perishable stock. All prices F.O.B. Yankton unless otherwise stated.

Building an Orchard

We use the above title to emphasize the fact that after you have planted your fruit trees you have only laid the foundation of an orchard. From then on you build, and to build right you must have good material with which to work and do your work well. The material for the foundation is supplied to you in this case by the nurseryman. A house built upon a poor foundation will always be a poor house, no matter how good the workmanship in the upper half may be. After the foundation is laid the construction of the rest of the orchard is up to you. It means work. Cultivation, pruning, spraying and fertilization are part of your work and when well done your orchard will be built up into a thing of lasting service. It is a serious thing to build an orchard. It requires some years of work and when well done, is a joy. When poorly done, a great disappointment.

A Hardy Root the First Consideration

Every nurseryman knows the weak part of a tree is the root system and he tries to furnish you with the best there is. Over a period of more than sixty years we have been experimenting with apple roots for propagation purposes produced from seeds of the hardlest varieties of apples and crabs and we have demonstrated to our own satisfaction and the Commercial Orchardist that the seed of the Pyrus Baccata, the original apple, produced a root that is absolutely

Iron-Clad

This word "iron-clad" is often used to indicate the hardiness of any subject whether it be a human being, an animal, tree or shrub. If it means anything at all the Pyrus Baccata root is iron-clad. If it means more possibly the Pyrus Baccata is iron because it is the hardiest apple root known and the only apple root used by the House of Gurney for the propagation of apples and crab apples for the home and Commercial Orchard of the United States and insures LONG LIFE AND EARLY BEARING, which surely means a pleasure and profit to you.

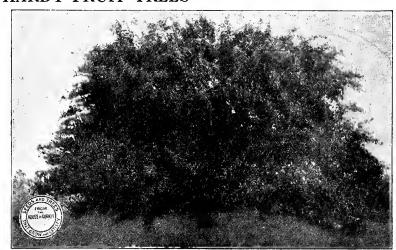
What Is the Pyrus Baccata?

It is the original apple found growing wild in Northern Russia and Siberia where it requires hardiness to survive. The fruit is about one-fourth of an inch through, borne in clusters of three or four, bright red in color and just enough of the pulp and skin to cover the seed. This Pyrus Baccata was the first apple and Col. Gurney expressed this in a very nice way in a writing just previous to his death in 1913. He said "God made the apple not bigger than the pea and man has done the rest. This is not profanity. While man appears to have done the most it is still true that all the men and all science the world has ever produced could not make the little apple." Did you ever stop to consider, the Creator has never given us a thing or done for us anything that we could do for ourselyes, but has placed within our reach the foundation for everything and we continuously search for that foundation and then it is up to the human race to build to the best of their ability on that foundation

Fruit Trees Made or Reproduced

If we planted the seed of the Pyrus Baccata and allowed it to come in to bearing expecting to get a better apple than the original, we would be disappointed because it would reproduce nearly true to its parent. If we planted a seed of the best apple like the Wealthy and expected a fruit equal to the parent we would again be disappointed because all of the apples that have been increased in size and improved in quality do not reproduce true but far from it. Possibly not

HARDY FRUIT TREES



The Original Pyrus Baccata Tree from Siberia growing at Ottawa, Canada. The spread of this tree is more than 60 feet. It is very old and as sound today as it was 50 years ago.

more than one in a million seedlings would produce a desirable fruit, one good enough to save. Consequently, when a fruit like the Wealthy, Jonathan or any other good apple, crab, cherry, pear or plum is made or invented all future trees must be a part of that original tree. The method of reproduction is to plant a seed that will produce a hardy root. This grows one year, is dug up and transplanted the next spring, and that summer or fall it is budded or grafted as the case may be. Budding is done by taking a limb, new-growth, from the desired variety and inserting one of its buds under the bark of the hardy root and the next spring cutting the top of this root off above the bud so as to force a development of this artificial inserted bud. Most trees are propagated this way. Before the advent of the Pyrus Baccata hardy root we were compelled to graft on apples and crabs using a short piece of root and a long scion or branch from the desired varieties. By this method we put the tender root under ground six or eight inches and eventually the scion of the desired varieties produced roots of its own so that the tree was on its own root after a number of years. Then if a strenuous winter killed that tender root down below, the tree still lived, but with the Pyrus Baccata most trees are propagated by the budding system which makes a better tree.

The Proper Size or Age for Transplanting

In the extreme west the Commercial Orchardist prefers a tree with a two-year old root and a one-year old top. In the central west the planter prefers a two or three year old top with a root one year older. So we list the trees in these different ages or sizes so that you may make the selection as you see fit. Either of these ages, one or two-year old tops, are very desirable and safe for planting anywhere.

The Last Act of the Nurseryman

Dig, pack and deliver to the Transportation Company a tree with a proper root system, a proper top and have it reach destination in good growing condition, and we guarantee to do all of these. We have grown the trees carefully in our nursery up to an age that you desire. We dig it with a tree digger, operated by either a tractor or a large number of mules. By using the tree digger we secure practically all of the roots that the trees produce. We then take it to our tree packing rooms that are ideal for the handling of

nursery stock, moist and cool. Your order is then placed in a bundle, the tops wrapped with straw, the roots packed in damp material, spagnum moss, shingle-tow or other material that retains the moisture. On the outside of this damp material around the roots we use a waterproof paper so that air cannot reach the roots. We put over this a burlap tightly sewed to hold the packing material and the air-tight paper in place. We deliver to the Transportation Company and the nurseryman has done all he can for you.

Selection of Varieties

In placing your order with us we want you to read the description of all of the varieties of apples we offer in the catalogue. We want you to select for your country the apples that are adapted to that locality. Generally, you know best the varieties that produce best in your locality because your neighbors have bearing trees or you have an old orchard of many years with many varieties all dead and gone with the exception of a few like the Wealthy or other desirable kinds. So in making your selection do not try to make up a great long list of varieties but confine your list as nearly as you can to those that will do well for you.

Hardiness

You will note that we list all varieties as first, second and third degree of hardiness. Those of first hardiness are the safest to plant anywhere. Second hardiest should not be planted very much north of Yankton, South Dakota but as far south as you please.

Our Experience in Making Trees

began with my Grandfather in Massachusetts in the early eighteen hundreds. He grew fruits and seeds for his neighbors down near Boston and then my father, the late Col. Gurney, migrated to the west, to lowa in 1859 and immediately after the Civil War engaged in the Nursery Business making trees and plants for the people of Iowa. As his business grew and spread he made trees for people all over the United States and his seven sons born in the business, continuing in it ever since, should and do know how and are producing trees, seeds and plants of the kind that you should demand and deserve. A better home surrounded by trees and plants and by better trees and plants is my most sincere desire for you.

D. B. Gurney



Gurney Jonathans

We plant a great many acres of trees each seawe plant a great many acts or recess ear sar-son and make them grow. You can do the same if you will study our instructions and become just as expert as we are. We advise that in planting you follow our instructions very care-fully and not take the word of some person who claims to be an expert. We find that many of these people do not understand the conditions of the Northwest and cause lots of failures. Plant them yourself or under your own direction following our instructions.

our instructions.

In 1928 reports on apples on the Baccata root, convince us more strongly than ever before that only apples on the Pyrus Baccata root should be planted in the Northwest. They are doing well in all parts of the United States where we have tried them out.

Six Reasons Why You Should Plant Apples on BACCATA

The Baccata roots are the hardiest of any root that can be secured for grafting or budding

They increase the hardiness of the tops of the

trees.
They will produce healthier trees.

They ripen up the wood earlier than other

roots.

They produce fruit earlier than apples worked

on ordinary roots.

They produce further than apples worked on ordinary roots.

They are semi-dwarfs.

They produce longer-lived trees than those worked on ordinary roots.

Apples

Anoka Apple—(See colored picture). Bears at two years old. Originated by Professor Hansen at Brookings, South Dakota. This tree will bear earlier than any other apple. It is not unusual for the small two-year old trees to fruit in the nursery rows. It is just the tree for you peo-ple who are starting a new orchard. The quality is good, the season September, very hardy, heavy bearer and an early bearer wherever tested. Professor Yeager of the Agricultural College of

North Dakota makes the following report on December 2nd, 1922:

The spring of 1920 I received four Anoka Apple trees. This spring two of the four trees blossomed, one produced 23 apples, the other 26. Practically all the fruit was set from lateral buds. Upon examination this fall it seems that all four of the Anoka Apple trees have a lot of lateral fruit buds showing. The trees are not yet as high as one's head and were scarcely four feet high last spring. They began ripening about the 15th of August. The apples are medium to above medium in size, but somewhat larger than Duchess. They are oblong in character, striped. The flavor seemed to be very similar to Duchess." Prof. Yeager says, "Best apple to plant in North

This tree-has proven an early bearer wherever tried out. First degree of hardiness.

Size	Each	Per 5	Per 10	Per 50
5 to 7 ft	60c	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$20.00
4 to 5 ft	50c	2.20	4.00	17.00
3 to 4 ft	400	1.70	3.00	13.50

Anisim—Season, early winter. Prof. Hansen reports this Russian apple proving very valuable in the northwest; the tree is a strong grower and a prodigious bearer. The beautiful color of the in size; surface, greenish yellow, covered almost wholly with a beautiful crimson. First hardiness.

Baldwin Apple—One of the best of all Winter Apples for planting in Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois and the East. Fruit, large round crimson, highly flavored. Good keeper. Second degree of hardiness.

Ben Davis—Late winter. The Ben Davis reigns over a much greater extent of country than does the Baldwin; it is unquestionably the leading commercial sort. It comes into bearing at an early age, usually bears annually and abundantly. Fruit above medium to large. Skin tough, waxy, bright, smooth, usually glossy, clear yellow or greenish, mottled and washed with bright red; miloly sub-acid, good.

Caramel Apples—One of Professor Hansen's new apples and like the others of his offered on this page, will increase the debt of the Northwest this page, will increase the debt of the Northwest to Professor Hansen for the production of these choice fruits that can be grown where apples could not be grown before. This apple is fully medium size, 2% inches in diameter, season—early winter. Color—yellow covered with red stripes, evidently has Famuse blood. Flesh—snow-white, sweet, excellent quality. It promises to be the best winter sweet apple of the highest quality. The name "Caramel" is given because it is a sweet apple. it is a sweet apple.

Charlamoff—Russian variety, high quality, early bearer, large fruit handsomely striped, season September. A topnotcher for hardiness.



Well Rooted Trees

the season probably the longest of any of the varieties grown. Color, pale greenish yellow, almost covered with regular splashes and stripes bright red, mottled with crimson. First hardiness.



Gurney's Improved Delicious

Gurney's Improved Delicious Apple

This is not a new variety of Delicious but a direct descendant of the original apple tree that later had its name changed to **Delicious**. The Delicious is one of the greatest market apples in existence. This has been caused in part, by the immense amount of advertising that has been given it but mostly on account of its high quality. The fruit is large, of excellent quality, very fragrant and considered best. Skin, dark red shaded to yellow. The Delicious, originated in Iowa more than 20 years ago and the original tree still stands, an annual bearer. Second

degree of hardiness.

The Gurney improvement, in placing it on the hardy Pyrus Baccata root, makes it possible to grow and produce Delicious much farther north of where they have been produced previously.

Erickson-This is a very hardy apple tree, producing apples similar to Duchess, earlier, larger, good color. The tree makes exceptionally fine crotches. Extra large. First hardiness.

Gano or Black Ben Davis—A dark red apple, similar in quality to Ben Davis. Late winter.

Golden Winesap—Originated in Utah, proven very hardy in this locality. An early bearer, producing a large crop of apples of good size, rich yellow, juicy, high quality. Blossoms rather late, making it a safe cropper. This is considered by many equal to any other winter apple in quality. Second degree of hardiness.

Grime's Golden-Season January to April; vigorous spreading tree, bears early, fruit is rich yellow, flesh yellow, crisp, rich spicy. One of the finest eating apples grown. Third hardiness.

Gurney's Improved Yellow Delicious—A tree of almost first degree of hardiness and producing fruit earlier than the average tree. Fruit of the very highest quality. Large, heavy annual bearer. An excellent keeper, one of the best of the winter keepers.

HARDY APPLES—(Continued)

Gurney's Viking.—Many years ago, we had sent to us by one of our customers in the Scandinavian countries a number of apple scions. These were top-worked in the Trial Grounds Orchards and they were gradually eliminated for various causes until only one remained. It is exceptionally the property of the contraction of were gratually chimitated for various causes until only one remained. It is exceptionally hardy, four or five year old wood being cut through appears in perfect condition from the white pith of the heart to the last year's growth and bark on the outside. It is a rapid-growing tree, extremely large leathery, healthy foliage and produces a fine crop of very large apples of good quality. Color, mostly deep red though partly striped over a green background, making it one of the most attractive apples. Sea son—fall. The coldest winters will not damage this tree in any way. An early bearer.

Hibernal—September and October. A Russian variety, which is proving very

Russian variety, which is proving very valuable on account of its ability to withstand the rigorous climatic conditions of these regions. Prof. Hansen says this is the hardiest of the Russian apples. Fruit large; surface greenish-yellow with a dull pronze mixed red on sunny side, with a few dull crimson splashes. Flesh yellowish, crisp, tender, juicy, quality above medium.

crimson splashes. Flesh yellowish, crisp, tender, juicy, quality above medium. First hardiness.

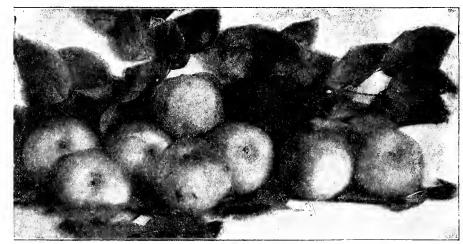
Haralson (Color Plate Inside Front Cover)—Originated on the Minnesota fruit breeding farms and named for Mr. Haralson who was at that time in charge. Minnesota is producing many new fruits of fine quality that are designated to assist materially in the growing of more fruit in the Northwest. This Haralson is a winter apple of the first degree of hardiness. A good keeper and of excellent quality. It resembles, to a considerable degree, the Wealthy apple which is pre-eminent in its place as a fall apple. The Haralson may be the winter—or the late keeping apple—with all of the Wealthy qualities of hardiness, early bearing and high quality of fruit. First hardiness.

Jonathan—Early winter. It is a very beautiful apple, of brilliant red color, highly flavored, and of excellent quality for either dessert or culinary use. Very hard and productive, healthy and vigorous, and is adapted to a wider range of territory than most apples of this class. It is the great market apple of the west and south. Third hardiness.

Lowland Ras pherry—A Russian copeled.

Third hardiness.

Lowland Raspberry—A Russian apple, medium to large, clear waxen white, shaded and marble 1 with light crimson. Flesh white often



Patten's Greenings, the Great North Dakota Apple

stained with red. Very tender, almost sweet; season August. As early as Yellow Transparent. Second hardiness.

Malinda—This beautiful apple is one of the Malinda—This beautiful apple is one of the heaviest bearing, longest keeping and hardiest winter apple that can be grown in the North. The flesh is yellowish-white, firm, juicy, mildly sub-acid with sweet after taste. The season is late winter and can be kept until May.

These trees are extremely hardy and come into bearing early in life, producing a full annual crop. It is considered the best of the first hardiness winter apples. We are placing it in the Home or Family Orchard, so that you will have apples for the entire season.

McIntosh Red—Season, September to January. The fruit is very attractive in appearance,

McIntosh Red—Season, September to January. The fruit is very attractive in appearance, of bright, deep red color, and good size. The flesh is very tender, perfumed and delicious. This is another of the great market apples. Thousands of acres of these are being planted and are proving the most profitable of any of the orchard trees, especially in the west. Exceptionally heavy bearer at an early age. Second hardiness hardiness.

Many people place this as the highest quality apple grown. You can grow it. We can grow them right here in Dakota in a

Northwestern Greening— Winter, very attractive in color. Is valuable for the northern apple growing districts.
Quality as a dessert apple is fair to good. The tree is hardy, vigorous, a fine erect grower, and comes into bearing reaand comes into bearing rea-sonably early, and as it grows older is an exceptionally heavy cropper. Skin smooth, some-what waxy, clear pale yellow or greenish, sometimes faintly blushed. Flesh tinged with yellow, crisp and firm, mildy sub-acid, fair to good. Second hardiness.

hardiness.

Okabena — We stopped growing this tree for a few years but there has been such a heavy demand from our customers who previously planted tomers who previously planted it that we are listing it again this season. We have an exceptionally fine stock. Season, September to December. About medium size, extremely hardy and productive, highly colored; a fine eating apple of high quality.

quality.
Patten's Greening—
Season, Octoberto January. A seedling of the Duchess of

Oldenburg, and on account of its hardiness and productiveness and the uniformly large size of its fruit, is valuable in the northern portions of the apple-growing regions of the country. It is grown as far north as the Canadian line, and in other regions where the winters are correspondingly severe. It is attractive in color for a green apple.

severe. It is attractive in color for a green apple-very good in quality; comes into bearing moder-ately young and is an annual cropper, yielding moderate to full crops. First hardiness. Specially good in North Dakota. Price's Sweet—Season, August to November. Very upright grower, early, and annual bearer of medium sized, excellent quality, green striped with red, sweet apples. This is the best of all the sweet apples for the extreme north planting.

whith ted, sweet apples. This is the best of all the sweet apples for the extreme north planting. Second hardiness.

Red Wing.—Hardy winter apple. Red streaked. Good keeper. Good quality. Large or medium size. First hardiness.

Stayman's Winesap.—An improved Winesap; fruit red, juicy, sub-acid, a long keeper, apple is larger than the old Winesap; a better tree, and longer lived; one of the Great Western commercial apples. Second hardiness.

Tolman's Sweet.—Fruit medium size, bright yellow, much esteemed for cooking. In ordinary storage its season is from November to January. This is an exceptionally sweet apple. Trees are first degree of hardiness.

Wieter Season, October to December. One of the largest apples grown. Tree grows to immense size, very productive, bright red, fair quality, splendid cooking apple. Second hardiness.

wealthy—Season, September to January. This variety we consider the most valuable of all the market apples and for home use. The all the market apples and for home use. The tree is exceptionally hardy, comes into bearing as early as the summer apples, producing immense crops annually, and we believe it is the most valuable apple today for the small ör the large orchard. This was originated by Peter M. Gideon, of Minnesota. Fruit above medium to large; color, underlaid with pale yellow, blushed and marked with stripes and sylashes. blushed and marked with stripes and splashes of red, deepening in highly colored specimens of brilliant red; very attractive. Flesh whitish, tinged with red when thoroughly ripe. Moder-

tinged with red when thoroughly ripe. Moderately fine, crisp, tender and juicy, agreeably sub-acid; good to extra good. First hardiness. Yellow Transparent Apple—Earliest summer. This is the best of the extra early apples, being excellent for culinary and dessert. It ripens earlier than the Early Harvest; fruit medium to large. Tree moderate grower, very hardly healthy comes into hearing very volume. heddim to large. Tree moderate grower, very hardy, healthy, comes into bearing very young. Imported from Russia by the United States Department of Agriculture in 1870. Skin thin, tender, smooth, waxy, pale yellow, changing to an attractive yellowish-white. Flesh white, tender, juicy with a pleasant flavor; good to extra good. First hardiness.



Yellow Transparent, Very Early Apple

CRAB APPLES



A Basket of Malinda-The Best Winter Apple

Florence—Very desirable for commercial planting because the tree commences bearing very young, is a reliable cropper and extremely prolific. Fruit good size, very attractive in appearance and good quality. Originated by Peter M. Gideon in Minnesota. Color, yellowish white overspread with brilliant pinkish red. Flesh tinged with yellow, crisp, tender, juicy, very brisk subacid; good. August and early September. First hardiness.

Hyslop—Season, September and October. Fruit large, very brilliant color, dark red or purplish, overspread with thick blue bloom; borne in clusters. The tree is a good grower, very hardy and a reliable cropper, yielding good crops annually. It is desirable for both home use and for market. First hardiness.

Dolgs—Another of Professor Hansen's. A cross of something with the Pyrus Baccata. It is an oblong crab of real beauty and peculiar lemon-acid flavor—entirely different from any other crab and far superior to any other crab for jellies; producing a transparent bright-red jelly of high quality.

In the color is a beautiful red, solid over the entire fruit. The tree is a thing of beauty at plooming time with its large white flowers and dater with its ropes of large dark-red fruit. At widistance, when the crabs are maturing, the tree appears to be covered with beautiful flowers. The heaviest bearing crab apple we have, and one of the first degree of hardiness.

Gurney's Seedless Crab—Discovered by us in the Badlands of western South Dakota, growing back of a homestead shack and producing an abundance of crab apples about 1½ inches in diameter, long stemmed; yellow background, striped red, of high quality, almost perfectly seedless crab apple. We cut hundreds of these and out of a lot found but two or three bearing a single seed. The rest were seedless and have proven to be since that time in our Trial Ground Orchards.

We made arrangements with the homesteader to secure a supply of scions and we have propagated this as rapidly as possible. It has proven perfectly hardy, a heavy annual bearer of high quality fruit that is especially valuable for pickles and preserves on account of it being seedless.

Beauty and Service

Hopa—Originated by Professor Hansen. Small crab about % inch in diameter. It is recommended more as an ornamental than a fruit-growing tree although it is good for both. It is a peculiar tree in the fact that the wood is red. The inner bark brighter red, the new leaves are red and the flowers—which appear in immense clusters and masses over the entire tree—are a bright red, followed by the little crab apples—red from the time they start. These, hanging on and growing all summer, make it a real ornamental tree. The matured fruit is red to the core. First degree of hardiness.

Red Siberian—This crab is exactly the same as the Yellow Siberian excepting in color, it is a bright red. First hardiness.

Soulard—This is a hybrid between the native Wild Crab and the common apple. It is a very desirable crab for several purposes. It is delicious baked, and makes excellent preserves, and one of the best for jams and jellies. The tree comes early into bearing, makes rapid growth while young, slower as it increases with age, Excellent as an ornamental tree. The leaf is very rough, the bark lighter than most crabs. The blossom is similar to the wild crab and very fragrant. Season, all winter. First hardiness.

Sweet Russets—Season, August and September. This is the best of all the sweet crab apples. Fruit large, green, russet, with faint blush. It is the very best of its kind for eating from the tree and especially for pickles and preserves. Very hardy, and regular bearer. First degree hardiness.

Transcendent—Season, September. The old standard bright red crab. Excellent for canning, preserves, and pickling, very hardy. Makes an immense tree. First hardiness.

Whitney Season, August and September. One of the most popular of the large crab apples, particularly in the west and north; the fruit is attractive, yellow, striped with lively red, good for dessert and very good for canning. Tree is a thrifty, upright grower, comes into bearing very young and is extremely productive. First hardiness

ness.
Yellow Siberian—Fruit medium size, clear
pale yellow; an excellent crab for pickles and preserves. Tree very hardy, healthy, comes into
bearing very young. First hardiness.
Virginia—Season, September to November.

Virginia—Season, September to November. Fruit medium-sized, dark red, and good quality. One of the hardiest and very free from blight. A strong grower. This variety will produce fruit under more adverse conditions than any other tree we know of. First hardiness.

Prices of Apples and Crabs

Size	Each	Per 5	Per 10	Per 50
5 to 7 ft				
4 to 5 ft		2.20	4.00	17.00
3 to 4 ft	40c	1.70	3.00	13.50

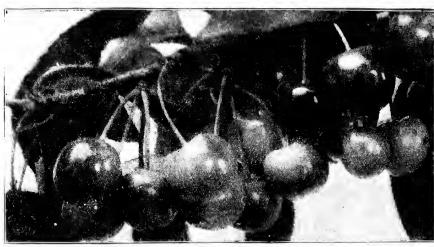
Early Bearing Apples

This is accomplished by our use of the Pyrus Baccata root for propagation. It is not unusual for trees with Pyrus Baccata roots to produce fruit at two years old. It is very unusual to pass the fifth year without a good crop. I believe we are the only nursery company in the United States using the Pyrus Baccata exclusively in propagating apples and crabs. It means a lot to you. We charge no more, possibly less than others. Why not have the best?



Wealthy Apple

CHERRIES



Early Richmond Cherry

The following Cherries: Early Richmond, English Morello, Mount Morency, priced and described by us are the best of the pie cherries. These are the kind that are grown so extensively throughout the country for canning and pie making and are also excellent to eat from the tree. They do best on well drained soil. They have proven very profitable in many parts of southern South Dakota. Very productive.

Cherries

Early Richmond-More extensively planted Early Richmond—More extensively planted than all others. Fruit ripens in a shorter period than the other cherries, and on that account is not bothered so much by the birds.

English Morello—Late, large, black. Very hardy in fruit bud. Excellent for canning. Do not plant above cherries north of Huron, S. D.

Mt. Morency—Large red, rich, acid, very hardy and productive. Similar to the Early Richmond, but ripens two weeks later. Does exceptionally well in western Nebraska and western Kansas.

Size Each Per 5 2 to 3 ft...35c \$1.60 Per 10 Per 25 Per 100 \$ 7.00 8.50 \$1.60 2.20 \$25.00 32.00 \$3.00 3 to 4 ft...45c 4 to 5 ft...55c 4.00 2.70 5.00 12.00 45.00

Sweet Cherries

Gold Cherry—This variety and Gurney's Red Sweet are the only ones of the sweet cherries that have proven hardy here at Yankton and have come through several winters without winter killing. They have proven productive. This cherry is large, rich, yellow, very sweet, meaty, high quality, and hardiest of any of the sweet cherries. 3-4 ft., each, 55c; 4-5 ft., each, 65c; 5-6 ft., each, 75c.

Gurney's Red Sweet—This charmy has also

Gurney's Red Sweet—This cherry has also proven hardy here at Yankton. The trees come through the winter nicely, producing large, red, thick-meated, high quality fruit. It is very sweet and hardiest of any of the sweet cherries. 2-4 ft., each, 55c; 4-5 ft., each, 70c.

Gurney's Sweet Cherries-We are offering the following two varieties for those who wish to try them out, or for those who are in localities where they can grow them. They are not successful, however, in Nebraska or the Dakotas.

Black Tartarian—Fruit very large, purplish black, very sweet, high quality. Tree vigorous, upright grower. Immense bearers. A fine market sort. If you wish to test out a Sweet Cherry, this is the best variety to try. 3-4 ft., each, 70c; 5 for \$3.00.

Napoleon Biggareau or Royal Ann—Magnificent cherry of larger size. Pale yellow, mixed or dotted deep red. Very firm, juicy and

sweet. Rapid growers and immense bearers. Most popular for canning, preserving and shipping. Hardiest and best of yellow sort. 3-4 ft., each, 70c; 5 for \$3.00.

We would advise that you plant one of the red and one of the vellow.

and one of the yellow.

Compass Cherry

This tree produces first year after planting. It bears invariably at two years old large quantities of most excellent fruit. In size it is larger than the Early Richmond Cherry. The quality is between the cherry and the plum. The perfectly hardy fruit was originated at Springfield, Minn., and is a cross between the native Sand Cherry and the American plum.

The Compass Cherry ripens at a time when none of the Prof. Hansen plums are ripening and for that reason it will always be retained on the fruit list, though it is much smaller in size than any of the Hansen plums. Do not understand by this that the Compass Cherry is only valuable because it fills in a space. It has a different flavor, is one of the very best for canning purposes.

Each Per 5 Per 10 Per 50 40c \$1.75 \$3.40 \$15.00 \\
... 50c 2.30 4.50 20.50 Tom Thumb Cherry Size 3-4 ft.. 4-6 ft..

This seems to be a favorite in the north. We have wonderful reports as to their pro-ductiveness, as well as hardiness and high ductiveness, as well as hardiness and high quality from planters in North Dakota and Canada. People who want either the Tom Thumb cherries or the Oka will have to order early, as they are not going to last thru the season. The Tom Thumb cherry should always be grown in bush form. It grows just the right height, so that snowdrifts will protect them. They bear heavy crops of dark delicious fruit with a rich red flesh, excellent for canning as well as eating. Each, 45c; per 5, \$2.15; per 10, \$4,00.

Originated in Minnesota; is a cross of the Pin Cherry, the large Sweet Cherry of the west coast and the wild Sand Cherry of the Dakotas. It seems to be a happy combination as Zumbra is as hardy as the Sand Cherry, grows like the Pin Cherry. Comes into bearing the next year after planting, very prolific, maturing large annual crops. Zumbra is placed on the Minnesota recommended fruit list as a "leading variety." Zumbra ripens after all sour cherries are gone. Follows closely after Waneta plum.

Each Per 5 Per 10 Per 25 ..35c \$1.50 \$2.90 \$5.25 ..50c 2.35 4.00 9.00 Size

Hansen's OKA Cherry

Introduced fall 1924. This is not really a cherry but is a good substitute for a cherry, lt is a Sand Cherry hybrid, a seedling of Champu. Black red flesh, rounder than Sapa and color brighter on outside. The original one year seedling tree bore fruit in 1923, the year after planting, and again in 1924. Plant of bushy habit but taller than the Tom Thumb cherry. I received a letter from a Canadian friend asking that I develop a cherry that would dry up and stay on the bush until the farmers found time to pick them. I thought this was a tall order for one day, but shortly after I went out into the seedling nursery and found the plant, which I have named the Oka Cherry. The fruit dress into a sweet prune-like fruit and later can be cooked up into excellent sweet sauce. I would not recommend leaving the fruit on the trees too long as they are too tempting. Each 45c; 5 for \$2.00; 10 for \$3.80; 25 for \$9.00.

Choke Cherry

This is one of the best of our ornamental fruit trees. Absolutely hardy anywhere. Always symmetrical, and when in full bloom is a great bank of snow with the added beauty of its nutty woodland fragrance, and later its rich, highly colored, purplish-black fruit. Our western dwarf varieties exceed all others in quality of fruit. Especially fine for jelly and jam.

 Size
 Each 2 to 4 ft.
 Per 5 2 to 4 ft.
 Per 5 25c
 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$7.50 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$7.50 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.75 \$1.00



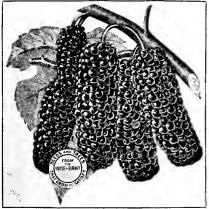
Planting an Apple Tree

This picture shows a perfect apple tree, planted at the right distance from other trees, ground cultivated and in good condi-Apple trees should be planted far enough apart so that the sun and circula-tion of air can get to all parts of them. If planted too close the under limbs are shaded planted too close the under limbs are shaded and the crop is forced toward the top of the tree and eventually the tree becomes of no value. Plant apple trees in the extreme north not less than 20 feet apart each way. Head them just as close to the ground as possible. Farther south they can be planted farther apart and can be headed a little higher

HARDY FRUITS



The above photograph is of Mrs. Grace Gurney Gibson, a sister of the "Bunch." She is holding a branch from a choke cherry tree. We just want to show you what an immense quantity of fruit the choke cherry will produce. It is really a very desirable fruit especially for jellies, and the prices of the trees are so low, and they produce in so many and varied locations that none of us should be without some of them.



Mulberry



Opata Plum

Buffalo Berry

This is very useful as well as ornamental, and is planted as much for an ornament as for its fruit. The tree grows from 7 to 12 feet high, has silvery follage. The fruit is much like that of the Red Currant, and is used for the same purposes. The Buffalo Berry makes an excellent

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2-3 ft	. \$0.25	\$1.75	\$15.00
3-4 ft	30	2.20	19.00

Juneberry Dwarf Mountain

There are several species of this valuable tree. Some grow to the height of 20 feet. They are variously called "Shadberry," "Serviceberry," "Juneberry." The kind we offer grows but little over 4 feet in height, is enormously productive and hardy anywhere in the United States or Canada. This is the Jefferson strain and is best of all. 2 Year: Each, 35c; 10 for \$3.00.

Russian Mulberry

The Mulberry is useful as a shade tree, for hedge purposes, and for the immense quantity of fruit borne by it. We are listing the Russian Mulberry only, as it is the hardiest of all. The fruit varies in color from jet black to a pure white and is excellent for canning with tart fruits like gooseberries, currants and plums. It is delicious to eat direct from the trees. They make an excellent ornamental hedge that will stand trimming.

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
12 to 18 in			\$1.50	\$ 8.00
18 to 24 in 2 to 3 ft		\$1.00	2.09 3.00	12.00 18.00
4 to 6 ft. trans		3.50	28.00	

Hansen's Improved Sand Cherry-Wonderful improvement over the common native sand cherry of western South Dakota. Somesand cherry of western South Dakota. Something that is worth while in every garden. The fruit is larger and of excellent quality. Should be grown in bush form. Makes an excellent division hedge between the garden and yard. Produces fruit the first year after planting. 1 yr.: 12c each; 5 for 55c; 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$4.50. 2 yr.: 20c each; 10 for \$1.50.

Russian Apricots

In one of Professor Budd's early trips to Russia, he found an apricot that was hardy enough in growth to stand the rigorous climate of a far northern section, the fruit buds killed some winters depending on conditions, but fruited in Iowa often enough to make them a desirable addition to the fruit list. The apricot is a very rapid growing beautiful tree, loading itself with large annual cross in localities where itself with large annual crops in localities where the fruit buds do not kill. I do not advise it for trial North of Yankton. 4 to 5 ft., 75c each; 5 for \$3.50; 10 for \$6.50.

Ouince

Jap Quince—Hardy South of Yankton without winter protection. With a little protection of straw or dirt it will do well and produce fruit that is valuable for conserves. Has a very dark red flower that is attractive throughout the spring. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Pierre, S. D. Aug. 6, 1929

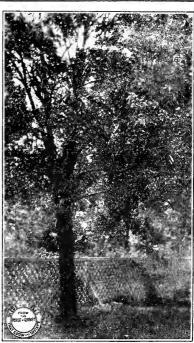
Gentlemen:

Gentlemen:

I am herewith sending you a snapshot of the Lity pool which we are maintaining in Pierre's City Park and as we bought our flower seeds and bulbs from you, and are receiving a great deal of pleasure and enjoyment from same, we wish to take this opportunity of thanking you for the fine success which we have had and for the many compliments which we have received for doing this work.

Hoping that next year we may have the same success and that with your help we can make added improvements, we beg to remain,

Respectfully yours, Pierre Surfvault Company



Original Selected Mulberry Tree

Start Your Day Right With Sunshine Coffee

GURNEY'S HARDY PEARS GROW ANYWHERE



Pears, Good Ones, Grown in S. D.

Pears

Pears—We have hundreds of bearing pear trees in Yankton County. They seem to do even better in some localities than arples. We had seven varieties of pears at the State Fair all grown in S. Dakota. Pears have been grown successfully in this part of the state for the last twenty-one years. We have trees in this county that are thirty-one years old and are producing immense crops of fruit almost every year. The pears grown here are of much better quality than those grown in any other part of the world. We did not have them in small plates, but had them by the bushel, all grown in Yankton County. As the pears send their roots straight down, the soil should be loosened to considerable depth either by digging or blasting with dynamite. Be sure the dirt is well settled before planting the trees. We are offering the varieties that have proved hardiest and given the best results. Pears-We have hundreds of bearing pear

We are offering the varieties that have proved hardiest and given the best results.

Patten—Originated by C. G. Patten, Charles City, Iowa. Sent out for trial by the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station in 1919, as "Patten 1205." Named and introduced in 1922 under the name of Patten, by the station.

The original tree, which is still growing at the State Fruit Breeding Farm, Charles City, has been moderately productive. Grafted trees have been even more productive. Under natural conditions none of the trees of the Patten baye

conditions none of the trees of the Patten have blighted at Charles City. Just what resistance it will show in other localities is only a matter of conjecture.

The tree is distinctly upright in habit, with large healthy foliage. Blooms a little past mid-season. The blossoms are large handsome white, with a double corolla (10 petals) instead of the usual single corolla.

The fruit, when well grown, is medium to large size, favors Bartlett in general form, smooth and regular; color green, turning yellow as it ripens, often with bronze blush on exposed side. The skin is quite thick, but becomes quite thin and tender as it ripens. The flesh is very tender, very juicy, sprightly rich sub-acid, refreshing and very good in quality; flesh may become somewhat granular if permitted to hang on tree too long; season, September. Prices same as Mendel Pear.

FlemIsh Beauty—Large, juicy, rich; one of the hardiest and most popular. September and October.

October.

Keiffer—Its large size, handsome appearance and remarkable keeping and shipping qualities make it exceedingly profitable for market. October and November.

4 to 6 feet. 45c

Lincoln Pear—This is the true Lincoln Very large, yellow, with bright red cheeks; fine quality, long-lived, blight-resistant. Hardy. Season, late fall to early winter. Price, 3 to 4, 55c each; 10, \$4.90.

Dwarf Pears—We find the Dwarf Pear bearing Dwarf rears—we find the Dwarf rear pearing within two years, generally after transplanting, and seems to be quite a bit hardier than the standard pears. We would advise the planting of the dwarf in the extreme north; in fact, we would advise anyone planting pear trees to plant one or two of the dwarf varieties on account of the extreme hardiness and their early bearing. We have the following varieties in Dwarf Pears: Flemish Beauty, Duchess and Clapp's Favorite, 2 year. Each, 60c; per 5, \$2.75.

Hansen Hybrid Pears
We have propagated these pears for 9 years, and they have proven absolutely hardy. The winter of 1920 was the most severe test winter we

lave had for twenty years.

We are offering you a few of these pears with a strong belief that they will prove strictly hardy, blight-proof, and produce pears of fair size and quality, and in most cases will be excellent ornamental trees as well as fruit trees.

I want you to distinctly understand in purchasing these trees that we believe in them and shall plant a good orchard of them ourselves.

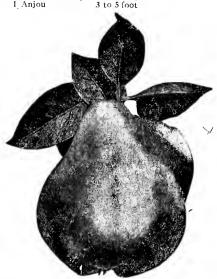
plant a good orenard of them ourselves.

We have budded these on the hardy quince stock that has stood the last six winters, equally as well as the pear itself. This has a tendency to half-dwarf these trees, and makes them bear very early. It will only be a question of a short time before you can determine the full value of Hansen pears.

Size	Each	10	100
4 to 6 feet	70c	\$5.60	\$50.00
3 to 4 feet	55c	4.90	39.85

Bargain Collection Pears

1 Hansen's Hybrid	3 to 5 foot	
1 Patten 1 Mendel	3 to 5 foot	
	3 to 5 foot	Six Pear trees
1 Keiffer	3 to 5 foot	for \$2.40
1 Flemish Beauty	3 to 5 foot	



Hansen Pear

Hardy Mendel Pear (See Color Picture)

The originator of this pear reports that it is perfectly hardy, has not blighted or frozen back an inch in 17 years, without any protection. We are offering this tree this year on account of the are onering this tree this year on account of the very favorable reports that we have received of this pear from the north country. We believe that you can grow it anywhere where apples grow. The fruit is above medium in size, of A-1 quality, sweet high flavor, juicy. Color a golden yellow, its flowers are self-pollenizing. Fruit langs well to the trees. This pear seems to have all the good points necessary for successful pear growing. In order to make these pears go further we are only going to allow each customer 25 of these are only going to allow each customer 25 of these.

Mendel Pear Prices

Size 3 to 4 feet 4 to 6 feet	45c	\$2.15	Per 10 \$4.00 5.00	Per 25 \$ 9.00 11.50
T to 0 1cct	000	2.00	2.00	11.50
				,

Peaches

These are successfully and even profitably grown in central Minnesota by laying down and covering for winter. Prof. Budd says an acre can be handled as easily as an acre of blackberries. My experience confirms it.

Original Dakota Peach



George and Dakota Peach

This picture shows George, or what is left of him, on a stepladder which you cannot see in the branches of the original Dakota peach tree. This tree was again loaded in 1930 with an immense crop of very large highly colored, fine quality peaches.

Gurney's Dakota Peach—The hardiest

peach in existence has borne regular crops for the last five years, hardy in both wood and fruit bud, fruit as large as Elberta, quality and color very much better. We have a very limited supply this' season. Advise those planting north of Yankton to plant this Peach on south side and close up to

house or fence for protection. 4 to 6-ft. trees, 55c each; 5 for \$2.50; 10 for \$4.80.

Miss South Dakota Peach—An extra large hardy, free-stone peach. Originated at Yankton by Mr. A. C. Ellerman. On account of this tree's productiveness and hardiness and the high quality productiveness and hardiness and the high quality of its fruit, it is bound to hold first place among hardy Northern Peaches. This tree has been growing in the open without any protection and has stood the South Dakota winters without any indications of damage. Each, 65c; 5 for \$3.00.

J. H. Hale Peach—Fruit large, perfect free-stone, somewhat rounding, golden yellow, covered with carmine skin thick without fuzz, flesh

stone, somewhat rounding, golden yellow, covered with carmine, skin thick without fuzz, flesh dark yellow, flavor excellent. Absolutely the best. Trees extra hardy. Bears young and heavy. Ripens five days earlier than the Alberta. Price, each 45c; per 10, \$4.00; per 50, \$15.00. Champion Peach—Free-stone, fruit large, flavor delicious, sweet, rich and juicy, skin creamy white and red cheeks. One of the hardiest varieties on the market. Ripens in August. Price, each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00; per 50, \$15.00.

PLUMS—GURNEY'S ARE SPECIALISTS

Plum trees like apple trees must have hardy roots in order to withstand cold, dry winters. The only root that is absolutely hardy is the American Wild Plum, growing native in this northwest country. We gather thousands of bushels of these wild plums each year and plant the seeds. When these seedlings are one year old we bud them with good varieties. This assures you of a hardy root. The work is done in July and August. Very early

the next spring the top of the wild seedling is removed just above the new bud so as to force all of the vitality of the plant into that bud. A stake is placed by each little tree and as soon as the new shoot is about it inches high it is tied to the stake so that it may grow straight and the wind may not break it over. They are grown in this field one or two years, then dug with the big tree digger, packed and shipped just as are the apple trees.



L. E. Gilman, Lemmon, S. D., Hansen Plums, Opata

Minnesota Plums

Monitor—Tree unusually vigorous and produces a compact, well shaped head. Very productive, and hardy as far north as the Fruit-Breeding Farm. Fruit large, roundish, well covered with dark dull red; stone medium, cling; quality good. Very promising as a market olum.

Red Wing—Minnesota No. 12. This is a variety produced by the Minnesota Fruit-Breeding Station, large, free stone; peals like a peach; good quality. Hardy.

Underwood—No. 91. Another Minnesota plum that has several of the required qualities which are large size, hardiness, early and of good quality. A variety that George Gurney recommends to all plum planters.

American Plums

Terry—One of the largest of pure American plums, is dark red and the tree is vigorous and healthy and very productive. A good variety and very hardy.

Wastesa—One of Prof. Hansen's introductions. A pure American plum, extra large, of high quality. An annual bearer.

ity. I'm ammuai beare.				
Prices o	f All	Plums		
		Per 10		
3 to 4 ft	40c	\$3.25	\$ 7.00	\$12.00
4 to 5 ft				
5 to 7 ft	60c	5.25	12.70	24.00

Prof. Hansen's Iron-Clad Hybrid Plums

Up to a few years ago the only available hardy plums for the northwest were selections from the wild plum, Prunus Americana. These were good, but were not good enough, and Professor Hansen realizing this started an intensive experimental campaign and assisted by his scientific knowledge produced a new race of plums that were equally as hardy as the American Wild Plum, produced immense quantities of fruit at two years old and lore more fruit each year than the American Plum lad ever produced. He crossed the American Plum, with the wild Sand Cherry, retaining the hardiness of the sand cherry, its earliness, prolific bearing and the size of the other parent and produced such plums as are now known as the Sand Cherry Crosses. Then he crossed the cultivated variety of the American with the large tropical California and Japanese plums retaining the size and quality of that parent, the early bearing and hardiness of the other parent which produced such plums as the

Cherisota

An abundant bearer of moderately large dark red plums of high quality. Producing as the other Sand Cherry Crosses do, large quantities of fruit from one year old up. This is a cross of the sand cherry of western South Dakota and the American Plum De Sota. When Prof. Hansen had produced these plums he found there was a gap between the maturity of some of the varieties and the later ones so he produced the

Cree

Heavy bearing, extra hardy plum of high quality. A cross of a wild plum from Canada and one of the high quality California plums. Fruit is large, red, very early bearer. Hardy as far north as you wish to plant.

Hanska

This is not named after Prof. Hansen as many people believe but is the Sioux Indian word for "tall" which describes the tree, a tall pyramidal tree with the limbs and trunk the same color as one of the parents, the Prunus Simoni of China. The wild plum of the northwest is the other parent. The Prunus Simoni can be purchased in the fruit stores in almost any town. Its fragrance once inhaled will always be remembered as most delicious. This variety produces a plum the same shape as the Prunus Simoni, retaining its fragrance; its shipping ability and increased its production beyond either parent and it is not unusual to have specimens measure one and one-half inches through. The best quality of any plum produced for eating from the hand and which retains its fragrance when canned or made into jellies or jams. The fruit is flattened at the ends, reddish-blue in color, skin tender, pits small. This plum will stand shipping in the hot part of the later summer when it ripens across the United States without icing. The

Kahinta

One of Prof. Hansen's very hardy free-stone Pluns. Fruit exceptionally large, dark red, round, flesh firm, yellow, very sweet. Both tree and fruit very free from attacks of fungus and insects. We recommend this. It ripens about the time of the Waneta.

Kaga

is of the same pedigree as the Hanska. Ripens a little earlier and is a little larger and if it is possible to be better quality, then the Kaga wins first prize on that score. The fruit in an extremely wet season is apt to crack on the tree and when you find one of those broken open it is delicious to eat but a poor shipper. In size it is a little larger than the Hanska, about a quarter of an inch, and is one of the best of the market plums.

Waneta

Of which Professor Hansen says, "My belief is that, in this variety I have combined the best points of the native and Japanese plums. It is the largest of over ten thousand seedlings. The size two inches in diameter; weight two ounces; a good red color; flavor delicious. The female

parent is the Apple plum, a large Japanese variety originated by Luther Burbank. The male parent Terry, the largest native plum. The name Waneta was that of a Yanktonian Indian boy of the Sioux Tribe who became famous in the war of 1812 and became a great chief and was always friendly to the whites." To my mind, this is unquestionably Prof. Hansen's masterpiece in production, and it combines hardiness, immense size, delicious quality, long keeping, beautiful color, small pit and early bearing, producing a good crop at two years of age and never missing a crop any year. At four years old it is not unusual for a Waneta to produce four bushels of plums. It is a rapid grower. We have shipped this plum across the United States and back, and it was returned to us in perfect condition.

Assininboin Plum

A very popular plum in Manitoba for its early, annual, heavy bearing of fine large plums. Developed from the wild plum of Stonewall, north of Winnipeg. The fruit has an attractive red color. Assiniboin is a splendid plum for the far north not only for its extreme hardiness, but also for its very fine flavor and earliness; a very good plum for all of the prairie Northwest, Assiniboin is highly recommended by the Canadian and Northwest fruit men, generally, as a sure thing for a good crop of the good fruit under the most trying circumstances; will stand farther north than any other plum. We will furnish the Assininboin Plums in one-year only as these trees grow rather stocky. Each, 55c; per 5, \$2.25; per 10, \$4.00.

Opata

This is Sioux Indian for "bouquet" and is the first of the plums of the Sand Cherry Cross to ripen. At hlooming time it is a gigantic bouquet of white flowers of the most exquisite fragrance. It blooms just a little later than the American Plum and escapes the frost danger that so often gets the crop of wild plums. The Opata is a Sand Cherry Cross. The wild sand cherries of the Dakotas with the Gold Plum of California. The trees of the Sand Cherry Crosses should be grown as bushes, not trees, for the reason that you can grow twice as much fruit and one or two years earlier by letting them branch from the ground, than they will if you make them in tree form, and they are much longer lived in bush form. Color of the flesh green, flavor very pleasant, ripens about July 15th and will hang on the tree in good condition for about two weeks.



Chinese Elm Five Year-Old Natural Form

Brother George With an Opata Plum Limb

Blackberries

When you receive the Blackberries they will have a certain amount of the old cane on them. The new canes come up from below the ground, and produce the fruit the next year after planting. Plant your Blackberries about 2 feet apart in the row and the rows 5 feet apart.

We do not recommend Blackberries for any point north of Yankton in the prairie country, except in sheltered localities, but they can be grown successfully in almost any part of Minnesota in the timber country, or south of this point.

We have seen large fields of blackberries grown

We have seen large fields of blackberries grown successfully and profitably in cottonwood groves that have been thinned out leaving open spaces. The roots are planted among the trees and allowed to grow wild. This method is worthy of trial in almost any section. Do not plant them too close together and mulch them heavily with well-rotted manure or old straw or hay impediately after planting. inediately after planting.

Snyder-Undoubtedly the hardiest variety of the Blackberry; an abundant bearer, of good size, and good quality berries. 10 for 65c; 25 for \$1.30; 100 for \$4.85; 500 for \$18.00.

Eldorado-One of the hardiest and most Eldorado—One of the hardiest and most vigorous of all blackberries, enduring the winters of the northwest without injury. The yield is enormous, berries large, jet black and borne in large clusters. Very sweet, has no core and will keep eight to ten days after picking. A splendid blackberry. 10 for 65c; 25 for \$1.30; 100 for \$4.85; 500 for \$18.00.



Eldorado

Plums

Sapa

The Sioux Indian word for "black"—"As dark as the shadows of even banked in the Western Heavens." Turning the branches of this tree back when the fruit is ripe exposing the long ropes of glossy black fruit to the rays of the sun, the background, the smooth bark and glossy dark green foliage are a pleasent sight. glossy dark green foliage are a pleasant sight. Good for home consumption and the home market, marketed to best advantage in grape baskets or quart boxes. They sell readily and at good prices this way. When it first commences to mature the skin is dark green. The flesh a royal purple. The color of the skin and flesh gradually change until it is as black as the darkest night. These Sand Cherry Crosses are excellent for canning, jellies or jams, as the skin entirely disappears with cooking.

Per 50 Per 100 \$12.00 \$21.50 18.00 34.00 24.00 45.00

Small Fruits Dewberries

These will be delivered to you with a portion of the old cane attached. This is of no value except for handling purposes, as the new cane that produces the fruit next year comes from the crown of the little plant you will receive. The Dewberry will have a quantity of fine roots. In planting, these must be spread out, the soil worked in carefully among them and the crown not covered over one and one-half inches. Plant 18 inches

over one and one-nail inches. Plant 18 inches apart in the row, rows 4 to 5 feet apart.

Lucretia—We do not advise planting this unless you have sandy soil, as it does better on that than on any other soil. This is a creeping plant and will often grow as much as fitteen feet in one season. The right should be trimmed both to and will often grow as intent as intent leet in one season. The vines should be trimmed back to about three feet for best results. The fruit is about three times the size of the Blackberry, very sweet. Prices: 5 for 40c; 10 for 60c; 25 for \$1.10; 100 for \$3.50.

Currants

We picked from this field of two-year-old plants literally thousands of quarts of the best currants.
This is a real field of currants.
Currants can be grown successfully in any part

of the country and will produce fruit quicker than any other small fruit, and are a sure annual crop. They grow and produce with almost no care, but They grow and produce with almost no care, but just like any other tree or plant, will pay a hundred-fold for additional care. Just give them a little cultivation, some manure worked into the soil, a little bit of trimming after the fruit is harvested, and you will have, not only fresh fruit, but quantities to can and make the best jelly. If you like a milder jelly, mix currant juice with one-half apple juice, and it's delicious. Currant Prices (All but Perfection): Each 25c; per 5, \$1.00; per 10, \$1.75; per 25, \$4.00, per 50, \$7.00.

Cherry Currant—Strong, very large fruit. This

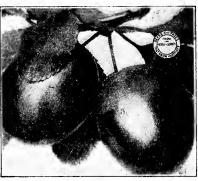
Cherry Currant—Strong, very large fruit. This cherry seems to be very popular in higher altitudes.

Red Cross Currant—Bush somewhat below medium size, very healthy, vigorous and productive.

April 2, 1930.
Early, Iowa
In regard to your seed must say I never had such good gardens until I began buying seed from you. Had Chantena Carrots that weighed 4 lbs., and were planted May 30th. Got 4 wash tubs full. Relatives from Minnesota and South Dakota took some of those along home to show as well as to eat. They were of a sweet flavor too. Our fruit trees are all doing fine, and some had plums on measuring 6 inches around. 6 inches around.

Also picked 6 quarts of gooseberries from one bush that was two years old last spring.

Mrs. Chas. W. Huebner



Waneta Plum

White Grape—Large; white; sweet or mild sub-acid; very good quality and popular for dessert and kitchen, and well known in market. Bush low and spreading. Very productive.

La Versailles—Very large; red; bunch long, great beauty and excellent quality; one of the finest and best, and should be in every collection.

Perfection Currant-You have all grown the Perfection Currant—You have all grown the old standard varieties of Currants, producing only a medium crop and those of small size. By the introduction of this new Perfection Currant we are doubling the crop and the size. We picked currants of this variety in our nursery this past season, nearly as large as the Early Richmond Cherry and in clusters of ten to twelve currants on each stem. When first introduced, won Berry Gold Medal at Pan-American Exposition and gold medal awarded at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. It certainly is a wonderful fruit and should be in all your gardens. Each, 25c; per 5, \$1.10; per 10, \$2.00; per 25, \$4.50; per 50, \$8.75.

Sunshine Washers

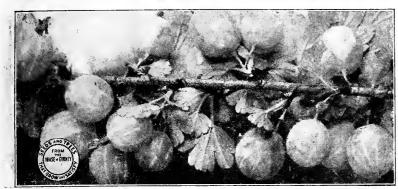
Mrs. Dave Faulkner, Trosky, Minnesota. Will say that I like my Sunsbine Washer fine. Wouldn't want to part with it now, un-less I could get another. Think it is the best

machine for the money that I have seen yet. All the neighbors are anxious to know how I



Cherry Currant

SMALL FRUITS—(Continued)



Carrie, 1/2 Size

Currants and Gooseberry plants may not be shipped into the following states because of Federal Quarantine:

Michigan, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Maine, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut.

Gooseberries

An old Uncle of mine used to tell me that a single Gooseberry would spoil a barrel of sugar, but I have found since that he was "spoofing" me. Even if they do require a considerable quantity of sugar, there are none of the fruits more desirable, none easier to grow and none that will yield more quarts of good fruit per square rod.

Can them in the ordinary way, preserve them or use the juice mixed with one half apple juice for jellies, and you will find them delicious. Or make a steamed pudding, covering it with sauce freely supplied from the preserved Gooseberries and you will pronounce it the best of any. If you do not know how this is made, write me and I will tell you.

Downing Gooseberry—Larger than the Carriew. Will not stand quite as much grief but is an excellent berry for Iowa, South Dakota, Nebraska and Minnesota or in localities where conditions are equally favorable. A very productive and profitable variety. 2 yr. 20c each; 10 for \$1.95.

Oregon Champion Gooseberry—Berries very large brownish-red color, very sweet and fine for table use and pies. Bush a strong grower, healthy, not very thorny and a very prolific bearer. One of the best berries for the market. Prices: 2 yr. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.85; per 100, \$13.50.

Houghton—Medium size, pale red, sweet when thoroughly ripe; very spreading grower, an excellent bearer; the standard gooseberry, the best for the Northwest. 2 yr. each, 20c; 5 for 90c; 10 for \$1.65; 50 for \$5.50; 100 for \$8.50; 500 for \$8.50.



Latham, the Raspberry That Produces Fruit

Pearl Gooseberry—A very desirable American variety. Hardy and free from mildew, very large and productive. Bears unusually large berries of pale green color, of finest quality and valuable for home and market. Each 25c; 10 for \$2.35: 100 for \$20.00.

Carrie Gooseberry

Prof. Hansen's report on this gooseberry at the State Horticulture meeting in 1910: "We have fruited the Carrie the past season or two and are well pleased with it. It is a great improvement in some respects over the old Houghton. I saw a large plantation near Excelsior, Minn., in 1907, in heavy bearing, and certainly it was a sight to behold."

At the meeting of 1911 he further reports: "The Carrie is intermediate in size between the Houghton and Downing, and it is a heavy bearer at Brookings. It is a welcome addition to our present short list of Gooseberries. The Carrie will supersede the Houghton, I am confident of that."

Here at Yankton it has proved much the best of all. For size, quality and productiveness we call it best. 2 yr. each, 25c; 10 for \$2.00; 50 for \$8.00; 100 for \$14.00.

Latham Raspberry

Latham Raspberry—The great raspberry in Minnesota. This berry is the leading berry wherever red raspberries can be grown. High quality, large, hardy, better shipper than many other red raspberries. Good color. On account of its hardiness, productiveness and vigorous growth, it is planted now more extensively than any other variety of red raspberries. The Gurney Seed and Nursery Company highly recommend this variety to anyone wishing to plant red raspberries. 5, 60c; per 10, \$1.00; per 50, \$3.00; per 100, \$4.75; per 500, \$21.00; per 1,099, \$35.00.

Raspberries

Red Raspberries—Instructions for planting and care: Such as the Sunbeam and Ohta are to be handled just as the Blackberry. They make new growth produced from the cross section of the root, or below the ground on the stalk that you receive.

King—Extra large, bright red, high quality, hardy Raspberry. Planted very extensively for market and home use. This is one of the standard sorts for the Northwest. Prices: 10, 70c; 100, \$4.50; 500, \$19.00.

Royal Purple Raspberry—This is an improvement in hardiness, size and quality over all other purple berries, equal in hardiness to the best of the reds, a better shipping berry, and has made more money for the growers in this section than any other variety for the past several years. Fruit is borne in remarkable quantities. On account of the remarkable vigor of its canes, it stands drouth and matures full-sized fruits when others are of inferior size and quality. Our supply of this berry is limited, but we think everyone should plant a reasonable number this year. I know you will be well-pleased with the results. Prices: Per 5,70c; per 10, \$1.00; per 50, \$4.00; per 100, \$7.00.

Black Raspberries

Cumberland—Black; a healthy, vigorous grower; fruit very large, quality good. Keep and ship as well as any of the blacks. The most profitable market berry. 10, 60c; 50, \$2.00; 100, \$3.50; 500, \$15.00; 1,000, \$27.00.

Kansas Black Raspberry—Strong vigorous grower, berries size of Gregg, of better color, jet black, firm and of best quality. Per 10, 60c; 50, \$2.00; 100, \$3.50; 500 for \$15.00.



Houghton Gooseberry 1/3 Size

SMALL FRUITS—(Continued)

Ohta Raspberry

Introduced by Prof. N. E. Hansen of Brookings, Introduced by Prof. N. E. Hainsenb. Brownings. South Dakota a few years after introducing the Sunbeam. There isn't a hardier Red Raspberry on the market than the Ohta. This is large, good quality, plant very vigorous. We are good quality, plant very vigorous. We are showing here a photograph of a bowl of the new **Ohta**. These berries are shown in the photograph about one-half size. We have picked Ohta berries this year from the time the first ones ripened, early in July, until the ground froze. The Ohta berry is absolutely an ever-bearing the first year, and if you want continuous berries each season, transplant a few of the **Ohta** from your patch each fall or spring, cutting the old stock

patch each fail or spring, cutting the old stock down to about eight or ten inches.

The Ohta will add to his good name as an inventor of new fruit. The Ohta cutbears the Sunbeam. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.00; 50, \$2.10; 100, \$4.00; per 500, \$20.00.

Strawberries

All Strawberries offered by us are perfect varieties. You do not need other varieties planted with them to make them produce. All Strawberries shipped parcel post or express.

Mastodon

Four acres produced 1,386 crates or 22,176 quarts in one season! If you have been growing the ordinary Everbearing Strawberries and have never seen the Mastodon, it will be difficult for you to understand just how it will pro-*duce 5,600 quarts per acre.

HOUSE OF GURNE

duce 5,600 quarts per acre.

A newspaper representative on inspecting one of the fields of Mastodons remarked, "This is the greatest sight I have ever seen, but when you tell your customers how good the Mastodon really is many of them will not believe you." The following description will impart to you in only a small way the actual value of these plants. You must see them to realize their wonderful value. Plants of the Mastodon are large, vigorous, deep-rooted. This explains their ability to produce enormous loads of fine fruit, even under adverse conditions. They are perfectly hardy. Every plant produces heavily, also, runners the first year. The berries are larger than any of the other Everbearres and of high quality. Regardless of your past experience with Everbearing Strawberries, we recommend that you plant this new Everbearing Strawberry, which is different. See front cover colored picture of Mastodon. Per 12 plants, 55c; 25, 80c; 50, \$1.35; 100, \$2.25; 500, \$10.25; 1,000, \$20.00; 5,000, \$87.50.

Instructions for Planting and Care of Strawberries Plant Strawberries in the Spring Only

We sell millions of strawberries each year, and they go to all sections of the United States. We often ship them across the continent and have them reach their destination in perfect condition. We dig, pack and ship fresh every day, so they leave in the best possible condition. We want them to reach the customer fresh and green. In handling thousands upon thousands of growing plants there is always the possibility that some will be overheated in transit. When that happens we want you to notify us at once. However, more strawberries are killed after they are received by the planters than in any other way. They appear to be a triffe dry and they are immediately soaked. The crown of a strawberry plant should never be wet before planting, as it will rot in a few hours. Each plant has a number of fine roots, have your ground in excellent condition, force the flat hand into this mellow ground, withdraw the hand, leaving a hole an inch by about 4 inches and about 4 or 5 inches deep.

the other hand spread the roots of the plant out fanshaped, the crown to be just even with the top of the ground when the dirt is packed firmly against the plant. Plant them from 1 foot to 18 inches apart in the row and the rows 4 feet apart. During the growing season they will throw out a number of runners that set new plants. Train these to stay close to the original plant, not allowing it to become more than a foot wide. In the fall, when the ground freezes, cover the plant to a depth of about one or two inches with straw or hay. Straw is best, as you can rake it in among the plants in the spring and allow it to remain there. This keeps the fruit off the ground and clean always.

Strawberries are always sent separate from the balance of your order, either by parcel post or express. We do this that the plants may reach you in the

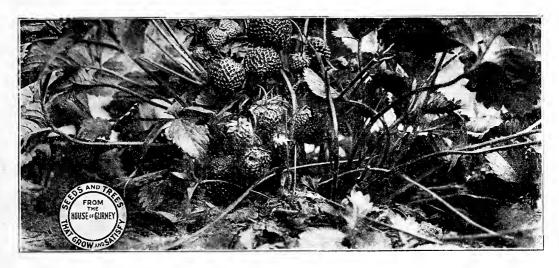


A Field of Red Gold in Full Bloom



Red Gold Strawberry

STRAWBERRIES



Gurney's Everbearing Strawberries

They will produce fruit from early July until heavy freezing. In our large acreage of strawberries there was no time during the season that we did not have plenty of strawberries for everybody. No matter how small or large the piece of ground you have, you can have everbearing strawberries for the better part of four months each year. One hundred plants, properly

cared for, and if possible, placed near the house where you can give them a little water from the well or some of the wash water about once a week during the hot, dry spells, will supply an ordinary family with all the strawberries they can use during the summer.

Progressive Everbearing

"Put on your overcoats and pick enough strawberries for short-cake."

This is the hardiest of the everbearing Strawberries, producing large crops of medium sized fruit from July until heavy freezing. This is one of the older varieties but still a good variety and should appear in all cat-

alogs. The season has been favorable to growing Strawberries and our plants are strong and healthy. We will furnish instructions to planters with each order. Per 12, 35c; 25 for 60c; 50 for \$1.00; 100 for \$1.75; 500 for \$6.75; 1,000 for \$12.00.

Champion Everbearing

Strawberry-We have tested this wonderful strawberry under different soil, and weather conditions and have received nothing but favorable reports regarding its excellence. It seems to be just a little hardier than other everbearing strawberries; produces large fruit of excellent quality and produces a continuous crop from July until late in October. Per 12, 35c; 25 for 60c; 50 for \$1.00; 100 for \$1.75; 500 for \$6.75; 1,000 for \$12.00.

June Bearing Strawberries

Red Gold (Sugar Saver) Strawberries

We are always on the lookout for something better. As new varieties appear we try them out and when we find something that is better than anyappear we my them out and when we find something that is better than anything else in our gardens we ofter it to our customers with our recommendation. But before putting Gurney's recommendations on a variety it must prove to us that it really is better not only in quality but in size, bearing, hardiness, ease of growing and every other point that makes it a desirable variety for you to raise.

variety for you to raise.

If nothing more were said of this new strawberry, than that it requires only half as much sugar in canning as any other variety, you would be interested enough to try them out. You would want to be shown, and rightly so. But we are going to say more than that. It has the flavor of the wild strawberry. Berries often measure 8½ inches around with as high as 43 berries to a stem and eleven stems to the plant. The stems are sturdy and stand up well away from the ground, making picking a pleasure. FAnother good feature is their long fruiting time, starting early and continuing long after other varieties are gone. Setting Red Gold is almost like having your strawberry crop insured, for it's almost impossible to have the crop ruined by late freezes or wet weather. Wet weather will prevent fertilization of other varieties but the long season of Red Gold avoids this

tilization of other varieties but the long season of Red Gold avoids this possibility

Plant Red Gold this year. You will never regret it. It is large, solid, a good bearer, has strong stems and is a Sugar Saver. 25, 80c; 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.50; 250, \$6.25; 500, \$12.00; 1000, \$22.00.

Dunlap Stawberries, Standard Varieties

Even with the introduction of the Everbearing Strawberry there is still a place for the old standard one crop per year strawberry. The Dunlap is absolutely the best. It is a self-fertilizer, fine quality berry, yields abundantly, and is a good shipper.

We grow a great many varieties of the old standard strawberries, but we consider the Dunlap the best of any for all purposes. We can furnish you with the Bederwood, Sample and Warfield. The Dunlap and Bederwood are

the self-fertilizers or perfect flowers. The other varieties are not perfect flowers, but Pistillate and require either the Dunlap or Bederwood planted in alternate rows to fertilize them. Price 25, 50c; 50, 85c; 100, \$1.20; 500, \$4.00; 1,000, \$7.50. Parcel post or express charges paid in all cases by us.

Premier

The strawberry without a fault, the earliest of all. While this is the earli-The strawberry without a fault, the earliest of all. While this is the earliest strawberry ever produced, it is so frost resistant in both buds and blossoms that its fruit crop has never been destroyed. This strawberry eliminates crop uncertainty but ripens a week ahead of other varieties. The word "Premier" means "first." This berry is first in size, first in yield, first in quality and first to ripen. The plants are sturdy, healthy and long-rooted which makes them frost resistant. They will thrive in all soil and under conditions that would kill ordinary plants; will yield much bigger crops. It is a long-distance shipper. Prices: Per 25, 50c; 50, 80c; 100, \$1.50; 500, \$6.00. Parcel post or express charges paid. Parcel post or express charges paid.

Cooper

If you want to grow something just a little larger and better than your If you want to grow something just a little larger and better than your neighbors are growing in strawberries, plant the Cooper. These produce larger fruit than any other strawberry we have seen growing at Yankton. The fruit is of good quality and very productive. Plants are unusually hardy and healthy. These are only a few of its excellent qualities. 25, 55c; 50, \$1.00; 100, \$1.70; 500 for \$6.00.

New Method of Packing Strawberry Plants

In the past there has always been more or less trouble with the Strawberries heating or becoming damaged in transit, and reaching customers in poor condition. With our new method, you can be sure of receiving your Strawberries in good condition.

In the spring of 1926 we experimented in packing Strawberries. This new system that we have discovered makes it possible for us to get Strawberries to our customers in good condition to practically any part of the United

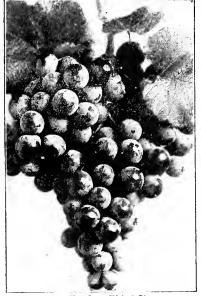
GRAPES

All neavy No. 1 plants. A row of grape vines in your garden will produce more profit, enjoyment and beauty than any other known fruit. The Rockport Colony sold \$465.00 worth of Beta grapes from 90 vines in one year. That is an unusual income and you may do as well from your own vineyard. Nothing so refreshing as the fresh, ripe fruit on the vines; nothing so desirable as the on the vines; nothing so desirable as the jams, jellies and grape juices for the winter.
All easily prepared and inexpensive when you produce your own fruit.

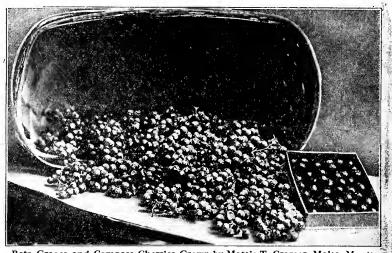
Instructions for planting and care: One of the most satisfactory fruits, and can be grown anywhere. For the extreme north use the hardiest varieties, as the Beta. As you go farther south take standard varieties, as the Concord. A grape vine must be protected from air from the time it is dug until it is back in the ground. They kill easily if left unprotected while out of the ground. When you receive the grape, it will have very long roots. These should be cut back to about 6 inches in length. The hole should be dug a spade's depth, and the roots spread out on the bottom of this hole. See that the earth is worked in well among the roots. Pack well, cul-Instructions for planting and care: One of worked in well among the roots. Pack well, cul-tivate and fertilize, and you will have best re-sults. A trellis will be needed the second year after planting.

Beta Grape—The people moving north regret the loss of their grapes, which are wonderfully attractive and refreshing in the late summer. Many the heartache and sigh of disappointment when the housewife finds she cannot grow grapes on her new homestead or northern home. The **Beta** changes all this, as it will grow readily The Beta changes all this, as it will grow readily in North Dakota without covering; not only grow, but produce as much fruit per vine as the large varieties in the East, rapid growers often making a growth of 15 to 20 feet in a single season. Extremely valuable for covering summer houses, outbuildings or fences. We recognized the value of this new grape when it was introduced. We are pleased with our success in getting it out among the growers and more proud of the success attained by the growers. It has made their homes beautiful and produced immense quantities of fruit. Each, 20c; per 5, 95c; per 10, 81.80; per 25, \$3.25; per 50, \$5.75; per 100, \$10.00.

Champion—One of the earliest of the large black grapes. With winter protection these can be successfully grown in most parts of North Dakota. Very productive, vines vigorous and hardy. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.35; 50 for \$5.00.



Lucile, One-Third Size



Beta Grapes and Compass Cherries Grown by Mattie T. Cramer, Malta, Mont.

Caco—One of the most delicious of all grapes. Wine red or amber. Ripens ten days to two weeks earlier than the Concord. Fine, very strong, vigorous growers, healthy and prolific. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.35; per 10, \$2.35.

Delaware—One of the finest table grapes,

bunches not large, compact, well shouldered, berries rather small, juicy and sweet without any hard pulp. Spicy flavor, probably the best American grape, all things considered. Ripens medium early, color red. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.15; 10 for \$2.00; 25 for \$4.50.

Hungarian-An extremely hardy variety and Hungarian—An extremely nargy variety and the same size as Beta, ripens slightly earlier. Good quality and about equal to the Beta in hardiness. Each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Lucile—A beautiful large red grape, which yields as much as Concord; the very best quality

as hardy as any grape listed, except the Beta. A very strong, robust grower; ripens its fruit early. Vine is healthy and free from disease; never drops its berries. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.90; 25 for \$4.00.

Lutie Grape—An old standard variety. Out of twenty-five varieties of grapes that we are growing in our trial grounds the Lutie Grape has led for two years. The Lutie is very vigorous and produces more fruit than any other variety in the trial grounds. It is a red grape, earlier than the Concord and probably more hardy. There is no reason why you cannot grow large quantities of these grapes, as there are but few fruits, if any, that will produce more fruit per square foot than grapes. Try ten of these. Each, 20c; 5 for 90c; 10 for \$1.70.

Moore Early—Similar to Concord, equally as hardy and at least ten days earlier. Very productive in rich soil. Each, 25c; 10 for \$1.75; 50 for \$6.00.

Moyer Grape—A red grape, seedling from the Delaware. It is similar to the above described Delaware, is more free from rot and mildew, and Delaware, is more free from rot and mildew, and the berries and bunches are larger. Flavor, rich and sweet, without a trace of foxiness. The fruit keeps and ships well. This grape was originated in Canada and is highly thought of, proving perfectly hardyeverywhere the Concord is grown and possibly standing even more cold. Two weeks earlier than the Delaware, especially fine for the north. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.25; 10 for \$2.10: 25 for \$3.490.

for the north. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.25; 10 for \$2.10; 25 for \$4.90.

Niagara—Large, slightly oval; pale yellow fruit, covered with a white bloom; the quality is equal to the Concord and it is the standard white grape of the country. Bunches are large and compact. Vine vigorous, hardy and very productive. Each, 20c; 5 for 90c; 10 for \$1.50; 25 for \$3.20; 50 for \$5.70.

Worden-Larger than Concord and ten days worth of Beta Grapes from ninety vines.

Worth of States of the States of the States of States o

Can you beat that?

On the Inside Back Cover

We are showing colored photographs of varwe are showing colored photographs of var-ious varieties of grapes that can be grown any-where in the northwest and as sure to produce a crop of fruit each year as any fruit you can plant. A grape requires care for best results, but will, even under adverse conditions and neglect, produce large crops of those delicious bunches of grapes.

Concord, the Old Standard
Concord—Large purplish-black grape; very
hardy and productive, ripening about the middle
of September. This is one of the most popular
market grapes. Mid-season. Each, 15c; per 5,
75c; per 12, \$1.00; per 25, \$2.00; per 100, \$6.00.



Plant Tulips Everywhere

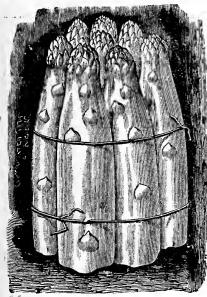
ear Friends: Edgerton, Minn. June 12, 1930 We want to thank you for the good Tulip Dear Friends:

we want to thank you for the good Tulip bulbs we got last fall. I am sending you some pictures of them. My bed is not so large, but is very pretty.

Mrs. Ed. Lockhorst ordered 100 from you and we each took 50. You may keep the pictures for your catalog if you wish.

Wishing you success, Mrs. Gerrit Lockhorst.

ASPARAGUS—SAGE—RHUBARB—HORSERADISH



Asparagus

Asparagus

This much neglected, earliest healthful, easily grown vegetable should find a place in every garden, whether on the farm or in town. You can grow such an immense quantity on so small a space that you certainly cannot afford to neglect it. Asparagus roots should be planted in a well-prepared bed, the roots covered about five or six inches and the soil made very rich with fertilizer each season in order to produce the maximum amount of very large shoots. If planted in rows the plants should be about one foot apart in the row, and the rows far enough apart for cultivation. If in a bed in the garden, plant them about one foot apart each way and cultivate with the hoe. Washington Asparagus—This is the fourth year we have offered this wonderful asparagus.

This is a high quality asparagus producing larger stocks than any other asparagus, is free from rust and cannot be recommended too highly. If you are intending to plant a small garden or grow asparagus for the market, you cannot make a mistake in planting this variety. All of the large planters are getting into this variety as rapidly as possible. It brings a higher price on the market. These are heavy one year plants. They must be planted either in the fall or in the serious.

neary one year plants. They must be planted ether in the fall or in the spring.

Prices One Year Old Plants: 50, 90c; 100, \$1.60; 1000, \$8.00.

Prices Two Year Old Plants: 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

All varieties same price.

Conover's Colossal and Palmetto Asparagus—These are the standard early varieties of apparagus that we have been offering in the past. 25 plants, parcel post paid, 65c; 25 plants, you pay transportation, 50c; 50 plants, 90c; 190 plants, \$1.40; per 1000, \$8.00.

Sage, the Large Leaf Variety

These plants are easily grown and should be grown in every garden. They are entirely hardy. 2 for 40c; 10,\$1.50.

Wheatland, N. D.

Gentlemen: July 19, 1930
This will be our fourth B battery from Gurney's, so you can see we are satisfied with them. In fact they are so good that I often wonder why the \$4.25 batteries we have had can be sold for more than \$1.50.
Yours very truly, Mrs. Emily L. Thoeneke

Gurnev's WNAX (Non-Poisonous) Plant Spray Kills Bugs

1. Highly Effective-Insects are divided roughly into two classes -those that suck sap from leaves and stems, and those that chew the foliage. different insecticide used to be necessary for each class. Now you can kill both kinds with one spray.

2. Safe to Use—Gurney's WNAX Plant Spray is absolutely nonpoisonous to humans, animals and birds. Even children may safely mix and apply it. No danger from eating vegetables or fruits that have been sprayed with Gurney's WNAX Plant

Spray.

3. Non-Injurious—Gurney's WNAX Plant Spray may be sprayed on the tenderest plants or blossoms without fear of burning or discoloration. Benefits the soil, makes greener leaves, and healthier foliage.

4. Easily Mixed—Simply mix with water. (For proportions see directions on bottle.) Stir or shake for a few seconds until it forms a milk white emulsion. Then spray on the plant.

5. Control the Insects Right from the Start—When the plants are young by thoroughly spraying the soil of the garden at least once a week, using ½ oz. of Gurney's WNAX Plant Spray to one gallon of water. An important factor in the successful growing of flowers and garden vegetables is to prevent the attacks of insects from the very start of the growing season.

6. Economical—Because highly concentrated-a little goes a long way. 2 oz. bottle makes 8 gallons of spray for plant lice. See Spray Chart for dilutions for other insects.
7. Mailable—Being non-poisonous Gurney's WNAX Plant

Spray can be sent through the mails.

Prices

8 Oz. Bottle	\$.75
1 Pint Bottle	1.25
1 Ouart Tin	2.00
1 Gal. Tin	6.35
5 Gal. Tin	30.00

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

This is where the fellow with a little piece of ground in town, as well as the man with the big farm, can take a solar plexus punch at the high cost of living, and live better and feel better than he can without this saving. You can grow the plant so easily and in such a small space, and produce such an immense crop that makes the produce such an infinense crop that makes the most excellent sauce and pies, that you are certainly neglecting one of the big little things if you fail to have a supply. If you could grow the ordinary farm crops as easily as you can grow rhubarb, you could simply plant the crop and take a vacation, because it will grow and produce anywhere and under almost any condition. I do not want you to think, however, that it is the proper way to grow rhubarb. It responds to better care and better conditions just as any other crop

will.
Plan plenty for canning. You have heard the following: "An apple a day keeps the doctor away." There is more truth to this than many realize. The same may be said of the Rhubarb.
Giant Victorian—Large, early, tender, red stalk. We consider this the best. You get the larger stalks out of your rhubarb if you use plenty of fertilizer. It is a heavy feeder.
Giant Victorian Rhubarb—2 for 30c; 10 for \$1.15; 25 for \$2.70; 100 for \$10.00.

New Bohemian Horseradish

This horseradish is perfectly hardy anywhere

This horseradish is perfectly hardy anywhere Is a very desirable article as a relish. Its roots are dug in early spring, grated fine, vinegar added, and it is ready for use. For planting and care, first plant the roots about two inches deep in a desirable location where they can be left permanently. Give them good cultivation.

The Malner Horseradish roots were introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. They are much earlier, and produce better than the ordinary sort. Roots grow larger, are whiter, and quality is far superior. All who grow horseradish should use this variety; we have discarded the old standard kind, as Malner will outyield and is much more satisfactory in every yield and is much more satisfactory in every way. 5 for 60c; per 10, \$1.00; 25, \$2.25; cuttings, \$1.00 per 50.



Gurney's Rhubarb

NUT BEARING TREES

Black Walnuts

Can be and are growing somewhere near you—you may plant this spring and only a few years until you will be harvesting a fine crop of nuts.

Can you imagine a better reward for planting "a worth while tree"?

Nut Bearing Trees

Almost every farm and garden contains some land that should be planted to nut trees adapted to the soil. Probably no branch of tree cultivation pays larger profits or is as well assured of a profitable market for all products. The nuts in many cases pay better than farm crops or fruits while most kinds make a growth of valuable timber that will, of itself, pay a large per cent on the investment. The nuts that we list can be grown in almost any section of the country.

Butternut or White Walnut—A fine native tree producing a large longish nut, which is prized for its sweet, oily, nutritious kernel.

			Per 5		
1 year		30c		\$1.00	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft					
4 to 5 ft	65C		2.60		

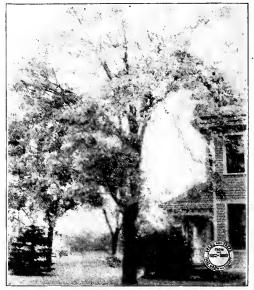
Hazel Nut—This forms a small growing bush and produces large quantities of nuts; it is perfectly hardy in any territory; does best if planted alongside of, or in, thin groves, or along banks in the natural timber. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.50.

Horse Chestnuts—The nuts that these trees were grown from were gathered from two trees that are at least eighteen inches through and perfect in form, growing in the City of Yankton. Those are prohably the oldest Horse Chestnut trees in South Dakota and have proved perfectly hardy. The fruit of this is not edible. The tree is very beautiful and ornamental, having an almost perfectly globular crown. It bears large quantities of flowers followed by burrs containing two to four nuts.

We find these trees growing and doing well, perfectly hardy in the east part of South Dakota, eastern North Dakota. They are exceptionally hardy, a wonderful shade tree and should be planted more extensively. Very Rapid in Growth. 3-4 ft., each 65c; per 10, \$6.50; 4-6 ft., each 95c; per 10, \$8.00; 6-8 ft., each, \$1.25.

Black Walnut—This is the black walnut of commerce and produces probably the most valuable of any wood grown in the United States today. It also produces large quantities of nuts which are always marketable at a good price. We grow these in immense quantities.

The trees that we are offering are grown from nuts gathered from native trees. It is an established fact that the furthest north in which Black Walnuts have been located growing naturally is along the river at Yankton. The trees we are offering are from this stock. This assures you of the hardiest Black Walnuts that you possibly can secure. These are very hardy



Honey Locust

when planted in connection with other trees where the soil is deep and they get a reasonable amount of moisture. They produce excellent nuts.

BLACK	WAL	\mathbf{NUT}	PRIC	ES	
Size					
12 to 18 in					
3 to 4 ft					
4 to 5 ft	.40		3.50	17.00	
5 to 6 ft				22.00	
6 to 8 ft				35.00	
8 to 10 ft	1.00		9.00	42.00	

Black Walnut Seed should be planted in the fall with the hulls on, about 5 inches deep. Unhulled nuts, 15c per Ib.; 10 Ibs., \$1.00; 20 Ibs., \$1.80. For fall delivery.

Residence of D. B. Gurney

For a number of years I have shown my home as it appears in winter, surrounded by its immense hackberry and elm trees that are now forty-five years old. This year I am showing the home from a photograph taken about four years ago in midsummer. At this time the foundation planting clear around the east and south of the front is much heavier than the photograph shows, and is composed of Spirea Van Houttei and Japanese Barberry, both very beautiful from early spring until the berries finally drop from the Barberry late in the winter.

Friend, Nebr. May 17th, 1930

Gurney Seed & Nursery Co. Yankton, S. Dak. Gentlemen:

Last fall when you announced your Tulip Bulb Special over the radio, we ordered a hundred bulbs from you and these bulbs have done wonderfully well and are the admiration of everyone who sees them.

If you issue a bulb book, will you please' send me a copy. Also, give me the names of the three kinds that were in your collection last fall, and oblige.

fall, and oblige.

Trusting you will let me hear from you promptly about the bulbs, I am

Yours truly,

Mr. A. H. Frantz, Cashier

The First National Bank.



Surrounded by Elm and Hackberry-Residence of D. B. Gurney, Yankton





FOREST OR SHADE TREES

How grateful is the shade of a tree, whether it be a grove or a single tree, a man finds sanctuary from the rays of a blazing western sun under its spreading branches. Imagine if you can a park, a city, or a home without a

spreading branches. Imagine it you can a park, a city, or a home without a tree. To the dwellers in forest lands it is inconceivable, but to some of you who have seen the treeless prairies, the thought brings to mind the days of scorched plains, lawns burned brown, air dry as the breath of the Sahara, and no relief in sight for man or beast.

Man needs trees. He cannot be happy without them. He should have a place where he can go among whispering leaves and breathe the cool, health-giving breath of the trees. No town or city should be without its forest park; no farm should lack its grove; no city home should be entitled to the sacred name of home until it is sheltered under the protective arms of the forest giant. And what is one to think of the town or ing arms of the forest giant. And what is one to think of the town or city that has no trees lining its streets, to give comfort to the passerby and beauty to the environment. All city streets should be planted with trees, and I would go further and say that all county highways, as well as state

bighways, should be lined with wide spreading elms, beautiful symmetrical green ash, or even maples if your climatic conditions will allow. We want to say a word concerning street tree planting. There is hardly a city in the United States where trees have been properly spaced, varieties well chosen, and the matured tree properly cared for. Wherever it is possible, a city forester, a park superintendent, some citizen who knows, or perhaps another city official should be designated and given authority to control the planting and care of trees on city or town streets. He should see that the proper varieties are used, that trees are spaced well apart, setting no elms closer than 40 feet, nor any other tree closer than 30 feet apart. He should make it a point to see that trees of one variety are planted in a single block. It should be his business to see that the trees are properly watered and cared for. If disease or infection attacks them, the manager should have authority and funds with which to control them. It would be well if every enterprizing citizen, who reads these words, would see to it that his town is properly treed and cared for. We shall be more than willing to advise any community as to varieties, planting and care of many least friend, the tree

community as to varieties, planting and care of man's best friend, the tree.

The word cal. appearing after the large-sized trees means the measurement in caliper or the diameter of the tree taken from six to twelve inches above the ground depending on the size of the tree.

Trans. in all cases, means transplanted. All of the larger trees offered by us are transplanted.

Ash

This is a slow growing tree but the most valuable of all for northern and northwestern South Dakota and North Dakota. In planting in that section, you should make your planting largely of the Ash. It is an upright grower, with beautiful foliage, perfectly hardy and absolutely the best for the high and dry places, or where a hard pan is close to the top of the ground. It will grow with less rainfall than any other forest tree grow with less raintain than any other forest tree and will thrive in that part of the country where ninety per cent of the population will say that trees cannot be produced. Every farm in that section can and will produce Ash trees eventually. Just give the Ash a trial and after planting give it good care with cultivation and heavy mulch. Your home, whether it is in the city or on the farm, will be just as beautiful as the tree-covered portion of southeastern South Dakota. covered portion of southeastern South Dakota. This is a great tree for Montana and Colorado, and should be used in all sections of the country

in parks to make up a variety.

The Ash can be planted much later than the other varieties. Orders from the North and Northwest are received by us later than from other sections, and the Ash fits in on that ac-

nt co	ount also.	·			
Size	Each	Per 10	Per 50	Per 100 I	er 1000
6 to 12 in			\$0.60 .85	\$0.85 1.10	\$5.75 9.00
18 to 24 in			1.10 2.00	1.90 3.00	12.90 18.00
4 to 5 ft. tran	\$0.30	\$2.50	9.50	17.00	10.00
5 to 6 ft. tran	.45 .55	3.20 4.50	13.00 19.00	24.00 36.00	
8 to 10 ft. tran	.90 1. 7 5	$8.00 \\ 17.50$	37.50 80.60		
2 to 2½ in. cal	2.30	25.00	110.00		

Basswood (Linden)

One of the most beautiful deciduous trees grown. Trunk always straight, the top almost a perfect globe; green leaves during the summer changing to bright yellow with the autumn; holds its leaves well beyond most other trees; very hardy.

3	to	4	ft	 								,	 		 	,							1300	Per 10 \$4.50
			ft																				.75	6.50
			ft																					8.00
6	to	8	ft	 ٠.			 						 			,	•	٠,	 ,	,	٠		1.50	13.00

White Birch

A graceful tree with white bark; a very desirable lawn tree. Hardy if not too dry.

We want to call the attention of our customers to the color of the bark on the White Birch tree. The bark on trees often as tall as six to eight feet does not show any or but little white, while trees eight to ten feet tall begin to show white bark. This is due to the trees being in the nursery while if they were in sod or in a thicket with other trees they would show the coloring on small trees. 4-6 ft., \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.



Buckthorn Hedge and Perfect Basswood to Righ

Box Elder (Acer Negundo)

This is a rapid growing tree, producing firewood of good quality about as quickly as any tree will. Very hardy and long lived; is not a beautiful tree but it is desirable in your windbreak or groves on the farm. We do not advise the planning of these for street trees or in city parks, but intersperse a row of Box Elder in your grove on the farm for quick protection.

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100 1	Per 1000
12 to 18 in			\$ 1.15	\$10.00
18 to 24 in			1.80	15.00
2 to 3 ft			2.65	20.00
4 to 5 ft. tran	\$0.35	\$2.50	12.00	
5 to 6 ft. tran	.50	4.50	26.00	
6 to 8 ft. tran	.70	5.50	43.00	
8 to 10 ft. tran	.75	6.50	53,00	•
1½ to 2 in. cal. tran	1.75	11.00	• • • •	
2 to 3 in. cal. tran	2.00	14.00	• • • • •	• • • • •

Siberian Pea Tree (Caragana Arborescens)

Makes an Excellent Snow Catcher, Wind Break, Ornamental Hedge—Hardy Anywhere

A very hardy, low growing tree from Siberia; excellent for hedge purposes, or snow breaks, or ornamental specimens. The trees in the spring are covered with racemes of yellow flowers, later forming pods like peas. The bark is light green in color, the foliage light green with silvery background. Planted extensively in Canada, North Dakota, South Dakota and adjoining states where conditions are severe. Height, 10 feet. Exceptionally good for dry, cold climates. If you have had difficulty in starting windbreaks, groves and other trees try these, they will give you a start.

	and other trees try these, the	y will gi	ve you a s			
l	Size	Each	Per 10	Per 50	Per 100 I	Per 1000
Į	6 to 12 in			\$1.00	\$1.60	\$14.00
	112 to 18 in		\$0.70	1.80	3.00	26.00
	118 to 24 in.	\$0.15	1.10	3.20	4.00	39.00
	1.2 to 3 ft.	20	1.40	4.00		
Į	3 to 5 ft	.35	2.25	11.50		• • • • •
	ro.	A -4 -4 h	1000			

FOREST AND SHADE TREES—(Continued)



Chinese Elm

Stansberry Produce Co., Colome, S. Dak. Gurney Seed & Nursery Co., Gentlemen:— Yankton, S. Dak.

This last spring along in April some time I bought a number of Chinese Elms and they have done so well that I wanted you to have a picture of them so you could see the growth they have made. These trees were of the five-foot size. Now they are from ten to twelve feet high.

We have had hundreds of people ask us about our trees, what kind, etc., and no doubt you will get a lot of orders next spring just because our trees are doing so well. We tell them we got them from you and that you will supply them next spring. You folks will no doubt remember Stansberry as I was one of the boys that Stansberry as I was one of the boys that kicked in with \$25.00 to put over the Butter Is Better Club.

(All we need now is 17c gasoline.)

Yours truly, E. H. Stansberry

Cottonwood

The Cottonwood and Poplar are the most The Cottonwood and Poplar are the most rapid growing of any of the soft wooded varieties, and should be planted on every farm. They make excellent firewood, mighty good thick shelter, and are always pleasing to the eye. Cottonwood and Poplar are the coming tree for the manufacture of paper pulp. We are selling hundreds of thousands of cuttings and trees to paper manufacturers each season. A paper mill in Dakota working on cottonwood cut here could reduce the cost of paper. reduce the cost of paper.

	Each	10	100	1000
12 to 18 in			\$0.60	\$ 3.25
18 to 24 in			.75	5.00
2 to 3 ft			1.00	6.00
3 to 4 ft		\$0.50	3.50	10.00
4 to 5 ft	\$0,15	1.00	8.00	30.00
5 to 6 ft	.20	1.50	10.00	
6 to 8 ft	.35	3.00	25.00	

Wild Black Cherry

(Prunus Serotina)-A hardy rapid grower. Bears fruit abundantly when quite young. The wood ranks next to the Black Walnut in commercial value. Makes a handsome lawn tree. Bears white blossoms in raceines in early spring and ripens an ahundant crop of fruit in August. Fruit about the size of a pea. Height, 40 ft. Foliage colors beautiful. 4 to 5 feet, each, 40c; per 10, \$3.00; 3 to 4 ft., ea., 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Ailanthus

(Tree of Heaven)—Originated in Japan. An upright, rapid growing tree, with long, slender fern-like leaves, free from disease. May be cut to the ground each year and will grow in shrub form, cylindrical appearing. It is excellent where a small tree or large shrub is wanted. 4 to 6 feet, each, 50c; per 5, \$2.00; 3 to 4 ft. each, 40c; per 5, \$1.70.

Catalpa Speciosa Northern Grown

This is the hardy Catalpa of the north and one that is sold by tree agents over the country as high as \$20 per 1000 for the little fellows. In Yankton County there are some very large growers of the genuine Catalpa Speciosa, and in the city of Yankton there are large trees, some of them two feet through. We procure all of our seed from the trees here in Yankton County. They are fine for ornamental or street purposes and grow very straight and fast. The leaves measure 10 in. across and its beautiful white flowers give it a very tropical appearance. Our large sizes for ornamental purposes are translarge sizes for ornamental purposes are transplanted and are very easily grown.

		10		1000
12 to 18 in			\$ 2.00	\$11.00
18 to 24 in			2.50	15.00
3 to 4 ft. tran	\$0.35	\$3.25	24.00	
4 to 5 ft. tran	.40	3.50	28.00	
5 to 6 ft. tran	.55	4.00	35.00	
6 to 8 ft. tran	.65	5.50		
8 to 10 ft		7.50		

Horse Chestnut—An excellent shade tree, For prices and description see Nut Bearing Trees.

Chinese Elm

The Chinese Elm is coming into favor more rapidly than any other shade tree. This is due to its extreme hardiness, rapid growth and its ability to withstand drought and severe conditions. We are able to offer them at a lower price than ever before. Place your order early. We have a large supply. Under favorable conditions, they will make a growth of from six to ten feet in a vear.

This tree was brought over from Northern China a few years ago by the department of Agriculture and has proven exceptionally valuable. Equally as rapid in growth as the poplar and has proven hardy in different North Dakota points. Does especially well on high ground. It is reported that it will not stand well on wet places. Departs to resistant, Similor in on wet places. Drought resistant. Similar in appearance to the American White Elm; it however, has a more ornamental leaf.

Prices of Chinese Elms

Size				Per 100
12-18 in				
18–24 in				
2-3 ft				
3-4 ft. trans		2.50	12.00	22.00
4-5 ft. trans			20.00	38.00
5-6 ft. trans			30.50	60.00
6-8 ft. trans		7.70	39.00	75.00
8-10 ft. trans		11.25	55.00	100.00
Ear 500 or mor	a price	011 100	tact	

Elm, American White (Ulmus Americana)

Is a very desirable tree for a great many reasons. The Elm from Northern seed, such as we grow here, is always hardy. It grows into a beautiful spreading tree that will live longer than several generations of people and increases in beauty each year. It is free from diseases and insects, and wind seldom if ever breaks or damages it. From the time you plant it you can say, "This is a beautiful tree but it will be better next year." And it continues to get better.

This is the most popular of all street trees. It is planted over a wider range of country for ornamental and shade purposes than any other tree. It is the tree for the city and the town. It is the tree to produce the shade and stand the grief that the shade tree always receives on the farm as well as in the city.

Elm Prices

		Per	Per	Per	Per
Size	Each	10	25		1,000
6 to 12 in.sd.				\$1.00	
12 to 18 in.sd.				1.20	
18 to 24 in.sd.				1.70	
2 to 3 ft.sd.			\$1.00		
4 to 5 ft.tran	\$0.30	\$2.55	6.00		
5 to 6 tt.tran		3.20		29.00	
6 to 8 ft.tran		5.40		39.50	
8 to 10 ft.tran		7.90		65.00	
11/4 to 11/2 in.cal.					
tran.	1.00	9.50		85.00	
1½ to 2 in.cal.					
tran.		14.50		125.00	
2 to 2½ in.cal.					
tran.	2.45	20.00		190.00	
2½ to 3 in.cal.					Will.
tran.	2.95	27.00		250.00	70
3 to 4 in.cal.					.71
tran.	3.50	34.00			
4 to 5 in.cal.					- 1
tran.	5.00	45.00			
Umb	ra110	Ca	talt	10	
OIIID	TCITE	ı Ua	icar	ra	

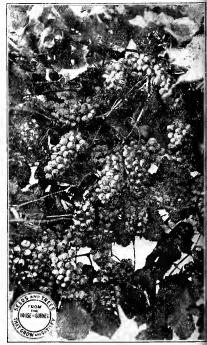
Catalpa Bungei-Umbrella Catalpa grafted catalpa Speciosa from two feet to eight feet from the ground. It makes a perfect umbrellashaped head without pruning. The various heights are desirable in landscape or home plantheights are desirable in landscape of home planting; oftentimes places in the grounds where the low fellows, producing the wonderful globular heads, fill in to best advantage; other places where those of a larger size are best. This is a particularly hardy variety and is suitable for any section south of Sioux Falls, S. Dakota. 5½ ft., \$1.65 each. Per 5, \$8.00.

BIRDS

Annandale, Minnesota.

I want to thank you very much for your selection of a beautiful bird. He is also a lovely singer. I am well pleased and the little fellow came through just fine—again I thank

Mrs. Julian De Chaney,



Delaware Grapes

FOREST AND SHADE TREES—(Continued)



Hackberry Hackberry (Celtis Occidentalis)

The Hackherry is a native well into the Dakotas, and there are wonderful specimens of these growing along the rivers, creeks and ravines. It is a perfectly hardy, rapid growing, beautifully shaped tree. When planted alone, allowing it to have plenty of room for spread, it forms into the hest-shaped of any of the hardwood trees. It is well to give it considerable room in planting. Heavy winds will not hreak them.

I am showing here the picture of a hackberry tree in front of the telephone office at Yankton, South Dakota. This tree spreads more than 40 feet, is a perfect globe, and is noticed and commented on by practically every visitor to this

I have, in my own yard, hackherry trees 40 years old. These are wonderful trees, nearly two feet through, giving me a dense and perfect shade all summer. The hackherry is very free from disease and insects, a clean, strong, desirable tree for all purposes. They are hardy as far north as you care to plant. In heautifying the school grounds, the home or on the farm, for park or street trees in the town or city, or for a good rugged, centuries-long monument to the boy who lies in France, the hackherry would be most desirable.

Each	10	100
	\$ 1.00	\$ 5.00
\$0.60	5.00	
80	7.30	64.00
. 1.15	10.40	89.00
	12.00	100.00
. 2,75	20.00	175.00
. 3.50	27.00	240.00
. 4.50	37.00	
	\$0.60 \$0 1.15 1.35 2.75 3.50	. 2.75 20.00

Maple, Silver or Soft (Acer Dasycarpum)

This is one of the rapid growing street trees. In towns it is one of the good shade trees and good street trees. If planted in groves in the country it does remarkably well and should be on every farm. Do not confuse this with the Silver leaved poplar.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in			\$ 2.50
4 to 5 ft. trans	\$0.25	\$ 2.00	16.00
5 to 6 ft. trans	.40	3.40	31.00
6 to 8 ft. trans	.55	5.00	40.00
8 to 10 ft. trans	.70	6.75	55.00
1½ to 2 in. cal. tr	1.25	10.50	95.00
2 to 21/2 in. cal. tr	1.70	17.00	155.00
21/2 to 3 in. cal	2.75	27.00	
3 to 3½ in. cal	4.00	37.00	

Ginnala Maple

This is a hardy maple from Siberia. A semi-dwarf tree, fourteen to twenty feet tall. Hardier than the Soft Maple. The bright colored prettily cut leaves and the immense quantities of seed that they produce make them very attractive trees.

14		Per 5	
12 to 18 inch	\$0.25	\$1.00	\$1.90
Sugar or Rock Maple	e—This 1	tree is c l	hieftain
of its clan; straight, spr	eading.	symmet	ri c al, of
grand proportions, often	1 120 fee	t in hei	ght. It
grows well and roots d	leeply.	Its hold	leaves
have every rich autumn			
scarlet. Hardy here who	en plante	ed amon	g other
trees.			

İ	İ		. 10	
i	12 to 18 in		\$1.00	\$5.00
i	4 to 6 ft	\$0.60	5.50	

Norway Maple—One of the most beautiful and desirable trees known. Of large size, perfect outline, with deep green foliage, which turns to a pale yellow in autumn. Desirable trees for street, park and garden. They grow faster than Hard Maple and do better here in Yankton. The leaves in the spring first appear red, later turning green.

Price 3-4 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00 Price 4-5 ft., each, 40c; per 10, 3.50 Price 6-8 ft., each, 75c; per 10, 6.00

Mountain Ash

A fine hardy tree, obtains a height of twenty feet. Head dense and upright in growth. Covered from July until winter with clusters of bright red herries. An excellent tree for the lawn where a larger shade tree cannot be used.

	Each	
3 to 4 ft	\$0.40	\$3.50
4 to 5 ft	.45	4.00
5 to 6 ft	.55	5.00
6 to 8 ft	.85	8.00

Oak

Red Oak—An American Variety, rapid in growth. Has large foliage which assumes in the fall a purplish scarlet hue. Makes a fine specimen tree and cannot he too highly recommended for general planting. 5-6 ft., each......\$1.75

Burr Oak—Everyone knows the Oak and the value of its timber. Native of Dakota and Minnesota, making very fine trees.

				Each	Per 10	Per 50
18	to	24	in	. \$0.25	\$1.50	\$6.00
2	to	3	ft	30	2.00	9.00
4	to	5	ft	55	5.00	
5	to	6	ft	70	6.00	
6	to	8	ft	95	9.00	

Prices of White Oak

18 -	to	24	in			Per 100
			ft			
			ft			
			ft		0.00	
5	to	6	ft	.60	4.50	

Locust, Black (Robinia Pseudacacia)

A rapid growing tree, bears fragrant white flowers wood very hard. Valuable for fence posts, lardy in sheltered locations, or where planted with other trees throughout the east half of the state.

	Each	10	100	1000
			\$1.35	\$10.00
5 to 6 ft	\$0.50	\$3.50		

Locust, Honey (Gleditschia Triascanthos)

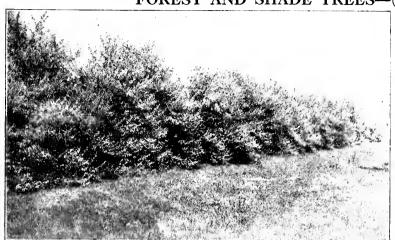
A very fine tree, delicate foliage, very fragrant flowers followed with bean-like pods, thorny, hardy.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18			\$1.50
5 to 6 trans	\$0.55	\$ 4.60	
6 to 8 trans	.75	7.00	
8 to 10 trans	1.10	9.00	
11/4 to 11/2 in. cal	1.55	12.00	
1½ to 2 in. cal	2.00	16.00	
2 to 2½ in. cal	2.50	21.00	



"George (left) on Early Spring Inspection Tour of Nurseries"

FOREST AND SHADE TREES—(Continued)



Russian Olive Screen, or Windbreak, Around Athletic Park at Yankton College, Excellent for the Purpose

Russian Olive

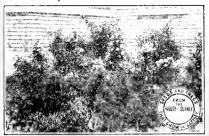
Here is a variety that adapts itself to almost any purpose for which a tree can be used. If you want a hedge plant get Russian Olive. Plant them about one foot apart, cut them back to six inches from the ground, and you will have as compact and beautiful a hedge as you can desire. Its silvery foliage will always attract favorable titention. If it is a windbreak you wish to lant consider the Russian Olive. Set them bout three feet apart, let them grow for a few ears, and cut them back forcing them to break starting right from the ground serving every purpose for which a windbreak is intended. Do you want a specimen tree for your lawn, again consider the Russian Olive. Give it plenty of room, as it grows raise its branches to the height necessary for a specimen tree and again its silvery foliage and well-shaped crown will be a point of beauty on your lawn. In addition to its adaptability, the Russian Olive is one of the hardiest trees that we know of and will grow on almost any kind of soil and under any normal condition. Go up through central South Dakota sometime, in what was formerly known as the treeless region, and although you will find many farms without trees, there are also many that have groves, windbreaks, and specimen trees, growing and doing well. Among these you will find a large percentage of the

Russian Olive, and it is always of outstanding value. Notice that even after heavy freezing weather when all the leaves of other deciduous trees have fallen, the Russian Olive still retains its leaves, almost as fresh as in summer. On the south side of a Russian Olive windbreak, in late fall, you will find the temperature considerably higher than anywhere else on your place. With its many admirable qualities you should not fail to include the Russian Olive in your plantation for the coming spring. In the spring it is covered with fragrant flowers, followed by the attractive, olive-shaped, silvery white seeds, that hang in clusters like currants throughout the fall and winter. It is a wonderful tree.

		Per	Per	Per	Per
Size	Each	10	50	100	500
6 to 12 in			\$ 1.60	\$ 3.00	\$13.5
12 to 18 in					19.0
18 to 24 in					
2 to 3 ft	20c	1.30	5.25	9.50	
3 to 4 ft. tran.	. 30c	2.70	18.00	25.00	
4 to 5 ft. tran.	. 55c	4.55	21.00	40.00	
5 to 6 ft. tran.	65c	6.00			

Kentucky Coffee Tree

A perfectly hardy tree, medium rapid in growth, attaining a height up to 100 feet. Pods often ten inches long cling to trees throughout the winter. Leaves similar to the Black Walnut. Easily transplanted. 3 to 4 feet, 60c each; \$5.00 per 10.



Single Rugosa Roses in Shrubbery Groups
Poplars

Lombardy Poplar—A native of Europe. Remarkable for its erect growth and tall, spire-like form. Valuable in collection. 4 to 6 ft., 35c each; \$3.00 per 10; 6 to 8 ft., 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

per 10.

Bolleana Poplar—A very compact upright grower with glossy leaves green above and silvery underneath. Hardiest of the upright poplars. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00 each; per 10, \$9.00; 5 to 6 ft., 70c each; per 10, \$6.00.

Carolina and Norway Poplar—We grow thousands of these each year, and they are known as the "Sudden Saw Log." A one-year-old tree, grown from a cutting less been known to grow

thousands of these each year, and they are known as the "Sudden Saw Log." A one-year-old tree, grown from a cutting, has been known to grow 12 feet high in one season. No other tree will produce this growth. Very hardy, and, unlike the cottonwood, never bear cotton-like seed.

Either variety, price: Each 10 100 1000

Either variety, price:				
2 to 3 ft			\$ 2.50	
3 to 4 ft				
4 to 5 ft				35.00
5 to 6 ft			8.00	
6 to 8 ft	.40	3.50	27.00	- 1,.,.

Silver-Leaved Poplar—This is another of the native poplars that should be more generally planted. It will make cordwood faster than a cottonwood.

The Northwest Poplar is an improvement overits relative the Cottonwood. This particular variety is from central North Dakota. Very rapid in growth, extremely hardy and does not produce this cotton that is so offensive throughout the season. Will stand on upland where Cottonwoods will not thrive. Rapid in growth and makes a large tree. This is something that you should add to your windbreak.

Size Each Per 50 Per 100

 Size
 Each
 Per 50
 Per 100

 18-24 in
 \$2.50
 \$3.00

 2-3 ft
 2.70
 4.00

 3-4 ft
 \$0.20
 3.10
 5.00

Walnut trees will grow and thrive in any part of the Middle North West. Plant a grove, for beauty, windbreak service and profit. The Tap root seeks water no matter how deep it must go.





"A Specimen Bull or Ponderosa Pine in Our Nursery" You Can Grow Trees on Your Farm!

A man from northwestern South Dakota was in the office and remarked on the beautiful trees around Yankton. He also remarked that it was impossible to grow trees in his section of the country. I had just received a letter from his home town. enclosing a photograph of evergreens and forest trees purchased from us many years ago, that made a beautiful grove and windbreak. I showed him this letter and photograph and he said: "Oh, yes, I know that man well. He can grow trees, he takes care of them." This is the solution of yiree-growing anywhere. Take care of them and any farm in any part of the country will produce witrees of some kind trees of some kind.

WILLOWS

Diamond Willow-Very valuable for fence posts, growing rapidly, produces posts that will keep in the ground for years. You should plant a good grove of them. The richer the ground the more rapidly they will produce posts, but they do well even on high and dry

Niobe Weeping Willow-See Weeping Trees.

Golden Willow—Very beautiful, rapid grower, does well in low locations. Grows more rapidly than the ordinary willow. Half an acre of these trees cut to the ground every few years will keep an ordinary family in fuel. They make a large trec.

Laurel Leaf—This is a beautiful medium height tree with glossy, leathery foliage, especially good ornamental tree, as well as one of the most valuable of all willows for windbreaks, firewood, etc. They do well on high draws and well that the latest the second order. dry ground, and will stand drought.

Its leathery glossy foliage makes it one of the most beautiful of the willows and the fact that it thrives on higher and drier places than other willows makes it more desirable. Grows rapidly, producing a good tight wind-break or snow catcher about as quickly as any tree you could plant.

Diamond Willow	Each	10	100	1000
2 to 3 ft			\$1.25	\$9.00
Diamond Willow,				
12-24 inch				6.00
Laurel Leaf, 18-24 in	.		2.00	16.50
Laurel Leaf, 2 to 3 ft			3.00	21.00
Laurel Leaf, 3 to 4 ft	\$0.20	\$1.80	4.25	26.00
Golden Willow,				
3 to 4 ft		0.85	4.50	25.00
Golden Willow.				
2 to 3 ft	0.15	.65	3.00	20.00



Grove of Elm Trees

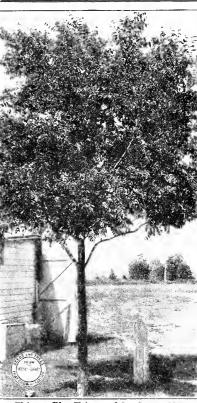


A Beautiful Drive in Bon Homme County, South Dakota, Arched with Shade Trees

Rockham, S. D Aug. 20, 1929

I am sending you a picture of my Elm Grove. This grove was planted ten years ago from seedlings and though lots of work and carc, I got a fine grove. They are from 15 to 18 feet high. I got the trees from you. This grove is located four miles you. This grove is located four miles north and two miles east from Rockham. I think it's the finest grove in Faulk County. That's what other people say. There are 500 Elm trees in the grove.

Yours very truly,
John Sihrer,
Rockham, So. Dak.



Chinese Elm Trimmed for Street Use (Photo by Gowin)

Cuttings

A great many varieties of trees and plants can be propagated from A great many varieties of trees and plants can be propagated from cuttings more readily than any other way and at less expense. Cuttings of all kinds should be planted as soon as received. We do not advise shoving them into the ground as is commonly practiced. They will be more or less calloused when you receive them, and forcing them into the ground destroys this callous and makes the cutting worthless. If you have a large number of them a good way is to plow a deep furrow, lay the cuttings against the overturned furrow, where they will not be stepped on by the horses as you come back with the next; and throw a furrow against them, tramping them carefully after they are covered. The method practiced in the nurseries, and where you want to do it just right, is as follows: Use a dibble, make a hole in the ground the length of the cutting, drop the cutting into this hole and press the dirt firmly around it, leaving a half inch of the cutting above ground. If these directions are followed you will have almost perfect success. followed you will have almost perfect success.

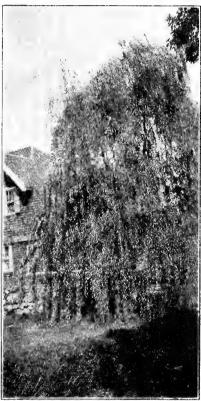
.00	1000
).40	\$3.70
.50	3.70
.50	3.70
.50	3.70
.50	3.70
.65	4.00
.55	4.00
	0.40 .50 .50 .50

The most ornamental of any of the trees. Can be used in places where it is impossible to use the larger, erect-growing kind, and for effective landscape work you must always use something in this line.

Weeping Mulberry-Will stand where not exposed to heavy winds; is a most beautiful tree with its long, lithe pendants sweeping the ground. This is especially valuable to plant on lawns where you do not wish to obstruct the view from the windows to the streets or roads. the windows to the streets or roads. It produces an umbrella-shaped head, never growing above eight or ten feet high, and spreading out in beautiful glossy, dark green leaves and purple fruit; makes one of the most sought-after of all the weeping trees. Each, \$3.30; headed, about 6 ft. high.

Niobe Weeping Willow

This is the grandest and one of the hardiest and best of all of the weeping trees. It is a rapid grower and will grow on almost any quality of ground. We are showing here photograph of a



Niobe Weeping Willow

tree in the William Edmunds' grounds at Yankton. This tree has been planted about five years, and with the lightest breeze the whole tree is in

Oglivie, Minnesota Nov. 23, 1929
Gurney Seed & Nursery Co.,
Yankton, South Dakota
Dear Sirs:—
The evergreens I bought from you on April 23, 1914 are now about twenty-five feet tall. They make a beautiful grove and a most service-able windbreak.

Yours truly, W. A. Judd,

WEEPING TREES

motion. The bark of the tree is golden yellow. the underside of the leaves silver, and the top of the leaves a glossy dark green. The new shoots often grow to a length of six or eight feet and are not half as large around as an ordinary lead pencil. This is a specially valuable tree for hedges, single specimen and cemeteries. The price is so low you can afford to buy lots of them.

Niobe Weep	ing Will	ow Prices	1
Size	Each	Per 10	Per 25
3-4 ft	. 25c	\$2.00	\$4.00
4-6 ft	40c	3.90	8.50
6-8 ft	70c	6.00	

Cut-Leaf Weeping Birch

Cut-Leaf Weeping Birch (Betula)-This magnificent tree is without question, the most popular and the most planted of all pendulous or so-called weeping trees. It is a tall, slender tree, yet with vigorous growth. It has an erect central trunk, somewhat pyramidal in shape with graceful, drooping branches and glistening, silvery-white bark. The foliage is fine, thin, deeply and delicately cut, and of a beautiful shade of green. The whole tree presents a soft and delightful effect not found in any other hardy ornamental tree. At time of planting these trees, prune them severely and wind three-fourths of the trunk of the tree with wrapping paper. Hold this in place with Burlap. Do not wind too tight. Give them a thorough cultivation, and you will have no trouble in growing them.

Cut-Le	at	Weeping	Birch	
Size		Each	Per 5	Per 10
3-4 ft	, ,	\$0.95	\$4.65	\$ 8.50
4-5 ft	. ,	1.20	6.00	10.00
5-6 ft		1.60	7.50	14.00
6-8 ft		1.90	9.50	18.00

Evergreens for the Northwest

In traveling over the Dakotas we occasionally see an Oasis in the shape of Evergreens clustered around a farm house, or a few in the door yards in the cities and villages, in every case doing well, a "joy forever," and a protection from the



Extra Select Colorado Blue Spruce



Weeping Birch

winds. In Turne County, South Dakota, are some grand old Pine Trees that have stood for the last thirty years, growing better each year. On adjoining farms owners tell us evergreens will not grow in Dakota; they will not even believe what they have seen for thirty years. The facts are: an evergreen is at home in the Dakotas, is as easily transplanted as any foresttree, and is worth much more than any other forest tree when growing on your place.

Here, in Yankton, we realized the great future for evergreens in the Northwest, and have planted hundreds of thousands of them at our nurserics. We know the varieties that will do best in all parts of the country and are prepared to give you the information, and furnish you with the trees, fresh dug and properly packed. In buying evergreens do not buy one or half a dozen unless you have room for no more; buy them by the hundreds and thousands; they are the cheapest and best windbreaks, shutting out the winter winds as no other trees will. cost you but a few dollars for enough to enclose your feeding yards and buildings. Two rows of evergreens properly arranged will shut out the wind better than six rows of other trees. This is especially true in winter when the windbreak is needed most.

The Evergreens we are listing are handled properly and as carefully as Evergreens can be handled. Many of the smaller companies are offering the same trees at much higher prices. We are growing and selling more evergreens than all the other nurseries in the Dakotas, and we are able to make much lower prices than those who sell only a few each scason.

Wheatland, N. Dak. Gurney Seed & Nursery Co. Yankton, South Dakota Gentlemen: Enclosed 6-

Yankton, South Dakota
Gentlemen:—
Enclosed find a check for \$2.80, which is to
pay for another Sunshine State Heavy Duty B
battery and 20c which we owe on our last order.
This will be our fourth B battery from
Gurneys; so you can see we are satisfied with
them. In set they are seed that I often
wonder why the \$4.25 battery from
can be sold for more than \$1.0.

Yours truly
Mrs. Emily L. Thoemke

Colorado Blue Spruce

This is undoubtedly the most beautiful of the evergreens, and has come into use with surprising rapidity in the last few years for ornamental purposes. It has adapted itself to all conditions and the better the conditions the more rapid the growth.

The trees vary in color from light green to beautiful shades of blue. The price, of course, varies with the color. Only about one in twenty seedlings develops the beautiful blue color, and the balance grade down from blue to light green. We are showing a photograph here of thousands of them in our evergreen nursery. They are perfectly hardy.

Silver Cedar

This is one of the very hardy cedars and will grow under almost any climatic condition. It has a silvery cast similar to the Colorado Blue Spruce. It is growing in popularity and being used almost as extensively as the sclect Colorado Blue Spruce. Our trees have been clipped so as to form a compact crown. They will stand any amount of clipping and can be made into a large tree or kept down to any size desired.

The Red Cedar (Juniperus Virginiana)

This evergreen is a native of South Dakota and is found growing in all parts of the state. The seeds are often distributed by birds and carried far and wide. The Red Cedar can be used either as specimen trees, in a grove, and makes an excellent windbreak. They may be pruned in any shape desired, and they are easily transplanted. Ironclad hardiness.

EVERGREENS

Arbor Vitae-A well known cvergreen, excellent for screens, when planted in a partially protected spot, grows very compact, easily transplanted. (This is a flat leaved or branched everplanted. (This is a flat leaved or branched ever-green.) Specially desirable for all points south, east or north-east of Yankton. This would mean Nebraska, Iowa and Minnesota. Arbor Vitac stands trimming better than any other evergreen which makes it very desirable for hedges and windbreaks in all that part of the country adapted to its growth. Its root system is of the type that makes it easily and safely transplanted, either as a balled and burlapped tree or "naked" as termed in the nursery.

Pyramidal Arbor Vitae

Pyramidai Arbor Vitae-This is an Arbor Vitae that is very upright in growth. A tree 8 or 10 feet tall will not spread more than two feet. Heavy foliage clear to the ground. They have proven just a little hardier than other Arbor Vitae. They are a wonderfully fine ornamental tree and can be safely grown here where they have some protection from other trees, buildings or natural protection. They may be grown on the east or north side of the building within two feet of the foundation on account of their upright growth. There are many places that they can be used for foundation planting. See our very low price on them.



Landscape Effects With Evergreens

Golden Arbor Vitæ (T. aurea) 8 to 10 feet. A beautiful variety of compact, globular form; color a lively yellowish green; one of the very handsomest.

Trailing or Prostrate Juniper—This is one of the Junipers, native of South Dakota, that grows spreading, very close to the ground. An excellent one for landscaping or for ground cover where you want something exceptionally fine along that line. 12-18 inch spread, balled and burlapped, \$1.50 each; 18-24 inch, \$2.25;

Scotch Pine (Pinus Sylvestris)

The Scotch Pinc is a very satisfactory tree for groves and windbreaks. It also has its place in the landscape and will thrive under conditions that would not perhaps be suitable for other varieties of pines. Remember all evergreens are transplanted several times which forces all the roots to form in a compact mass directly below the trunk. When you get an evergreen from us you get all the roots.

In about 1885, father planted a quantity of Scotch Pine on our grounds at Concord, Neb. These trees are now large enough for saw-logs, and would make mighty good lumber. You see big fellows of the Scotch Pine all over the country and it shows what they are worth to you. Plant some this year and then again next. You will not recreat it. will not regret it.

Elm Trees

Rockham, S. D. Aug. 20, 1929

Dear Sir:

My Elm Grove was planted ten years ago from seedling bought from you and though lots of work and care, I got a fine grove. They are from 15 to 18 feet high. I got the trees from you. This grove is located four miles north and two miles east from Rockham. I think it's the finest grove in Faulk County. That's what other people say. There are 500 Elm trees in the grove.

Yours Very Truly,

Yours Very Truly, John Sihrer, Rockham, So. Dak.

Black Hills Spruce



Extra Select Colorado Blue Spruce at Our Evergreen Nursery

Picea Canadensis-The Black Hills Spruce is a native of South Dakota, and is therefore hardy chough for the wind swept bare for the wind swept dare prairie country of the northwest. It grows readily on all soils and because of its close growing branches and heavy close set foliage heavy close set foliage it is one of the best spruces for ornamental purposes. It will stand trimming well and can be made into a very attractive hedge. Its compact habit of growth lends itself well to windbreak purposes and its dark green col-or, which it retains throughout the winter months, gives you a promise of the spring to come. Iowa farmers have found this tree particularly valuable for windbreaks and ornamental purposes, and found that its use has actually increased the value of their farms as real estatc. These farmers come to us year after year and take them away in carload lots. The average loss in transplanting where care is taken seldom reaches 2 per cent.

Special Notice to Evergreen Purchasers

Below we are listing evergreen without ball of earth on roots, also those that are balled and burlapped not guaranteed, and those balled and burlapped guaranteed. All of these evergreens will be dug, packed and shipped as ordered, which will insure fresh trees in all cases. The balled and burlapped guaranteed trees and those not guaranteed are handled in the same manner and packed from the same lot. The roots of evergreens not balled and burlapped are mudded as soon as dug from the ground and will reach you in good condition. In all cases the balled and burlapped evergreens are dug with the original dirt on them; the roots are not disturbed, which practically insures growth.

Our Guarantee on Guaranteed Evergreens

We warrant them to grow, and if one fails to grow and we are notified at any time after July first and before August fifteenth, 1931, we will furnish another tree without charge.

Directions for Planting Evergreens

In planting balled and burlapped evergreens do not remove the burlap, but plant as received. Dig a hole much larger than the ball, place the tree in the hole, see that the ball is well watered, fill in around it with top dirt and tamp thoroughly. Plant the tree so that about two inches of dirt is over the top of the ball. Where the ball of dirt is don with bootstrian thoughts. of dirt is tied on with heavy twine the twine should be cut as soon as the ball is placed in the hole.

All Evergreens Are Sold 5 at 10 Rates,
50 at 100 Rates

Seedling Evergreens

Again offcring Seedling Evergreens due to the splendid results that many of our customers in the past have had in starting these little trees. Plant these where they can have good care, shading them with lath frame or brush so that they get about half of the sunlight. Keep well cultivat-ed. Grow them in a frame or bed for one or two years then plant in their permanent location.

Prices of Seedling Evergreens

Trices or Seedim	g w	ergre	:C112
Variety			
Blue Spruce	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$8.50
Black Hills Spruce	. 2.00	3.75	6,00
Norway Spruce	. 1.50	2.75	5.00
South Dakota Bull Pine	1.60	3.00	5.90
Jack Pine	. 1.50	2.75	5.00
Scotch Pine		2.75	5.00
Red Cedar		2.00	3.50
Arbor Vitae Chinese	. 1.20	2.00	3.50



Shrubbery and Perennial Grouping State Hospital, Yankton, S. D.

Ogilvie, Minn., Nov. 23, 1928

Dear Sirs: Somewhere I saw an offer that you would like a picture of some Evergreens planted from your nursery. I believe there was to be a cash premium so am sending mine. The picture does not do justice. They are about 25 feet high, planted April 23, 1914. Have very good success with your stock.

W. A. Judd, Ogilvie, Minn.

The Bull Pine (Pinus Ponderosa)

This is the genuine Black Hills Pine. It requires little moisture. Will thrive in high, dry places. Hardy way up to Canada, where it is extensively planted.

Bull Pine is placed on many lists as the best on account of its hardiness, rapid growth, and its heavy, long silver gray needles. Whether or not it is best, we know it is mighty good and we not it is best, we know it is mighty good and we are proud of this tree and the many shelter belts we have made with it on thousands of Northwest farms. Get the habit of planting evergreens. They grow rapidly and easily. Drifting snow will not break the branches.

This Child of the Dakotas, the Giant of Evergreens, produces the best quality lumber nearly as soon as a Cottonwood.

In our nurseries, we have long rows of these, rows a half mile long and four feet apart. Trees from 12 to 18 and 18 to 24 inches high, transplanted at least twice, which insures the root growth that make Gurney Evergreens so sure to grow when transplanted. When we pack your order they are dug fresh from our own grounds. Balled and burlapped or mudded immediately and started to you grown, dug and packed

A row of stately Bull Pine around the school ground would mark your school as the most beautiful and progressive in its community, and at the same time furnish a protection from wintry winds. So many of the school grounds of our country are unimproved. The buildings standing out on bare ground making a picture that is anything but beautiful. Is it any wonder that the building of the supply of the standing out on the supply of t that children go there under protest. The insti-tutions where our children are being educated should be the most attractive in the community. They should be in places beautifully landscaped so that the coming generation will have firmly im-pressed on their minds the real value of beautiful surroundings and carry this lesson on into their home life and into the lives of their community. It would be no difficult task for a school superintendent, assisted by principals and teachers, to so instill into the minds and hearts of school children the love of the beautiful in nature. We should be very glad to assist any enterprising school authority in laying out the ground. Let the children have much to do with the planning, and after the stock is purchased let the children and after the stock is purchased let the children plant the trees and shrubs, of course under competent instruction. Give them the idea that this is their place and instill the thought that it is up to them to see that the beauty of the ground is maintained. The first steps in beautifying the school ground would be to plant a row of trees around the border, and to come back to the Bull Pine, I wish to again state that you could make no better choice than by using this status giant. no better choice than by using this stately giant of the forest. They grow under practically any soil and climatic condition, and grow well. By giving care they grow rapidly. We have seen giving care they grow rapidly. We have seen Bull Pines growing in a cleft rock where one wonders at its source of food supply. We have miles of rows of Bull Pines from eighteen inches to three feet high and shall be very glad to supply you with trees that will grow.

Jack Pine (Pinus Banksiana)

A very rapid grower and very hardy. Will thrive in poor or sandy soil. Very desirable as a windbreak.

Jack Pine grows nearly as fast as the cotton-wood, and gives you better service. This, in my opinion, is the most desirable of all evergreens for quick windbreaks; easily transplanted, grow-ing in any kind of soil; holds its color and foliage all winter, making an excellent windbreak or all winter, making an excellent windbreak or shelter belt almost from the first year. Buy them not only in hundred lots but buy and plant thousands of them. They will increase the value and usefulness of your land many times their cost.

Douglas Fir—Rapid growing fir tree hardy in the vicinity of Yankton when planted with other trees. Ornamental and valued on account of its rapid growth.



Burlapped in Earth How to Trim Evergreens

Evergreens rarely require any pruning. They should be grown with the branches as near the ground as possible. Where pruning is necessary, the branches may be removed in the spring. If the tree is ill-shaped, this may be easily rectified the tree is III-snaped, this may be easily rectined by pinching the growth on the parts that are growing too rapidly. If the main lead on branch of the tree gets broken off, which is often the case, place a steel rod or a stake parallel with the trunk of the tree and pull one of the side limbs up and tie it to this stake with cloth. In two years you will have a periectly straight tree and will not be able to see the injured part.

Jens J. Udland, Tirge, N. Dak.

Rec'd the trees in good condition, which I have planted.

I thank you very much. The N. W. Poplars were especially nice, and we like them very much. We like to buy from Gurney's as we feel sure we can always depend upon them as sending quality stock.

Board of Education, L. J. Dehn, Sec., Doon, Iowa

We received the shipment of trees last We received the supposed of trees last. Friday and got the men to set them out last Saturday and are coming in fine shape. Wish to thank you in particular for the fine lot of trees, and everyone says that it is one of the best bunch of trees. that they have ever seen.



Chinese Elm 8 yrs. old. Trimmed high. See Descriptions and Prices on Page 85.

1931 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

EVERGREEN—PRICE LIST

		No. of times trans-		alled or Bucked caref			d and Burl GUARAN			l and Burla J ARANTEI	
	Size	planted.	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Each	Per 10	Per 100
American Arbor Vitae	8-12 in. 12-18 in. 18-24 in.		\$ 0.40 .55 .75	\$ 3.20 4.30 6.50	\$ 25.00 40.00 60.00	\$ 0.50 .70 .90	\$ 4.00 6.50 8.00	\$ 37.00 60.00 75.00	\$ 0.90 1.25 1.45	\$ 8.00 12.00 14.00	\$ 70.00 118.00
Chinese Arbor Vitae	18-24 in. 2-3 ft.	3 3	•65 •85	5.60 7.60		1.00 1.40	9.00 12.50		1.50 1.90	14.00 18.00	
Globe Arbor Vitae	18 in.		2.00	18.00		2.80					
Golden Arbor Vitae	2-3 ft.		1.00	9.00		1.60	15.00		2.10	20.00	
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae	18-24 in.	4	1.65	15.00		3.00	28.00		3.50	32.00	
Pyramidal Arbor Vitae Light	12-15 in. 24-30 in.	4	1.00 2.25	9.00 20.00		1.50 3.70	14.00 35.00		2.00 4.50	19.00 40.00	
Black Hills Spruce	8-12 in. 12-18 in. 18-24 in. 30-36 in. 5-6 ft.	2 3 4 5 4	.65 .85 1.55 1.75 4.50	5.50 8.20 14.00 17.50 35.00	52.00 79.00 115.00 160.00	.75 1.50 1.90 2.20 7.00	7.00 13.50 17.00 20.00	67.00 105.00 155.00	1.00 1.95 2.35 2.90 11.00	9.15 18.65 21.00 26.75	81.10 142.50 185.25
Colorado Blue Spruce	12-18 in. 5-6 ft.	4 7	1.90 5.50	17.00 50.00		2.40 7.70	21.75 62.00		2.90 10.00	28.00 90.00	
Colorado Blue Select	12-18 in. 5-6 ft. 8-12 in.	3 7 2	3.89 11.50 .40	35.00 97.00 3.70	30.00	4.30 14.00 .80	40.50 130.00 7.00	60.00	4.95 16.00	46.15 150.00	
Bull Pine	12-18 in. 18-24 in.	2 3	.60	5.50 7.00	50.50 60.00	.90 1.35	8.00 9.50	75.00 110.00	1.45 1.70	12.00 16.00	100.00 140.00
Jack Pine	12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft.	2 2 3	.50 .60 .70	4.50 5.00 6.50	40.00 45.00 60.00	.80 .90 1.10	7.00 8.00 9.50	60.00 70.00 85.00	1.10 1.35 1.60	9.50 11.00 13.00	90.90 100.50 120.50
Trailing or Prostrate Juniper	12-18 in. 18-24 in.			* * * * * * *		1.50 2.25	12.00 18.00				
	12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft.	2 3 3	.55 .65 .80	5.00 6.00 7.00	45.00 50.00 65.00	.75 .90 1.35	7.00 8.90 13.00	65.00 82.00 120.00	1.30 1.45 1.70	9.00 10.25 16.00	81.50 91.00
Dwarf Mountain Pine	12-18 in. 18-24 in.	4 4				3.00 4.00	27.50 37.00				
Red Cedar	12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft. 3-4 ft.	2 2 3 3	.50 .65 .85 1.10	4.50 6.00 7.50 10.00	35.00 50.00 65.00 80.00	.75 .85 1.05 1.50	6.50 8.00 10.00 14.00	60.00	1.00 1.25 1.60 1.75	8.45 11.00 14.00 17.00	
Red Cedar Sheared	2½ ft.	3	2.00				, .				
Silver Cedar	18-24 in. 2-3 ft.	2 3	1.20 1.70	10.00 15.00	90.00	2.00 2.25			3.00 3.50	.,.,	
Silver Cedar Sheared	2½ ft.		3.00								



Row of Bull Pine Bordering Nursery as You Enter Yankton on Highway No. 50

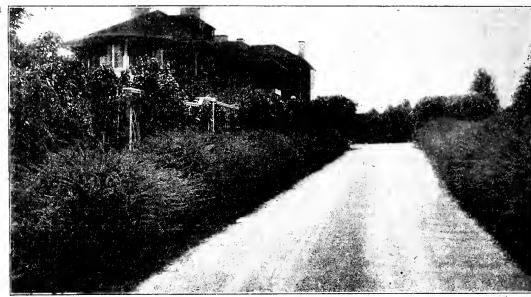
ORNAMENTAL AND FLOWERING SHRUBS

Aralia Spinosa

(Or Devil's Walking Stick). A very attrac-tive small tree or shrub, about 10 feet high, with immense leaves, finely divided. Flowers, in large white bunches, followed by a mass of dark purple berries. Tropical in appearance. In this locality they usually die back to the ground die back to the ground in the winter, coming up each spring and making a good strong growth. We do not figure this a drawback, on account of their rapid growth. 3 ft., each 60c; per 5, \$2.50.

Butterfly Bush

The Everblooming This shrub, from a young plant set out either in the spring or fall, will mature to full size the first summer, producing a handsome bush, which often attains a height of four feet the first year. It produces long, graceful



Hedge of Barberry Thunbergia Along Driveway

stems, which terminate taken the tapering panicles of beautiful lilac-colored flowers that are of miniature size and borne by the hundreds on a flower head which is frequently 10

inches long. A single plant the first season will throw out as many as 50 flower spikes. 35c each; 10 for \$3.00.

Bechtel's Flowering Crab Pyrus Angustifolia

This more than beautiful ornamental tree is a selection or sort of the Iowa wild crab. It is an exceedingly hardy shrub, withstanding the most severe winters and producing in the spring an immense quantity of double, clear, rich pink flowers more than 11/2 inches across, similar in appearance to the pink rambler rose. After the flowers are gone, they are followed by the heavy, dark green foliage, which makes it a beautiful ornamental tree each summer. It blooms at two years in the nursery and is a continuous annual bloomer. One of the very best ornamental trees, exceptionally desirable for cemeteries, or other places where it is hard to get trees or plants to survive. 50c each; 5 for \$2.25.



Bechtel's Flowering Crab

Crandall Currant

This is a large, graceful, ornamental shrub which produces fragrant yellow flowers and large quantities of large black currants. This is both ornamental and useful. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.40.

Alpine Currant

This shrub is nearly evergreen, of fine form and does well in any location. We recommend it especially for those shady places where ordinary shrubs do not thrive. The foliage is glossy, fine cut and very dense. White flowers followed by crimson berries. An exceptionally fine hedge plant for the North. Extremcly hardy. 12-18 inch, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00; per 50, \$8.75. 18-24 inch, each, 35c; per 10, \$2.95; per 50, \$14.00.

Dogwood

Rcd Osier (Cornus Stolonifcra)—Growing 6 to 10 feet tall, forms a small handsome tree; its clusters of small, white flowers in carly summer are very dainty, and its bark of dark red in winter; bears in early fall a profusion of purplish berries. 2-3 fr., 30c each; per 10, \$2.50. 3-4 fr., cach, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Siberlan Dogwood (Cornus Alba Siberica)

—An upright shrub having bright red branches.

—An upright shrub having bright red branches. Its rather long leaves are pale underneath. Flowers are creamy white, in flat-topped clusters; fruit a light blue or white. 3 to 4 ft., 45c each; \$3.00 per 10. 2 to 3 ft., each, 35c; \$2.55 for 10. 18-24 in., each 30c; per 10, \$2.00. Yellow Dogwood—The stems are a bright golden yellow in the fall and winter, contrasting vividly with those of the crimson Siberian Dogwoods. The bush is more spreading, and the foliage is about the same. Height, 5 to 8 feet. Size, 2 to 4 ft.; each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Deutzia

Valuable shrubs of different heights, but having the same habit of bloom; a dainty bell or tassel-shaped flower borne thickly in wreaths along their branches in May. Useful in landscape work for massing.

Deutzia Gracilis—Dwarf growing, dense, bushy, its drooping branches wreathci in pure white flowers, in May. Also valuable for winter blooming in pots. 12-18 in. 35c each; per 10,

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester—Has very large panicles of double white flowers. White when fully opened but a striking pink when in bud. A very upright grower. Blooms late in when fully opened but a striking pink when in bud. A very uprigit grower. Blooms late in June. These do especially well when planted on the east side of a house or partly protected by trees or other shrubs. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00; 3-4 ft., cach 45c; per 5, \$2.00.

Japanese Barberry

Berberis-See Hedge Plants

Do not confuse the Japanese or Thunberg's barberry with the common purple and green barberry. It is perfectly safe to plant this barberry as it has no connection with the rust that destroys small grain. We are not offering the common barberry on that account. See picture in hedge plants.

Thunberg's Barberry—This might well be called the most valuable of the low-growing shrubs. It will stand pruning in any forms, masses well in any situation; is very attractive, and showy during the whole season, and is particularly beautiful in the fall, and one of its best walkity, is then it is defeating during the antiral. qualities is that it is effective during the entire winter, as it has beautiful red berries, which combine well with winter landscapes or with the dark foliage of evergreens. Makes an excellent hedge plant, and is extensively used as such.

	Size	Each		Per 50	Per 100
12 to 18 to	10 inch seedlings. 18 inch trans 24 inch trans 3 ft. trans	25c 30c	$\frac{2.00}{2.70}$	7.00 9.50	12.00 16.00

Red Leafed Barberry-This is the same as Act Learen Barberry—Into is the same as Japanese Barberry, but has bright red leaves that make it very attractive the entire season. Onc year plants. Each 20c; 10 for \$1.30, 6-12 in. Transplant each 45c; per 10, 4.00. 12-18 in. Transplant each 55c; pcr 10, 5.00.



Tree Honeysuckle Hedge

LMOST any home is improved by a hedge. If you were to travel the countryside of England you would be amazed at the almost universal use of hedges on all grounds from the lowly cottage to the Earl's estate. A hedge makes your home grounds a little domain of its own. It gives privacy and at the same time frames the picture of your grounds as no other planning can picture of your grounds as no other planning can do. There is quite an assort ment of plants suitable for hedges and all of them found listed in this catalog are entirely hardy in most parts of the country. Lilacs, Tartarian Honeysuckle, Russian Olive, Buckthorn, Japanese Barberry, Amoor River North Privet, and Caragana will thrive under almost any conditions of climate or soil and require a minimum of care. Of course, a hedge to be really beautiful and serviceable should be clipped to a straight line both sides and top. There are some plants that might be used for hedge that do not take so kindly to trimming, although their natural symmetrical growth used of heage that do not take so kindly to trim-ming, although their natural symmetrical growth makes them beautiful. The Spirea Van Houttei is one of these. If you are thinking of putting in a hedge it would be worth your while to write us so that we can advise you as to which variety to use and give you information as to how to plant and care for a hedge. We should be very glad to do this. We have a bulletin that gives you much information and it is free for the asking.



A BUCKTHORN hedge in front of the Convent of the Sacred Heart in Yankton, South Dakota. Just below this hedge is the large Sacred Heart Hospital which has accommodated thousands of people every year. It was not large enough and was doubled in size in 1930. I regret that I did not get a photograph of their garden, all from Gurney's Seeds. It is a beautiful garden.

Thunbergi Berberris or Japanese Barberry

Perfectly hardy, will make a dense hedge from three to four feet high that will always remain symmetrical without pruning. However, it may

HEDGE PLANTS

be pruned to almost any form. It bears large nearly round crimson berries which remain on nearly all winter. The foliage colors beautifully in autumn. It is perfectly safe to plant this Barberry as it has no connection with the rust that affects other Barberry and the grain. It is an excellent ornamental plant, and extensively used. Flant 16 to 20 inches apart Flant 16 to 20 inches apart.

Size	Ea.	10	50	100
7 to 10 in. sd				\$ 5.00
12 to 18 in. tran	25c	2.00	7.00	12.00
18 to 24 in. tran	30c	2.70	9.50	16.00
2 to 3 ft. tran	40c	3.50	13.50	25.00

Honeysuckle (Tartarian or Tree)

An excellent specimen of hedge plant. Should be planted 18 in. apart. Their fragrant blossoms in the spring and mass of bright berries make them worth while. They may be pruned as low as three feet or will make a hedge or screen eight to ten feet high if left unpruned.

	Size	Each	10	50	100
18	to 24 in	. 20c	\$1.90	\$ 8.00	\$15.00
	to 3 ft				
3	to 4 ft	. 40c	3.80	14.00	27.50

Purple Lilacs

The Lilacs in the purple and white are also easily cared for, and as a screen there is nothing better that grows the same height. It will not stand the trimming the other plants do, but is used a great deal for hedge purposes. The Lilac is too well known and its value too well known to need description here.

Size				
18 to 24 in	25c	\$2.00	\$ 9.00	\$17.00
2 to 3 ft	30с	2.70	13.00	22.00
3 to 4 ft	40c	3.60	15.00	28.00
4 to 5 ft	60c	5.00	20.00	34.00

Buckthorn

Perfectly hardy and very ornamental. Makes fine ornamental hedges. Can be trimmed to any desired shape. Plant 9 inches apart.

		10		
12 to 18 in		\$0.95		
18 to 24 in		1.45	3.70	7.20
2 to 3 ft		1.70		11.50
3 to 4 ft	22c	2.00	9.50	

Russian Olive

Will make an excellent ornamental hedge, can be pruned and held to three and one-half feet tall. Perfectly hardy and is becoming very popu-lar as a hedge plant. It seems to adapt itself to almost any condition whether hot or cold. Plant 12 inches apart.

Size	Ea.	10	50	100	500
6 to 12 in			\$ 1.60	\$ 3.00	\$13.50
12 to 18 in			2.40	4.00	19.00
18 to 24 in					
2 to 3 ft					
3 to 4 ft. tran.					
4 to 5 ft. tran.	55c	4.55	21.00	40.00	
5 to 6 ft. tran.	65c	6.00	•		

Caragana (Siberian Pea Tree)

The hardiest ornamental hedge plant known. Planted extensively in Canada, North Dakota and Montana where conditions are severe. This plant also does well where conditions are more favorable. Will stand pruning, and may be pruned to two and one-half or three feet, or will make a hedge much taller. Plant 8 inches apart. See forest and shade trees for additional description and prices.

Caragana Prices

Size	Ea.	10	50	100	1000
6 to 12 inches.			\$ 1.00	\$1.60	\$14.00
2 to 18 inches.		\$0.70	1.80	3.00	26.00
18 to 24 inches.	15c	1.10	3.20	4.00	39.00
2 to 3 feet	20c	1.40	4.00		
3 to 4 feet	35c	2.25	11.50		
500 at the 10	00 ra	te.			

Russian Artimesia—A hardy shrub or hedge plant, growing about five feet tall. This plant is extremely hardy and will stand drought. It is exceptionally good to plant where you have difficulty in growing anything else. A great hedge plant for holding the snow and to plant on steep embankments or to prevent soil washing. Verspreading. Strong plants. Each, 20c; per 16 \$1.70. Cuttings, \$3.00 per 100.

Alpine Currant

This shrub is nearly evergreen, of fine form and does well in any location. We recommend it especially for those shady places where ordinary shrubs do not thrive. The foliage is glossy, fine



Hedge Spirea Van Houttei

cut and very dense. White flowers followed by cut and very dense. Write nowers someward by crimson berries. An exceptionally fine hedge plant for the north. Extremely hardy. 12-18 inch, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00; per 50, \$8.75. 13-24 inch, each 35c; per 10, \$2.95; per 50, \$14.00.

Mulberry (Russian)

Planted extensively for ornamental hedge purposes. They stand hot dry weather exceptionally well, and will stand severe pruning. Would advise the hardler hedge plants for north of central Natural Plant 2 indicates 1 of central Nebraska. Plant 12 inches apart.

Siz	e	Ea.	10	100	1000
	18 in		••••		\$ 8.00
8 to 2	24 in			2.00	12.06
2 to	3 ft	20c	\$1.00	3.00	18.80
4 to	6 ft. tran	40c	3.50	28.00	

Privet (Amoor River North)
Hardy at Yankton. Foliage glossy green,
holds its color well into late fall. Will stand
shearing to any extent. This is a strictly first
class ornamental hedge plant and should be
planted extensively in localities where they are
hardy. Plant 10 inches apart. 18-24 inch, 15c
each; \$5.00 per 50; \$9.50 per 100. 12-18 inch,
10 for \$1.10; 50 for \$4.70. 100 for \$9.00. 2-3 ft.,
10 for \$1.40; \$12.00 per 100.

Spirea Van Houttei

A hedge of the graceful Spirea Van Houttei dividing two properties is beautiful during the entire season, first with its glossy leaves, followed by the beautiful sprays of white flowers, then by the gentle swaying of its long slender branches and dark green foliage, makes it truly the most beautiful hedge for that purpose. It never grows high enough to be called a "Spite" fence, but is enjoyed equally by those on both It is often planted and cared for in part-

\$10.00 15.00 20.00

Cotoneaster Acutifolia

Black Fruited Quinceberry-This is a new hedge plant. Was not planted extensively until about ten years ago. On account of its extreme hardiness and rapid growth it has come into rapid favor. Beautiful dark glossy leaves, and with the showy berries which it produces it is fast becoming one of the most popular hedge plants. Plant 8 to 12 inches apart. 10 to 12 in., \$1.20 per 10; \$5.50 per 50. 12 to 18 in., \$1.35 per 10; \$7.00 per 50.

Cut Leaved Elder

Elderberry—(Sambucus)

These beautiful shrubs are not half appreciated. The **cut leaved** elder bears large clusters of fragrant white flowers, turning to clusters of red. Then bluish-black edible berries are borne in immense quantities, bending the plant until they resemble weeping trees. The leaves are large and resemble fern fronds. Plant them liberally. Excellent for grouping or specimen plants.

Elderberry, Common—Makes a bush six feet high, foliage bright green, blossoms in June and July with delicate white fragrant flowers in dense masses, followed by black edible berries much prized for wine and pastry. An ornamental plant throughout the season. They may be used as a hedge. Should be planted two to three feet apart. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 50, \$11.00.

Cut-Leaf Elder—This is the same as the Cut-Leaf Golden Elder but has the green leaves. Very hardy, rapid-growing shrub producing the large bunches of white flowers followed by the dark glistening berries. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

Cutleaf Golden Elder (Sambucus Laciniata)—Grows 6 to 8 feet high with foliage that is almost fern-like. Drooping habit. They make a heautiful screen, are very ornamental at all seasons of the year. Include at least a few of these in your order. 2-3 ft., 40c each; per 10, \$3.00; 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

Golden Elder (Sambucus Aurea)—A very striking shrub, 8 to 10 feet high; similar to the American Elder, only that the foliage is a very bright yellow. Can be trimmed to a small, compact shrub. 2-3 ft., 35c each; per 10, \$3.00.

Bridal Wreath Spirea

Mrs. Carl Finstrom, Mayville, N. Dak. I am sending you a snap-shot that I took of our Spirea Bush last summer, when it was in bloom, and I am surely proud of it. I think it's a prize taker. It's five years old and would have been much larger than it is, but the snow breaks it down a great deal each year.

This snap-shot is of our little girl Beatrice who is soon nine years old. This Spirea Van Houtei bush is a Gurney product.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Flowering Plum or Prunus Triloba

A hardy flowering plum of wonderful beauty. Flowers are often 1½ inches across of delicate pink color. Resembles a rose entirely covering the bush. Grows about eight feet tall. Will produce flowers the first year after transplanting. The foliage is very attractive making this a valuable shrub for all collections. 3-4 feet, each, 50c; per 5, \$2.00. 2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 5, \$1.80.

Flowering Almond (Amygdalus)—A flowering shrub three to four feet high, of branching habit, blossoms very early in the spring. With a little winter protection these stand the severe winters of North Dakota nicely. We can furnish them either in the white or pink. 2 to 3 ft., each, 45c; 5 for \$2.00.

Prunus Tomentosa—Small compact but wide spreading tree-like bush. Flowers white appearing with the leaves and somewhat scattered on the branches, followed by numerous small red fruits that are edible. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00; per 50, \$14.00.

Potentilla Fruticosa (Shrubby Cinquefoil). A bright flowered little shrub that thrives in moist places where many others refuse to grow. Of upright growth; with narrow, compound, silky foliage, and bright yellow flowers from midsummer until frost. 12 to 18 in. Price, 50c each, 5 for \$2.00.

Baby Chicks
Mrs. Henry C. Payne Scenic, S. Dak.
My Mother Mrs. T. E. Gillen purchased

My Mother Mrs. T. E. Gillen purchased 100 baby chicks from you about Apr. 1st and I never before have seen such healthy chickens, not a runty one in the bunch.

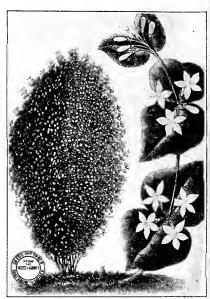
Forsythia

Golden Bell—Few, if any, of the spring flowering hardy shrubs can surpass this slender and brilliant flowering shrub. It is upright growth; foliage rich, dark green; flowers brilliant golden yellow which open in very early spring before the shrub leafs out. 2-3 ft., 35c each; 10 for \$3.00; 3-4 ft., 45c each; per 5, \$2.00.

Weeping Forsythia (Suspensa Forsythia)—Similar to the Golden Bell, but has drooping branches. The flowers are golden yellow, very showy. One of the most showy shrubs in cultivation. 2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.



Splrea Bush



Tartarian Honeysuckle Can Be Trimmed to a Small, Compact Shrub

Honeysuckle Tartarian or Upright

Of all the hedge and specimen plants offered in the catalog I like the Tartarian or Upright Honeysuckle as well as or better than others. I like it for a great many reasons: its hardiness, its rapid growth, its immense number of beautiful star shaped pink and white flowers coming early in May and lasting for some little time. These flowers are followed by an immense crop of beautiful red berries that last nearly all summer. The berries are not edible. Its glossy, leathery foliage comes very early in the spring ahead of other hedge plants and lasts well into the fall. Its gravish-white wood is beautiful at all seasons of the year. Its ability to stand heavy trimming and cutting back, makes it one of the most desirable for hedge purposes. Its upright pyramidal growth makes it one of the most beautiful specimen plants. Its fragrance fills the air for long distances when in bloom. Its adaptability to all conditions, and its quick recovery of growth after transplanting. It is hardy in any portion of the United States and well into Canada. In planting Tartarian Honeysuckle for hedge purposes, they should be planted 18 inches apart in a row, and will stand trimming equally as well as the other hedge plants. For hedge purposes we have a very beautiful lot of

18 to 24 in	Each \$0.20			100 \$15.00	
2 to 3 ft		2.80			
3 to 4 ft	.40	3.80	14.00	27.50	

Honeysuckle

Morrow's Honeysuckle (Lonicera Morrowl)—A medium sized honeysuckle, having widespread branches; leaves a downy gray underneath; flowers white, changing to yellow; berries bright red. 2 to 3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 100, \$25.00.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—(Continued)

Hydrangea (Paniculata Grandiflora)—This shrub is so familiar to most of us that it has acquired a nickname. Almost everyone thinks of the Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora as the Pee Gee Hydrangea. When a man, animal or plant acquires a familiar nickname it is a sure indication that it is well liked. Your home grounds can hardly do without a group of these plants. Three or four of them in the shrub border, planted together, will brighten up your yard like a ray of sunshine on a dark day. The flowers open up on the first of August and it is not unusual for them to last well into the winter. They may even be grown in tree form making a very attractive specimen plant. We have flowers this year in our nurseries measuring better than 12 inches long and 9½ inches through. They are perfectly hardy here at Yankton and come through the winter very well anywhere that an abundance of snow is insured. However, if you are not likely to have plenty of snow during the winter it is well to give the Hydrangea Pee Gee a heavy mulching. This is more to prevent alternate thawing and freezing than because the plant is afraid of severe cold. You can use either dirt, straw, or strawy manure, the latter of course possesses all kinds of fertilizer and is to be recommended.

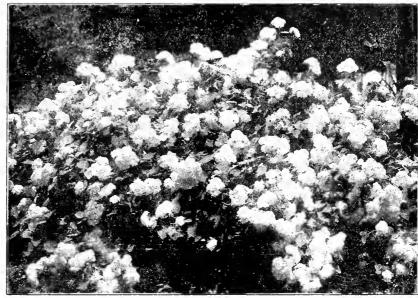
18-24 in., each, 40c; per 5, \$1.90; 2-3 ft., 50c each; per 5, \$2.25; 12-18 in., each 30c; per 5, \$1.25.

Hydrangea Arborescence (Snowball Hydrangea)—This magnificent perfectly hardy American shrub has snow-white blossoms of largost size. One of its most valuable characteristics is its coming into bloom just after the passing of all early spring-blooming shrubs, flowering from early June until late July. This does better planted in partially shady places. 2-3 ft., 60c each; 10 for \$5.50; 18-24 inch, 40c each; 10 for \$3.70; 12-18 inch, 30c each; per 5, \$1.25.

KERIA JAPONICA
A dwarf to medium shrub, particularly adapted to sunny foundation plantings. Branches are graceful and slender. Foliage brilliant green. Flowers, rich yellow. Height 1½ to 2 feet. Each, 45c; 5 for \$2.00.

Lilacs

Lilac Time is the loveliest time of the year. Who is there who has no memories of childhood permeated with the fragrance of lilacs? There is something lacking in the home ground that does not have at least one group of this good old-fashioned flowering shrub. You will find that those we list are perfectly hardy under any conditions.



The Beautiful Hydrangea. Used Largely in Landscape Work

Common Purple—Is perfectly hardy, makes a dense growth from 6 to 10 feet high, flowers fragrant; is often used for hedge purposes. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$2.70 per 10; 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; \$3.50 per 10; 4 to 5 ft., 60c each; \$5.00 per 10.

Common White—Same as Purple, except that it has pure white blossoms. Same price as Purple. 2 to 3 ft.; 3 to 4 ft.

President Grevy—Height, 5 to 8 feet. Individual flowers of the largest size, very double; trusses large; one of the best blue sorts. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; per 5, \$2.75.

Michael Buchner—Dwarf and stocky. Delicately beautiful trusses of pale lilac color. 2-3 ft., each, 55c; per 5, \$2.50.

Mme. Abel Chatenay—Beautiful globular buds like Lily of Valley, reluctantly opening up, but eventually a massive truss, snow white. 2-3 ft., each, 55c; per 5, \$2.50.

Souvenir de Ludwig Spaeth— Single, darkest of the blues—a deep purplish shade in long panicles. 2-3 ft., each, 55c; per 5, \$2.50.

Wm. Robinson —
Double; deep violet. One of the best double lilacs. 2-3 ft., each, 55c; per 5, \$2.50.

Purple Lilac

6 to 8 feet
high, with
slender u pright ibranches, foliage
rich green;
blossoms in
late spring
with pale lilac

colored flowers. Very fragrant. 2-3 ft., 40c each; \$3.50 per 10; 3 to 4 ft., 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

Josikaea—Dark shiny leaves, purple flowers in June after other lilacs are gone. Unusually good and should be added to your collection. 2-3 ft., 65c each; 5 for \$3.00.

Congo—Wine red, very attractive. Especially fine. If you like the common purple and white Lilacs you will not make a mistake by adding this to your collection. 2-3 ft.,65c each; \$6.00 per 10.

Marie Le Gray Liiac—White. One of the very best named white varieties. Far superior to the common white. 2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 5, \$2.30.

Charles X—Rapid in growth, leaves glossy. Large loose trusses of reddish purple. A fine variety, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 60c each; 3 for \$1.70.

Frau Bertha Damman—Large truss of white florets, primrose eye. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Villosa—Fragrant pale pinkish lilac flowers, very bushy. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Alphonse Lavaile—Broad panicles, violet blue. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Mme. Lemoine—Pure white. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

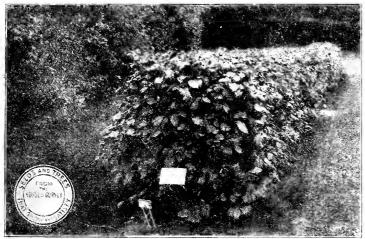
Madam Casimir Perier—The finest double creamy white Lilac that grows. Its flower as well as the trusses are of immense size. Delightfully scented. Fine for cutting. 18-24 inch, each, 55c; 5 for \$2.60; 2-3 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Belle De Nancy—The satiny rose flowers are borne in large clusters. A most beautiful variety. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Gloire des Moulins—Single-flowered. Pale pink. 18-24 inch, 55c each; 5 for \$2.60; 2-3 ft., each, 65c; 5 for \$3.10.

Purple Leaf Plum Cistena

This is about the only hardy shrub that has the bright colored leaves the entire season. They are used extensively in landscape planting and will lend color to any grouping. The leaves are a bright purplish red. Shrubs, 4-6 ft. tall. 2-4 ft., each, 40c; per 5, \$1.90.



Hedge Purple Lilac

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—(Continued)

Ptelea Trifoliate (Hop Tree)—Small trees 15 to 20 feet high, with glossy, trifoliate leaves that exhale a hop-like odor when bruised. This odor is even more noticeable in the seeds, which hang in hop-like light green clusters far into autumn. Very hardy. 3 to 4 feet, each 40c; 5 for \$1.90.

Rose Acacia (Moss Locust)—An elegant shrub, with light green pinnate leaves and long graceful clusters of pea-shaped, rose-colored flowers in June, often throughout the summer. Very hardy. Own roots (bush shape) 2 to 3 feet, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Russian Artimesia A hardy shrub or hedge plant, growing about five feet tall. This plant is extremely hardy and will stand drought. It is exceptionally good to plant where you have difficulty in growing anything else. A great hedge plant for holding the snow and to plant on steep embankments or to prevent soil washing. Very spreading. Strong plants. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.70. Cuttings, \$3.00 per 100.

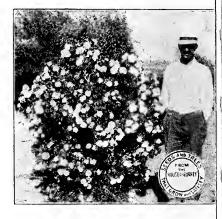
Snowball

Common Snowball (Viburnum Sterilis)—Hardy, attains a height of 3 to 10 feet. Is filled with white balls of bloom in the last part of May. 2 to 3 feet, 55c each; \$5.00 per 10; 18-24 in., 40c each; \$1.90 per 5; 12-18 in., each 35c; per 5, \$1.50.

Highbush Cranberry (Viburnum Opulus)—8 to 10 feet. Handsome, dense, brilliant, green foliage, a rich setting of large bunches of crimson berries which enliven the late summer and remain on bare branches into the winter. 2 to 3 ft., 55c each; \$5.00 per 10; 18-24 in., 40c each; \$1.90 per 5.

Viburnum Dentatum—Upright bushy shrub obtaining a height of 15 feet. This shrub is a native in parts of Minnesota; exceptionally hardy. Similar in appearance to the Viburnum Lantana. Flowers are borne in cymes 2 to 3 inches broad; fruit bluish black. 2-3 ft; each 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

Viburnum Lantana 10 to 15 feet. Beautiful wrinkled, Lantana-like leaves; white flowered in May and June. Fruits color unequally from crimson to black, causing a most charming combination of colors throughout the summer. Good in shady locations. 2 to 3 ft., 50c each; \$2.40 per 5.



Snowball—The Old Fashioned Kind Growing in Montana

Sumac

The Sumac are planted extensively on account of the bright colored leaves and red berries that hang in bunches on the tops of them throughout the winter. We are offering only perfectly hardy varieties.

Fern-Leaved (Rhus glabra Var laciniata)—A beautiful low variety, with leaves of very large size, deeply cut and drooping gracefully from the branches. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$1.40 for 5.

Sumac (Rhus glabra)—Tall growing shrub, reaching 12 to 15 feet. It is perfectly hardy and its clusters of small red fruit, with its bright foliage in autumn, make it very desirable. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$1.40 per 5.

Fernleaf Staghorn (Rhus Typhina Var laciniata)—Rapid, robust grower, produces cones of bright red fruit. Leaves beautifully formed, rivaling the most delicate fern. For massing with other shrubs the effect is striking. Can be cut to the ground each season and a mass of beautiful foliage will result. In the fall the leaves turn to the most beautiful pinkish red, a large group of them is a wonderful sight. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; 5 for \$1.25. 3-4 ft., 40c each; per 5, \$1.90.

Sumac Staghorn—Similar to the above but not fern leaved. Somewhat taller growing. 3 to 4 ft., each 35c; 10 for \$3.00; 4 to 5 ft., each 45c; 10 for \$4.00.

Sumac (Common)—This is a native shrub, exceptionally hardy and valued on account of its bright colored leaves that hang on well into the fall. We do not know of any shrub that the leaves color up so beautifully in late summer and fall as the Sumac. Followed by clusters of bright red berries which it retains until spring. 2 to 3 ft., 25c each; per 5, \$1.10; \$10.50 per 50.

Mock Orange (Philadelphus)

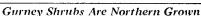
Mock Orange (P. coronarius). See Picture—hardy, free flowering shrub, with showy, fragrant white flowers; grows 8 to 10 feet high. One of the most popular shrubs. 2 to 3 ft., 35c each; per 5, \$1.40; 3 to 4 ft., 45c each; \$2.00 per 5.

Philadelphus Grandiflora—Large white flowers, fragrant, very rapid grower, hardy. 2 to 3 ft., each 35c; 5 for \$1.50; 3 to 4 ft., each 45c; 5 for \$2.00.

Philadelphus Lemoine—A dwarf variety of the syringa, growing at the most 3 to 4 feet high, bushing out to about that diameter and covered every spring with its clusters of large pure white and very fragrant flowers. Fragrance equal to that of the orange blossoms. For this reason the Philadelphus are often called "The Mock Orange." This variety is extremely hardy and especially desirable in selection of large home plantings as well as desirable for the low-growing flower-producing shrubs, in landscape work on single lots and for specimen plants where you have room for only the one shrub. We have also found this very desirable for hedge work as it can be trimmed to any height and with its fragrant flowers and glossy leaves, it is beautiful throughout the summer. 18 to 24 inch, 30c; 10 for \$2.75; 2 to 3 feet, each 40c; 10 for \$3.50; 50 for \$15.00.

Philadelphus Mt. Blanc—Erect growing shrub with small fine foliage and creamy white flowers in June. An exceptionally fine variety. Height, 6 to 8 feet. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; per 10, \$2.75; 3 to 4 ft., each 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

Philadelphus Virginalis—A magnificent new variety. The bush grows moderately tall, with good foliage and compact liabit. The flowers are the largest, handsomest, and most sweetly fragrant of any known variety, with longest blooming season. 1½ to 2 feet, 50c each; \$4.50 per 10; 2-3 feet, each 60c; per 5, \$2.50.



ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—(Continued)

Spirea

Anthony Waterer-Makes a bush 18 to 24 inches high, covered from spring till late in the fall with large heads of crimson flowers. 25c each: \$2.00 per 10.

Billiardi-5 to 7 feet high, with upright spikes of rich pink flowers from July on. This is an exceptionally hardy strong growing Spirea, good for the north. 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; \$1.50 per 5; 18 to 24 inches, each, 30c; per 5, \$1.20.

Spirea Collosa Alba-Height, 24 inches. Covered with white blossoms from spring until fall; very vigorous and attractive. Excellent for grouping with other shrubs or for foundation plantings. They can safely be planted under windows, etc., on account of their height. This plant may be cut to within two inches of the ground in the fall and will come up and blossom each season. 12 to 18 in., each, 25c. Per 10,

Collosa Rubra—Similar to the above covered with red flowers. The leaves have a slightly purple cast when young. 18 to 24 inches, each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Spirea, Collosa Froebel

Astrong growing shrub, somewhat similar to Anthony Waterer, but grows a trifle taller, with broader leaves. The flowers are more rose pink. Blooms from June till fall. The tips of the leaves are reddish purple, making the bushmuch more attractive than the Anthony Waterer. Hardier than the Anthony Wa-Anthony Wa-12-18 in., each 30c; per 5, \$1.25; 18-24 in., each 40c; per \$1.75.



Spirea Golden

Golden Spirea—A rapid growing variety, 8 to 10 feet high, with masses of snowy white flowers drooping the branches with their weight; young foliage bright yellow, changing to golden bronze in fall. 2 to 3 feet, 40c each; \$3.75 per 10. 3 to 4 feet, 45c each; \$4.00 per 10.

Spirea Thunbergi-Covered in the early part of the season with clusters of feather white blossom. This is one of the most ornamental of the Spirea. A valuable hardy plant. 18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; 10 for \$2.50.

Prunifolia—Similar to Van Houttei; more upright in growth. Flowers small double white. Hardy in southern part of South Dakota and under similar conditions when planted with other shrubs or trees. 2 to 3 ft., 45c each; \$4.00 per 10.

Sorbifolia (Ash leaved Spirea)—One of the earliest shrubs to come into leaf and flower in the Spring. Long spikes of white flowers in June and July. Leaves similar to the Mountain Ash. Entirely hardy. 2 to 3 ft., 35c each; 5 for \$1.50. 3 to 4 ft., each, 45c; per 5, \$2.20.

The Spirea Van Houttel, commonly known as the Bridal Wreath, is the most desirable and popular of shrubs, especially for the cold northwest. They are rapid growers producing flowers the next year after planting and continuing each spring, being a mass of white, borne on long, drooping stems. After the flowers are gone, they are followed by very attractive foliage remaining throughout the season. Blooming period about Memorial Day.

The Spirea Van Houttei is used as specimen shrubs. hedges or to cover objectionable spots in

the ground. Can be trimmed or shaped to any height or desirable shape wanted. For hedge work they should be planted about 18 inches apart in the row. Very easily transplanted, seldom losing a plant out of hundreds. In my own home I have a hedge standing nearly 10 feet high and 150 feet long. It is a veritable snow bank on each Memorial Day. Remember, this is absolutely hardy anywhere in the northwest. Price: 18 to 24-inch, each, 25c; per 10, \$1.85; per 50, \$6.50; per 100, \$10.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.25; per 50, \$8.50; per 100, \$15.00. 3 to 4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$3.70; per 50, \$16.00; per 100, \$20.00.

Snowherry

Snowberry (Symphoricarpos racemosus)—A valuable medium-sized shrub, branching near the ground. Has small pinkish flowers, with large, waxy white berries in the fall. Very odd and attractive. Should be used in all groupings. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$1.25 per 5.

Coral Berry or Indian Berry (Symphoricarpos vulgaris)-Same as above, except that it has purplish red berries, which hang on during the winter. Fine in groups with Snowberry or for wild groups. 2 to 3 ft.. 30c each; \$1.25 per 5. 18-24 in., each, 25c; per 10, \$2.40.

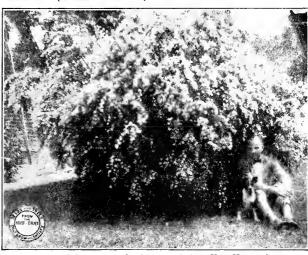
Tamarix

Odessa — A Russian variety, much superior to the African Tamarix. The foliage is bluish green, similar to the Colorado Blue Spruce. The flowers are of delicate pink color. Blooms in July, and often again in August and September. The branches are very graceful and the shrub is much hardier than the African. Very body. Evellant for making bouquets. Very hardy. Excellent for making bouquets, owing to its superb foliage, and very delicate, beautiful flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 25c each; 10 for \$2.30; 3 to 4 ft, 30c each; per 5, \$1.35. 4 to 5 ft., each, 40c; \$1.90 per 5.

Wheatland, N. D. July 19, 1930

This will be our fourth B battery from Gurney's, so you can see we are satisfied with them. In fact they are so good that I often wonder why the \$4.25 batteries we have had can be sold for more than \$1.50.

Yours very truly, Mrs. Emily L. Thoeneke



Donald Gurney under his own Spirea Van Houttel at his Home in Yankton

Weigela

Rosea—Hardy south of central Nebraska without winter protection. North of that point it should be protected through the winter.

Beautiful shrubs that bloom in May, June and July. The flowers are produced in such great profusion as to almost entirely hide the foliage. They are very desirable for the border or for grouping and as specimen plants for the lawn 2 to 3 ft., 40c each; \$1.90 per 5.

Eva Rathke—The best and finest of all of our Weigelas. Blooms a brilliant crimson color. Blooms nearly all summer. In full bloom the whole plant fairly glows with color. Grows about five feet tall. This Weigela should be covered with straw or protected otherwise over winter. This extra care will be worth while, as it is truly wonderful shrub. 18 to 24 in., each, 50c; a wonger.... 10 for \$4.70.

Wahoo or Fire Bush Euonymus Americana

This is a native shrub of South Dakota Hardy in any part of the State and should be extensively planted. Height, $8 \ {\rm feet.}$

A very ornamental and showy small tree, its chief beauty consists in its brilliant berries, which hang in clusters from the branches till midwinter; berries rose color. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$1.20 per 5, 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; \$1.70 per 5.

One of the Lessons of

Nature Is:

"Plant in masses; have an abundance." Don't "Plant in masses; have an abundance." Don't be stingy. Why not treat ourselves to a little enjoyment? Copy Nature on a small scale if you cannot on a large one. When Providence knocks on your door bringing a profusion of gifts, don't insult him by picking out a flower or two and neglecting the rest. He deals in abundance. How often do you find this opulent word attached to His gifts?—By Rev. C. S. Harrison, in "The Holiness of Beauty."

The people of the Middle Northwest must learn the lesson of nature -mass planting. It is not only more beautiful but more economical. Plants, massed, protect each other and live.

ROSES

All Roses Offered by Us Are Heavy Field Grown Two-Year Old Plants

Instructions for Planting and Care

THERE is no reason why you should have difficulty in growing roses. With each order sent out we enclose instructions, and if these are followed out to the letter your success should be one hundred percent. Hybrid tea roses continue to bloom through the summer and well into the fall. In our northern country they require a good winter protection. A practical way is to mound the dirt up around the stem seven or cight inches in the fall before freezing. Add to this, after freezing, a heavy mulch of straw or slough grass and you will have no difficulty in bringing the plants through. Since the flowers are made on new wood each year you need have no concern about the stems freezing back as it is necessary to trim them off to about six inches from the ground cach spring. to about six inches from the ground caeh spring. to about six inches from the ground caeh spring. With the hybrid perpetuals you ean either let them grow in hush form or cut them back each spring in order to keep to a uniform height. Although the Hybrid Perpetuals are more hardy than the Hybrid Teas, still it is well to mound them up, pack the ground firmly, and mulch, to be on the safe side. When you receive a rose plant from us, dig a hole in good soil, deep enough and wide enough to receive the roots in their plant from us, dig a hole in good soil, deep enough and wide enough to receive the roots in their natural position. The plant should be set at least one and one-half inches deeper than it was in the nursery. Put the top soil back and pack well in around the roots. If you wish to make doubly sure of suecess put well-rotted manure in the hole below the root. This would of course necessitate digging the hole about six inches deeper than before planned. Do not put the roo directly in the manure. Pack the soil well with your feet. Now eut back the tops within five inches of the ground and draw the earth up well around the top with your hand leaving only well around the top with your hand leaving only the tips of the branches sticking out. A week or ten days later rake this mound level and you will find a new growth coming out nicely and the old wood plump and green. These instructions apply to all roses, elimbing, as well, except that climb-ing roses produce flowers on the old wood. Consequently after the first year you want to save as much of the old wood as possible. But on Hybrid roses cut back each year to within seven inehes of the ground and you will be surprised at the beauty and quantity of flowers produced.

Roses have found their place in the gardens of home loving folks of the Middle West. If you will read the instructions and follow them, you, too, may have the "Queen of the garden" as your friend and companion.



American Beauty, H. P., Rose



Gen. Jacqueminot, H. P. Where to Grow Roses

Situation—Good roses may be grown in any open sunny position, if possible sheltered from north winds.

Preparation of the Beds—Roses will grow and give good returns in any fertile, well-drained ground. It is worth while, however, to use some eare in the preparation of the beds, as the general health of the plants, and increased quantity and quality of bloom, more than repay you for the extra eare expended. The best soil for roses is the top soil from an old pasture and well rotted cow manure. Dig out the bed to a depth of 18 inches or more and, if drainage is imperfect, it Inches or more and, if drainage is imperfect, it must be provided for. Fill in with a mixture of soil and manure as above. It is best to make the bed sometime in advance of planting to allow time for setting. After the soil is settled it should be about an inch below the level of the adjacent surface. Make the beds not over 3½ to 5 feet wide, so that you can pick the flowers without stemping on the bed

to 5 feet wide, so that you can pick the flowers without stepping on the bed.

Winter Protection—Most all roses should be planted in this latitude. We have found that the most satisfaetory protection is to draw up a mound of soil from eight to ten inches high around the base of the plant, then cover the entire field after the ground begins to freeze with any loose material, such as strawy manure, corn stalks and in more severe elimates a heavier. eorn stalks, and in more severe elimates a heavier eovering. This is all that is required. Climbing roses are not all hardy cnough to be left on the trellis, but should be taken down, laid flat on the ground, covered with either hay, straw, or earth, and placed back on the trellis early in the spring. It is necessary to save as much wood as possible in order to have flowers throughout the summer.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

All Roses offered by us are 2-year extra heavy, field grown. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.20; 10 for \$4.00; unless priced otherwise.

This is a class of the hardier perpetuals or everblooming Roses, as a rule the flowers running larger than the Hybrid Teas. You can not make a mistake in purehasing either the Hybrid Per-petuals or the Hyhrid Teas. If given proper winter protection they are hardy anywhere in South Dakota.

American Beauty-Generally conceded to be the most grandly beautiful roses in size, form, and color. Rich red, passing to crimson, very delicately veined and shaded and surpassingly fragrant.

Frau Karl Druschki-This brilliant white type rose has heeome renowned as the very highest type of its elass and the best snow-white rose ever introduced. It is an extraordinarily strong grower, branching freely, and has the vigor and hardiness of an oak. Large, heavy foliage and magnificent flowers that are produced with great freedom on long, stiff stems. The color is marvelously white, without a tinge of yellow or any other shade. Hardy everywhere.

General Jacqueminot—A rich, velvety crimson, changing to a dark scarlet crimson, sometimes ealled the Black Rose. This is the best known of all Hybrid Perpetuals, and is without rival in fragrance and richness of color.

without rival in fragrance and richness of color. An old favorite and one of the best known roses in eultivation

in eultivation.

Gurney's Pink Neyron—One of the finest hardy roses ever grown. It blooms unecasingly from June to November, on uniformly long, stiff, thornless stems, cup-shaped flowers 4 to 6 inches aeross. Color is a bright ruddy pink.

Mrs. John Laing—Shell pink. Easily one of the best pinks in the H. P. class. Flowers are beautifully formed, finely colored, extremely fragrant and borne on strong stems. Splendid for eutting. A thoroughly good variety.

Prince Camille de Rohan—Color dep, velvety crimson passing to intense marcon and

Prince Camille de Rohan—Color deep, velvety crimson passing to intense marcon and shaded blaek; large, handsome and fragrant blooms; sometimes called the Black Rose. Ulrich Brunner or Hardy American Beauty—Brilliant eherry-red flowers of immense size and bold globular form. Seedling of Paul Neyron, strong, and disease resisting.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Hybrid Tea or Everblooming Roses—Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25; per 10, \$4.00 unless, priced otherwise. All 2-year extra heavy.
They Hybrid Teas are a class of everblooming roses. They produce wonderful shades of roses continually from June until freezing. For best results, Hybrid Tea Roses should be severely pruned. All roses offered, 2-year extra heavy.

American Legion—Color, a pleasing shade of

American Legion—Color, a pleasing slade of cerise red which it retains until all petals fall. Buds are produced on long, stiff stems, well above the foliage and of immense size, long and above the foliage and of immense size, long and pointed, opening full and double, a great producer. Foliage dark green, free from disease. Awarded first prize for a new rose in 1920. Silver Medal by the International Rose Show of New York. Wonderful keeper, thus making it an ideal rose for cutting.

Betty Uprichard—Color, the inner face of petals is delicate salmon-pink to carmine, while the outer petals are glowing earmine with coppery sheen, and a suffusion of orange, a glorious eombination of colors. Awarded Gold Medal, National Rose Society.



From Her Garden of Roses

ROSES

Hybrid Tea Roses Cont.

Etoile de Holland-The finest red bedding rose for general purposes, having great vigor and foriferousness. Its gigantic flowers are brilliant scarlet and are produced with great freedom throughout the season. This is unquestionably the best and most popular red Hybrid Tea Rose in the world.

Grange Colombe-Large, pointed buds and cupped double flowers of creamy-white, with salmon and fawn centers; moderately fragrant.
Plant very sturdy and vigorous, blooming heavily in spring and fall; foliage good; hardy.

Gruss an Teplitz or Virginia R. Coxe—

Hardy in all sections; grows freely to a height of four to five feet; vivid, dazzling, fiery crimson, sweetly fragrant; produces a mass of gorgeous

blooms on long stems.

Gurney's Red Radlance—Produces large flowers throughout the most unfavorable hot summer weather; in color a clear, cerise-red, a

most valuable addition to our list of roses.

Gurney's Silver Columbia—A sport of Columbia and a stronger grower, a larger and better flower, perfectly formed. A beautiful shade of deep silvery pink, deepening in color as the flower opens. Awarded silver medal by the American Rose Society.

Hadley—Deep, rich velvety crimson, retaining its brilliancy throughout the year. Well formed buds and large double flowers on rapid growing, long and stiff stems; prolific during all seasons with a fragrance excelled only by American Beauty. Possesses the merits, with none of the defects of its progenitors, Liberty,

General McArthur, and Riolmond.

Hortulanus Budde—Color, dark red of fine shade. Blooms in great profusion throughout the summer; semi-double; just what rose gar-deners greatly desire.

Irish Elegance—Apricot, shaded orange and

pink. Buds particularly handsome, long, of a bronzy orange-scarlet, opening into flowers often five inches across. Always in bloom, a splendid rose for indoor decorations.

John Russell—A vigorous grower with large flowers borne singly on the top of strong stems. It is rich crimson-scarlet, shaded with black, and at all stages of the bloom is one of the most perfectly formed flowers we have ever seen. It blooms with us continuously from June until

Lady Margaret Stewart-Stout, erect plants Lady Margaret Stewart—Stout, erect plants with immense, copper-orange buds, opening to bright golden yellow flowers of wonderful shape and luscious color. It is a severe rival of Rev. F. Page Roberts and it would not surprise us to see it become even more popular.

Los Angeles—The following is the originator's description: "A rose which, through its own intrinsic worth and beauty, will eventually find its way into the gardens of rose lovers throughout the world. The color is absolutely

throughout the world. The color is absolutely new in roses. Luminous flame pink toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals."

Lulu—Buds long and delicately formed, shaded orange-pink and copper, borne on fine stems. The open flower is flat and almost single but retains the color well. Bush is very vigorous, free flowering and highly resistant to

Madame Edouard Herrlott or Dally Mail-A coral red shaded yellow at base, passing to shrimp red, or bronze and geranium red. This rose has wonderfully beautiful coloring. A quite hardy, vigorous, well branched shrub with burnished bronze-green foliage. Gold Cup Winner at Int. Hort. Exh. London. Mme. Jules Bouche—Superb white flowers,

sbaded light blush at center; fragrant. Plant exceptionally strong, healthy, and very free

flowering.

Mrs. Arthur Robert Waddell—Long and pointed buds of rosy-scarlet, opening copperysalmon; large, semi-double and extremely showy.

A rampant grower of exceptionally handsome foliage and an excellent keeper.

Mrs. Henry Bowles—Ovoid buds and globular flowers of clear, piercing pink with lighter shades. A fine firm center, well held, and fairly fragrant. Vigorous and free flowering.



Paul Neyron H. P.

Margaret McGredy-Large, beautifully shaped, full double flowers, entirely distinct from all others in its rich coloring, which is a brilliant shade of Turkish or Oriental red, passing as the flowers age to a beautiful carmine These are borne on long stiff stems and

hold their form and beauty for a long time.

President Cherioux—Very large, salmonpink blooms, with reddish buff shading and petals

of lovely waxy texture; slightly fragrant. Splendid growth and liberal bloom.

Rev. F. Page Roberts—A fine rose of a vigorous habit, with good shaped blooms, which are carried erect on long, stiff stems, and are very sweetly scented. The color is an orange-yellow.

sweetly scented. The color is an orange-yellow, becoming lighter at the edges of the petals. It is an excellent exhibition and garden rose. Willowmere—Coral red color suffused with carmine in the bud state and opens to a large, full, handsome flower of a rich shrimp-pink, shaded yellow in the center and flushed carminepink towards the edges of the petals.

Climbing or Pillar Roses

Plants heavy two-year No. 1 equal or superior to those offered by others for at least double our prices. We are able to make these prices account of the large number we grow and

on account of the large simple flowers of rich rosy-pink, approaching carmine, just a glint of white at center and golden-yellow stamens, a profusion of bloom almost covering the foliage, grows thick, vigorous canes and broad dark green leaflets, tough, shining and insect proof. A new and valuable climber. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.
Crimson Rambler—The famous crimson-

cluster climber, so extremely effective when grown on pillars and trellises. Makes shoots 8 to 10 feet long in a season. Flowers are produced, from ground to tip, in large pyramidal clusters of thirty to forty. Each, 40c; per 5,

\$1.75.

Doctor Van Fleet-One of the newer types of climbers which combines absolute hardiness with flowers large as the Tea and Noisette class. The variety shows a mass of beautiful class. The variety shows a mass of beautiful clustered buds, which open out into large shapely flowers; delicate flesh pink. An admirable cutting variety with stems 12 to 18 inches long. Each, 50e; per 5, \$2.25.

Dorothy Perkins—Clear shell pink with flowers borne in clusters; full and double. This is without question one of the very finest of all climbing roses. Each, 40e; per 5, \$1.75.

Emily Gray—A new yellow climbing rose with glossy, undulated, holly-like foliage. The buds are long and flowers of golden vellow are large

are long and flowers of golden yellow are large and semi-double. A valuable acquisition. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Excelsa-Known as the Red Dorothy Perkins, a very valuable addition to our list of roses. Has intense crimson scarlet double flowers in brilliant clusters set in glossy shin-ing foliage, and one of the handsomest of the red climbers. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.75.

Flower of Fairfield-A few years ago when the Crimson Rambler, the hardy beautiful red climbing rose, was introduced it went over the country like wildfire. Millions of them are growing in the United States today and producing thousands of flowers each. During their ing chousanus or nowers each. During their blooming period, which lasts two or three weeks, they are a mass of crimson flame. The Flower of Fairfield is equally as beautiful, but is a perpetual rose, blooming all summer. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Paul's Scarlet Climber-No other rose in any rau's scarter Climber—No other rose in any class can compare with this for brilliancy of color which is maintained until the petals fall. The flowers, a vivid scarlet, are of good size semi-double, very freely produced in clusters of from 3 to 20 flowers each on much branched came the clause being librarily covered from canes, the plants being literally covered from top to bottom with bloom. It is one of strong climbing habit and hardy. This is one of the most popular climbing roses. Each, 50c; per 5,

Silver Moon-Clear silvery-white, with mass of bright yellow stamens; petals of splendid substance and beautifully cupped; exceedingly large an fragrant flowers; growth vigorous and very free blooming. A wonderful rose. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Thousand Beautles (Tausendschoen)-The most sensational climbing rose yet introduced. A single cluster of nowers is a bouquet in itself. Blooms profusely from the beginning of June to the last of July. Individual flowers of graceful form. The color is the most delicate shade of soft pink, changing to carmine on reverse of petals when fully expanded. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

White Dorothy Perkins-Same as Dorothy Perkins, but pure white; best white climber. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.75.

Yellow Rambler or Aglaia—A hardy climber; double golden yellow flowers in large clusters. Each, 45c; per 5, \$2.00.

Baby Ramblers

The Baby Rambler Roses are dwarf or semidwarf rose bushes producing immense quantities of flowers from June until frost. They are a very hardy class and require but little winter protection to bring them through in good condition. We are offering the 2-year heavy plants, dormant. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Ideal-Dark velvety crimson outdoors, brilliant scarlet under glass, a prospective Christ-mas-red Rose. Compact and bushy with glossy leathery leaves and shapely trusses. Orleans type, sport from Edith Cavell. First Class Certificate, Boskoop.

Echo—A new soft, tender pink variety of the style of Bahy Tausendschoen, but of much greater vigor, producing on well-established plants, shoots 2½ feet high which are much branched, frequently forming trusses of flowers over 12 inches in diameter. over 12 inches in diameter.

F. J. Grootendorst-This is a new type of rose which might properly be called a Rugosa Baby Rambler. It is a cross between Rugosa and the crimson Baby Rambler. Imagine a shrub-like Rugosa Rose covered with trusses of crimson Baby Rambler roses and you will have a fair conception of this new hybrid variety. It is not a rose that you want to plant in with your bed of Hybrid Tea or Hybrid Perpetual Roses, but it is valuable to plant as an isolated specimen, in a mass, in an exposed position, among shrubs in the shrubbery border or for an everblooming hedge. It is absolutely hardy and continues to bloom until late in the fall.

White Baby Rambler—Pure snow-white double blooms in profuse clusters, making a sheet of white color, with a fragrance similar to Hyacinths. A compact, bushy grower of dwarf habit; foliage dark, glossy and finely cut; everblooming and hardy.

Hardy Rugosa Hybrids Perpetual Roses or Eskimo Roses

Hardiest of all roses; will stand the winter without winter protection. Blooms continuously from early in the summer until the ground freezes in the fall; will freeze up each season with an immense number of buds and blossoms. To get best results and the most flowers, cut flowers from them liberally as soon as in bloom.

Amelia Gravereaux-One of the most handsome hybrids. The color is a rather brighter red than Hansa and the flowers are better formed and resemble the Tea Roses. Very fragrant. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Anthony Waterer-Semi-double flowers of deep crimson; a good landscape variety. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Hansa Rugosa-The description of the Conrad Ferdinand Meyer may well apply to this with the exception of the color. The flowers are crimson and especially fine. Each, 45c; per 5,

Conrad Ferdinand Meyer-Early flowering Hybrid combining the ornamental qualities of its Rugosa foliage with the blossoms, beauty and perfume of the Hybrid Perpetuals. Flowers large, cup-shaped, double, delicate silvery pink. Blooms throughout season. Each, 50c; per 5,

John Ruskin-We believe this is the best of any of the red Rugosas. It is a very full, dark red rose and a good grower. Introduced three years ago by American Rose Society and we believe that

years ago by American Rose Society and we believe that it is a comer in the Rugosa types of roses. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Rosa Rugosa Red—This rose is perfectly hardy, is not only grown for the beautiful single red flowers that it produces in abundance in June, but for the beautiful foliage which the bush retains until early winter, and the large red apples in evidence throughout the latter part of the summer and early winter which make a striking contrast showing above the green leaves. Plants grow three to five feet tall.

make a striking contrast showing above the green leaves. Plants grow three to five feet tall. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Rosa Rugosa Alba—Came from Japan. Single, pure white flowers of five petals and highly scented, followed by pretty berries. The plants make a very strong growth and are fine where a high screen hedge is needed. Each, 50c;

Sarah Van Fleet—Wild rose pink, semi-double, open cupped flower, intensely fragrant. True Rugosa foliage resistant to disease. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Republic, Wash. Oct. 2, '30.

Gurney Bros., Yankton, S. D.

I must tell you about my success with your

seeds this year.

seeds this year.

I had never planted a garden here before and thought you could raise anything here we could in Montana, so I ordered my seed as usual. After I received your seeds everyone told me you couldn't raise beans, tomatoes, corn, peppers and pumpkins. Well I had my seeds so thought I'd plant them anyway. And eitheuch we had a hard frost the 27th of Iuly although we had a hard frost the 27th of July,

I raised all the above and cucumbers.

People here say they never ate such nice cabbage. I had new cabbage about the 15th of July, which is very unusual for here as we not very far from the Canadian line.

What makes scab on potatoes, and can we treat the seed so we can use our own potatoes for seed? We got the seed from you this spring. The Triumph, Bliss and Bugless. We also grew wonderful potatoes. Have the best in the security of the seed that the seed the security of in the country.

I am asking you to please put Mrs. M. H. Wadman, Box 14, Powers, Ore., on your mailing list as she wants your catalog.

l thank you for all your past favors, I am Truly, Mrs. Burt Garris.

ROSES (Continued)

Turke's Rugosa Samling—Bud yellow; flower peach pink or yellow ground, semi-double, very fragrant, continuous bloomer and, of course, very hardy. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Miscellaneous Roses

Harrison's Yellow—Semi-double, bright yellow; showy, hardy and fine; blooms very early; the best of its color. Each, 55c; per 5, \$2.50.

Persian Yellow—Deep, golden-yellow, semi-double; very fine, hardy. Two-year heavy. Each, 55c; per 5, \$2.50.



Sally and Sylvia Brander Sioux Falls, S. D.

R. Hugonis (Native of Western China) R. Hugonis (Native of Western China)— This Chinese Rose gives us the only-dependable yellow shrub rose, aside from the Austrian Brier type, from which it differs materially in graceful habit, and unique blooming quality. The long arching branches are closely set with lovely single flowers very early in the season, sometimes before June 1st in this latitude. The blooms are approximately 1½ inches across, and of clear bright yellow which does not fade to white. The foliage is pale green, finely divided, persistent, and on curiously thorned red stems. The plant is dependably hardy. Each, 55c; per 5,

The Harrison and Persian Yellow, Hugonis and Rugosa Roses are perfectly hardy without winter protection.

Moss Roses-the Old-Time Favorites

Elizabeth Rowe—This is an old favorite with its large deep pink buds well mossed. A beauty. Each, 55c; per 5, \$2.50.

Life Insurance ONE DOLLAR Per Month

No Medical Examination Required

The Federal Life Insurance Company

An old, established, reliable organization offers unusual features.

> Write to WNAX for Particulars

Mrs. Carl C. Jenson, Midvale, Utah.

I was well satisfied with my rose bushes and bulbs.

My Bleeding Hearts I got last spring take everyone's eye—they are so big and just loaded with blooms.

Mrs. John N. Jungers, Hospers, Iowa. Enclosed you will find a picture of our Lily pool. The little boy on the picture is my grandson, Donald Frohwein. The Lilies in the pool were purchased from you. This is the second year we have the pool. We followed your instructions last fall and wintered the lilies safely.

wintered the lilies safely.

We have one white, one yellow and one pink Lily, and we had over a hundred flowers blooming in the pool this year sometimes. There would be ten flowers blooming at one time. This is the nicest place on our farm and we certainly spend a lot of time there. Lots of people come to look at the pool and many think it is wonderful. I have this picture enlarged and colored and it surely is beautiful. I wish you could see it. We also have goldfish in our pool. Please We also have goldfish in our pool. Please let me know what you think of this picture.



Clematis Henryi

Climbing Vines are for the purpose of covering an unsightly object like a fence, outbuilding, or for beautifying either the porch, summer house or other place. Consequently, you want hardy vines, with a rapid top growth, something that you do not need to take down in the winter. The hardiest and best of all of those that will stand the north are the Ampelopsis, Bitter Sweet, Beta Grape and Wild Grape. Those next in hardiness would be the Honeysuckle, Cinnamon Vine and Clematis.

Vine and Clematis.

Ampelopsis Engelmanni (Engelmann's Ivy)—A type of the Virginia Creeper, but different in growth as well as foliage. It has much shorter joints, and very much smaller and thicker foliage. This is the only hardy ampelopsis that will cling to brick, stone or plaster. It is a fast grower. Each, 30c; 5, \$1.30.

Ampelopsis Veitchi (Boston Ivy)—This is one of the finest climbers, we have for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface covering it closely with overlanged foliage.

face covering it closely with overlapped foliage, giving it the appearance of being shingled with green leaves. The color is deep green in summer, changing to the brightest shades of crimson and

yellow in autumn. Each, 50c; 5, \$2.40.

Ampelopsis Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper)

—Deeply cut leaves which turn to a beautiful crimson in fall; fine for covering trees, rocky slopes, etc. Very hardy. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.20.
Cinnamon Vine—A rapid growing climber,

taking its name from the peculiar fragrance of the delicate white flowers. Each, 20c; 6, \$1.00. Clematis—All Clematis require a deep rich soil, plenty of water and good drainage. Should

be planted with the crowns covered three inches.

Clematis Paniculata—Handsome hardy chimber. Is one of the choicest and most satisfactory climbing flowering plants. Of strong, rapid growth. Dense, small bright green foliage. Pure white fragrant flowers in August and September, followed by silvery feathery seed pods. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.40. Clematis (Madam Edouard Andre)—Has

been called the crimson Jackmanni. This plant is a strong, vigorous grower, very free in bloom, lovely flowers of a distinct crimson color. Differ-

rent from all other varieties. Each, 80c; 5, \$3.50.

Jackmanni Clematis—Well known, large-flowering blue Clematis, flowers almost violet

with a nch velvety appearance, distinctly veined. Blooms from July until frost. Plant is hardy. Each, 80c; per 5, \$3.50.

Clematis Henryi—This is the finest of all large flowering white clematis. A vigorous grower and free bloomer. Flowers large creamy white with reddish chocolate anthers. Each, 80c

CLIMBING VINES

Dutchman's Pipe or Aristolochia—The flowers in shape are similar to the old fashioned Dutch pipe. Is a rapid climber and does best on the north side of houses, where the full force of the sun does not strike them. Hardy here at

Yankton, better not plant too far north, blooms in June. Each, 80c; 5, \$3.50.

Bittersweet (Celastrus feetly hardy, rapid growth, foliage. Large clusters of beautiful orange-crimson berries that are retained all winter. crimson berries that are retained all winter. The berries are in great demand for inside winter decorations. We do not know of any vine that is more satisfactory. It is exceptionally fine for trellises, porches. If you wish something to give a little color to your trees, plant one at the base of the shade trees. This vine seems to do better on trees than other vines.

Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.35.

Honeysuckle (Scarlet and Yellow Climbing) —Very hardy producing large quantities of long, trumpet-shaped flowers; heavy, glossy leaves make them one of the most valuable of the hardy climbers. Each, 30c; 5, \$1.35. Honeysuckle (Halleana)—Color, an inter-

mingling of white and yellow, extremely fragrant and most satisfactory. This is the variety most often found growing on porch trellises, or used as a covering. Ea., 30c; 5, \$1.25.

Wistaria-These are very popular vines and do well where they are grown in a protected spot, valued on account of their graceful climb-

spot, valued on account of their graceful climbing habits and the long panicles of flowers that they bear in profusion. The flowers are peashaped, bloom in May and June.

Wistaria, Purple—This variety bears in great profusion large clusters of pea-shaped flowers, blooms in May and June. Hardy in sheltered locations. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.00.

Wistaria, White—This variety is pure white sometimes tinted light blue. Each, 60c; per 5, \$2.50.

Beta Grape-A rapid grower, is very popular for covering walls, summer houses and porches; hardy. Each, 25c; 5, \$1.00.

Trumpet Vine (Radicans)—A robust,

woody vine, twining with numerous roots, along its stems its orange-scarlet, trumpet-shaped

its stems its orange-scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers cluster at the tips of the branches. Each, 30c; 10, \$2.70.

Wild Grape—One of the best if not the best grape for covering porches, summer houses and arbors. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.70.

Kudzu Vine (Puereria Thunbergiana)—Large foliage and dense shade, growing 50 feet in one season. Flowers plentiful in August; rosy-purple. Each, 35c; 5, \$1.35.

Lyceum Chinese (Chinese Matrimony Vine). A general, utility hardy climbing vine that will overcome any obstacle in growth and flourish

overcome any obstacle in growth and flourish everywhere. Each new shoot produces hand-some purple flowers, and later a prodigious crop of scarlet berries. Each, 35c; 5, \$1.40.



Aquilegia or Columbine



Virginia Creeper Covering a Well Tower at Mandan, N. D. The Best and Hardiest Rapid Climber Hardy Perennials

These are the plants that stay with you from year to year, requiring no replanting and each year become larger and more beautiful with a minimum amount of care. The tops die down each year, of course, the roots live well through the winter, and in the spring throw up new shoots and fill your garden with flowers. When you receive the perennial roots from us, they will be well supplied with fine roots, and they should be cared for much as you would the straw-berry plants. Soak the ground well at the time of planting and cultivate throughout during the hot months. Our perennials are all field grown plants.

Aster Elta—A new variety, having double

flowers, purple or lilac in color, and growing to a height of 3 feet. It blooms from August to October. An excellent plant. 25c each; 10 for \$2.10.
Aster Climax—A very hardy variety, coming in either white or blue. Small single flowers

borne in profusion on a spreading plant to a height of 4 feet. This is an exceptionally fine variety. Each 25c; 10 for \$1.90.

Aster Boltonia (Asteroides)—One of the hardiest of the Boltonias, producing white single flowers in great quantities from early August well into September. It grows to a height of 4½ to 5 feet. Each 25c; 10 for \$1.70.

Aster Boltonia (Latistuama)—This is a very

hardy daisy-like aster, having pink flowers borne

hardy daisy-like aster, having pink flowers borne in profusion on tall stems reaching a height of 4 to 5 feet. Its blooming season is August and September. Each 20c; 10 for \$1.70.

Achiliea (The Pearl)—This is an early Achiliea having many white flowers resembling Pompon Chrysanthemums. It reaches a height of two feet, is perfectly hardy and a good bloomer. Each 20c; 10 for \$1.60.

Anchusa Italica (Dromore)—A splendid

Anchusa Italica (Dropmore)—A splendid recent introduction. The freely branching plants are covered in early summer with large graceful spikes of clear bright gentian blue. Attracts universal admiration. Grows well in any sunny location. Very effective in beds or borders. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.70.

Aquilegia, Single Mixed (Columbine)—

These are flowers that are indispensable to the perennial garden. The plants are strong and thrifty. The flowers are large and vary in color through charming tones of cream, pink, lavender, blue, white, and red. Season, mid-summer. Each 20c; 10 for \$1.89.

Aquilegia Chrysantha (Columbine)—A

splash of sunshine among other flowers. Its bright yellow, long spurred blossoms remind one bright yellow, long spurred blossoms remind one of a bright colored humming bird, poised for flight. Flowers are borne on long stems, the plant reaching a height of 3 to 4 feet. Each 20c; 10 for \$1.90.

Aquilegia Caerulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine)—Here is a flower especially adapted for some parties.

ed for rock gardens. Also doing well in any perennial border. It is the smallest of the Aquilegia bearing large numbers of flowers of raquing pearing large numbers of flowers of large size in a bright violet-blue with white outer petals. Each 25c; 10 for \$1.60.

Aquilegia Mixed—This is a fine assortment of the above colors, all of which blend well. Each 20c; 10 for \$1.40.

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)

Bleeding Heart—(Dicentra Stectabilis) This is an old-fashioned flower that should be planted in the fall. Its flowers are pink and white heart-shaped. Its foliage, beautiful and graceful and the drooping racemes of flowers in the fern-like foliage make a beautiful garden bouquet. They attain a height of two feet. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.20.

Chinese Lantern Plant (Physalis Franchetti)—
A very hardy perennial producing enormous orange colored fruit. Very attractive in beds, and excellent for winter decoration. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.90.

Each, 25c; 10 for \$2.00.

Canterbury Bells (Campanula Media) This is one of the most beautiful early summer flowers, having tall spikes of huge bell-shaped pink flowers making a garden bouquet of entrancing beauty. It is a biennial, but no garden is quite complete without the Canterbury Bell.

Coreopsis—Here we have a flower that blooms from early summer until frost. It is never without a profusion of deep golden yellow flowers, daisy-like in shape, and excellent for cut flowers. They succeed well in any sunny location. Each, 20c: 10 for \$1.40.

Delphinium Belladonna (Larkspur)—You cannot picture the mid-summer garden without the Delphinium dominating all other colors. Its light blue flowers borne in great numbers on tall spikes are without peer in mid-summer. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.90.

Delphinium Chinense (Larkspur)—This is a dwarf Delphinium. Excellent for bordering with other varieties. Its fine, feathery foliage and its gentian-blue flowers borne in open panicles, should be in every grouping of Delphinium. Each, 25c; 10 for \$1.90.

Delphinium Formosum (Larkspur)—This is the old favorite Larkspur, being a dark blue with white center. It grows three to four feet high, is very vigorous, and excellent in combination with the Belladonna. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.90.

Delphinium, Tall English (Larkspur)—An excellent grade imported from England. The plants are strong and vigorous growers with large flowers on spikes 3 feet long and over. Most of these run in the lighter shades of blue. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.90.

Delphinium-Mixed Hybrids—This is a large flowered Delphinium and a group of these in mixed colors make an attractive display. Each, 20c: 10 for \$1.90.

Dianthus Barbatus (Sweet William)— Charming, hardy plants, great favorites in the old-fashioned garden. Stems 12 to 18 inches high, flowers in greatest profusion in large round clusters at the top of the stems. Keep them cut and they will grow all summer. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.90.

Dianthus Plumarius (Common Grass or Garden Pink)—Thick tutts of handsome bluish-green foliage and pretty carnation-like, fragrant flowers. Very hardy and grows well under any condition. Splendid for rock garden. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.80.



Hardy Fern

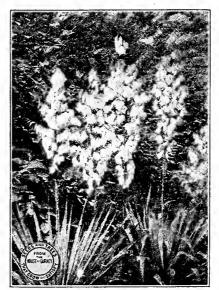
Dianthus Etoile De Lyon—This is a new crimson, hardy garden pink, having flowers of a brilliant crimson, growing about one foot high and producing masses of rich colored closed center flowers blooming in June. Each, 25c; 10 for \$2.30.

Digitalis (Foxglove)—This tall beautiful flower borne on spikes three to four feet high, blossoms at the same time as the Canterbury Bell, and in combination with it is the most beautiful grouping that you will find in any garden. It is a biennial, and indispensable. They are stately, wholesome company in any garden. The foliage is rich and luxurious. The finger-like flowers of a rich rose color dominate the garden during the blooming period. Each, 30c; 10 for \$2.70.

Gaillardi Grandiflora Superba (Blanket Flower)—This daisy-like flower with its petals of orange and yellow, having a deep maroon center will blossom all summer. Its petals are ringed by circles of maroon. It is an excellent cut flower and not particular as to soil. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.80.

Golden Glow Rudbeckia—You all know this tall flower growing from 5 to 7 feet high, and blooming all summer. The golden-yellow flowers resemble cactus dahlias. Use them in the background. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.30.

Gypsophila (Baby's Breath)—This graceful, airy plant growing among other perennials makes your garden like a bride's bouquet. It will bloom



Yucca

during July and August, forming a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height, bearing minute pure white flowers. Mixed with other flowers in a bouquet, they lend grace and beauty. Each, 30c; 10 for \$2.20.

Heliopsis Pitcheriana (Orange Sunflower)—The name is taken from the Greek, meaning "Like the Sun."The flowers are a deep, beautiful golden-yellow, about two inches in diameter; a useful cut flower. The plant grows about 3 feet high. Each, 25c; 10 for \$1.80.

Hibiscus (Mallow)—Of quick shrubby growth requiring 4 feet of space, bearing quantities of large fall

flowers like single Hollyhocks. A showy background. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.75.

Hollyhocks—Perhaps the most universally known of any flower, blooming from June until September. A row along your fence line makes an excellent background for other flowers. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.45.

Hardy Fern—From the Black Hills of South Dakota we gather each year large quantities of hardy ferns in a number of varieties. These are especially valuable for the north and east sides of the house, along the north sides of fences, or where they are protected from the direct rays of the summer sun. They do best in shady, moist locations. Large clumps. Each, 25c; 10 for \$2.20.

Linum (Perennial Flax)—A rich blue-flowered Flax. The attractive flowers last only a day, but they are borne continuously from July on. 15 inches tall. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.75.

Poppy Oriental — Enormous flowers of a brilliant orange color, with black centers. These flame colored flowers catch the eye quicker than any other plant and are easily grown. Order in late summer. Each, 25c; 10 for \$1.90.

Perennial Sweet Peas (Lathyrus Latifolius)—Hardy vines of robust growth resembling Sweet Peas, but the flowers are not fragrant. Bloom through a long season and are excellent as cut flowers. The plants die down in the fall and start growth from the roots early in the spring. Height, 6 feet. White, pink and rose. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.75.

Shasta Daisy—Luther Burbank produced the Shasta Daisies by selection and breeding until he had produced a flower that he was satisfied excelled all others of its type. They range from the fully double to the single, and in color from pure white to pale lemon-yellow. The plants are extremely productive of bloom, and make a spectacular field show and a profitable cut flower. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.85.

Sedum Acre (Wall Pepper; Mossy Stonecrop)
—A beautiful trailing variety with bright yellow
flowers. A pretty species for rockwork; well known
and considerably used. Has thick glaucous foliage.
Drought resisting. Each, 20c; slx for \$1.00.

Sedum Spectablle—Erect growing mass of large rose colored flower heads 18 inches high. Handsome light green foliage. Valuable for borders and edgings in dry soil where nothing else will grow and for rockeries. August and September. Each, 20c; six for \$1.00.

Tritoma Hybrida or Red-Hot Poker—Their name indicates their color. Bright, showy flowers blossoming very late in the season. Should not be planted north of Yankton. Each, 25c; per 5, \$1.00.

Yucca Filamantosa (Adam's Needle)—This is a hardy evergreen plant producing long leaves; a tall stock producing sometimes as high as 200 flowers of purc white; blooming period about June and July. The leaves remain green the entire year. A fine plant for sunny, exposed places and for the lawn. 25c each; per 5, \$1.00.

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)



Hardy Phlox

Hardy Phlox

No elass of hardy plants is more desirable than the Perennial Phloxes. They will thrive in any the Perennial Phloxes. They will thrive in any position and be used to advantage in the hardy border, in large groups on the lawn, or planted in front of belts of shrubbery, where, by judicious pinehing back and removing faded flowers, a constant succession of bloom may be had until front. We first the state of the frost. We offer a select list of strong field grown

Brldesmaid-White, with large crimson cen-

Eclaireur—Bright rose-carmine.
Etna—Orange-red, tinted salmon.
Fraulein G. von Lassburg—Pure white.

Immense panicle.

La Vague—Lavender-pink.

Mrs. Jenkins—Flowers large, pure white. Early. Free bloomer.
Pantheon—Rose-pink.
Von Hockberg—Brilliant red.
Above named varieties; each, 25c; per 10,

Trial Ground Mixture: per 10, \$2.00; per 25, \$4.20.

Phlox Subulata (Hardy Mountain Pink)

An early spring-flowering type, with pretty moss-like evergreen foliage, which, during the flowering season, is hidden under the masses of bloom. An excellent plant for the rockery, the border, and invaluable for carpeting the ground for eovering graves. Each, 20c; per 12, \$1.70.

Bulbs and Tubers

Of the hardy varieties, the Day Lily, Iris, Peony, Phlox, Lily of the Valley and Japanese Lilies are to be left in the ground the year around. The Caladium, Tuberose, Dahlia, Gladiolus and Canna are to be taken up after frost in the fall, the dirt removed from them and placed in a the dirt removed from them and placed in a cellar that would be suitable for keeping vegetables. They are to be taken out in the spring at planting time and planted out just as you did the year before. The Japanese and Day Lily bulbs should be planted about 18 inches apart. These will gradually thicken. Lily of the Valley, about 6 or 8 inches apart. Caladium, about 3 feet apart, as you grow it for the foliage only. Iris, 1 foot apart in the row. Peonies, about 3 feet apart. Gladiolus, 8 to 10 inches apart. Hardy Phlox, about 18 inches apart. apart.

Iris

There has been a wonderful change and improvement in the Iris; hundreds of colors and combinations of colors; hardly a color can be imagined today that you do not find in the Iris. The size of the flower and the plant has increased wonderfully, and this past season we had them in the nursery blooming at six inches high and some of the latest varieties standing fully five feet, and eovered with immense blooms measuring 10 and 12 inches across. They are all perfectly hardy.

German Iris

Large divisions should be planted in late Summer or Fall.

Albert Victor—A rich blue self-colored variety. One of the best of the standard sorts. Free blooming and vigorous. Each, 20c; 5 for 65c; 10 for \$1.20; 50 for \$5.50; 100 for \$10.00.

Black Hills—A semi-dwarf variety; native in the Black Hills. Exceptionally hardy. Color, light blue. Each, 10c; 10 for 70c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.00.

Florida-Delightful shade of pale ereamy yellow with purple markings on the falls. Heigh 4 inches. Each, 15c; 5 for 55c; 50 for \$5.00.

German No. 1-Uppers bronze lavender, falls are penciled purple, tips of falls shading to lavender. Each, 12c; 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$6.00.

Honorabilis-Upright petals vivid yellow, lower petals a rich mahogany. Each, 15c; 10 for \$1.10; 50 for \$5.00.

Khendive-Beautiful soft lavender. Each, 15c; 10 for \$1.30; 50 for \$6.00.

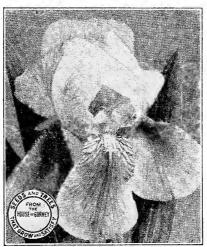
Leda—Standards, white, frilled and dotted with rose lilae-pink; tip and body of falls are of rieh cream with rose lilae markings at base. Each, 13c; 10 for \$1.20; 50 for \$5.00.

Lohengrin-Foliage and flowers of gigantic size, with petals 2 inches wide, of a deep violet mauve. Each, 12c; 5 for 45c; 10 for 80c; 50 for \$4.50.

Loreley-Standards, straw-yellow; falls, violet purple, showing much white at base; edged vellow. Splendid landscape variety. Midseason. Each, 20c; 5 for 65c; 50 for \$5.00.

Mithras—Standards, straw-yellow; falls, redwine, bordered lemon-yellow. Each, 15c; 10 for \$1.10; 50 for \$4.50; 100 for \$8.00.

Nibelungen—Standards fawn yellow; falls, violet blue with a fawn margin; distinct and pretty. Each, 12c; 5 for 45c; 10 for 80c; 50 for \$3.50; 100 for \$6.00.



The Beautifui German Iris



Japanese Iris

Quaker Lady—Height, 24 inches. Pale lavender; falls, slightly deeper, the whole flower lighted with buff. Delicate coloring. Each, 12c; 4 for 45c; 10 for 80c.

Queen of May—An old standard; soft rosyviolet, almost pink. Each, 12c; 5 for 45c; 50 for \$4.75.

Queen of Gypsies-Lilae, blended with pink and white. Each, 12c; 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$4.50.

Perfection—30 inehes, Midseason. Standards lavender flecked with deeper shade; falls, rieh velvety lavender. A very fine Iris. Has a wonderful amount of bloom to the stalk. Each, 17c; 5 for 65c; 50 for \$6.00.

Rose Unique—Height, 24 inches. Very bright old rose, the nearest to clear pink of any Iris we have ever seen. Each, 12c; 5 for 50c; 10 for 90c; 50 for \$4.25.

Walhalla—Pure yellow uppers, falls light yellow penciled reddish bronze. A very showy yellow Iris. Height, 18 to 22 inehes. Each, 12c; 5 for 45c; 50 for §4.25.

Siberian Iris

Hardiest of all Iris, very strong, free growers, adapting themselves to any soil, producing large quantities of blue and white flowers under the most adverse conditions from June to August. The foliage stands more ereet and is finer than

Slbirica—Purplish-blue flowers, 3 feet high; useful for cutting. 20c each; \$1.60 per doz.; \$6.25 per 100.

Snow Queen-This new variety possesses all the merits of the type differing only in eolor, which is an ivory-white. 20c each; \$1.70 per doz.; \$6.50 per 100.

The Iris Trial Ground Mixture

This includes all of the Iris except Japanese. Per 10, 95c; per 50, \$3.75.

Japanese Iris

Iris are truly wonderful, some standing 5 to It is are truly wonderful, some standing 5 to 5½ feet high producing flowers as much as one foot across. Every shade of the rainbow is represented in the different flowers. Blooming in June and July after the German Iris are through. Ship in spring only.

Gold Bound-Double white and yellow.

Mahogany-Dark red.

Choselden—Double; ruby erimson, white halo surrounds the yellow blotches radiating into broad lines. Petaloid stigmas, light yellow.

Eleanor Parry—Double; elaret red, flamed white and blue. Compact, medium size flower.

Kumo No Obi-Double; sky blue. Distinct white lines on each petal. La Favorite-Double; large fine white, freely

veined blue, and a rich purple eenter. Oriole-Double; plum shading to deep plum. The above Japanese Iris 35c each; \$1.50

per 5. Mixed Japanese Iris—A fine assortment of colors, that will make a wonderful showing. Strong divisions. 15c each; per 5, 65c.

PEONIES

All Peonies Are Double Unless Otherwise Stated

Delicatissima-Rose type, flowers large, Delicatissima—Rose type, flowers large, profuse bloomer. Deep pink or light red over all. This is a very desirable Peony. It is noted for its hardiness and profusion of bloom under all conditions. Each, 55c; 5 for \$2.35.

Duchess de Nemours—Crown type; early. Blooms several days after Festiva Maxima.

Superb, cup-shaped, sulphur-white flowers with greenish reflex that lights up the entire flower; gradually changes to a pure snow-white without spot or blemish. In all Peonies there is nothing so exquisitely chaste and beautiful as this variety in the half-open bud state. In growth, it is entirely distinct, being upright and branching. Fragrant. Each, 40c; 5 for \$1.80. Elwood Pleas (Synonym Lost Treasure)— Rose type; late midseason. It never fails to open six to nine huge flowers on each stem, hold-

ing them erect during rain and storm. Of largest size, flat, full, double, light shell-pink gradually becoming more beautiful and remaining in bloom a long time. Each, \$1.00; 5 for

Fawbert-Late midseason; large. Color, old

Fawbert—Late midseason; large. Color, old rose. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.
Felix Crousse—Rose type; late midseason. Its large, globular flowers, solid and compactly built from edge to center, are a rich, brilliant, dazzling ruby-red. Exceptionally fiery, bright and effective. Each, 65c; 5 for \$2.90.
Festiva Maxima—Undoubtedly the finest white Peony in existence. Mr Harrison says: "This flower has reached the ultimate, beyond which we cannot go. Here at the door stands

which we cannot go. Here at the door stands Festiva Maxima, white as the soul of the Madonna, with now and then a blood drop, as though the iron had sometimes entered her heart. What a marvelous flower!" It is a flower of wondrous beauty with clear, carmine spots on center petals, of enormous size, measuring 7 or 8 inches in diameter. It has held first place in the Peony world for over 60 years. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.25.

Francis Ortegat—This variety was originated

Francis Ortegat—This variety was originated in 1850 and still holds a high place among many Peony fanciers, producing deep crimson flowers above the foliage. Medium to large. A strong grower. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

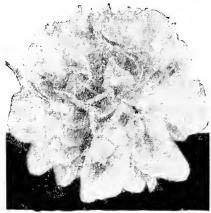
General Hooker—Rose type. Deep, rich red. Large flowers, profuse bloomer. Huge, full and heavy, extra fine. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Gurney's Pink—Crown type. A fine pink flower, rich and lasting. Full and fluffy and delightful. A very profuse bloomer producing an elegant effect. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.25.

Jeanne d'Arc—Crown type: midseason. Soft

Jeanne d'Arc—Crown type; midseason. Soft pink, intermingled with sulphur-white and rose. Center spotted carmine. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75. Jenny Blake—A good pink. Each, 65c; 5 for \$3.00.

Karl Rosenfield—Deep, dark crimson of wonderful clearness and brilliancy. This variety has become recognized as the leading commercial red Peony. There is nothing that can approach



Karl Rosenfield



Mons Jules Elie

it in quality at anywhere near the price. Unsurpassed for cut flower production. Early mid-season. Each, 85c; 5 for \$4.00.

La Tulipe—Semi-rose type; midseason.

Enormous, globular, fragrant flowers, delicate blush-white, shading to ivory-white, with red tulip markings on outside of guard petals. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.25.

Le Cygne—Rose type; midseason. This was appropriately named when it was christened "The Swan." Stiff, rigid stems; foliage the dark-Still, light stellis; lolage tile data-est green of all Peonies; buds borne in clusters. Very large, perfectly formed flowers with broad imbricated petals. Color, creamy white with a greenish luminosity at the heart, passing to a clear paper-white with age. Large. Le Cygne, out of a possible 10, scored 9.9, receiving the highest score of all. Each. \$6.00.

L'Esperance—Bomb type. Light rose color and flowers large. Fairly early. Hardy and pro-

and howers large. Farry early, hardy and profuse Should be in every garden. An old favorite. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.25.

Louis Van Houttei—Very fine, shapely bloom; medium to large flower; color, bright violaceous-red of dazzling effect. Each, 55c; 5 for \$2.20.

Madame Calot-Delicate flesh-pink guard

Madame Calot—Delicate flesh-pink guard petals enclose compact mass of creamy-white petals tipped crimson. Splendid Decoration Day cut-flower variety. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.25.

Madame de Galhau—Rose type; late. Medium large compact bloom, Guards rose-white, center pale lilac-rose. Free bloomer; fragrant. Let us tell you that when this Peony bloomed the past season, and we saw it in all its glory, it was a revelation to us. The coloring is different so is the makeun of the flower, and bloomed the past scason, and its different was a revelation to us. The coloring is different, so is the makeup of the flower, and you simply wonder if there can be a prettier flower to the coloring is coloring. than Madame de Galhau. Each, \$1.00; 5 for

\$4.75.

Madame de Verneville—Pure white, with carmine tipped or penciled petals; delightfully fragrant. Large, compact bloom and an exceptionally free bloomer. A high-class cut flower, about 30 inches high, medium early. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Marie Delome—Good pink; bomb type. Season, medium. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.20.

Messonier—Bomb type; midseason. Very brilliant crimson; full double flowers on stiff, wiry stems. The coloring is wonderfully rich and brilliant. In the Chicago cut flower markets this Peony is known as the American Beauty

this Peony is known as the American Beauty Peony on account of the resemblance in color to the rose of that name. A grand cut flower. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.80.

Marie Sloan-Full deep rose, lighter shading

wante stoden the tips. Early and profuse bloomer. Good and show, producing a grand water lily effect. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Monsieur Martin Cahuzac—Semi-rose type; midseason. Large, full, massive, well-formed flowers; a perfect solid ball of deep maroon with garnet hues and brilliant black lustre. Some claim the darkest Peony in existence; good erect

habit; free bloomer. In great demand by those who are making collections to include all shades and want the extremes. A variety of surpassing merit. Each, \$2.00.

Nigracans—Beautiful dark red, producing flowers well above foliage. Fragrant. A high-class flower. Each, \$1.25; 5 for \$5.00.

class flower. Each, \$1.25; 5 for \$5.00.

Officinalis Rubra—A large round bloom of vivid crimson. This is the old deep bright red Peony of the old time garden. Earliest of all good Peonies. Very desirable on Decoration Day. The red "Piney" of our grandmother's gardens. As good as the new varieties and earlier. Nothing to take its place. Each, 90c.

Red Cross—Early good red; rose type. Each, 55c; 5 for \$2.25.

Reine Victoria—Bomb to crown type. Fine pink over all with darker blotches in center and also having some lighter tufts.

and also having some lighter tufts. Each, 55c; 5 for \$2.35.

Solfatare--Guard petals snow-white, center sulphur-yellow, and changing as the flower ages to pure white; all the petals are wide. This we consider an extra fine Peony. Each, 60c; 5 for

\$2.75. Tri-Color Grandiflora—This variety duces a medium to above medium size globular flower. Each stem bears one or more beautiful

three-colored blooms. One of the best varieties. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.00.

Terry's Yellow—Outer petals cream, center yellow, lading to lighter yellow. This is the near-

yellow, fading to fighter yellow. This is the hear-est yellow of any Peony on the market. Each, 40c; 5 for \$1.80.

Venus—A delicate shell-pink; extra fine for, cut flowers. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.00.

Mrs. Douglas.—Crown type. Flowers large shell-pink, the inner petals a fine cream color. Center or crown, pure white, blotched here and there with a deep clarat or wine color. Fach there with a deep claret or wine color. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.00.

Monsieur Jules Elie—Bomb type, early midseason. King of all Peonies. Immense globular, very full flower. Color, an ideal glossy lilacpink, shading to a deeper rose at the base, the entire flower overlaid with a sheen of silver that fairly shimmers in the sunlight. It is claimed by many to be the largest of all Peonies. Each, 80c; 5 for \$3.70.

Monsieur Krelage—Semi-rose type; late midseason. Deep currant or solferino-red with amaranthine center. The French hybridists evidently spilled their paint pot after producing this superb variety, as there is nothing in Peonies of its color. Large, flat flowers as large as a plate. Perfect in outline. Grand in every way. Each, 80c; 5 for \$3.75.

Mixed Peonies—Practically ninety-nine out of

a hundred of these Peonies should be double and

Collection No. 1— 5 plants\$	1 35
Collection No. 2—10 plants	2.45
Collection No. 3—25 plants	5.75
Collection No. 4-50 plants	10.00



Festiva Maxima

GLADIOLI

GURNEY BULBS WILL PRODUCE FULL SIZE FLOWERS FIRST YEAR



Mrs. Frank Pendleton

Gladioli have their place in every garden. The bulbs should be set so that the top is about two inches below the surface and spaced from six to inches below the surface and spaced from six to eight inches apart. It makes the most stately of cut flowers and if picked when the first flowers open, it will continue to flower clear to the tip and last a long time. The following varieties have been selected for their special merit, and we are offering them at a price that should command voluntation.

Alice Tiplady - The Queen of the Primulinus type. Large, open flowers gracefully placed on very long stems. A soft coppery bronze shaded buff. In color, texture, and beauty it is unsur-passed. Plant medium tall with long, slender flower spike. Each, 8c; per dozen, 50c; per 25, \$1.00.

America — Beautiful, soft flesh-pink, faintly tinged with lavender. Spikes develop very evenly and to unusual length, sometimes with two or three branches. A magnificent cut flower. It took the flower-loving world by storm when first introduced and holds undisputed first place among all Gladioli with unabated popularity. Each, 7c; per dozen, 60c; per 50, \$1.60; per 100, \$3.00.

Atlantic - Brilliant orange salmon with

Atlantic — Brilliant orange salmon with lighter throat. A fine cut flower. Each, 10c; per dozen, 90c; per 50, \$2.25.

Baron Hulot — Rich, deep indigo blue or purple. This is entirely distinct in color from all other Gladioli. Each, 12c; Dozen, \$1.00; per 25, 51,75.

other Giadion. Each, 12c, Bozen, 425, \$1.75.
Capella — Tall, very bright, fiery orange-red.
Very large and choice. Each, 10c; Dozen, 90c; per 25, \$1.50; per 50, \$2.25.

Crimson Glow—The color is of a glowing crimson scarlet, massive spikes and flowers of large size; a strong vigorous grower. Each, 8c; per dozen, 50c; per 25, \$1.10.

E. J. Shaylor — This is an extra-large flower of pure deep rose-pink shade. Its massive appearance is enhanced by the lovely ruffled edges of the petals. A strong grower with heavy spikes. Each, 10c; per dozen, 85c; per 25, \$1.60.

Evelyn Kirtland-Tall and stately; flowers fairlysparkling with a characteristic lustre, and joyous color tones. Rosy-pink, darker at edges and dimming to shell-pink at center, brilliant scarlet blotches on lower petals. Each, 9c; per doz., 80c; per 25, \$1.50.

Golden Butterfly - Large, well opened, clearlight yellow flowers. Especially attractive on account of the shape and arrangement of blooms. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00; 25, \$1.50.

Indian Maid - Tall plant and fine stem. Flowers of beautiful peach blossom pink with beautiful deeper throat. Very choice and distinct. Each, 10c; Doz., \$1.00; 25, \$1.50.

Jewell — Beautiful salmon-pink with clear golden yellow throat. Large, wide open flowers on a tall, well formed spike. Early. Each, 9c; per doz., 80c; per 25, \$1.50.

Le Marechal Foch - This might briefly be described as an improved American, having the same soft flesh-pink color, but with much larger blooms and coming into flower two weeks earlier. Of unusually strong vigorous growth with splendid straight, well-filled spikes. Each, 9c; per dozen, 80c; per 25, \$1.50.

Lily White—A fine pure white, early, large and free. Each, 10c; Dozen, 90c; 25 for \$1.25.

Louise - The Giant Orchid-Gladioli. Largest flowered of all, the blooms measure 6 inches or more across and resemble the finest orchids. A lovely and delicate shade of bright lavender, lighter toward the center; a blotch of velvety maroon down the lower petal. Of dwarf growth; long, heavy spike. Blooms medium late. Each, 11c; Dozen, \$1.00; per 25, \$2.00.

Maiden's Blush—Delicate shell-pink. An extra good cut flower. Each, 8c; dozen, 50c; per 25, \$1.00; 50, \$1.75; 100,

Scarlet Princeps (Virginia)-Iridescent color shifting in sun or shadow, from shining scarlet to raspberry red. It is a one-color bloom of ideal shape, when partially opened resembling long-tubed rose buds. Each, 10c; dozen, \$1.00; per 25, \$1.50.

Masterpiece — A magnificent ruffled "American Beauty" rose color, Giant flower and plant. Extremely fine. Each, 10c; Dozen, \$1.00; 25 for \$1.50.

Ming Toy — Very large flower of finest form. Tall plant. Showy deep buff yellow throat. A sensation at the North Shore Horticultural Society Show at Lake Forest, Illinois. Each, 10c; Dozen, \$1.00; 25, \$1.50.

Mona Liza — Pinkish lavender. Very delicate and beautiful. Large ruffled blooms. Color Blending. Each, 10c; Dozen, \$1.00; 25, \$1.50.

Mrs. Frank Pendleton - All experts agree that this is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. Large size flowers borne on straight spikes, a lovely salmon-pink with brilliant deep spikes, a lovery samon-pink with branch carpred blotches in the throat. A color combination rivaling any of the finest orchids. Each, 10c; per dozen, \$1.00; per 25, \$1.50.

- A new giant flowered Primulinus Myra · Hybrid. Deep salmon over yellow ground. Tall, slender stem. Yellow throat with pink lines. Exquisitely showy. Grand. Each, 8c; Dozen, 50c; 25, \$1.00.

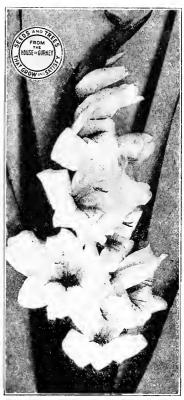
1910 Rose — Very large flower pure rose-pink of extra fine shade. Narrow white central line on lower petals. Each, 8c; Dozen, 50c; 25, \$1.00.

Orange Brilliant — Small flower of beautiful orange. Each, 10c; Dozen, \$1.00; 25, \$1.50.

Panama - A new derivation from America. which is more deeply pink and a trifle larger than its parent. Without a doubt the one finest pink Gladiolus. Each, 9c; Dozen, 80c; 25, \$1.40.

Romance — Large, orange, salmon-rose, red and yellow throat, wine blue bordered petals. Unusually distinct and very showy. Each, 8c; Dozen, 50c; per 25, \$1.00.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Rose Glory} - A \ \text{very large and beautifully} \\ \text{ruffled variety.} \ \ \text{Purest rose-pink color.} \ \ \text{Deeper} \end{array}$



America Gladiolus

in throat. Extra fine. Each, 10c; Dozen, \$1.00; 25 for \$1.50.

Schwaben — Extremely showy both as a cut flower and a bedder. The color is pure canary yellow shaded sulphur, the golden yellow throat slightly blotched with dull carmine, but so deep as not to interfere with the all-yellow general offert. Elements with the all-yellow general effect. Flower spikes are tall and strong, numerous, and well set with perfect flowers. Its characteristic branching habit keeps this variety in bloom unusually long. Each, 8c; Dozen, 50c; per 25, \$1.00.

Souvenir — Pure golden yellow Primulinus Hybrid. Tall, good sized blooms and possibly the purest yellow yet brought out. Excellent commercial yellow. Each, 9c; Dozen, 80c; per 25, \$1.40.

One each of the above twenty-nine varieties for \$2.30.

The Gladioli Trial Ground Mixtures

This is composed of practically every Gladiolus This is composed of practically every Gladiolus that grows. They were in lots of from just a few bulbs up to hundreds of some varieties, all grown into beautiful bulbs and placed in the trial ground mixture. These will run through all the colors of the Gladioli. We are going to make you a price on these that will make you want to plant 100 and you surely should do it. Per dozen, 45c; per 25, 80c; per 50, \$1.50; per 100, \$2.25; per 500, \$11.00; per 1000, \$19.85.

GLADIOLUS COLLECTION "N-1" - 10 White, 10 Pink and 10 Red. All large bulbs, \$1.50.

GLADIOLUS COLLECTION "N-2" — 10 White, 10 Pink, 10 Red and 10 Yellow. All large bulbs, \$1.95.

BULBS AND TUBERS

Hardy Lilies



Regal Lily

Auratum (Gold Banded Lily) — Flowers very large, made up of broad white petals, thickly studded crimson and maroon with a bright golden band through the center of each petal. 55c each.

Speciosum Album—Large white flowers with greenish bandrunning through the center of each petal.

Speciosum Rubrum — White, beautifully spotted with red; flowers in August. 50c each.

Tiger Lily—This well known old-fashioned flower has become very popular the last several years, and is now planted extensively in all gardens. On account of its extreme hardiness, it is one of the most valuable of all lilies. Grows three feet tall with several flowers on each stem. Flowers orange with black spots. Price, each, 25c; per 5, 90c.

Double Tiger Lily—Same as the Tiger Lily but has very attractive double flowers. 30c each; 5 for \$1.10.

Lily Elegans. Also Known as Russian Lily—This is one of the best of the hardy lilies—thrives in almost any soil. Is highly recommended for general planting. Each bulb produces many lilies on a stem—color deep brick red, slightly spotted. We recommend this lily to all Northern planters. Each 35c; 5 for \$150.



Lily of the Valley

The Regal Lily (Lillum regali or myrlophyllum)—A novelty of rare production and wondrous beauty, achieved through the adventurous research and resourcefulness of one of our great plant collectors, who recently brought the original bulbs from the wilds of Northwestern China. Experiments prove this new Lily to be hardier than most kinds, so it is reasonable to expect that the glorious bloom which forces so easily for Easter time, may be available to the amateur for its delightful unfolding within his own home. The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful glow of canary yellow at center, which continues part way up the trumpet. Its perfume is exquisite, not oppressively heavy like some types, but the sweet refreshment of Jasmine. In the garden it should bloom early in July. Can be raised in pots. Price: large bulbs that will bloom first season, 40c; 5 for \$1.60.

Lily of the Valley—The lily of the valley will thrive and throw up its beautiful, modest, fragrant white bells in any kind of soil. Will also adapt itself to pot culture in winter, its delicate, permeating fragance making it especially desirable. Per 6, 50c; per doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.90; 100 for \$7.75.

Day Lily (Hemercallis)—Popular, hardy plants belonging to the lily family. They succeed everywhere, and should be more extensively planted in our Northern States. They require little care. Among the oldest and best-loved garden plants. Need no winter protection. Bloom in July and August. Each, 25c; 5 for 90c; 12 for \$1.40.

Flava Day Lily (Yellow)—Has long, narrow leaves, produces many tall stems of fragrant waxen pure yellow flowers in June and July. Thrives in any good soil. Fine for Borders. Each, 20c; 5 for 65c; 12 for \$1.25.

Kwanso Day Lily—Orange with darker shadings. Each, 20c; per 12, \$1.60.

Lilium Candidum (Madonna Lily)—3 to 4 feet. Probably the hardiest and one of the loveliest white lilies. Flowers pure white. Also used for forcing. Their delicious fragrance is not equalled by any other Lily. Lovely in combination with Larkspur. Price 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Tuberoses

Excelsior Pearl—This variety is characterized by its short, robust stem and long spikes of flowers, perfectly double and twice the size of the common Tuberose. Spikes frequently bear 30 to 50 flowers. They are always wax-like and pure white. Large bubbs. Price each, 15c; per dozen, 55c; 10t for \$4.25.

Large-Flowering Cannas

A few Cannas planted in groups in the shrub border or a solid mass of a single variety in a bed will give a touch to your home grounds that can not be obtained with any other flower. For many years, it has been the most popular bedding plant not only because of its massive foliage and bright colored flowers borne on tall stocks, but also because of the ease with which it is grown. It thrives well in any soil and takes kindly to the hot sun and drying winds of our very trying climate. In planting, spade the ground up deeply and if you want unusual results, put in a little well-rotted cow manure down about two feet, mixing it well with soil. Space the Cannas from twelve to eighteen inches apart depending on the height to which your variety grows, putting the root about two inches below the surface. Cannas like particularly well, a rich, moist soil and because of their huge wide-spreading leaves, they respond well to the application of plenty of moisture. Plant in masses of one variety, and one color for the most effective results.

Canna Collection

We will furnish red, white or pink Cannas, colors separate, our own selection, at a special price, any one color only, of \$1.00 per dozen. These will all make excellent bedders.

City of Portland Canna—Deep rose, 3½ ft. Very good growth and beautiful bloom. Green foliage; 8 to 10 medium large blooms open at a time. Color is a very beautiful light salmon or rose pink throughout and this profuse bloomer makes fine beds. A newer Canna becoming extremely popular. Very similar to Mrs. A. F. Concord except fades lighter in the sun. 20c each; \$1.10 per 10.

Gladiator—Yellow spotted red. 4½ feet! Excellent growth and bloom. Light green silver edged foliage of robust habit. Heavy bloomer, 2 to 6 flowers open at a time on large heads. Color is deep yellow very brilliantly spotted with rich red, resembling a tiger lily. Petal edges are slightly crimped. Fine, 15c each; 50c per 5.

Golden Gate—The blooms are borne in the greatest profusion and the flower-trusses are of enormous size. The buds open as pure gold, and as the flowers expand they become richly rayed with orange-crimson. Of sturdy growth, with bright green leaves: 4 feet tall. 20c each; 3 for 45c; 6 for 80c; 12 for \$1.50.

King Humbert—The grandest Canna ever offered. Large heart-shaped leaves of bronze, the dark ribs sharply defined, crowned with immense heads of orchid-like flowers. Individual petals are of the largest size; velvety orange-scarlet-flecked carmine; rose tinted at margin and base. 4 to 4½ feet. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

Yellow King Humbert—A sturdy grower, very floriferous. Immense flowers mainly of a rich, golden yellow spotted heavily with vermilion. Bronze leaves. 3 to 5 feet. Each, 20c; \$1.10 per 10.

Mrs. Karl Kelsey—A giant in growth and flowers. Immense upright stalks of green foliage carry large trusses of handsomely fringed flowers streaked and variegated with shades of orange, scarlet and old rose. A majestic plant of wonderful decorative value; 6 feet. 25c each; \$2.10 per doz.

The President—The most sensational introduction of recent years. The largest flowered, most vigorous-growing red Canna. The immense trusses of giant florets are produced in great profusion. Green foliage. This variety, introduced only a few years ago, has proved itself worthy of a place in every collection and every place where bold, effective performance can be appreciated; $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet. 15c each; 6 for 80c; 12 for \$1.50.

Rosea Gigantea—A Canna which is widely known because of its many good features. It is the largest pink Canna in existence, with tremendous flower heads composed of large-petaled, substantial blooms. The color is a rich rose-pink shading to rich carmine-pink, contrasting well with the bright green leaves. A free and continuous bloomer; 3½ feet tall. 25c each; 3 for 60c; 6 for \$1.10; 12 for \$2.00; 25 for \$3.95.

Statue of Liberty—Height 6 to 7 feet, flowers blazing flame red. Bronze foliage. Each, 22c; per 5, 85c; per 12, \$1.60.

Wyoming—Seven feet. Purple foliage. One of the most majestic Cannas. Blossoms orange colored, true orchid shape, with large rounded petals that flap and flutter in the breeze like glistening silken flags. 20c each; \$1.10 per dozen.



Canna Bed

DAHLIAS

HEN Man takes an interest in flowers and begins to work with Nature he usually produces that which it would have taken Nature centuries to do and does it in a comparatively few years. This has happened with many flowers including the Shasta Daisy, the Peony and the Dahlia. In the Dahlia, man has taken, a comparatively insignificant flower and made one of exquisite beauty producing it in many forms from the huge, graceful Hybrid Cactus type down through the Cactus, the Decorative to the small, compact heads of the Pompon producing enormous clusters which on a single stem, produce a complete bouquet. Peonies and Dahlias are in a class by themselves as creators of interest in flowers due to their many varieties and large assortment of types.

We are listing this year only those that we have found to be the best in their class. Our list is the result of many years of experimentation, and we offer to you choice varieties at very reasonable prices.

Finest Dahlias

Amun Ra, "The Sun God"—This very fine dahlia holds the record of winning first prize for three consecutive years on the Pacific Coast. A gigantic flower of Decorative type; in color, a blending of copper and bronze, with orange and wild tire. 40c each 6 for \$2.70

A gigantic flower of Decorative type; in color, a blending of copper and bronze, with orange and gold tints. 40c each; 6 for \$2.20.

George Walters—A wonderful Hybrid Cactus Dahlia that I highly recommend. It is a dahlia of gigantic size, one of the very largest and finest on the market. In color, a beautiful shade of salmon-pink artistically blending to old gold. Its flowers are perfectly formed, of very good substance, and produced on exceptionally long stems, well above the foliage. A strong sturdy grower, equally desirable for exhibition, garden or cut-flower purposes. 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Glory of New Haven—One of the most beautiful December 2.

Glory of New Haven—One of the most beautiful Decorative dahlias grown, and in my opinion the finest of the lavender shades. It might be described as a pink-mauve or silvery lilac. Its flowers are of large size, and are produced with remarkable freedom on long stiff stems. A very sturdy vigorous growing plant. An exceptional dahlia. 50c each; 3 for \$1.40; 6 for \$2.50.

Mrs. Elmer O. Drew—This immense new creation attracted considerable attention in my

Mrs. Elmer O. Drew—This immense new creation attracted considerable attention in my garden this past Fall. Its flowers are of tremendous size,—six to nine inches in diameter (without forcing or disbudding), and are composed of very long, beautifully curled petals. Rich purplish-maroon. Some would classify it as a Hybrid Cactus, but I think it nearer a Hybrid Decorative. Blooms very abundantly and gives complete satisfaction. 90c each; 3 for \$2.50.



George Walters



California Enchantress

Sequoia Gigantea—Another gigantic Californian production of excellent habits. It is well named as it is as sturdy as the giant trees of California, and towers above other plants in the garden. An immense flower of buttercup-yellow with a suggestion of red. The largest and best of the deep yellow Decoratives. A very broad well formed flower produced on stems as stiff as cane. 65c each; 3 for \$1.80. Collection: One of each 5 Finest Dahlias for \$2.50.

Dahlias for Cutting

Countess of Lonsdale—One of the older favorites that for years has been one of the most popular. Today it is in great demand, because it is one of the most continuous and abundant flowering dahlias in existence. Its flowers are produced on long stiff stems making it very desirable for cut-flower purposes. Salmon-red or cinnamon-red. One of the most beautiful of the autumn shades. 40c each; 3 for \$1.15.

California Enchantress—A Hybrid Cactus dahlia of great substance, its flowers are of large size, and produced on very strong stems of wiry stiffness. In color it is a delicate shade of rosepink to lavender-pink with slight blending of white toward the center, making it very beautiful. With three admirable qualities: size, erect stems, and sturdy growth, it is a splendid dahlia. 45c each; 6 for \$2.00.

Mrs. I. De Ver Warner—A blossom of soft orchid coloring and, unquestionably, a dailia of great merit. Its charming color, very large flowers, and long, strong, stems made it the cynosure for all eyes at recent exhibitions. A lovely deep, mauve-pink, of perfect form, a true Decorative type which is impressive in its very large size,—without exception a leader among the better dahlias. Extremely strong growing, very abundant blooming, and lending itself to either exhibition or garden uses with equal success. 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Rene Cayeux—Always a favorite and one really deserving of its popularity. This choice French creation is one of the most abundant flowering dahlias in existence, being literally covered with flowers until very late. It is one of the earliest and most continuous bloomers as well. In color, a rich clear glowing crimson-red. Highly recommended; one that will give satisfaction under all conditions. 45c each; 3 for \$1.20; 6 for \$2.20. Collection: One of each 4 Cut-flower Dahlias for \$1.55.

Giant Dahlias

Millionaire—One of the best known Decorative Dahlias in existence as well as one of the largest, producing flowers from 6 to 8 inches under ordinary conditions and from 10 to 12 inches across under extraordinary conditions. Lavender shading to white at center. 30c each; 3 for 80c

Bashful Giant — One of the largest flowering Decorative Dahlias in existence. Its gigantic blooms are excellent for exhibition, growing under ordinary conditions 6 to 9 inches in diameter and 3 to 5 inches thick. An exquisite apricot with buff or gold tint. Sure to give satisfaction. 45c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Bonnie Brae — This California creation is one of the largest Dahlias in existence, often producing flowers 8 and 9 inches across of true Decorative type. It is an exceptional exhibition variety and does equally as well as a garden variety being strong and vigorous. Soft rosepink blending to cream and pale yellow at the center. 30c each; 3 for 80c.

Bertha Story—Originating in Massachusetts, this very fine giant Decorative produces clear rose-pink flowers. Pure white petals occasionally appear which add to its attractiveness. A very free bloomer and desirable for garden purposes. 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Elizabeth Slocombe (Decorative)—The largest and best of its color to our knowledge and one that we very highly recommend. Developed in Connecticut, it has already secured a worldwide reputation as a giant-flowering Dahlia. Its immense flowers are produced on very long, stiff stems well above the foliage and vigorous plants. It is one of the best Giant Dahlias for cutting and exhibition purposes. Its brilliant, sulphurous-garnet coloring makes it equally effective in the garden. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Pride of California (Decorative)—Mammoth rich American beauty red. Very tall, vigorous grower, flowering continuously from early summer until late fall. Its perfectly formed flowers are produced on strong stems well above the foliage. An exceptionally large decorative flower. 25c each: 3 for 80c.

Collections: One each of the above slx Giant Dahlias for \$1.75. One each of the Elizabeth Slocombe, Millionaire and Pride of California for 75c.

Novelty Dahlias

Maurice Rivoire—An excellent cut-flower dahlia, with long stiff stems, producing its dainty flowers rigid and strong. Flowers of single formation, the larger petals being a rich velvety maroon. To make this more effective, the golden yellow pollen disc is surrounded by a ring of pure white very short petals, giving the whole flower a very unique appearance. Very desirable for cutting and house decoration. 25c each; 3 for 65c; 6 for \$1.25; \$2.50 dozen; \$15.00 per 100.



Elizabeth Slocombe

DAHLIAS (Continued)

Rainbow Collection of Dahlias

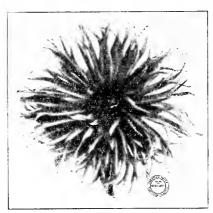
Kallf - Red Dahlias are always very sturdy growers, and Kalif has proved to be one of the strongest and most vigorous. This German importation is the largest and best of the brilliant scarlet Hybrid Cactus Dahlias and it is one that we can highly recommend. Truly a majestic flower. Perfect for exhibition or garden purposes. 35c cach; 3 for \$1.00; \$3.50 a dozen.

Purlty-Beautiful clear pure white, the finest white Decorative dahlia. Abundant bloomer. 45c cach.

Mrs. Carl Salbach-A beautiful lavender pink Decorative dahlia which has blends of deeper lavender toward the center. This sensational dahlia has remarkable length of stem, and is a sensational dahlia has remarkable length of stem, and is a perfect cut-flower and exhibition type, as it lasts so long after cutting. These stately, beautiful blooms are worthy of a place in any garden. 30c each; 3 for 80c; 6 for \$1.50.

Mrs. C. D. Anderson (Show)-Blue is the missing color in Dahlias when making a comparison to the rainbow but this giant Dahlia is on the blue and violet shades, and one of the very finest Dahlias in existence. A rich purplish-crimson. In shape, it resembles a giant ball being twice as large as the old-fashioned ball-type Dahlia and one of the best for cutting we have ever grown. As a keeper, it is exceptionally good. Very highly recommended. 40c each; 3 for \$1.15; \$4.00 per dozen.

NoIr Alvarez (Decorative)—Black Dahlias are always very desirable and in this French creation, we have one of the darkest Dahlias we have ever grown. It is not really jet black but it is very nearly black, being a deep blackish-maroon. 30c each; 3 for 85c; \$3.00 per dozen.



Marjorie Caselton

Berwyn, 111. 6443 W. 28th St. Sept. 23, 1930.

Gurney Seed & Nursery Co. Yankton, S. Dak. Gentlemen:

Enclosed find check for \$1.30 for Red Leaved Barberries.

I am also enclosing two pictures of Bashful Giant Dahlia I bought of you in the early spring. Despite the dry weather, we have had the blossoms measure 10½ inches across. They were the most beautiful flowers I have ever seen, and all who saw them admired

Kindly return the pictures.
Yours truly,
Mrs. Vera Martinek.

(We are sorry that we did not receive these pictures early enough so we could have made cuts from them.)

Marjorle Caselton (Cactus)—Pink Cactus Dahlias are always very dainty and desirable and this English importation is one of the most this English importation is one of the most beautiful; a rose-pink blending to yellow at the center. Early, continuous and abundant bloomer. 25c cach; \$2.50 per dozen.
Collection: One of each the above six Rainbow Dahlias for \$1.80.

Miniature Pompon Dahlias

Amber Queen—Very abundant flowering, long stiff stems, ideal for cutting; in very heavy demand for bouquets at my Flower Shop. An unusually beautiful combination of amber beautifully edged apricot. Highly recommended. 30c each; 3 for 80c.

Golden Queen-Miniature pure golden yellow, ideal for cutting and decorating. Flowers a trifle over an inch in diameter. Last long as a cut flower. Continuous and abundant bloomer. The finest of the yellow miniature Pompon Dahlias. 40c each; 3 for \$1.15.

Pride—Rich crimson-red. Ideal for cutting, perfect formation. Free-flowering. 25c each; 3

Prince Charming—Bright purple, shading to white toward center. Very effective. 30c each; 3 for 80c.

Snow Clad—Here is a pure white Pompon, having a medium-sized flower somewhat larger than the average Pompon. It produces a great abundance of flowers. 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Collection: One of each above five Pompons for \$1.20.

Dahlia Bargains and Old Favorites

A. D. Livonl-A favorite old time, quilled, shell-pink, ball-shaped dahlia. 20c each; 5 for

King of the Autumn (Decorative)-Orange Dahlias are always in great demand as all of the autumn shades are very desirable. This is one of the older favorites. A daisy-orange buff shade. 30c each; 3 for 80c; \$3.00 per dozen.

Darlene-An exquisite shade of live shell-pink with a dainty blending of white at center. It is an early and continuous bloomer, excellent for florists' use. Flowers very uniform and perfect are produced on long stiff stems well above the foliage. I can recommend this Decorative dahlia highly for cut-flower and garden purposes. 20c each; 3 for 50c.

Mrs. Bowen Tufts—Here we have one of the choice Peony-flowered Dahlias, named expressly for Mrs. Bowen Tufts of Boston, Massachusetts. This creation is the finest of the old Peony-flowered Dahlias, having gigantic, deep rosy-purple blossoms, which are produced well above the foliage upon long, graceful stems. 20c cach; 5 for 90c.

Feb. 12, 1930. TO THE HOUSE OF GURNEY. YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA.

Dear Sir: Dear Sir:

I received the birds yesterday A.M. O.
K. and I am so pleased with them. The male
is certainly a Beautiful Songster. Thanks
so much for prepaying for them. I certainly did not expect that. Am glad to return
the shipping case. I took out the water cup and dried it for you. Hope you get it in as good a condition as I received birds and seed from you. Thanks very much for the flower and garden seeds inclosed.

You may receive another order for birds soon from a neighbor lady who came to see these; she is so pleased with this one's song. I never saw a Hartz Mt. with such a low Sweet Voice.

Thanking you again for all, I remain, Yours Respt., Mrs. C. W. Burk.



Dahlia, Bertha Story, rose-pink, 50c each

Libelle-The Chrysanthemum-like Cactus Dahlia is always desirable and this rich purple is one of the best, being an abundant bloomer and flowering early and continuously. 20c each;

Souvenir de Gustave Doazon (Decorative)— Imported from France. Very large, tall, vigorous grower. Very long stems. A pleasing shade of orange-red. This giant is fine for cutting. 20c each; 5 for 90c.

Frank A. Walker (Decorative)-Another very early bloomer and one of the best garden and cut-flower Dahlias we have seen. Exceptionally good with very long, stiff stems and a most beau-tiful deep lavender. Some would call it a laven-der-pink. Should be in every garden. 20c each;

Little Jennie—Miniature soft primrose-yellow flowers produced very freely, ideal cut-flower house decoration and button-hole bouquet variety. 20c each; 5 for 90c.

Storm Klng-Reliable pure white. 20c each; 5 for 90c. Collection: One of each above 9 Favorites

Mixed Dahlias

Our Trial Ground Mixture of good, strong, South Dakota grown bulbs produces the very best stock for this locality. Our mixture includes all colors and shapes found in the Dahlia family. Isc each; 5 for 50c; \$1.00 per dozen; 25 for \$2.10.

Sioux Falls, S. Dak. July 5th, 1930.

Dear Friends:

Dear Friends: Enclosed find 2 small snapshots, which I feel proud of; I thought you would like to see what beautiful tulips I have. I got them last fall from The Gurney Seed & Nursery Co. I have 106 and every one of them were in bloom, just wonderful. I have had lots of people stand and look at them and they would take a picture of them. They would ask me: "Where did you get them?" I said: "Where do you suppose? Gurney's." They would say: "Believe me I am going to send for them this fall." So I guess you will receive quite a number of orders from Sioux Falls quite a number of orders from Sioux Falls and Minn.

> I am yours truly, Mrs. Otto Bendt, 917 W. 16th St. Sioux Falls, S. D.

P. S. I am a steady customer of yours. I sure am enjoying my Pressure Cooker and

BULBS FOR FALL DELIVERY AND FALL OR WINTER PLANTING We Furnish 50 at the 100 Rate, 5 at 10 Rate

Breeder Tulips

Apricot—Deep bronze buff, shaded ruddy apricot, showing an olive base. Each, 10c; 10-80c; 100-\$5.50.

Cardinal Manning—Dull wine red flushed with bronze; very large. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Bronze Queen—Soft buff tinged with apricot. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$4.50.

Cottage or May Flowering

Scarlet Emperor—Brilliant glowing scarlet. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Union Jack—Salmon Pink and Lilac. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Fairy Queen—Heliotrope with yellow inside. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$4.50.

Double Tulips

Crown of Gold-Golden yellow, shaded orange. Each, 10c; 10-75c; 100-\$5.00.

Rubra Maxima—Crimson scarlet, early large flower. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$4.50.

Boule De Niege—Pure white flower of large ze. Fine double form. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Tournesoll-Bright red with yellow margin. Sweet scented. Each, 12c; 10-85c; 100-\$6.00.

Murillo-Rose and white. Large full double. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$4.50.

One each of above double tulips-50c. 100 double mixed for-\$4.00.

Darwin Tulips

William Pitt-Very fine scarlet with a darker shade on the outer petals, large flower of distinct color and great beauty, splendid forcer. 10-60c; 100-\$4.50.

Gretchen-Beautiful blush white, shaded light lavender rose. Pointed in form. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Le Tulipe Noire—A maroon black. The darkest of all tulips. Flowers of large size. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Pride of Haarlem-Bright rose suffused with



Darwin Tulips

purple. An enormous flower of superb form and grand beauty. Fragrant. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Painted Lady—A very beautiful flower resembling a water lily. Creamy white with center tinged with heliotrope. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Baron de la Tonnaye—Clear carmine rose toning off to soft pink. Very long flower. A sturdy variety and one of the best for bedding. Each, 10c; 10-60c; 100-\$4.50.
Clara Butt—Delicate salmon pink. One of the old stand-bys. Very popular. Each, 10c; 14.60c; 140.8450.

Blue Aimable—Bluish heliotrope, inside deep violet. Excellent form. Each, 12c; 10-75c; 100-\$5.50.

One each of above 8 varieties for 55c. Five each of above 8 varieties for \$2.50. Mixed Darwins—\$4.00 per hundred. Early Single Tulips White

White Hawk-Pure white, large size, excellent form. Fragrant. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-

White, Bordered Red

Cottage Maid-White bordered pink, the

pink shading to carmine. An excellent dwarf. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Pink Beauty—A charming bedder. Glowing cherry red and white. Each, 15c; 10-\$1.25; 100-\$10.00.

Yellow

Chrysolora—Large, pure golden yellow. Does not fade. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Rose Scarlet or Red McKinley—Orange red, shaded carmine red on outside. A showy bedding tulip. Each, 10c; 10-70c; 100-\$5.00.

Artus—A deep red. An excellent bedder. Each, 8c; 10-60c; 100-84.00.
Couleurdo Cardinal—The cardinal's color, a brilliant crimson. Strong stems. Each, 11c; 10-80c; 100-\$6.00.

One each of above 7 varieties for 70c.
Single Mixed Tulips—Superior mixture of
the best varieties \$4.00 per one hundred.

Freesias (for Fall Shipment)

The Freesias are greatly prized for their delightful fragrance and delicate colored flowers. They make an excellent cut flower. Excellent for window culture, not hardy and for house planting only. 10 for 35c; 25 for 60c.

Narcissi and Daffodils (for Fall Shipment)

Von Sion—This is the famous old Dutch Daffodil. The flowers are double and of a beauti-

Farmount. The lowers are double and of a beautiful golden yellow. 3 for 40c; 12 for \$1.25.

Golden Spur—Deep yellow outer petals. Large wide golden yellow trumpet. 3 for 40c; 12 for \$1.25.

Emperor—One of the largest and finest among Narcissi or Daffodils. It has a pure yellow trumpet of immense size and a wide perianth of deep primrose. 3 for 40c; 12 for \$1.25.

Spring Glory—White outer petals. Yellow trumpet. 3 for 50c; 12 for \$1.60.
Glory of Sassenheim—Sulphur, yellow outer petals. Trumpet bright yellow. Large. 3 for 40c; 12 for \$1.25.

Plants Required to Fill a Circular Bed

Diameter	6 in. apart	12 in. apart	18 in. apart
3 feet	30	13	• •
4 feet	56	20	10
5 feet	86	29	15
6 feet	124	39	19
7 feet	166	51	24
8 feet	214	63	30
9 feet	270	88	36
10 feet	334	95	43



Narcissus

Polyanthus Narcissi (for Fall Shipment)

The Polyanthus or Bunch-flowered Narcissi are not only beautiful but exceedingly fragrant, and may be grown in bowls or glasses, under the same treatment as for the Chinese Sacred Lily. By planting these bulbs at intervals of a week or two apart you can have beautiful flowers for your home all during the Winter months at a very small expense.

Paper-White Grandiflora—The most popular Narcissi for growing in the house in pebbles and water. Produces clusters of pure white, fragrant, star-shaped flowers in three or four weeks after starting. 3 for 40c; 6 for 70c; 12 for \$1.25.

Soleil d'Or—Similar to Paper-White Grandiflora, but the flowers are rich yellow with deep reddish cups. 3 for 40c; 6 for 70c; 12 for \$1.25.

Dutch Hyacinths (for Fall Shipment)

Each bulb will bloom producing a very large flower spike.

We list only single varieties because these are the hardiest and most sure to produce satisfactory blooms. They are more suited to amateur indoor culture.

L'Innocence-A beautiful single hyacinth of pure white.

Gertrude-A delightful rosy pink (bright nink).

Prince of Orange-Dark rose, early.

La Victoire-Brilliant red.

King of Blues-A deep blue, single.

Hyacinth prices: Each 15c; 5 for 70c; 10 for

Crocus (for Fall Shipment)

The earliest to blossom in the spring: beautiful, lifting their heads almost before the snow has disappeared. Absolutely hardy for outdoor

Purpurea Grandiflora-Extra purple. 19 for 30c; 100 for \$2.00.

Mont Blanc-Pure White, 10 for 30c; 100 for

Large Yellow-10 for 30c; 100 for \$2.00.

All Tulips, Narcissi, Hyacinths, Freesias, Crocus, Jonquils and Sacred Lilies are for fall shipment and fall planting. Would be of no value if shipped or planted at an

WATER LILIES

A Selected List of Hardy Varieties (See color page of water lilies)

TOU will love a pool of Water Lilies more than any other spot in your garden. Any home can have one. They are inexpensive to construct and once constructed require very little care. Water Lilies are easy to grow and are not difficult to keep over from year to year. A combination of Water Lilies, Water Hyacinths, Water Poppies and other aquatic plants enlivened with gold fish and frogs adds a touch to your home grounds that cannot be obtained in any other way. Here you have flowers from early spring until frost. We will be glad to give you detailed instructions on the construction of a pool and advise you on varieties to use as well as plants to use as border flowers and shrubs.

Water Lilies

Aurora—Soft rosy yellow on first day changing to deep red on third day. Stamens orange, also useful for growing in tubs. \$1.50 each.

Comanche—This flower opens a rich apricot and then changes later to a deep coppery bronze that appears as a glowing red in the depths of the flower in contrast with the orange stamens. This has proven one of the freest flowering and best of the water lilies here at Yankton. \$3.00 each.

Conqueror—Giant carmine red flowers. The petals flecked in a most pleasing way. As a specimen plant it is without a peer. \$3.20 each.

Escarboucle—The most brilliant hardy water lily yet introduced. The flowers are produced very freely and are a brilliant crimson carmine with bright yellow centers. Each, \$4.20.



Water Lily Alba Candidissima

Gloriosa—A deep! common rose becoming a darker red late in the season. Very free bloomer, large. George Gurney says, "If I could have only one water lily, I would prefer the Gloriosa. It produced more than any other two varieties in my pool the last two years." It is very hardy. \$4.60 each.

James Brydon—Brilliant rosy red flowers of large size. An exquisite variety. \$2.30 each.

Marliacea Carnea—A delicate soft flesh pink deepening towards the base of the petals. \$1.35

Marliacea Chromatella—Petals and stamens bright yellow, 4 to 6 inches across. A free and continuous bloomer. \$1.50 each.

Rose Arey—The flowers, a deep-cerise pink, sometimes reach 8 inches in diameter. The petals are pointed and have a noticeable curl that gives the effect of darker shading near the edges. A delightful surprise awaits you. \$2.20 each.

Odorata—The native White Pond Lily. Very desirable for planting in quantity in natural ponds for effect and for cut flowers. 55c each.

Collection "A"—One red, one pink, one white and one yellow water lily. \$5.60.

Collection "B"—One red, one white and one pink water lily. \$4.25.

Collection "C"—One white, one pink and one yellow water lily. \$3.20.

Collection of seven water plants including Water Hyacinth and Water Poppy, \$1.20. or Collection of five water plants, not including Water Hyacinth and Water Poppy, 85c.

Water Poppy—The leaves float upon the surface of the water. Flowers are large and yellow. Price 25c each; two for 35c.

Water Hyacinth—Shiny dark green leaves orchid like flowers. Price 25c each; two for 35c.

Snails

Japanese snails, each 22c; per 5, \$1.00; per 10. \$1.50.

Caladium Esculentum

Or Elephant's Ear—Very easily grown. For obtaining tropical effects in lawn and garden planting this beautiful plant takes a prominent place. Bright green leaves, 3 to 4 feet long and 2½ feet wide. Each, 30c; per 10, \$2.55.

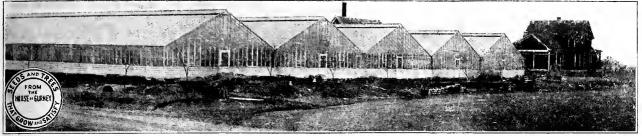
Fancy Leaved Caladiums—A class of beautiful variegated foliage plants, excellent for window boxes, vases or single pot plants, succeeding equally well in a somewhat shady situation out of doors. Among all foliage plants they are undoubtedly the showiest, reveling in many soft colors and indescribable beauties of design. After becoming well established, they require liberal watering coupled with adequate drainage. The bulbs should be started into growth in April and dried off in October and kept in a warm and dry place until spring again. Each, 25c; \$2.50 per dozen.

Mrs. John Patrias, Holdingford, Minn.
I am glad I can say a few words about
Gurney seeds. The Tomatoes and Watermelons were wonderful, even though the year
was dry. We haven't had such a nice crop
for many years.



Gurney Nursery Scene (Note the Large Black Walnuts in Distance)

GREENHOUSE SECTION



The Gurney Greenhouses at Mitchell, S. D.

Ed. Gurney (Philosopher) sends you this

message: I wish you might take time to read this column entire; it is about posies. We have them; you want them; just think of 100,000 roses each year! Or glads or mums or snaps to make your mouth Or gads or mums or snaps to make your mouth water Sooner or later, and each year you are going to 'Say it with flowers'; they tell your joy at weddings, your sorrow at partings, your sympathy and hope in sickness. They have possibly greater use in table decoration, speaking love for your family or welcome for your guests. We have them: they are fresh; we grow 90% of the coll that carry the vitamies of however. We have them: they are fresh; we grow 90% of all we sell; they carry the vitamins of happiness as only the freshness of the flowers at early morn can do. Whenever you have an opportunity you should visit our establishments at Mitcheil. There are times of year when you will see 5,000 mums or roses in bloom: it will give you a real theil!

Our Service
Cut Flowers—We promise you promptness.
We promise you painstaking care.
We promise you fresh cut flowers and always quality. We have many agency stores in South Dakota; in such localities you can order through them or direct. It is not possible to quote prices on cut flowers in a catalogue; there is a variance at different seasons but if you order direct and leave the price open we will treat you right.



Plant Bands
Plant Bands
Plant Bands—Locked kind, water and wcather-proof. In offering these we do so with confidence in their value to planters, whether you are a gardener using thousands or the fellow who uses a small quantity. Sow seed in seed bed in usual way; when ready to transplant, prick in, one 'plant to each "ready to plant" band and when ready for open you have a perfectly developed root system in compact space, held in place by band. They do not know they have been transplanted. Good for early melons, vegetable and flowering plants. These square bands take 25 per cent less space than round flower pots. Size, 2 by 2 inches. Price per 50, 45c; per 100, 70c; per 250, \$1.10; per 1,000, \$3.00; per 5,000, \$13.50.

NITROGEN FACTORIES FOR FIELD AND GARDEN

Inoculate your alfalfa, swect clover, soy beans, red alsike, mammoth clovers, vetch, peas, beans and all other legumes (pod-bearing plants). Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator insures a catch, hastens maturity, increases the crop, enriches the soil and means success with legumes. You can start a nitrogen factory on your farm by inoculating your legume seed with Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator. An inoculated legume takes nitrogen from the air and stores it in the soil for future crops. Simple directions with soil for future crops. Simple directions with each package.

Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator-No. 3-

Med. size treats 120 lbs. seed......... 1.00



"Guarantee of Satisfaction or Your Money Back." Keeps perfectly for years. Need not use whole can at a time.

When ordering state the kind of seed you

wish to treat.
Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator—No. 1-For alfalfa, sweet clover and Hubam clover. Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator—No. 2

Red alsike, crimson mammoth and white Dutch clover.

GARDEN SIZE 20 CENTS COMBINATION for Peas, Sweet Peas, Garden and Lima Beans.

Do you want better legume crops than you ever had before?

Do you want to enrich your land so that it will produce better crops of any kind in the future, than it has done before?

Then inoculate your seed with Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator this year.

Sweet clover, alfalfa, soy beans, red clover, vetch, garden peas and beans and all other legumes necd lots of nitrogen.

Canary Birds

To persons seeking pin-money raising of canaries offers great possibilities. One can start with small capital; with small capital; venture requires little. A conserv-ative estimate places profit of one pair of breed-ing birds at \$75,00 ing birds at \$75.00 per year. There is always a good dcmand for American Raised Canaries. Birds with exceptionally good voices bring high prices.

There are several different classes of canaries: German Hartz Mountain, St. An-

dreasburg Roller and Seifert Roller are most popular and best. All birds offered by us are in full plumage, from ten to eighteen months old and in full song. The Hartz Mountain is most popular of all singers. Males, each, \$9.00.

St. Andreasburg Roller (males). These are trained singers. Their tones are soft, musical and in variety; no harsh notes. Each, \$10.75.

Seifert Roller (males). Birds trained by experts and known as School-masters or trainers for young singers. Each, \$12.00. Birds must

be heard to be appreciated.
Seifert Roller (females)—Each, \$3.25.
Hartz Mountain (females)—Each, \$2.25.
St. Andreasburg (females)—Each, \$3.00.
Distantian by express. We can ship safely Birds shipped by express. to any part of U.S.

American Raised Canary Birds

These birds very popular with many bird fanciers. Songs vary considerably. Birds are healthy, happy, cheerful companions. We do not send out a bird of this variety or any other until they have proven that they are superior singers. Males, each, \$8.00; females, each, \$2.00.

We have a few American Raised Seifert Males that will develop into high class birds. Mention American Raised Seiferts in ordering. Each, \$8.75.

Bird Supplies

Bird Seed—Best mixture for song birds. Seed does not contain millet, hemp or seed injurious to bird. Per pound, 25c; for 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., §1.70.

Bird Gravel—Per package, 20c.
Bird Tonic—Per bottle, 25c.
Cuttle Bone—Large piece, with holder, 25c ea.

Good roomy cage, detachable bottom, with screen preventing scattering of seed. This is a quality cage. Plain brass, \$3.00 each.

"FOR THE LAND'S SAKE" USE GURNEY'S SUNSHINE INOCULATOR
with Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator is the
enabling them to get the nitrogen they so vitally
to insure maximum yield.

Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator has an unequalled record for results. Treatment of the seed with Gurney's Sunshine Inoculator is the cheapest and surest way of enabling them to get the nitrogen they so vitally need, in sufficient quantity to insure maximum yield.

and now

The Lowest Priced Washer Ever Offered



Sunshine Washer complete with 110 volt alternating current motor of well known make. Cash price, \$69.95, time payment price \$77.45, down payment \$12.00, \$7.00 per month. We Pay the Freight.

Farm Plant Model

Sunshine Washing Machine complete with either 32 volt or 110 volt direct current motor for farm plant. Cash price, \$74.95, time pay-ment price \$82.95, down payment \$14.00, \$8.00 per month. We Pay the Freight.

Less Motor

The Sunshine Washer without power equip-ment but with shaft protruding from side making it very easy to mount pulley of the correct size and in that way use auxiliary engine or motor. Cash price, \$59.95, time payment

Gurney's SUNSHINE

110 V. Electric Freight Paid

32 V. Electric Freight Paid

Gasoline Engine Freight Paid

Without Power Freight Paid

10 Year Guarantec

Sold on Time 'ayments Powerful-Compact-Beautiful SUPERIOR FEATURES

APPEARANCE: The New Sunshine Special Washer is finished in a beautiful high-lustre jade green enamel, with a tub of glistening mottled green Porcelain. This Washer is a thing of beauty and a fit companion for any housewife.

WRINGER: Nationally advertised Lovell Wringer with semi-balloon rolls, double safety release and double rustproof drain board. Wringer is adjustable to 4 positions. Balloon rolls can be had for \$5.00 extra.

TUB: Full 6-sheet capacity, mottled green Porcelain over ARMCO Ingot Iron.

AGITATOR: Four blade, cast aluminum submerged agitator, built to last a lifetime.

DRIVE: The New Sunshine Special has a patented direct drive which does away with all belts and chains. This makes the Sunshine Washer as trouble-proof as a washer can be.

POWER: Each Sunshine Washer is equipped with a 1/4 h.p. Westinghouse electric motor or a Briggs & Straton gasoline engine.

OILLESS BUSHINGS: Durex Oilless Bushings used throughout. Made by "General Motors." No oiling is necessary at any time. CASTERS:

The New Sunshine Special rolls about easily on genuine Bassick Casters. Mounted in steel caster

45 125

cups. price \$66.45, down payment \$10.00, \$6.00 per month. We Pay the Freight.

Gasoline Engine Model

You have your choice of two distinct types of gas engines—both of which are manufactured .

or gas engines—both of which are manufactured by well known companies. No. 1.—The Briggs & Straton 4 cycle gasoline engine: Constructed like the engine in your car with separate compartments for oil and gas and a force feed oil pump insuring correct lubrication at all times. Drives through a lubrication at all times.

V shape belt.

No. 2.—The Johnson 2 cycle engine: A very No. 2.—The Johnson 2 cycle engine: A very reliable little engine featuring the latest improvements. Starting is performed by a simple little foot pedal on both types. Always easy to start even on the coldest mornings. Cash price, \$114.95, time payment price \$126.95, down payment \$20.00, \$11.00 per month. We Pay the Freight.

Add \$5 for Full Balloon Wringer



Powerful Action

The New Sunshine Washing Machine is the The New Sunshine Washing Machine is the latest type of submerged agitator washer, with a heavy four blade cast aluminum agitator working on a high center post in the bottom of the tub, swirling the water back and forth through the clothes many times a minute. This powerful washer removes the dirt and grime rapidly and thoroughly, yet will not injure the most delicate garments. Ideal for washing greasy overalls. The agitator is mounted on a high center post well above the water line which makes it leak proof and eliminates packing and makes it leak proof and eliminates packing and bushings that are certain to leak in time. You bushings that are certain to leak in time. cannot buy a better washer at any price.

Power in WNAX Car Batteries





You will notice, instantly, a very decided change for the better in the operation of your car when you install a genuine WNAX Car Battery. Unfaltering energy for ignition, steady light, and a larger reserve of power for your starter are at your command. When you get into a car equipped with a WNAX Battery and step on the starter you are

releasing POWER. Power to start your car on the coldest of days and under the severest of conditions. Now, turn on your light. Those strong sparkling beams of light are under your control. No flickering, dimming or faltering but steady gleams that make night driving much safer. Power, service, and dependability are assured.

Priced F. O. B. Yankton, South Dakota.

		6 volt, 15 thick plate	
		6 volt, 19 thick plate	
6 volt, 13 medium plate, for Ford cars	7.25	12 volt old style Dodge Battery	10.45
6 volt, 13 medium plate, ledge type without handles.	7.25		



Mileage Counts Most BUY Gurney Sunshine Tires

Mileage counts most after all, and when you buy Sunshine Tires you are getting Sunshine quality, that highest quality which is maintained as a standard of all merchandise sold through the House of Gurney. In our Sunshine Tires we use only the finest of pure rolled crepe and smoked brown sheet rubber, imported direct from the plantations. That long stapled, combed cord is of the highest grade and manufactured by the latest of processes. Sunshine Tires are subjected to the most rigid tests. It is because of the high quality material and the careful workmanship that we can guarantee Sunshine Tires to give you better mileage, better service, and more dependability.

PRICES

SUNSHINE HIGH PRESSURE CORDS

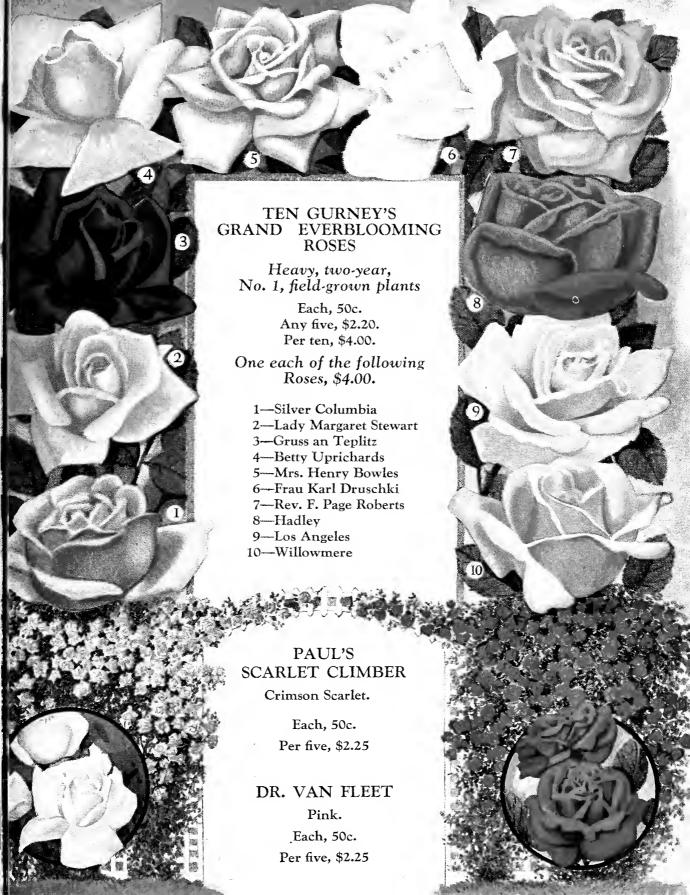
Size	Ply lire	Tire & Tube Tube
30x3 Clincher	 4 \$ 4.45	\$ 5.35 \$0.95
30x31/2 Clincher Oversize	 4 5.30	6.20 1.10
30x3½ Straight Side	 4 6.65	7.60 1.10
32x3½		8.35 1.40
31x4		9.70 1.40
32x4	 5 8.85	10.10 1.40
33x4	 5 9.25	10.50 1.45
34x4	 5 9.70	10.95 1.45
32x41/2	 6 11.65	13.25 1.85
33x4½	 6 12.20	13.75 1.90
34x4 ½		14.30 1.95

HEAVY DUTY SUNSHINE BALLOONS

			Tire and		
Size	Ply	Tire	Tube	Tube	Rim
28x4.75	4	\$ 7.45	\$ 8.70	\$1.40	19 in.
28x5.50-28x5.25	4	9.20	10.90	1.90	18 in.
29x4.40	4	5.70	6.80	1.25	21 in.
29x4,50	4	6.75	7.85	1.25	20 in.
29x4.75	4	8.15	9.25	1.45	20 in.
29x5,00	4	8.70	10.20	1.70	19 in.
29x5.50	4	9.75	11.50	1.95	19 in.
30x4.50	4	6.90	8.00	1.35	21 in.
30x4.50	6	8.25	9.40	1.35	21 in.
30x4.75	4	8.35	9.75	1.65	21 in.
30x5.00-29x4.95	4	8.40	9.95	1.75	20 in.
30x5.50-30x5.25	6	11.75	13.50	2.00	20 in.
30x5.77	6	12.45	14.25	2.05	20 in.
30x6.00	6	12.60	14.55	2.10	18 in.
31x4,40 Clincher	4	6.95	8.20	1.40	
31x4,40 Straight Side	4	7.90	9.10	1.40	
31x4,95—32x5,00	4	9.85	11.55	1.85	22 in.
31x5.00-30x4.95	4	8.95	10.70	1.85	21 in.
31x5,50-31x5,25	6	11.85	13.75	2.05	21 in.
31x6.00	6	13.15	15.10	2.15	19 in.
32x6.00	6	13.75	15.70	2.20	20 in.
32x6.75	6	18.75	21.00	2.65	20 in.
33x6,00,	6	13.95	15.85	2.25	21 in.
33x6.75	6	19.50	21.85	2.95	21 in.

EXTRA PLY HEAVY DUTY TRUCK TIRES

Size	Ply Tire Tire & Tube	Tube
30x3 ½		\$1.10
32x4 ½	8 16.40 17 .9 5	1.85
30x5	8 19. 85 21.65	2.25
33x5	8 20.70 22.40	2.35
34x5	8 23.50 25.50	2.50
32x6		3.70
36x6	10 37.50 40.50	4.50



IPAINIT and VAIRNISH



Protection, Beauty and Economy



SUNSHINE STATE PAINTS

WHY PAY MORE? Read This GUARANTEE

We guarantee every gallon of paint bearing the Sunshine label to give three (3) years satisfactory wear (when applied according to directions) or we will furnish the paint for an extra coat absolutely free!

Sunshine State House Paint

"Sunshine State" is best, regardless of whether it is paint, enamel or varnish. You will find that Sunshine State Paint is of the very will find that Sunshine State Paint is of the very best quality and surpasses any paint you have ever used. It gives you lasting protection against beating winds, driving rains, sleet, snow, and against the blistering sun. This marvelous product stands liberal reducing with pure linseed oil, and on all average surfaces, one gallon will cover from 250 to 300 square feet with two coats. Every gallon is shipped fresh to you and the freight is prepaid on all orders of 5 gallons or more.

We offer you the Sunshine State House paint, unexcelled in quality, appearance

We offer you the Sunshine State House paint, unexcelled in quality, appearance and durability, at the lowest of prices. Comes in the following colors: Outside White, Cream, Pearl Grey, Ivory, Shutter Green, Tobacco Brown, Terra Cotta, Rose Pink, Light Buff, Bungalow Brown, Apple Green, Colonial Yellow, Sky Blue and Light Lead.

Prices: 75c per quart; \$2.60 per gallon; \$2.50 per gallon in five-gallon lots.

FREE—Two gallons of linseed oil for thinning, given with every five gallons of house paint ordered; one four-inch paint brush included with every order of five gallons or more of Sunshine State House Paint.

Flat Wall Paint

Designed for those who are anxious to obtain the best at a low price. This wonderful paint comes to you ready-mixed, yet extremely heavy in body, and will stand and will stand You will find reducing with turpentine. You will find Flat Wall Paint better and more sanitary than wall paper, readily washable; dries with an egg shell gloss and spreads fine. Easily applied.

Made in the following colors: White, Ivory, Cream, Pale Green, Pearl Grey, Sky Blue, Light Buff.

Prices: 65c per quart; \$2.25 per gallon; \$2.10 per gallon in five-gallon

FREE—One gallon of turpentine with each order for five gallons of flat wall paint.

Sunshine State Barn Paint

Here is a chance for you to completely change those old weather-beaten outbuildings into new and sparkling things of beauty at a very low price. Sunshine quality means more for your money in a high grade of barn paint; more for your dollar in actual service and attractiveness. Compare the quality of this paint with the extremely low prices; then compare our prices with the prices of other brands of paint the prices of other brands of paint.

Prices: For color Red, \$1.50 per gallon; \$1.40 per gallon in five-gal. lots; for colors Green, Light Grey or White, \$2.00 per gal.; \$1.90 per gallon in five-gallon lots.

Four-Hour Enamel

Here is an attractive enamel that anyone can use. Spreads out evenly with very little brushing necessary. Extremely easy to apply, and very easy to get a good looking job. Ideal for interior decoration because it dries in a very short time. May be used on woodwork, floors, kitchen, bath, furniture, or even your automobile. Dries in four hours in four hours

Colors: White, Ivory, Coral Pink, Jade Green, Chinese Vellow; Burnt Orange, Chinese Red; Rich Blue; Emerald Green, Pearl Grey, and Light Blue, Sage Green.

Prices: One pint 85c; \$1.30 per

Automobile Enamel

A new super quality automobile enamel, ideal for those who wish to put a high class finish on their cars. It dries rapidly, extremely easy to apply and may be applied over the old finish if it is in good condition. Colors: Black, Royal Blue, Green, Red.

Prices: 1 pt. 65c; \$1.10 per qt.; ½ gal. \$1.90; 1 gal. \$3.40.

Shingle Stain

Do not, under any circumstances, compare bis to the ordinary kind. The finest shingle stain on the market. Contains no gloss oil. Sunshine quality means lasting protection. Colors: Red Oxide, Bungalow Brown, Moss Green.

Prices: \$1.40 per gal.; \$1.35 per gal. in five-gallon lots.

Sunshine State Floor Paint

A better paint. Is made for long service. Colors: Light Lead, Slate, Tan and Dust.

Prices: 75c per qt.; \$1.35 per onehalf gallon; \$2.45 per gallon.

Porch Floor Paint

Colors: Light Lead, Slate, Tan, Dust. Prices: 1 qt. 80c; ½ gal. \$1.40; 1 gal. \$2.70.

Iron Paint—Black

Prices: 65c per qt.; \$1.25 per ½ gal.; \$1.95 per gal.

Varnish—All Purpose

Far superior to many grades of varnish selling at \$1.00 more per gallon.

Prices: 65c per pt.; 85c per qt.; \$1.50 per ½ gal.; \$2.80 per gallon.

Floor Varnish

Prices: 60c per pt.; 85c per qt.; \$1.50 per ½ gallon; \$2.75 per gallon.

Wagon Paint

A beautiful protective paint. Colors: Red, Green, Orange. Prices: 95c per qt.; \$1.60 per ½

gal.; \$3.00 per gal.

Linseed Oil

Prices: Raw oil, \$1,45 per gal.; \$2.80 per two gal.; \$6.75 for five gal. Boiled oil, \$1.50 per gal.; \$2.90 for two gal.; \$7.00 for 5 gal.

Turpentine Price: \$1.30 per gallon.

Inside Gloss

Colors: White, Ivory, Pearl Grey, Buff. Prices: 75c per qt.; \$1.40 per \frac{1}{2} gal.; \$2.60 per gal.

Paint Brush

An extremely well made 4-inch brush, ideal for use with Sunshine State Paint. Price: \$1.25.

"WNAX" DRUM OIL BROODERS

Automatic-Self-Ventilating-Big Oil Tank-Fire-Proof-Convenient

The drum type oil brooder is fast gaining favor among particular poultry raisers. There are some very good reasons why the "WNAX" will please you.

It has thermostatic control, extremely accurate and positive. Our valve is the finest example of precision

engineering yet developed. It ventilates as it heats, the products of combustion

being drawn off through the smoke pipe.

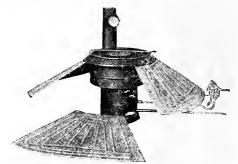
There is ample heat for the very coldest night.

Very very little attention or labor is required. It burns furnace oil ("Stanolind") or distillate as well as any kerosene.

Why not take advantage of the 8c fuel it handles? Fire hazard is reduced to the very minimum because of the completely enclosed heavy steel drum which houses the burner.

No. 1	18-inch Drum-42-inch Canopy. 400 Chicks.	\$15.00
No. 2	18-inch Drum—52-inch Canopy. 600 Chicks.	18.00
	21-inch Drum—60-inch Canopy, 1000 Chicks.	

No. 4 24-inch Drum-Hood Deflector. 1000 Chicks. 21.00



A Favorite Brooder Among Experienced Poultrymen

Comes fully equipped (except smoke pipe) ready to set up—including stove, piping valve and oil tank. Pipes are cut and fitted for placing oil tank inside or outside.

"WNAX" ELECTRIC BROODERS—AUTOMATIC

Economical and Trouble-Proof For 32- or 110-Volt

Here is the last word in electric brooders—a wonder for efficiency and trouble-proof service. Equipped with an approved heating unit that circulates and ventilates like a furnace. Just the right temperature all the time. Absolute automatic control! Troubleproof, always dependable switch. Cannot interfere with radio. Large canopy thoroughly insulated to prevent heat loss. All metal interior. Complete with thermometer and 10 feet of cord. Ready for installation.

"WNAX" BLUE FLAME BROODERS

The Only Successful Automatic Blue Flame Brooder

The new WNAX Blue Flame brooder, automatically controlled and with the new pilot light will take care of your chicks like a motherly old hen. It is the simplest, most easily operated brooder ever built in the Blue Flame type. The WNAX has no valves, floats, or sliding joints. A fine steel shell attractively enameled, encloses and protects all parts.

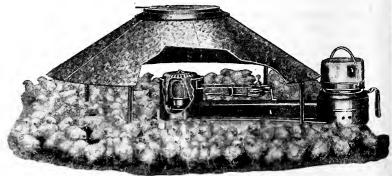
No leveling is needed. The wide range of the improved hand control takes care of uneven floors.

This brooder cannot overflow during operation. The oil pipe line from bottle to burner is brazed into a one piece oil-tight unit. The finer Blue Flame burner is now equipped with the new pilot light, the greatest improvement in years. The thermostatic flame control is now fully released, and automatically controls from a full blue flame down to a candle-like pilot light. The pilot won't go out. It must actually be put out if required. You don't have time to stand around and adjust your brooder to changing weather conditions. WNAX does it for you, automatically, and better than you could. You would not have a coal brooder or drum oil brooder which lacked automatic control. Then insist on the "WNAX" Blue Flame brooder because it is sutomatic all the way.

The burner is guaranteed not to produce smoke, gas or offensive odor. It is designed particularly for the WNAX and burns with a blue, intensely hot flame. We guarantee to replace free immediately any unsatisfactory burner. The nuisance of generating with gasoline is avoided by using a Rock wire Lighting Ring. A screen around, a deflecting pan above and a drip pan below the burner effectively shield and protect it and the chicks.

The canopy is die drawn from heavy galvanized steel, with wire bound edge, and asbestos insulated ring. Has an adjustable ventilator and convenient tip-back bracket.

500 Chicks. 42-in. Canopy, 31/2-in. Burner.\$11.50 1000 Chicks. 52-in. Canopy, 5-in. Burner. 12.50



Famous "WNAX" Incubator

Get your chicks for less cost, use a WNAX. The WNAX has a reputation for big, successful hatches. It has always been a leader. Now—with the new, exclusive cabinet type case it is a machine you will be proud to own. It is the first to drop the old box style in favor of high grade furniture construction. Massive top moulding, heavy frame, inset panels and eyeletted ventilators indicate unusual quality

Running this incubator is easy, convenient and profitable, takes only five or ten minutes a day, and you save one half or more on the cost of your chicks. You can do custom hatching for others at very low cost after your own hatch is off.

Egg Trays—Composite wood and metal—self turning, galvanized wire bottoms. Nursery trays, heavy frame, ample head-room. Case—Redwood frame and panels throughout, celotex insulated. Door opens so nursery trap can be drawn directly

Heating System—Hot Water—all heavy copper with air vent tube. Only two pieces in main pipes instead of the usual six. Three joints instead of seven. The finest heating system yet developed.

Ventilation—Automatic, mammoth type, perfectly proportioned to meet the

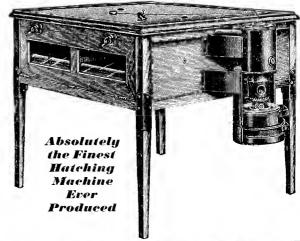
requirements.

Equipment—Best thermometer, egg tester and complete book of instructions.

Finish—A handsome, glossy cherry finish, finely varnished, protects the "WNAX" and completes the high grade piece of equipment that it is.

Width

Egg Capacity	Length Inches	Width Inches	No. Traps	Price
150	37 1/2	27	1	\$18.00
300	48	37	2	24.00
450	65	371/2	3	30.00
600	82	37 1/2	4	40.00
1200	92	371/2 -	8	80.00



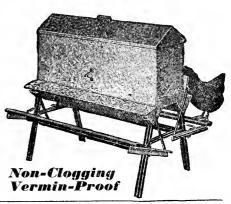
POULTRY HOUSE AND BABY CHICK EQUIPMENT WNAX" Trough Mash Feeder | "WNAX" Cafeteria Feeder "WNAX" Trough Mash Feeder



This type of feeder offers maximum feeding space for the money. Better designed, more substantially construct e d. You will find that WNAX offers a biggerfeeder,larger troughs, heavier stand and superior design. Look at the nonwasting guard, built

to absolutely stop the billing out of feed. Notice the big full roll on the edge, and the ideal manner of locking the grid into the feeder. We predict a heavy sale for this number. You need one—order today! Three-Foot Trough Feeder. Each, Postpaid.
Six-Foot Trough Feeder. Each, Postpaid. Each, Postpaid.....\$3.50 5.45 Postpaid..\$6.95

real nonclogging Weight feeder. of fowls automatically opens troughcoversand agitates feed. Closed when not in use. Adjustable throat and feed saving features. Saves time and labor and keeps the flock satisfied. Holds over 100 lbs. of mash. 37 inches long, feeds two sides. 2½ Bush-el Cafeteria Feeder.



WNAX" Thermofounts



"WNAX" Heated Fount



Built of copper bearing, galvanized steel. Costs more, but you get longer life.
You must have heated or insulated fountains to provide flock with warm water during ld months. Why use inefficient founts, pots or pans, when this fine equipment costs so little? You will be amazed at the more generous production of eggs when eggs sell at top price. Keep water warm in winter, cool in summer, because insulated with Balsam wool. Balsam wool is four times better than the

sawdust others use. No lamp is needed—just fill with warm water and Thermofount will keep it warm and tempting to your flock. The Four Cup Style—Insulated with Balsam wool. Four cups present adequate drinking space with minimum exposed sur-

face to the cold air. Four Cup will keep water warm longer than any other. Easily filled and handled, without splash. Made of copper bearing steel.

Top Fill—Made of copper bearing steel, Balsam wool insulated. Fills by pulling off



WNAX Baby Chick Trough Feeder

Most popular chick feeder. Galvanized steel 24 in. long with adjustable tive. 3-inch size only—plain stud wire guard. Feeds from both sides. Packed only 6 to carton. Our price for 6. \$1.60. one side. 40c.

6-gal. vacuum type, an improved model top-fill fount. Handle prevents roosting. Copper bearing steel for long life. Spring valve holds water while filling. Simple lock allows carrying. Big oil capacity and chimney burner requires minimum attention. Six-gallon heated fount.

heater. Postpaid, each........... 2.75

The Float Type—Look over these exclusive features. To fill, just lift off the cone top. Wide flange on the all-around trough catches the drip from beaks and runs it back into the fount instead of on the floor. No wet floors. 10-pint oil capacity, enough to burn two weeks. We offer this fountain as the latest and best at any price. It will serve you for years and years. Simple, dependable copper float shut-off can't get out of order.

Ten-gallon heated fount. Postpaid, each.. d each Ten-gallon fount only (no heater). Postpaid, each....

Wafers for Brooders and Incubators

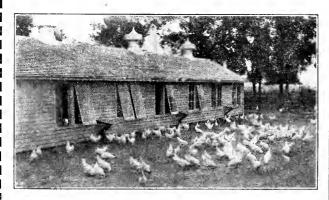
Heavy brass double wafer fits most brooders and incubators. Fully ether charged and very sensi-

Oil Brooder Lighting Rings or Wicks

Wire interwoven asbestos. Fit most oil brooders, including our "WNAX." Small (11 in.) size, 2 for 40c; Large (15 in.) size, 2 for 50c.

BABY

... BLOOD TESTED..



Flock of Pure Bred White Leghorns, heavy laying Tom Barron Strain. All Breeders are rigidly culled. The above flock typical of all breeders from which our eggs are received. The best of housing is provided and proper feed and care given the flocks at all times

We require a down payment of \$2.00 per hundred on chicks and \$5.00 per hundred on Turkey Poults and Ducklings, balance to be paid ten days before shipment. We will ship either by Mail or Express to any part of the country.

» Every Flock Culled—» Tested and BandedAll Breeders Inspected



WNAX Mammoth Bronze Turkey Breeding Stock. The kind you'll get if you order Poults and Eggs from WNAY

Transportation Paid by Us				
Variety	50	100	500	1000
S. C. White Leghorns, Tom Barron Strain	\$7.00	\$12.00	\$58.00	\$110.00
S. C. White Leghorns, American Strain	7.00	12.00	58.00	110.00
White Leghorns, Ferris & Hollywood Strain	7.00	12.00	58.00	110.00
S. C. Buff Leghorns.	7.00	12.00	58.00	110.00
S. C. & R. C. Brown Leghorns.	7.00	12.00	58.00	110.00
Anconas, Shepard Strain		13.00	62.50	120.00
White & Buff Minorcas	9.00	16.00	75.00	145.00
Black Minorcas	9.00	17.00	80.00	
Barred Rocks, Ringlet, Holterman, Parks Strain.	8.00	15.90	72.50	140.00
White Rocks	8.00	15.00	72.50	140.00
Buff Rocks.	9.00	16.00	77.50	150.00
S. C. Rhode Island Reds.	8.00	15.00	72.50	140.00
R. C. Rhode Island Reds	9.00	16.00	77.50	150.00
Buff Orpingtons	8.00	15.00	72.50	140.00
White Orpingtons	9.00	17.00	80.00	
Rhode Island Whites	9.00	16.00	77.50	

CHICKS... STATE ACCREDITED

Every Breeder Bloodby a Licensed Culler. by a State Inspector.



Flock of young turkey poults from WNAX Breeding Stock. They are not hard to raise and will bring you pleasure and profit in raising them



Truck load of WNAX Chicks being loaded into Express and Mail Cars. Here they receive the best of care in transit. Thousands upon thousands of WNAX Chicks shipped annually in this manner

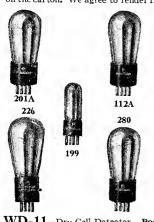
A special discount of \$1.00 per hundred will be allowed on all orders placed before January 1st, for delivery at any time during the season of 1931. Order early and take advantage of this saving.

100% Live Arrival Guaranteed		100%	Live	Arrival	Guaranteed
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Variety	50	100	500	1000
White Wyandottes. Silver Laced Wyandottes.	\$ 8.00	\$15.00	\$72.50	\$140.00
Silver Laced Wyandottes.	9.00	17.00	80.00	
Columbian Wyandottes. Light Brahmas	10.00	18.00	85.00	
Light Brahmas	10.00	18.00	85.00	
Jersey Black Giants. White Langshans	11.00	20.00	90.00	
White Langshans	9.00	17.00	80.00	
Mixed Pure Bred Heavies. Mixed Pure Bred	7.00	12.00	55.00	100.00
Mixed Pure Bred	5.00	10.00	45.00	
Variety	25	50	100	500
White Pekin Ducklings.	\$9.00	\$16.00	\$30.00	\$150.00
White Pekin Ducklings.	9.00	16.00	30.00	150.00
Variety 15 25	50	100	300	500
Mammoth Bronze Turkey Poults	\$40.00	\$75.00	\$210.00	\$350.00
Mammoth Bronze Turkey Eggs	17.50	35.00	105.00	175.00

RADIO TUBES

WNAX Radio Tubes are built honestly, inspected rigidly, and packed carefully, so as to insure perfect performance fully up to the standard of any tube on the market regardless of price. The service you get from Sunshine Tubes is certain to be gratifying in every respect,—long life, splendid amplification, sensitivity and clarity of reception. Each tube is guaranteed to be perfect when shipped and to conform to the electrical specifications printed on the carton. We agree to render immediate and satisfactory adjustment if any WNAX tube ever fails because of defective workmanship or material.



A general purpose D. C. detector-ampliner tune famous for its long me and the base. Price each, 85c postpaid.

A super-sensitive, soft vacuum (gaseous) type of D. C. detector. Pronounced ability to strengthen weak signals. 45 volts on plate. Standard 4 pin base. Price each, \$1.60 postpaid.

Rigidly made and especially reinforced. Built in either miniature u. v. short pin or standard u. x. long pin. Specify type of base wanted. Price each, \$1.40 postpaid.

For last audio stage. Operated with 3-volt dry battery supply. Long pin base. Price each, \$2.00 A general purpose D. C. detector-amplifier tube famous for its long life and fine quality. Standard 4 pin

112A—General purpose tube for radio frequency or audio frequency amplification or as a detector. Filament current ¼ ampere. Standard 4 pin base. Price each, \$1.30 postpaid.

171A—For last stage audio amplification. Filament current, ¼ ampere. Standard 4-pin base. Price each, 171A-\$1.45 postpaid.

For use with unrectified A. C. current direct on filament in radio frequency amplification stages and first audio frequency stages. Standard 4-pin base. Price each, \$1.35 postpaid.

New quick-heater type. Long life and no hum. Use with unrectified A. C. current direct on filament through step-down transformer. Either 5-pin or standard 4-pin base. Specify base wanted. Price each 226 227

\$1.60 postpaid. Full wave rectifier used in power plants of most A. C. sets. Maximum D. C. output, 125 mils. Standard 280

4-pin base. Price each, \$1.60 postpaid.

Power amplifier with long life and great volume of undistorted output. Standard 4-pin base. Price 245 Power ampliner with long me and grout rosales.

each, \$1.75 postpaid.

New quick heater, screen-grid radio frequency amplification for A. C. operation. Unusually long life.

No hum. With 5-pin base and grid cap. Price each, \$2.10 postpaid.

New screen-grid type of radio frequency amplifier for D. C. operation. With 4-pin base and grid cap. 224

Price each, \$2.45 postpaid.	
WD-11-Dry Cell Detector. Postpaid. \$1.50	040
WD-11-Dry Cell Detector, Postpaid. \$1.50 WD-12-Dry Cell Detector. Postpaid. 1.50	210-Power. Postpaid
281 —Half Wave Rectifier. Postpaid	240—Figh Will Detector vortage amplifier. Fostpaid

Note: Always be sure to specify type of base required-Miniature Short Pin, Standard Long Pin, or 5 Pin Long Pin.

SUNSHINE RADIO BATTERIES

Heavy Duty "B" Batteries



6 Months GUARANTEE

If you will take our word for Sunshine Radio "B" batteries, you will buy radio hours with thrift, and your enjoyment of your receiving set will be certain.

After examining and testing all makes of radio "B" batteries, we selected a manufacturer who. After examining and testing all makes of radio "B" batteries, we selected a manufacturer who, thru careful study, has produced a battery that will deliver more hours of perfect service than any other on the market. We are satisfied with this manufacturer,—with his ideas,—with his plans, with his policy and with his product. They represent the highest standard of Sunshine quality throughout. We know that Sunshine batteries are better because we have tried and tested all makes. That means cutting them apart, judging them chemically, weighing, measuring, using and comparing. One battery came out of the test about 30% in the lead. We call it "Sunshine State." It is a battery that you may respect.

State." It is a battery that you may respect.
We urge you to compare Sunshine Heavy Duty
"B" batteries to any battery on the market, both as to quality and price.

Sunshine Heavy Duty "B" Batteries

Are Priced Reasonably

One Battery \$2.70

Two for \$5.20

Three for \$7.65

Postpaid

Standard "B" Batteries

Every "B" battery has been built with one particular point in mind,—that of offering the public a good, serviceable battery at a very low price. Do not confuse it with the ordinary type of cheap batteries, as you will find the Sunshine batteries equal to many batteries that are selling from 25 to 50% more. Sunshine standard batteries are made of the best material, and are made to give service. You cannot afford to let your radio stand idle when you can purchase radio "B" batteries at prices like these:—one regular standard battery at \$1.95; two regular standard "B" batteries at \$3.80.

Sunshine "C" Batteries

Few people exercise proper care in purchasing "C" batteries. The Sunshine "C" batteries we offer you are inexpensive, yet good, substantial oner you are nexpensive, yet good, substantial batteries, second to none in actual quality. That uniform, dependable power is scientifically assured by the up-to-date construction, and the use of only the very best materials. Sunshine "C" batteries are outstanding bargains at this unusually low price. 4½-volt C., 30c. 22½-volt Radio "A" Batteries



Your radio needs a good "A" battery. The manufacturer of the Sunshine radio "A" batteries has combined the very best of materials with scientific construction and careful workmanship, resulting in a crowning achievement in the battery field,—a battery that will give you longer service and better performance. If you buy Sunshine "A" batteries, you are in

reality buying longer hours of actual radio performance, because they are truly a long-lived battery that will add new sparkling energy to

battery that will add new sparking energy wany receiving set.

We guarantee each and every Sunshine radio "A"
battery for 18 months. Why? Because those thicker, heavier plates, separated by the best quality cedar spacers make it one of the most powerful batteries we have ever seen. Consider carefully the high quality construction with the low price.

One hundred twenty-five hour. 6 volt, 11 thick plate, F.O.B. Yankton. One hundred forty hour.... 6 volt, 13 thick plate, F.O.B. Yankton.

One hundred seventy hour.

6 volt, 15 thick plate, F.O.B. Yankton.
One hundred ninety-five hour. 10.75

6 volt, 17 thick plate, F.O.B. Yankton.

WNAX—The Voice of Gurney—WNAX



"Horse Thieves and Claim Jumpers ain't all dead They've just changed their occupation."

Says Trapper Bill of Gurney's

... "So if You Want Top Prices for Your Furs, I'd Advise You to Ship 'Em to Me."

IN PIONEER days there were guys who made a good living out of jumping claims, stealing horses, running shell games and just generally cheating honest folks out of good money. Although they got treated pretty rough when caught, the breed don't seem to be entirely stamped out yet. There's a few of them left in the furbuying business today. And my advice to you is to treat 'em rough!

Some fellow may come around to your door and offer you cash on the barrel-head for your furs. He'll put out a big line about grades, markets and values, but just the same he'll turn around and sell 'em to some fur house for the amount you should have had.

Then there are fur houses that will send you a price list, all baited up with high quotations, just to get your furs. But usually you find that they don't pay any attention to those prices when they send you a check!

Sure, you probably get a big kick out of running a trap line; matching your skill against animal instincts. Just the same that's no reason why you should get skinned out of the profit there is in the sport. The only way to keep from doing that is to deal with a house you can depend on.

I'm here at Gurney's for just one thing: to see that you get the most cash possible for your fur catch. Being in the business I know what your furs are worth and where they can be sold for the highest prices. And I can get the highest prices for you, because I'll have thousands of furs to sell where the average fellow will have only a few.

The profit's all yours. Before you sell any of your furs, tune in on WNAX and listen to the latest fur market reports. Then ship your furs to Gurney. They'll stand back of our transactions just like they do their merchandise, and you know that means a

square deal!

Get all the profit in your furs for yourself! Send them to me at Gurney's and I'll sell them for you for the highest market price. There'll be no commission charge of any kind—you get all the profit.

This is a new service Gurney's have arranged for you. folks—and remember, we're here to please you!

Trapper Bill.

P. S.—Don't forget to tune in on WNAX regularly this fall and winter for information on the fur market and latest reports on fur prices.



HARDWARE AND MISCELLANEOUS



Style G-All Steel handle, 6-inch steel blade. Price, 30c, postpaid.

The Cyclone Seed Sower

This is the best knapsack broadcast grain and seed sower made, and any person sowing any kind of grain or grass seed will more than save the cost of it on a very few acres besides sowing the seed much more evenly than they possibly can by hand. Order one to come with your grass seed. Price each, \$2.25; postpaid.



Plant Stimulant, Tablet, an Ali-the-Year Fertilizer for Garden and House Plants

Growers of fine flowers, shrubs and vegetables for the best markets and for exhibition fertilize Growers of the howers, shrubs and vegetables for the best markets and for exhibition fertilize and stimulate them frequently, a little at a time. An excellent fertilizer for this purpose is Stim-u-plant, an odorless, highly concentrated plant-food, in tablet form, with guaranteed chemical analysis of 11 per cent nitrogen 12 per cent potash. The proportions are accurate, there is no wasted filler. In this form you apply plant food just where you want it. Stim-u-plant is specially fine for roses, increases production, heightens color and improves quality at once. Amateur growers should not attempt to use other plant stimulant. This is prepared to do just what you desire; use it outdoors and in the potted plants in winter. It is fine for trees, gardens, flowers, and potted plants. Very easy to use. Full instructions with each package. Order "Stim-u-plant" ta blets with your seed and tree order. Trial size, 15c; medium size, 25c; 100 tablets, 70c; 1,000 tablets, \$3.50.

Rain King Sprinkler

Control the rain on your lawn and garden with the rain king; it works forward, backward, outside, inside, up or down, and the beauty of it is, it works all them when you turn on the pressure, covers a space from 8 to 70 feet in diameters with the corners of the space of the spa pressure, covers a space from a to loteet in diameter as you desire, waters in the little corners, or along the sidewalks or next to your neighbor's wash on the line without danger of its slopping over, all brass except the base, never clogs, always ready. By parcel post, prepaid, \$3.70.

Tree Protectors

In placing them they should be nearly closed at the top to prevent mice from crawling over and getting inside. They protect from Borers, Mice, Rabbits, Sunscald and Bark Bursting. Price, \$1.65 per 50; \$3.00 per 100; per 10, 50c.

Capon Tools

Best Pressed Aluminum Sets. These sets are more complete and adapted to the work than any other sets on the market. We furnish full instructions on the work so anyone can make a success of caponizing.

By caponizing your Cockerels they will bring about 40c per pound on the market and would weigh two pounds more than if they had not been caponized.

Price: Capon Tools \$4.00, postpaid. Capon-Bow \$1.00, postpaid.

Gurney Glass Substitute Has Super Strength

Glass Substitute is that remarkable material used for Chicken Houses, Hog Houses, Greenhouses, Hot Beds, Cold Frames, Windows and Storm Doors and admits all of the Violet-Rays of the Sun without admitting the air. It is used for every purpose that any glass substitute can be used for. Prices, 6 yards, \$2.25; 10 yards, \$3.50; 15 yards, \$5.00; 50 yards, \$16.50; 100 yards, \$32.00.

Dandelion Puller

Grass makes the lawn; dandelions are only disfigurements Granting that the dandelion possesses beauty-flowers should be in the flower beds.

The Hall Dandelion Puller is an absolute guarantee to a fine lawn. It saves the lawn be-cause it gets the root. It leaves no bad looking hole to mark your work. The trowel-shaped blade note to mark your work. The trowel-shaped blade slides into the ground while a patented prong catches the root. When it is pulled up you are done with that particular dandelion and its progeny. The root comes with it. 55c; parceis postpaid.

Gophers Cost Alfalfa Growers Millions of Dollars

The Death Klutch Trap makes it easy for you, and a money-maker for the kids, to get rid of the gophers. Price, each, 35c; 5 for \$1.50; 10 for \$2.75; 25 for \$6.25.



High Wheel Garden Plow

The No. 248 Garden Plow is a favorite with the truck farmer or gardener who has sufficient work to justify separate machines for seeding and cultivating.

Regular tool equipment consists of double pointed shovel, a five tooth cultivator and steel clover leaf sweep.

No. 248-Garden Plow

No. 248—Garden Plow
Double pointed shovel is made of high carbon steel with a polished face which will scour readily. Narrow at one end to permit working between close rows. Broad at other to adapt it for wider spaces. Cutting edges are sharpened so as to reduce soil resistance.

Five prong cultivator attachment made of high carbon steel, strong and sturdy. Shaped with a broad flaring base, that cuts the weeds cleanly. Does a thorough job of cultivation.

Sweep is also of plow steel stock with a polished face and sharpened cutting edges. Makes

ished face and sharpened cutting edges. Makes

ished face and snarpened cutting edges. Makes a very effective weeder.

Handles are first grade hard wood, with "non blistering" Plow grips. Adjustable in height to suit the operator. Cross brace is steel, unbreakable. Frame is steel, strong and sturdy. Has adjustments to vary the pitch of the tools in the soil. Postpaid \$4.75.

Grafting Wax

Put up in one-pound boxes at 60c per box, postpaid; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 ibs., \$3.75.

Strawberry Boxes

One quart American strawberry boxes, made up ready for use, come nested. Price 200 lots or iess, \$1.25 per 100; 500 iots or iess, \$1.10 per 100; 1,000 lots or iess, \$1.00 per 100; 24-quart crates, k. d., 25c each, F.O.B. Yankton.

WNAX FOUNTAINS FOR BABY CHICKS



10-Qt. Chick Fount

A new fountain—practical and troubleproof. Heavy gauge galvanized steel. No clamps! No upsetting! Cone top prevents roosting. Easily removed for filling. Float can be locked to stop

6 to carton. Price, each...........\$1.50



A most practical and satisfactory feeder fountain. Will accommodate any glass jar. 24 to Carton. Price, each...



A well-built foun-tain — will fit any glass jar. Made of top quality galvanized. 24 to Carton. Price, each 9c



The new all-glass fount. Sanitary glass bottom fits any jar. Water flow is easily regulated. The most sanitary and corrosionproof fount ever made. 24 to Carton.

Price, per dozen. \$1.80

Here is the finest Baby Chick equip-ment ever offered.

Sunshine Coffee 5 Lbs., \$2.25 Postpaid

♦ THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. ♦ YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 1931 SPRING AND FALL

Hudson Barrel Sprayer

Barrel Not Furnished



The Hudson Barrel Pump will meet all requirements. It is powerful, light and durable, and will maintain a working pressure of 200 pounds. Has ample capacity for two lines of hose if desired. Because of its high pressure, it is particularly adapted for use in small orchards, vineyards, truck gardens, on shade trees, shrubbery, etc., in poultry houses, cattle barns, stock-yards, etc.

snade trees, shrubbery, etc., in pountry houses, tatute parhs, stock-yards, etc. Handles white-wash, cold-water paints, disinfectants, insecticides, etc., in a very efficient manner.

Handle is unbreakable pressed steel. Cylinder is seamless brass. Valves are bronze balls, mounted in brass cage. Agitator is all metal, dasher type. Furnished with attachment for mounting on chime of barrel. Fittings for mounting on head or side of barrel supplied at small additional cost.

Spray Boom

Pump is our regular No. 4A Barrel Pump, capable of developing 200 lbs. nozzle pressure. May be used with the Boom, or alone for whitewashing, disinfecting, etc.

Boom is equipped with four fog nozzles adjustable for rows 32 inches to 48 inches apart. Extension rods carrying the nozzles are also adjustable, mak-

Pruning Shears,

California Pattern

Very good quality. At this low price you cannot afford to be without a pair. Price, \$1.00 parcel postpald.

French pattern. American made. These are highly fin-ished, made of the very best material and will last a life time. They are the kind we use in our own nurseries. Each, \$3.00, postage pald.

> **Hudson Economy** Sprayer

The HUDSON ECONOMY compressed air sprayer is designed to give the purchaser the greatest possible value at an attractive price. Workmanship is of very high order throughout, materials of first quality.

Can be used with whitewash and cold water paints, insecticides, disinfectants, shingle stains, etc. Widely used for spraying potatoes and garden truck, in the orchard and

potatoes and garden truck, in the orchard and vineyard, around the poultry house, dairy barn, and hog pen, for washing automobiles, sprinkling flowers, and for similar purposes. TANK. 7½ inches diameter, 20½ inches high; capacity approximately 3% gallons. Made of first quality galvanized sheet steel. Sturdily built, with convex ends secured by double folded top and bottom seams, riveted side seams, and heavily sweat soldered throughside seams, and heavily sweat soldered throughout. Tested under actual working conditions

to insure safety in operation.

PUMP. Seamless brass tubing, 1% inches diameter, 14 inches long. Secured to tank by

GARDEN TOOLS

heavy malleable cap which screws on to heavy brass tank collar. Easily

attached or removed.

DISCHARGE HOSE. 5-ply special spray hose; attaches to the supply tube which extends to bottom of tank, so all liquid can be discharged. Top of connection is curved to fit natural bend of hose, eliminating need of a

supporting wire spring.

NOZZLE. All brass, automatic in operation. Handles all solutions and operates perfectly under all pressures. Fitted with 12 inch brass extension rod. Standard ¼ inch iron pipe threads permit adding longer rod if desired. Disc type nozzle provides any spray from fog to solid stream.

No. 125 ECONOMY, Galvanized tank, Price \$4.90 postpald.

The Eclipse Rotary Hand Corn Planter

Has given unequalled satisfaction during the last twelve seasons. It eclipses all others, having a positive feed and four changes of discs. It is extremely simple, and works much easier than other styles. Plants anything from cane to corn. The handiest tool on the place. Price, postpaid, \$2.65.



The No. 201 Machine is a combination outfit which may be used as a hill or drill seeder, double or single wheel cultivator, plow or hoe, as conditions require. It has all the equipment to serve the gardener from the initial seeding, until final cultivation. It is readily converted from one use to another; the change from seeder to cultivator being accomplished by removing two red-headed bolts. One standard frame being used throughout.

No. 201. Hudson Seeder and Cultivator, complete as pictured.....\$15.45

 No 201. can be converted into the following tools:
 \$13.00

 No. 205. Seeder only; no tool equipment.
 \$13.00

 No. 212. Double Wheel Cultivator—all tool equipment.
 9.25

 No. 214. Double Wheel Hoe—hoes only.
 7.75

Magic Weeder Hoe

The Magic Weeder Hoe is the best garden hand-weeder we have ever used. Each tooth works separately on springs and is sure death to the weed. Prices: Size A, 29c; size B, 25c; size C, 35c; size D, 45c; size E, 50c; size F, 65c; size G, 85c; size H, \$1.00; size K, \$1.05. Postpaid.

FERTILIZERS Odorless Lawn Dressing

A lawn dressing that we can highly recommend. Good soil builder and plant food. For lawns use three pounds per 100 sq. ft. three times each year. 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 80c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

Superphosphate

This is used very extensively on heavy soils for all truck gardening, and should be used in conjunction with all animal manures. 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., 90c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$3.75.

Ground Bone Meal

Is an excellent fertilizer for all gardening purposes, particularly adapted for fruit trees, roses and all nursery stock. Should be forked in the soil in the fall if possible. 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.50.

Nitrate of Soda

Should be used very carefully. One tablespoonful to gailon of water. Produces foliage abundantly. 1 lb., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., \$2.55; 50 lbs., \$4.15; 100 lbs., \$6.95.

SPRAME

MASTER-For Swine

Liquid Hog Medicine



During recent years great progress has been made in the controlling of diseases among swine. Much can be done—much is being done—towards preventing outbreaks, and holding down diseases to a minimum of losses. Farmers and stock growers are largely responsible for this great progress. Veterinary scientists are to be congratulated. yet it has been through the co-operation of the swine growers, in putting into practice the preventive and corrective measures, that proven so valuable.

Most stock raisers realize that this fight is being waged for their own good. They appreciate the efforts of scientists and well intentioned people along this line, and they are doing all within their knowledge to further this great movement to the end that diseases may become a negligible consideration, and disease losses a mark of inexcusable careless-

Necrotic-enteritis, commonly known as "necro," is common to all sections and to al "necro," is common to all sections and to all breeds of hogs. It may come in any season, and it is likely to be costly any time it develops. Few are the hog raisers who have not, at some time or other, paid tribute in time, worry and financial loss to this dread disease. It is a disease affecting the lining of the intestines and may develop into necrotic pneumonia, which affects the lungs and other respiratory organs. It is increasingly prevalent in your pigs from weaming time until they weigh from 175 to 200 lbs. Necrotic-enteritis seems like a long name, hard to

pronounce and without meaning, yet the word "enteritis" means inflammation of the linings of the intestines and the word "necrotic" is a descriptive term meaning dead. Necrotic-enteritis, therefore, means an inflammation of the intestinal linings that is accompanied by the death of the inflamed part.

WHAT CAUSES "NECRO"?

Causes of Necrotic-enteritis—Several varieties of germs have been found associated with "necro." All are inhabitants of normal, healthy pigs. Under conditions of normal health these germs do not produce disease, as nature takes care of that. Among the contributing causes may be poor feed, feed lacking in quantity and quality of certain elements dark, damp, poorly ventilated quarters, lack of exercise, etc., all of which tend to lower the vitality of the animals and allow the disease germs to get the upper hand. It is believed, and with good reason, that intestinal worms, which sap vitality, and which may also break mucous membrane lining, are a contributing cause.

Many hog raisers have used Master Liquid Hog Medicine with splendid results, in fact, they write to the effect that they would never raise hogs again without the use of Master Liquid Hog Medicine.

We suggest that you try Master Liquid Hog Medicine as a treatment and preventive for "necro." We feel confident that you will be pleased with this treatment. You will find that it is effective as a remover of round worms. You will find that it is a stimulant and a stomachic which will assist the pigs in building a resistance to ward off disease. Pigs like it very much.

If your pigs are already sick, try this Master Liquid Hog Medicine. Take your pigs away from all other feed. Use nothing but the medicated oats treatment. You will find directions for feeding carefully explained on the label. Remember, that you are either going to be satisfied, or you get your money back. Read what users say about Master Liquid Hog Medicine.

Buy one gallon of Master Liquid Hog Medicine for every 20 pigs, and remember, too, that the prices quoted below are delivered-to-you prices on all orders for 3 gallons and over.

Comstock, Nebraska. We have used several gallons of your Master Liquid Hog Medicine and we know it is splendid. We gave it to our hogs soaked in oats and you couldn't give it to them fast enough, and how they are growing. We never had hogs do so good and grow so fast

''Rush this order please as I can't be without it. Best I ever used for hogs.'' (Master Medicine.)

Anton C. Kliffgard.

Master Remedies Carry a "Money Back if not Satisfied" Guarantee Hog Medicine.)

Butterfield, Minn. "Send me five gallons of Master Liquid Hog Medicine as soon as possible. We have used some of your Master Liquid Hog Medicine before and found it to be the best remedy we have ever used."

Henry Engholh.

Fulton, So. Dak. "As we have used the Master Hog Medicine before we know what it is. We had a bunch of shotes that had big flanks and all running in corn field, but couldn't do anything, so we tried a gallon of Master Hog Medicine as directed and in two weeks you would be surprised at the difference." Blotz Bros.

"Used ten gallons of your Hog Medicine last season. It is the very best I ever used. It does all you claim for it." Orva R. Scofield. Flandreau, So. Dak.

"Please find enclosed order for thirty gallons of Master Liquid Hog Medicine. It is the best medicine I have found for flu in hogs. It sure puts the pep in them." Frank Schoulte.

Pisgah, Iowa, June 5th, 1929
"Please send me 5 gallons of Master Liquid Hog Medicine. The Hog Tonic I bought last winter has done my hogs more good than any hog medicine that I have ever used and I have tried a great many kinds."

John S. Elliott, Rt. 1



A typical case of "necro"—thin, no vitality, cough—in fact on the way to the grave yard. Don't let this happen to your pigs.



"Necro" is no respecter of breed. Necro is a giant profit killer to hog raisers unless you fight against it.

Wausa, Nebraska, "I have tried your Master Liquid Hog Medicine and had real success with it. I bought twenty runts that were stunted, in September last year, and started feeding them oats and Master Liquid Hog Medicine. By the first of the year I sent them to market as fine and healthy as could be with excellent gain."

Mrs. Will Urban.

Medicines and Poultry

MASTERGETTER POULTRY WORM TABLETS



MASTERGETTER

Kill the Tape Worms and Round Worms Before They Kill Your Poultry

Realizing that about 80% to 90% of all chickens have worms and knowing that all poultry should be wormed at regular intervals it is most important to not only have an effective wormer but one that is a combination worm er so that the work can all be done in one operation.

First, it was necessary to make a wormer in a tablet form because this was surely the way to make a preparation that would be most effective. Secondly, it was necessary to coat this tablet with a compound that would prevent it from dissolving in the crop. It was very important to have this tablet so made that it would not dissolve until it got into the gizzard where it would be crushed up very fine and passed directly into the intestines. In this way the medicinal properties of the tablet would not lose their strength and would be released

in the intestines right where the tape worms, round worms and pin worms Mastergetter Kamala-Thymol-Nicotine Tablets will do the job. They are a wonderful poultry worming combination, in fact, all raisers of poultry know that Kamala has no competitor for the removing of tape worms and nicotine sulphate gets the round worms (and pin worms, too, if there is not too much congestion at the mouth of the ceca), so in Mastergetter you

not too much congestion at the mouth of the ccca), so in Mastergetter you have the triple combination worm tablet.

Does the Job—Mastergetter is many times more effective than a worm medicine that is put into the food or drinking water because it has no chance of being diluted. You will welcome this new worm tablet in fighting internal parasites in your poultry flock.

Easy to Give—Mastergetter Tablets are easy to give. They are in a tablet form and can be given at night with no previous preparation and they slide right down like "nobody's business." You can worm your whole flock in just a little while, nothing to spill or no instruments necessary.

For your convenience we pack Mastergetter Tablets in 6 different sized packages. Prices and quantities as follows:

	ages. Pri							
50	Masterge	etter T	ablets.	 	 	\$ 1.00	delivered	to you.
100	Masterge	etter T	ablets.	 	 	 1.75	delivered	to you.
200	Masterge	etter T	ablets.	 	 	 3.00	delivered	to you.
300	Masterge	etter T	ablets.	 	 	 4.50	delivered	to you.
500	Masterge	etter T	ablets.	 	 	 6.75	delivered	to you.
1000	Masterge	etter T	ablets.	 	 	 12.00	delivered	to you.

Masterol **Roup and Cold Preparation**



Diseases of the mucous membrane lining are so common, that they are almost expected by the average poultry raiser. Roup, colds, canker, bronchitis, pneumonia, and like diseases and infections come to poultry just as diseases of the respiratory organs come to people.

Roup is familiar to all and a serious ailment. We want you to try Masterol on these conditions, and, if you are not highly pleased, it will not cost you one cent for this medicine. Many thousands have used Masterol with remarkable success, and we take all the risk of your liking it.

Diseases of the respiratory organs come without warning. We recommend that you use Masterol as a preventive and as a treatment for such diseases. Always keep Masterol on band and be prepared.

6 Ounce Bottle\$1.00	
Pint	Destend
Pint	rostpaid
½ Gallon 7.00	

Master One-Shot Hog Wormer

A Quick, Sure, and One Operation Treatment for Intestinal Worms in Swine

An individual treatment for swine that will surely and quickly rid your hogs of worms. Given in doses with the use of a dose syrine. Highly effective and one dose is usually all that is necessary. We recommend that you use Master One-Shot Hog Wormer at least several times a year and follow this treatment with the use of Master Liquid Hog Medicine to keep your hogs from becoming re-infested.

Gallon..... Dose Syringe 1 oz. or 2 oz. \$1.50 Postpaid. MASTER BARNYARD FLY SPRAY

Repels and Kills

Protect your stock from the flies with Master Barnyard Fly Spray. Apply every 12 hours. You will be surprised at the increase in the milk flow and it makes milking a pleasure instead of a battle. Don't neglect your work teams—they have enough to do without fighting flies.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Your Money Refunded.	
1 Gallon — F. O. B. Yankton	25
2 Gallons—F. O. B. Yankton	10
3 Gallons—F. O. B. Yankton	25
5 Gallons—F. O. B. Yankton	
1 Quart Misty Sprayer for applying fly spray. Postpaid	

Master Household Fly Spray

Protect your family from the nuisance and danger of the fly. Born in filth, the household fly carries filth and disease. Kill them quickly and easily with Master Household Fly Spray. Also destroys bed bugs. Prices: 1 Ouart 1/2 Gallon..... 2.00

Master X Poultry Diarrhoea and Coccidiosis Preparation

The big losses in poultry come from common diarrhoeas and crop and intestinal infections, particularly with baby chicks.

Don't wait for these costly diseases to appear. Guard against them by regular, systematic use of Master X Diarrhoea and Coccidiosis Preparation.

Try this. It costs you nothing to try—for if you are not pleased with results, simply ask for your money back and it will be returned.

Master X Diarrhoea and Coccidiosis Preparation has proven a marvelous remedy in many, many severe cases. It is the only medicine for diarrhoeas and coccidiosis that we will stand behind with a money-back guarantee.

Master X Poultry Diarrhoea and Coccidiosis Preparation is \$1 per

bottle (8 oz.)-Postpaid.

Bird Island, Minnesota

Please send me two bottles of your Masterol Roup Remedy. I used it last winter for my chickens and it gave wonderful results. Mrs. Henry Hilgert

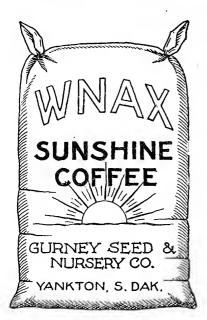
Master **Medicines** Are the Standard of Quality

GUARANTEE

If you are not entirely satisfied with any Master Product, after using it thirty days, simply write us to that effect, returning any unused portion that may remain, and we will immediately send back in full the price you paid us for the preparation.

Master Laboratories, Inc., By Farmer Bill Kalash, President.

Used the World Over **Swine** and Poultry



Again We Offer You the Best-

SUNSHINE COFFEE

Read—The Strongest Guarantee We Know How to Make The strongest guarantee we know how to make: "If, after receiving your SUNSHINE Coffee and using it a few days, you find that you are not entirely satisfied with it in every way or that you do not believe it is the best Coffee you have ever had in the house, return the balance to us at our expense and we will REFUND ALL YOUR MONEY." In other words, we pay the transportation both ways and allow you to use part of the Coffee and give your money back besides.

You like good Coffee. So do we, but while we are drinking a Coffee that is satisfactory in every respect, you are changing brands, buying first one kind and then another, constantly dissatisfied but constantly searching for the best. We assure you that if you buy Sunshine Coffee that long search will be at an end. You are certain to be satisfied. WHY? Because, that famous Sunshine Coffee is blended from selected berries grown on the ligh plateaus of Brazil and from the mountainous Coffee producing section of Central America. Only blended Sunshine Coffee has that wonderful aroma that is so tantalizing to the experienced Coffee drinker and only Gurney's Coffee has that individual flavor and that individual taste that never varies. It is always of the same quality and always fresh. Sunshine Coffee comes to you when you order five pounds or more packed in towel bags so when you empty the Coffee from the bag, you have a dandy hand or tea towel. Your order is shipped the same day it is received.

If you like coffee you want good coffee and the best you can get for your money—in other words you want the **Sunshine Coffee** that is blended especially for Gurney.

When you buy a pound of Sunshine Coffee you are getting a high grade bean that would cost you at least ten cents more for every pound you order. Sunshine blend can only be purchased from Gurnev and the mixture is such that you have the delicions flavor that is sought by all coffee drinkers and the body that makes Sunshine the ideal and conomical drink.

For that good taste Columbian Coffees are used in just the right proportion with Central American Coffees that give the right body and weight to make your satisfaction complete.

Sunshine Coffee is made from the finest select, uniform coffee beans and that, coupled with Sunshine blend, gives you a coffee that can be sold at our price only by Gurney. This is made possible by the large volume that is being placed in the hands of the coffee drinking public every day of the year.

Buy your Sunshine Coffee already ground and pack it in fruit jars. You will find it keeps for years.

PRICES

Steel Cut or Whole Berries Delivered to Your Mail Box

1 Pound 5 Pounds	\$.45
5 Pounds	2.25
10 Pounds	4.25
20 Pounds	. 8.00

Where others sell one pound of coffee of other blends, Gurney sells hundreds of pounds of Sunshine, and this gives you the benefit of Gurney volume. Sunshine coffee is being shipped daily to consumers all over the middle and Northwest and their orders have become regular for coffee.

Sunshine Coffee can be purchased in the whole bean and ground as it is needed, or it can be bought steel cut and ready to use. It comes packed in single pound, five, ten, twenty, fifty and hundred-pound packages.

There are several advantages in ordering Sunshine Coffee in the larger amounts. First,—you always have coffee on hand that can be kept fresh by scaling in jars. Second,—you make decided savings by ordering in larger quantities from Gurney. Third,—you will find Sunshine Coffee packed in bags that make the finest kind of tea towels when they are emptied.

D. B. is a regular customer at the Sunshine Coffee counter, drinks Sunshine Coffee in his home, and this is what he says: "In more than fifty years of coffee drinking, I have never found a coffee so delicious or with the appeal of Sunshine Coffee."

Other members of the Gurney staff, including the WNAX Studio artists attest to their preference by being in the dining room sipping Sunshine Coffee. There are always several at the Sunshine Coffee counter, drinking their cup between selections. Mrs. John Irving of Wessington, South Dakota, writes and says: "Enclosed you will find money order for \$4.60 for ten pounds of Sunshine Coffee. This makes my fifth order, or a total of 50 lbs. We like Sunshine Coffee as well as any coffee we ever used."

Ernest Miller of Burlington, North Dakota, says: "Enclosed find check for \$4.60 for which please send mc ten pounds of Sunshine Coffee, This makes our fifth order for Coffee, and you can look for more orders."

Edward Will of Maynard, Minnesota, writes: "I am sending a check for 10 lbs. of your Sunshine Coffee. This is our third order. We will never get any other."

L. E. Hills of Rock Rapids, Iowa, says: "Enclosed find \$4.60 for which send me 10 lbs. of Sunshine Coffee. This is our fourth order for coffee. We think it can't be beat at any price."

Mrs. Ed J. Tomford of Round Lake, Minnesota, writes in saying: "Please send me 10 lbs. of Sunshine Coffee. This will make our sixth order for coffee. Enclosed find check for \$4.60."

Mr. and Mrs. George Schalnus of Wayne, Nebraska, say: "We have used your Sunshine Coffee for over a year now. Our health has become poor but we cannot live without your Coffee, so here is an order for 10 lbs. of your best Sunshine Coffee to be sent by return mail."

Mrs. Chris. C. Rath, Long Lake, South Dakota. Received the 25 pounds of Sunshine Coffee and am extremely well satisfied.

Mrs. Winnifred Hansen, Dazey, N. Dak.
I am sending you an order for 5 lbs. more of your good old Sunshine Coffee. We think it is the best we have ever used. Please send it at once as we are nearly out of Sunshine Coffee.

Mr. Fred Kunert, Arlington, S. Dak.
Sunshine Coffee is great. It seems we cannot
get along without it, so you see this order of 10
lbs. will do us for a while and then we will know
where we can get some more.

Page 132 Sunshine Brand Means High Quality

Take Advantage of Gurney's New Time Payment Plan

The House of Gurney takes pleasure in making available to its customers the service and convenience of the Time Payment Plan. All purchases of Furniture, Floor Coverings, Clipper Fanning Mills, Dishes, Scarifiers and Incubators amounting to \$25.00 or more may be bought on the Time Payment Plan.

We want you to know about the advantages of trading at the House of Gurney. We want to make it as easy and pleasant for you as possible. The Time Payment Plan is being used extensively throughout all kinds of business. It is a practical and business-like way to buy and pay for things which it would be much more difficult for you to own and enjoy if an immediate cash outlay for the total amount was necessary.

Gratify your desire for beautiful furniture and rugs, for dishes and for other merchandise included in this plan.

Time Payment Agreement

TIME PAYMENT PLAN-On Orders Amounting to \$25.00 or More

	Add for Down
Add for Down	Add for Down
Add for Down Time Pay- Payment Monthly Time Pay- Payment Payments	Time Pay- Payment Monthly
Cash Price ment Plan With Order Payments	Cash Price ment Plan With Order Payments
\$ 25.00 to \$ 35.00\$ 4.00\$ 6.00\$ 5.00	\$200.01 to \$225.00\$20.00\$40.00\$19.00
\$ 35.01 to \$ 40.00\$ 4.50\$ 7.00\$ 5.00	\$225.01 to \$250.00\$22.50\$45.00\$21.00
\$ 40.01 to \$ 45.00\$ 5.00\$ 8.00\$ 5.00	\$250.01 to \$275.00\$25.00\$50.00\$23.00
\$ 45.01 to \$ 50.00\$ 5.50\$ 9.00\$ 6.00	\$275.01 to \$300.00\$27.00\$55.00\$25.00
\$ 50.01 to \$ 60.00\$ 6.50\$10.00\$ 6.00	\$300.01 to \$325.00\$29.00\$60.00\$27.00
\$ 60.01 to \$ 70.00\$ 7.50\$12.00\$ 7.00	\$325.01 to \$350.00\$32.00\$65.00\$29.00
\$ 70.01 to \$ 80.00\$ 8.00\$14.00\$ 8.00	\$350.01 to \$375.00\$34.00\$70.00\$31.00
\$ 80.01 to \$ 90.00\$ 9.00\$16.00\$ 9.00	\$375.01 to \$400.00\$36.00\$75.00\$33.00
\$ 90.01 to \$100.00\$10.00\$18.00\$10.00	\$400.01 to \$425.00\$38.00\$80.00\$35.00
\$100.01 to \$125.00\$12.00\$20.00\$11.00	\$425.01 to \$450.00\$40.00\$85.00\$37.00
\$125.01 to \$150.00\$14.00\$25.00\$13.00	\$450.01 to \$475.00\$42.00\$90.00\$39.00
\$150.01 to \$175.00\$16.00\$30.00\$15.00	\$475.01 to \$500.00\$44.00\$95.00\$41.00
\$175.01 to \$200.00\$18.00\$35.00\$17.00	

WRITE FOR TERMS ON PURCHASES OVER \$500.00

Post Office	State	Railroad
CII I DI		1
Street and No	Rural Route	Box
Age Married Single	Occupation	
I own my home, rent or board	I have lived here since	
If not in business for yourself, give nam	e of employer	
Employer's Address	Length of time you ha	ve worked for him
Your average monthly income for the pa	ast year	
Have you any debts other than small on	es for current expenses?	How much?
Have you ever been adjudged bankrupt?	?	ent Account with us?
Name and address of your bank		
Please give below the names of two refer	rences—Banks or Business houses preferred:	
Name	Name	
Address	Address	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Business	Business	
Your signature		
Vour wife's signature (if you	are married)	

Announcing a Special Life Insurance One Million Life Insurance Policies

Greatest Life Insurance Bargain of Its Kind Ever Offered!
NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION
Just Send \$1.00 and Coupon on Page 135! Your Policy Will Be
Sent by Mail.. No Inconvenience

\$100

A month with coupon on next page

Believing that most people will welcome an opportunity to obtain Life Insurance on an economical basis, we offer, as a special service, One Million Life Insurance Policies—the most remarkable Life Insurance bargain of its kind ever presented!

By taking advantage of this offer you may obtain, for only \$1.00 a month and the coupon on opposite page —and without any medical examination—a Life Insurance Policy in the Federal Life Insurance Company of Chicago which provides Insurance against death from any cause whatsoever, and, IN ADDITION, provides for DOUBLE and TRIPLE the amount of Insurance in the event of accidental death as stated.

An important feature of this offer is that **no medical examination is required!** Just send \$1.00 with the coupon on opposite page. The Policy will be sent by mail. No inconvenience whatever.

STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE

The Policy offered is illustrated on opposite page. Read it. Note that it is **Standard Life Insurance.** It provides Guaranteed Cash, Loan, Paid-up Life Insurance Values, Total and Permanent Disability Benefits, and other standard privileges known throughout the Insurance World.

Note that it is not limited Term Insurance. You do not have to exchange it for any other Policy at any time. The premium of \$1.00 a month remains the same throughout the life of the Policy. It never increases.

The Federal Life Insurance Company is a standard Legal Reserve Company. It has been established 28 years—continuously under the same efficient management, Isaac Miller Hamilton, President. It operates under the authority of the State laws for the protection of Policyholders. It has assets of **over Ten Million Dollars.** It has more than \$100,000,000.00 of Paid-for Life Insurance in force. It has Policyholders throughout the United States and Canada. It has paid to Policyholders and beneficiaries over \$16,000,000.00.

The special Life Insurance Policy herein offered is written in accordance with actuarial statistics and Insurance laws in the same manner as all other Standard Life Insurance Policies and has been authorized by State Insurance Departments.

Many will wonder why such an offer as this is made. It is made as a means of providing Standard Life Insurance with added benefits to you folks at low cost and to advertise Federal Life Insurance Service.

OPEN TO PERSONS AGED 10 TO 50

This offer is open to persons between the ages of 10 to 50 in normal health, living in the United States or Canada! (**Note:** If you are not in normal health or are not a standard, insurable risk, please do not apply.)

The cost of \$1.00 a month is the same to everyone—regardless of age. The amount of Insurance which \$1.00 a month will purchase under this offer varies according to your age at the time you take out the Policy. The younger you are the more Insurance you get. (See Table at right.) To determine the amount take age at your nearest birthday. This amount is payable whenever you die, regardless of how old you may be at the time of death.

For the benefit of those who wish to obtain larger amounts of Insurance on this offer, arrangements have been made to issue these Policies in multiple sums, if desired. For example, for \$2.00 a month you may obtain TWICE the amount of Insurance, for \$3.00 a month THREE TIMES the amount, etc. Limit for males, FIVE UNITS—five times the amount; limit for females, THREE UNITS—three times the amount.

The House of Gurney offers you this insurance because we believe you need the protection it offers, both for your own sake and for the sake of your families. Fill in coupon today. Tomorrow may be too late.

1931 SPRING AND FALL . THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

What This \$1.00 Life Insurance Policy Pays

NOTE: This special Policy costs you only \$1.00 a month regardless of your age. Only persons between ages of 10 and 50 are eligible to apply. To determine the amount of insurance offered for \$1.00 a month take your present age at nearest hirthday in Table below. The amount of Insurance is shown opposite the age. This amount is payable whenever you die, regardless of how old you may be at time of death.

	Amount of Insurance Payable Under Triple Indemnity Provision	Amount of Insurance Payable Under Double Indemnity Provision	Amount of Insurance Payable for Death From Any Cause Other		Amount of Insurance Payable Under Triple Indemnity Provision	Amount of Insurance Payable Under Double Indemnity Provision	Amount of Insurance Payable for Death From Any Cause Other
	for Accidental	for Accidental	Than		for Accidental	tor Accidental	Than
AGE	Death	Death	Accident	AGE	Death	Death	Accident
10	\$2,565.00	\$1,710.00	\$855.00	31	\$1,677.00	\$1,118.00	\$559.00
11	2,520.00	1,680.00	840.00	32	1,629.00	1,086.00	543.00
12	2,478.00	1,652.00	826.00	33	1,578.00	1,052.00	526.00
13	2,439.00	1,626.00	813.00	34	1,530.00	1,020.00	510.00
14	2,400.00	1,600.00	800.00	35	1,485.00	990.00	495.00
15	2,361.00	1,574.00	787.00	36	1,443.00	962.00	481.00
16	2,325.00	1,550.00	775.00	37	1,395.00	930.00	465.00
17	2,274.00	1,516.00	758.00	38	1,350.00	900.00	450.00
18	2,238.00	1,492.00	746.00	39	1,305.00	870.00	435.00
19	2,190.00	1,460.00	730.00	40	1,260.00	840.00	420.00
20	2,157.00	1,438.00	719.00	41	1,221.00	814.00	407.00
21	2,112.00	1,408.00	704.00	42	1,173.00	782 .00	391.00
22	2,070.00	1,380.00	690.00	43	1,131.00	754.00	377.00
23	2,028.00	1,352.00	676.00	44	1,086.00	724.00	362.00
24	1,986.00	1,324.00	662.00	45	1,044.00	696.00	348.00
25	1,935.00	1,290.00	645.00	46	1,002.00	668 .0 0	334.00
26	1,899.00	1,266.00	633.00	47	963.00	642.00	321.00
27	1,851.00	1,234.00	617.00	48	921.00	614.00	307.00
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NOTE: This Insurance win Chicago. The Federal	vill become effect Life Insurance	ive if and when issued Company reserves th	by the Fede	ral Life Insurance Compan- ject any application for th amount of the payment ser	is insurance for any

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RUSH ORDER

USE A 2c

STAMP

HOUSE of GURNEY, Inc.

South Dakota Yankton,

IS YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS WRITTEN PLAINLY? FOLD ON THIS LINE

GREAT NORTHWEST 65 YEARS IN THE

1866

Spraying and Insect and In-Melons, Musk and Water Shade and Forest Trees Pumpkins and Squash Hot Beds, How Made Vines and Climbers Kitchen Garden ... Weed Control Lawn Making Small Fruits Strawberries secticides Root Crops Sweet Peas Tree Seeds Mushrooms. Soy Beans Tomatoes Potatoes. Peanuts Peppers Pruning Peonles Plums Ontons - Ковев Реав

